"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER

Fair today; partly cloudy tomorrow, probably showers by night; moderate north winds.

For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 21,034. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 27, 1915.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

REPRIMAND FOR WOOD FOR LETTING ROOSEVELT TALK

Secretary of War Censures General by Wire for Affording Chance to Stir Up Feeling.

DETRIMENT TO THE CAMP

Must Not Occur Again—Action Taken by Garrison Without Consulting President.

ROOSEVELT DEFENDS WOOD

Says He Was Not to Blame, Again Attacks Administration—Camp Sentiment Divided.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Theodore Roosevelt's speech at the Plattsburg camp yesterday, in which the ex-President attacked President Wilson and his Administration, brought today from Lindley M. Garrison, the Secretary of War, an official reprimand for Major General Leonard Wood, because he had given Colonel Roosevelt the opportunity to make a political address. To emphasize this rebuke, Secretary Garrison, who is the immediate superior of General Wood, gave to the press the telegram of reprimand as follows:

Washington, Aug. 26, 1915.

I have just seen the reports in the newspapers of the speech made by ex-President Roosevelt at the Plattsburg camp. It is difficult to conceive of anything which would have a more detrimental effect upon the real value of this experiment than such an incident.

This camp, held under Government auspices, was successfully demonstrating many things of great moment. Its virtue consisted in the fact that it conveyed its own impressive lesson in its practical and successful operation and results. No opportunity should have been furnished to anyone to present to the men any matter excepting that which was essential to the necessary training they were there to receive. Anything else could only have the effect of distracting attention from the real nature of the experiment, diverting consideration to issues which excite controversy, antagonism and ill-feeling, and thereby impairing, if not destroying, what otherwise would have been so effective.

There must not be any opportunity given at Plattsburg or at any other similar camp for any such unfortunate consequences.

LINDLEY M. GARRISON,
Secretary of War.

Did Not Consult President.

Secretary Garrison said that he had taken this action on his own initiative and had not discussed the matter with President Wilson. Whether any further action is to be taken has not been determined. Secretary Garrison was asked whether a copy of the telegram of reprimand would be placed on Major General Wood's efficiency record. He answered that he had not taken up consideration of that phase of the matter. Whether any further action will be taken will depend on the response, if any, made by General Wood, and upon whether President Wilson directs that other action be taken.

It was made plain that General Wood was not being reprimanded for what ex-President Roosevelt said, but for having furnished the opportunity to "any one to present to the men any matter excepting that which was essential to the necessary training they were there to receive."

Although White House officials refused to make any comment on the speech delivered by ex-President Roosevelt at the Plattsburg camp, it was apparent that offficals and close friends of the Administration were highly displeased over the action of General Wood. Early in the war President Wilson issued a warning, through Secretary Garrison, to all army officers, prohibiting them from participating in public discussions of the war in Europe or in discussions of the Government's military and foreign policies. Friends of the President were said to feel that General Wood should not have invited Colonel Roosevelt to the Plattsburg camp; that General Wood must have had a full appreciation of the latter's views and his tendency to discuss them on such occasions.

At the opening of the Plattsburg camp, General Wood was quoted in newspapers as having commented in an address on the failure of the Administration to adopt a more vigorous policy of national defense. Secretary Garrison was asked today whether official attention would be paid to the remarks then attributed to General Wood. Mr. Garrison said that he had been assured by General Wood, both by telegraph and letter, that he had delivered no such speech. An extract from a letter from General Wood to Mr. Garrison, under date of Aug. 14, was made public by the Secretary of War, as follows:

You perhaps have seen something of the articles in the various papers. It is needless to state that there was no discussion by me, nor has there been any by any officers here, of international affairs or anything that comes under the President's prohibition. The talks to the men have been on purely technical subjects, explaining the use of armies, methods of raising them, sanitation, etc. My own talk was absolutely on technical lines, and had to do with the methods of raising and maintaining armies, voluntary systems, etc., and the usual strong endorsement of the militia, into which I think a great many of these men will go.

Effect on General Wood's Career.

Speculation was active today as to the effect of the reprimand of General Wood upon his military future. The impression has been general in Washington that, in the event of war involving this country, General Wood would be placed in command of the Armies of the United States in the field. After the landing of the American forces at Vera Cruz, when it

Continued on Page 3.

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT ON, CZAR ASSURES FRANCE

People Resolved to Carry the War to Victory, He Tells Former Foreign Minister.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—An account of an audience granted him by Emperor Nicholas is telegraphed to the Matin by Jean Cruppi, former French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

"Peasants speak to me in affectionate terms and every day I receive from them several addresses saying, 'hold firm for we are all behind thee'," the Emperor is quoted as saying.

The Monarch's voice was firm and clear, M. Cruppi says, as he told of the resolution of all Russians to carry the war to an end until the victory necessary to "free Europe" is assured.

The Emperor added, "France can count on my immovable will to struggle on until complete victory is achieved."

LLOYD GEORGE GETS ORDNANCE WORKS

Control of Royal Factories Transferred—British Preparations Amaze French Editor.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—An official statement issued tonight says:

"Arrangements have been made between the Council of the Army and the Ministry of Munitions for the transfer to the latter of control of the royal ordnance factories during the war."

PARIS, Aug. 26.—"The Government now has under control all factories able to produce cannon, rifles, projectiles, and explosives," said David Lloyd George, the British Minister of Munitions, in an interview with Charles Humbert, editor of the Paris Journal. He went on to say:

"It also controls all foundries and machine and tool factories, and not one pound of metal or one detached piece is turned out by this vast industrial machine which is not destined for the use of our armies. This war must not be fought with brawny chests, but with machinery."

From what Mr. Lloyd George showed him, M. Humbert believes, British preparations in many ways are more ample than those of the French. He declares that the army now in training will be one of the most powerful the world has ever seen, and when, later, it will be possible to tell what has been accomplished by the British, the universe will be "dumb with admiration."

REPORT THAT TURKS MAY YIELD TO ALLIES

Told Berlin, It Is Said, They Would Make Peace if Germany Didn't War on Italy.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—A rumor is current in Athens that Turkey has threatened to sign a separate peace with the Allies unless Germany declares war on Italy, according to a special dispatch received by newspapers here.

The official journal publishes the declaration of a blockade on the coasts of Asia Minor and Syria from the Island of Samos to the Egyptian frontier. The blockade is to date from yesterday.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—No news comes of late events on the Gallipoli Peninsula, but stories of wounded men arriving at Alexandria tell of how nearly the Allies came to gaining a great success in one of their attacks. An Australian officer said that if the allied forces had had two more hours of darkness they could have covered 600 yards of ground which separated them from Sari Bair. Once this hill was in the Allies' hands the Turkish communications would have been cut.

A Reuter dispatch from Athens reports the adjournment of the Greek Parliament till Monday, after electing a Vice President and clerks. There were no interpellations, the Opposition deciding that it would be inadvisable to press Premier Venizelos to make a statement regarding his foreign policy while negotiations of vital importance were in progress.

POLK FOR COUNSELOR OF STATE DEPARTMENT

New York City Official Expected to be Appointed to Important Federal Position.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Frank L. Polk, Corporation Counsel of New York City, was said in official circles tonight to be the probable choice of President Wilson for appointment as Counselor of the State Department. Secretary Lansing is understood to have recommended Mr. Polk.

The President is expected to fill the office in a few days. It has been vacant since Mr. Lansing became Secretary of State.

Mr. Polk was born in this city and is in his forty-fifth year. He was graduated from Yale University in 1894, later studying law at Columbia University, from which he graduated in 1897. During the Spanish-American War he served with Troop A and became Assistant Quartermaster under General Ernst, with the rank of Captain.

During the Administration of Mayor McClellan Mr. Polk was appointed a member of the Board of Education and also of the Civil Service Commission, of which he later became President. For two years he was a member of the law firm of Evarts, Choate & Beaman. Mr. Polk was Treasurer of the Bureau of Municipal Research under Mayor McClellan and in the Spring of 1913 was said to be President Wilson's candidate for the post of Collector of the Port of New York.

Mr. Polk has always been an independent Democrat. He has for many years been a close friend of Mayor Mitchel, and was in his automobile in April, 1914, when Michael P. Mahoney attempted to kill the Mayor. The bullet missed the Mayor and struck Mr. Polk in the left cheek; he was taken to a hospital, where he remained for a week.

BOSCA ITALIAN SPARKLING WINES. SEC—RED—Insuperable for Champagne Cup. —Advt.

RUSSIANS QUIT BREST-LITOVSK AND BIALYSTOK

Evacuate Strongest Fortress and Fall Back to New Positions to the East.

ALSO RETREAT ON VILNA

Great Movement Will Be Successfully Carried Out, the British Observers Believe.

NEW DRIVE FROM KOVEL

Austrian Cavalry Marching Eastward Said to Have Divided Russian Forces.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Brest-Litovsk, the main Russian fortress and concentration centre for the Bug line of defenses, was occupied by the Austro-Germans today. While the Russians offered stout resistance to the invaders during their approach to the fortress, it is apparent that they did not attempt to defend Brest-Litovsk itself, but evacuated it as they did Ossowetz, in conformity with their intention, indicated in the dispatches from Petrograd yesterday, to take up new positions farther east.

The Germans now are in possession of the whole line of railway from Chelm to Bialystok, the Russians having already evacuated the latter city. The lesser fortresses of Grodno and Olita are now the only strongly defended positions remaining in the hands of the Russians. Both these are being approached by the Germans, and probably will be given up when they have fulfilled their purpose of facilitating the retreat of the Russian armies.

The Russians have not yet entered the vast Bialowies forest, which runs thirty miles north and south, and has a width of from seventeen to thirty miles. The forest is a famous hunting centre and a bison preserve. South of Brest-Litovsk are the Pripet marshes, which protect the Russian left, and with plenty of roads and three or four railroad lines, it is expected here that Grand Duke Nicholas will make good his retirement if Grodno and Vilna can hold out long enough. Even though they should fall, military observers say the Grand Duke would be well on his way to his new positions before the Germans could reach his flank. There is again talk of Russian preparations for a stand, but no indication as yet where this attempt is to be made.

Works at Brest-Litovsk Stormed.

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The Russian fortress of Brest-Litovsk has been captured by Teutonic forces. Announcement to this effect was made today by the German Army Headquarters Staff.

German and Austro-Hungarian troops stormed the works on the western and northwestern front and succeeded last night in entering the centre fortress. The Russians, the statement adds, then gave up the fortress.

Cavalry Divides Russian Armies.

AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS, Aug. 26, (via London.)—Austrian cavalry has pushed eastward from Kovel and divided the Russian forces into two groups, which are now unable to co-operate with each other, according to advices received from the commander at the front.

The Austrian armies operating north of the Bug have gained ground in the direction of the railwaay connecting Brest-Litovsk with Minsk. They now hold positions about three miles west of the river Lesna.

The wedge thrust into the Russian front by the Austrian cavalry occupying Kovel has been carried farther eastward and widened. The Russian forces thus far are severed into two groups, which makes it impossible for them to co-operate with each other.

OFFICIAL REPORTS ON RUSSIAN FIGHTING

Petrograd Admits Retreat to Vilna and General Retirement Toward the East.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 26, (via London.)—The following official statement was issued today at the headquarters of the Russian General Staff:

There has been no change in the Riga district. To the southwest of Friedrickstadt, in the region of Schönberg and Radzivichki, on the 24th and 25th the enemy, reinforced, resumed the offensive, and severe and stubborn fighting ensued. In the direction of Dvinsk and in the region of Oknista, on the River Sventa, we drove the Germans back.

In the direction of Vilna our troops, which held up the enemy during the 24th and 25th on positions before Ivje, are gradually falling back along both banks of the River Vilija.

On the middle Niemen and the front between the Bobr and the Pripet our armies, in conformity with instructions, are retiring toward the east. The enemy is pressing our troops only in certain directions, having on the 25th concentrated his principal efforts against Bialystok and on the roads running eastward from Bielsk to Kletzczely.

On other sectors of our front, in general, there has been no important change.

BERLIN, Aug. 26. (By wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The official German report today is as follows:

Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: Near Bausk and Schönberg, east of Mitau, fighting developed. East and southeast of Kovno fighting continues.

Between Seyny and Merecz, on the Niemen River, the enemy was driven back.

In the wood east of Augustowo a

Continued on Page 2.

More German Zeppelins Sail Toward England

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 26, (via London, 5:02 P. M.)—According to the Hetvolk, a Zeppelin passed this morning over the Dutch Island of Vlieland, flying from the east to the northwest, in the direction of the English coast.

This is the second time in two days that a Zeppelin has been seen over the island, traveling toward England.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—According to a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph Company, three dirigibles, two of them Zeppelins, were sighted this morning from islands to the north of Holland, flying in a westerly direction.

They all flew the German naval battle flag.

CONSCRIPTION ISSUE NOW BEFORE CABINET

British Committee Takes Testimony and May Report When Parliament Meets.

HINT BY LORD SELBORNE

He Indicates Compulsory Service May Have to Come—Says Submarine Menace Is Now Well in Hand.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 27.—The Daily Chronicle says a committee of the Cabinet, consisting of Lord Crewe, Lord Curzon, Winston Churchill, Austin Chamberlain, and Arthur Henderson, is holding an inquiry as to the advisability and feasibility of conscription.

Lord Kitchener has given evidence before the committee, as have other Ministers and officials, and it is hoped that the committee will finish its labors before the meeting of Parliament in the middle of September.

Speech by Lord Selborne.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Something in the nature of conscription, though the term was not employed, was foreshadowed by the Earl of Selborne, President of the Board of Agriculture, in an address this afternoon to a deputation of agricultural landowners which visited him in London.

"Many more men have got to join the army, whether voluntarily or compulsorily," said Lord Selborne. "The agricultural laborer has done his part nobly in this war, but the response has been very unequal over the country, and I forecast that during the next year men will be taken from districts and farms whence hitherto they have not gone.

"What I shall aim at—and Lord Kitchener has been very sympathetic—is to leave the farmer his foreman, stockman, carters, and shepherds, but the rest of the work will have to be done by women or men not hitherto engaged in agriculture."

Lord Selborne emphasized the fact that Russia's reverses had imposed a greater strain on her allies.

"We have a greater burden on our shoulders at the present moment than six months ago," he said. "The financial strain is going to be very great, and the situation is going to demand from every class greater and greater sacrifices."

The speaker stated that the navy had the submarine menace well in hand. In the light of the country's experiences with submarines, however, the agricultural and economic policy of Great Britain, including the broad questions of food production, would have to be revised, he continued. The committee which he had appointed to deal with increasing the food supply had recommended that farmers should have a guarantee of 45 shillings ($11.25) per quarter for wheat, beginning with the harvest of 1916, and continuing until 1920.

In view of circumstances connected with the war, however, Lord Selborne added, the Government had decided that it would not incur the additional financial liability involved in the guarantee of arrangements, however made, to supply farmers with labor.

Lord Selborne's statement that the British Navy now has the submarine tion of the Bug and Mukhovets Rivers, and the fortress of the city was built menace well in hand lends color to recent unofficial reports to the effect that the British have in recent months captured a very large number of these submersible vessels and that many others have been sunk.

Since the beginning of the war the British official reports, however, have accounted for but one German submarine besides the one the destruction of which was announced yesterday, although there have been vague references to submarines being rammed or sunk by unarmed ships in the English Channel, and in one instance a reward offered by the Admiralty for the sinking of a submarine has been paid to a British merchantman. A German official report, however, subsequently said that this submarine had safely returned to her port.

There have been no official intimations as to what method, offensive or defensive, has been taken by the British Navy against submarines, although the Admiralty has announced its satisfaction with these measures.

Returning Americans have described the new British sport of submarine hunting, and have said that great numbers of small, high-powered, and very speedy motor boats, mounting guns of small calibre, have constantly scoured the coastal waters of Great Britain for months. There also have been repeated stories of an extensive system of submarine nets in Channel waters, and even of one submarine net that extends entirely across the English Channel, with guard boats at the opening.

It is a notable fact that for nearly a year the Franco-British naval transport service across the Channel, by means of which hundreds of thousands of troops have been transported, has been maintained without, so far as is known, a single troop ship having been sunk by a submarine in these waters.

GERMANY MODIFIES SUBMARINE WAR; ORDERS PROTECTION FOR AMERICANS, BUT WE WANT LUSITANIA DISAVOWAL

CHANGE OF FRONT IN BERLIN

Mood Toward America Strikingly Altered Since Arabic Sinking.

WHOLE TONE OPTIMISTIC

Important Exchanges in Progress Between German Capital and United States.

HIGH PRAISE FOR WILSON

Official Press Now Deprecates Any Break in Friendship of a Hundred Years.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (via London.)—Developments of the highest importance have taken place here in the last twenty-four hours and have cleared the air and ended much of the tension. Secrecy is maintained regarding the details of important communications passing between the German Foreign Office and America, but from a well-informed quarter THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that the Imperial Chancellor and his supporters, who champion moderation in the submarine warfare with the corollary of maintenance of American friendship, appear to have the upper hand, and that the Arabic case is well on the road to a settlement which will be satisfactory to America.

Ambassador Gerard looked significantly optimistic this morning and Foreign Office circles seemed relieved and happy over the turn of events.

Official Manner Changes.

The manner of the German authorities is strikingly different from what it was during the interchange of Lusitania notes, when the Germans were absolutely convinced of the rgihteousness of the submarine's action in sinking the Cunarder, and were prepared to stand their ground regardless of the consequences. In the Arabic case, however, the state of mind of the authorities is quite different, and a spirit of genuine good-will and conciliation pervades official circles. It is possible that this is induced in part by the succession of eastern victories, culminating in the fall of Brest-Litovsk. There is no denying that the Germans are feeling good as a result of these victories, and are in a frame of mind to go at diplomatic exchanges along common-sense lines.

There are still some attempts in certain quarters to cling to the hope the Arabic struck a floating mine or committed a hostile act, but even if this cannot be proved the general feeling here is that sufficient extenuating circumstances will be shown to excuse the torpedoing as a regrettable accident and that the Arabic case can be settled diplomatically with or without an apology.

Inspired Comment.

The Vossische Zeitung this afternoon makes this significant comment:

"We learn from a trustworthy source that negotiations with America over the sinking of the Arabic are in full course and that no definite points of difference have arisen which would justify friction. There is no lack of good will on either side to bring about a peaceful settlement of the case, and one may well hope that this comparatively insignificant occasion will not serve to seriously darken more than a hundred years of friendship."

Think Arabic Case Settled.

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (via London.)—The Associated Press is in a position to state on the best authority that the Arabic incident may be considered as eliminated as a source of discord between Germany and America; or at least, is regarded by the German Government in that light. Moreover, Germany, in its desire to continue its friendly relations with the United States, had adopted before the sinking of the Arabic a policy designed to settle completely the whole submarine problem as affecting America, on the basis of good-will and mutual understanding.

This is shown clearly by the statement of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg last night, particularly by his concluding remark to the effect that not until all the circumstances in connection with the sinking of the Arabic had been cleared up would it be possible to say "whether the commander of one of our submarines went beyond his instructions," in which case Germany would give complete satisfaction to the United States.

Furthermore, in the course of the conversation, the Chancellor twice again referred to the instructions given to submarine commanders. He did not specify in detail the nature of these instructions, but it may be said that they are designed to prevent a repetition of the Lusitania case and to provide that opportunity for escape for American noncombatants upon torpedoed ships which the United States desires.

Having given these instructions, Germany asked suspension of judgment on the Arabic case until the facts were ascertained, being confident it would be shown that the sinking of the vessel was

Continued on Page 2.

Submarines and Mines Sank 22 British Ships With a Tonnage of 76,000 in the Last Week

LONDON, Aug. 26.—During the week ended Aug. 25 nineteen British merchant vessels, with a total tonnage of 76,000, and three fishing vessels were destroyed by submarines or mines.

The week was one of the most successful which the German underwater craft had had since the beginning of the war.

Fourteen steamers, with a total gross tonnage of 47,698, were sunk by German submarines on Aug. 19 and 20. The largest of them was the Arabic. Ten of these vessels were British and four sailed under neutral flags.

The week ended June 30 saw the largest number of vessels sunk by submarines, the total being thirty-six.

BRITISH SEE END OF SUBMARINE WAR

Think Germany Will Yield to Our Demands, Partly Because the Blockade Is a Failure.

DEFENSE GETTING STRONGER

And Fifty of von Tirpitz's Craft Are Believed to Have Been Taken or Destroyed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—That Germany will strive by every possible means to avoid a breach with the United States is the confident expectation in certain well-informed circles here. It is even believed that if necessary Berlin will go to the extent of largely modifying, if not completely abandoning, the policy of submarine blockade enunciated last February.

The basis for this expectation is to be found in the widespread British idea that the German Government by this time has come to a realization that the submarine blockade of the British coasts is a game not worth the candle. And this feeling persists, despite the fact that in the week ending yesterday twenty-two British vessels were sunk by submarines or mines, the underseas craft being responsible for most of them.

The British Admiralty's defensive measures have been continuously increased and improved, and it is asserted that they are now so nearly perfect that Germany's offensive in this particular respect is restricted to a degree which places the von Tirpitz-Reventlow school in a quandary. The German public still enjoys the belief that the submarine blockade is causing immeasurable damage to Great Britain. It is asserted here that the claims made in the German press regarding the decimation of British shipping by the submarine arm are extravagant boasts intended for German consumption. The time must come when these claims will be regarded with suspicion in Germany. The German Naval Department would then find an explanation difficult.

From between the horns of this impending dilemma, according to arguments advanced here, the threatened rupture with America affords an issue. The German Government is in a position to justify in the eyes of its own people a modification of the submarine blockade campaign by an alleged unwillingness to run further risks of offending a great neutral power like America. The British belief, of course, is that the German Government would disregard the American protests entirely if its submarine blockade policy were producing the results that were expected from it. As, according to the British theory, it is not producing anything like the results that were expected, Germany will magnanimously modify or abandon it in deference to American indignation. Common report in usually well-informed quarters here is that the toll of German submarines taken by the British defensive methods now considerably exceeds half a hundred; and, even assuming that Germany can turn out one new U-boat every week, her striking strength in this respect is on a diminishing scale, particularly when the question of the supply of trained submarine crews is considered.

On the grounds indicated, it is confidently believed here that Germany will make a virtue of necessity and will acquiesce in President Wilson's demands. It is, of course, expected that Berlin will first exhaust every method of argument and discussion, and will only abandon her declared policy of submarine blockade if the American Government preserves a firm attitude.

The statement was recently made in The Army and Navy Journal of this city that "nearly fifty German submarines have been sunk, captured, or destroyed by the Allies up to the 20th of July." In an interview the editor said that these figures were on the authority of a high official in the British Admiralty.

Other reports have put the number sunk in the war zone alone at forty.

Recently W. D. Gregory, a Toronto lawyer, who arrived here on the Anchor liner Tuscania, said:

"While the Government is exceedingly reticent regarding naval activities, I have learned that twelve submarines were captured during July."

AID FOR DR. LIEBKNECHT.

Another Reichstag Member Says He Is Against War Credit.

BERLIN, Friday, Aug. 27, (via London.)—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, one of the militant Socialist leaders, now has a companion in opposition to war appropriations.

Otto Ruhle, a Socialist member of the Reichstag, explained yesterday that he would have voted with Dr. Liebknecht against the new $2,500,000,000 credit, but that the roll in the chamber was called so unexpectedly that he could not get into the hall in time to cast his vote.

OVER 10,000 PHYSICIANS have for years recommended Wincarnis as a tonic and restorative—dilute with seltzer and a dash of lemon during hot weather.—Advt.

BRITISH AVIATOR SINKS SUBMARINE

Squadron Commander Bigsworth Drops Bombs on German Craft Off Belgian Coast.

HIS FEAT SINGLE-HANDED

Admiralty Breaks Its Rule to Report It—Ships' Fire Destroyed Zeebrugge Submarines.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A German submarine has been destroyed single-handed near Ostend by Squadron Commander A. W. Bigsworth, who dropped bombs from his aeroplane.

Official announcement of the feat was made this evening as follows:

"The Secretary of the Admiralty announces that Squadron Commander Arthur Bigsworth, R. N., destroyed single-handed a German submarine this morning by bombs dropped from an aeroplane. The submarine was observed to be completely wrecked, and sank off Ostend.

"It is not the practice of the Admiralty to publish statements regarding the losses of German submarines, important though they have been, in cases where the enemy has no other source of information as to the time and place at which these losses have occurred.

"In the case referred to above, however, the brilliant feat of Squadron Commander Bigsworth was performed in the immediate neighborhood of the coast in occupation of the enemy, and the position of the sunken submarine has been located by a German destroyer."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 27.—Commenting on the exploit of Bigsworth, The Chronicle asserts that he sank the submarine with a single bomb. It goes on:

"The value of aircraft for detecting the presence of submarines under water has long been known, but this is the first occasion on which an aeroplane has sunk a submarine at sea.

"It is not Bigsworth's only pioneer feat, for he was also the first aviator to drop a bomb on a Zeppelin.

"The Admiralty announcement is also noteworthy, because it officially admits for the first time that we have destroyed German submarines on an important number of occasions, of which information has been withheld. The Admiralty doubtless had its own good motives for secrecy, but this official confirmation of what has long been known in a general way to a great many people will be generally welcomed. Perhaps Mr. Balfour might some time see his way to giving us the total figure for those destroyed, if not down to the present moment, at least down to some past date."

Wrecked Submarine at Zeebrugge.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 26.—Concerning the recent bombardment of Zeebrugge by a British fleet the Tijd says it has learned that a large number of soldiers were killed by the fire of the fleet and that ninety severely wounded men were brought to Ghent.

The material damage done, it adds, was apparently very great, as a shed built for submarines was completely destroyed and with it some submarines.

ASKS SOFTER WORDS FOR GERMAN SOLDIERS

Reichstag Member Says Drillmasters' Language Humiliates the Older Recruits.

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (via London.)—The Reichstag today indulged in a military debate for the first time during the war.

Only one member of the Chamber, Daniel Stuecklen, voiced any criticisms of the Government, and these were of a minor character and carried no complaints and expressed no desire regarding the conduct of the war.

On the contrary, Herr Stuecklen paid a tribute to the strategic genius of the leaders and the bravery of the troops. He suggested that furloughs with free transportation be granted oftener to the soldiers and that the ration allowances for convalescent soldiers be increased. The speaker said that the barrack language occasionally used by non-commissioned instructors was humiliating to the older men who had been called to the colors. He said, however, that he must admit that the Ministry of War had worked with energy to remedy this.

"While the Parliaments of hostile States are continually and severely attacking their army administrations," said Herr Stuecklen, "we have no cause to criticise ours. The entire people appreciate the strategy of von Hindenburg, von Mackensen, and von Linsingen, who, supported by the devoted sacrifice of our troops, succeeded in liberating Germany from Russian invasion. In the hour of danger we proved we would not leave the Fatherland in the lurch. The deeds of the troops under von Linsingen in the Carpathians are unparalleled in the war history of all time."

"May the day soon come," Herr Stuecklen said in concluding, "when this murderous war will cease."

SUBMARINES UNDER CURB

Germany Believed to Have Notified Washington of Change.

BERNSTORFF SEES LANSING

And Message from Gerard Increases Hope of a Final Understanding.

INSISTS ON A DISAVOWAL

United States Uses Arabic Case to Reach a Full Settlement with Berlin.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—As far as it was affected by the sinking of the White Star steamship Arabic, the crisis in German-American relations may be said to have passed. But the United States has taken advantage of the opportunity presented by the Arabic case to call on Germany for an answer to the note of July 21—the so-called second Lusitania note—with a view to reaching a definite understanding as to Germany's purposes toward merchant ships carrying American citizens which enter the naval war zone and thereby run danger of encountering German submarines.

The Arabic's loss has become a comparatively minor incident in the serious differences between Germany and the United States since the Lusitania was sent to the bottom by a German submarine with the consequent loss of more than one hundred American lives. There stands out beyond it the greater question as to what Germany intends to do to meet the insistence of President Wilson that American rights shall be respected by German submarines. The first step has already been taken in the notice to Germany that this Government wants an answer to the second Lusitania note with its call for disavowal of intention to place Americans in jeopardy, and its references to acts that would be regarded by the United States as "deliberately unfriendly." It is believed that this step was taken today.

Secretary Lansing had an interview today with Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, who came to Washington from New York for that purpose. It is understood that the Ambassador's visit was on the invitation of Mr. Lansing. The Ambassador had nothing new from his Government to communicate, but the State Department had received a cable message from James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador in Berlin, which bore out the significant statement made last night by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Chancellor, concerning the Arabic case and the conduct of the German submarine warfare.

New Order to Submarines.

It is now apparent that the German Government is willing to disclose that some time ago orders were issued by the Admiralty that no passenger vessels should be sunk by German submarines and that cargo ships of Germany's enemies should not be attacked without giving those on board an opportunity to reach places of safety while negotiations with the United States concerning the Lusitania were pending.

There is reason to believe that these orders were issued soon after the protest of the United States against the sinking of the Lusitania was received in Berlin. Several reasons are ascribed for the failure of the German Government to inform the United States or announce publicly that the German submarine policy had been modified. One is that the submarine policy was popular among the German people, and it would be unwise for the Imperial Government to risk popular disapproval by indicating that it was not to give its submarines such a free hand in the future or even for the period of controversy with the United States.

But the German victories in Poland may have given the Imperial Government reason to believe that its standing among the people has become so well established that it can now afford to make known that ships carrying passengers through the naval war zone are practically immune from attack, certainly from attack without warning.

Whether the German Government will be willing to disavow responsibility for the sinking of the Lusitania without warning is problematical, with the prevailing view here that a complete disavowal, such as that asked for by this Government, will not be forthcoming. But, even if complete disavowal is withheld, the prospect is that the differences between the two Governments over the submarine issue will be adjusted amicably and to the satisfaction of the United States Government, whose main object is to obtain assurances that American citizens may traverse the high seas without peril. A very optimistic view of the situation is taken here tonight in practically all quarters concerned.

A Virtual Disavowal.

Germany has virtually disavowed intention to sink the Arabic without warning. It has been made clear that if a German submarine torpedoed the White Star steamship the act was contrary to instructions, and it is not doubted that Germany will comply with a demand from the United States that the commander of the submarine be disciplined if it is shown that he disobeyed orders to spare passenger ships. That would clear away the friction that has existed since the Arabic went down, and a better state of feeling would be produced by the expected accompanying assurances that Americans traveling on passenger ships need not fear that their lives will be sacrificed by German submarines. If such assurances are given formally, the way would be paved for an adjustment of the call of this Government for a disavowal in the case of the Lusitania. The settlement of this matter might be found in a reference of the Lusitania incident to a court of arbitration, with power to fix the reparation that Germany must make.

Altogether the critical aspect of the relations between Germany and the United States may be said to have changed to a phase where there is no present danger of a break in the diplomatic intercourse. There will be no immediate settlement for the reason that the United States will give Germany a chance to ascertain the facts of the Arabic's sinking. Intimations come from Berlin, notably in the statement given out by the Imperial Chancellor last night, that in the German view the evidence was by no means convincing that the Arabic was destroyed by a torpedo and that it may have been sent to the bottom by a mine. The Chancellor's statement created the impression here that the German Government was unwilling to believe that a German submarine torpedoed the Arabic because that act would have been contrary to the instructions issued by the Imperial Admiralty.

Moved by Balkan Situation.

In well-informed quarters the view prevails that the mollifying course of the German Government is not dissassociated from the Balkan situation. Opinion here is strong that if the United States should break with Germany, the influence of this state of affairs on Greece and the Balkan Governments would be so marked that they might be inclined to get into the war on the side of the Allies, believing that America and Germany would ultimately become involved in hostilities. Besides, it is argued, a severance of relations between Germany and the United States would greatly impair the financial ability of Germany to carry on the war. In these circumstances the belief prevails that Berlin is particularly anxious to avoid taking the chance of a break with the United States, and will do her utmost to so adjust the submarine controversy as to remain on good terms with Washington.

That the Government is not overlooking the advantage afforded by the Balkan situation to obtain an understanding with Germany on the future conduct of the German submarine warfare is apparent. It is evidently for this reason that the Arabic case is to be utilized as a means to adjust the submarine controversy without further delay. It was intimated today that when the German Government presented its side of the Arabic case the communication would be accompanied by a renewal of the proposal that a modus vivendi be arranged between Great Britain and Germany through the good offices of the United States, under the terms of which the German submarine warfare would be modified or abandoned in consideration of the revocation of England's so-called starvation policy. The original effort to arrange a modus vivendi failed, Great Britain rejecting the proposal. The United States has since then formally notified Germany that it stood ready to serve in a similar way at any time that its services might be desired.

FAIL TO FIND ARABIC VICTIMS.

Bodies of Mrs. Bruguiere and Dr. Woods Not Recovered.

The agents of the White Star Line announced yesterday that according to a cablegram received from Liverpool the body of Mrs. Josephine L. Bruguiere of New York, one of the victims of the Arabic disaster, had not been recovered, as had been announced. They also reported that the body of Dr. Edmund F. Woods had not been found.

The British Admiralty reports that although patrol boats had made a dilligent search of the waters in the region where the Arabic was sunk, only two bodies have been found. One was that of a steward and the other that of an unidentified woman.

The following ten surviving passengers of the Arabic sailed from Liverpool Aug. 25 for New York, on the White Star Line steamer Adriatic, due at New York on September 2:

Mrs. F. C. Allison, W. Bathurst, Miss M. Christopherson, Fred Martin, John Doherty and Miss S. E. Salt and four children.

On the American liner St. Paul, from Liverpool Aug. 25, and also due here Sept. 2, are these thirty-eight Arabic passengers:

Miss V. H. Anderson, Miss Catherine Christie, John Critchley, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. A. Collier, Mr. and Mrs. Zellah Covington, Miss Elizabeth Dunlop, Aubrey Gualter, Miss Mary Harrison, Charles F. Kressen, Major G. L. Money, Cyril Money, the Misses Edith and Mabel Money, Christopher McTamney, A. Hulme Nebeker, John Nolan, Miss Teresa O'Farrell, John Olschewsky, F. Pryce, Miss Margaret Ross, Claude Roode, James F. Rowley, W. E. Ramsdell, Francis Garagher, J. A. Carlson, Miss Katie Connell, Mrs. Florence Davey, William Duckers, Peter Dugal, Miss Mary Hayes, William Hughes, Martin Loftus, Miss Annie Mooney, John Morrissey, John Olsen, and Elijah Willoughby.

Careful inquiry now places the number of passengers of the Arabic unaccounted for at eighteen, with twenty-five members of the crew, an additional member of the crew having died in the hospital at Queenstown. That makes a total of forty-four persons who lost their lives when the vessel was torpedoed.

Arabic Carried No Gold.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 26.—The assertion in press dispatches from Germany that the steamship Arabic carried gold on her last voyage called forth today a reiterated denial from the White Star Company. It is stated that the Arabic had on board no specie whatever.

NOT TIME FOR PEACE, DECLARES VIVIANI

French Premier Rouses Deputies to Furor by Depiction of Nation's Firm Purpose.

CREDITS ARE VOTED, 539 TO 1

In Appeal for United Support Viviani Says Views Differ Because French Are Free.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—By a vote of 539 to 1, the Chamber of Deputies today voted the credits asked by the Government after a stirring appeal by Premier Viviani, whose eloquent periods and vivid portrayal of the determination of France to fight for the attainment of an honorable and not a premature peace brought the members to their feet in tumultuous applause.

After Premier Viviani had concluded Deputy Louis Accambray, who has several times criticised the Government's conduct of the war, took the floor and began amid disorder a criticism of M. Millerand, the Minister of War. The Deputy spoke for an hour, but little of what he said could be heard because of the confusion. Afterward several Deputies spoke in approval of the Premier's address, and the Chamber took the vote and adjourned till Sept. 16.

Premier Viviani arose to address the house as soon as the session was called to order. All the members of the Cabinet were on the Ministerial benches, and the galleries were filled with prominent persons, among them many women. Nearly all the members of the Diplomatic Corps were in their boxes.

"I am not going to speak of the sanitary service, alone," said the Premier, "but also of parliamentary incidents that cannot be ignored. In the higher interest of the country, by which we are judged, we must justify the union of Government and Parliament.

France Equal to Her Task.

"The home services of the War Department have accomplished their tasks. In other quarters errors have been made, but Parliament has lent cordial co-operation without seeking at the time to fix responsibility for mistakes. The errors have been repaired.

"Let us banish pessimism and depressing anxiety. France, by the grace of all her children's efforts, her public servants prompted by necessary criticism, is equal to the task of fulfilling her destiny.

"Put the question of peace before the country, and it would be blown to nothing. Not until heroic Belgium has been freed, not until we have retaken Alsace and Lorraine could there be mischievous division among us.

"Our enemies may continue astray in their dull error of last year, but not we, who have seen workmen and employer, the rich citizen and the poor, men of every party and every walk in life fulfilling with a single purpose and with equal zeal their duties in defense of the liberty of the world.

"With this certain knowledge we come before Parliament, which has given the country an admirable spectacle of rising to the demands of the future; which has devoted admiration for the army, from the Commander in Chief to the private—for all those combatants who, silently absorbed in their heroic labor, ask nothing better than to be left outside the sphere of politics.

"We must destroy the legend that the Republic of France, having borne for forty-five years a horrible wound, did not make provision for military defense. I must repeat the words of the Commander in Chief during the last session of the Chamber: 'The republic may be proud of her armies.'

"France has created an army fulfilling the most modern conceptions. She has instilled the love of justice, the love of right, and upon the day the war began the children of France united in support of this high ideal, without which there would have been only armies of mercenaries."

At this the Deputies sprang to their feet and cheered the Premier wildly.

Divided in Views Because Free.

When the demonstration had died down, the Premier continued:

"Yes, the German press has said that France was divided. Yes, there are divergencies of opinion. These are the essence of free government. But it would be a fatal division, if there were in this country a fraction of the people who even thought of a premature peace."

"Parliament possesses supervisory rights, but nevertheless the authority of the Government must be all the stronger, owing to its greater responsibilities.

"We must have not only the expression of your confidence, but, for the great task before us, we must have the freedom of action necessary. We must have the definite adhesion of all hearts, all minds, and the good will of every one.

"Never has this been more necessary to the Government from an internal as well as an external point of view. The more that is demanded, the greater the force required. It is for Parliament to grant it to the Government."

Premier Viviani concluded by saying:

"I ask you to adopt the conciliatory attitude necessary, so that we may go on to victory."

The entire Chamber applauded, and it was voted that the Premier's address should be posted on the billboards throughout France.

Previous to the assembling of the Chamber the various party groups held caucuses on the question of secret sessions. The extreme Socialists alone favored a secret session. The Republicans of the Left were unanimously against it. The Radicals and Radical Socialists, with many members absent, voted 24 for to 40 against the proposition. The Socialist proposition will come up in the next session of the Chamber.

ROME AND VIENNA REPORTS CONFLICT

Austrians Say Bombardment Was Followed by Attack That Failed —A Garibaldi Wounded.

VIENNA, Aug. 26, (via London.)—The following report on the operations along the Italian frontier was issued today:

In the Doberdo sector, Italians who attacked Monte Dei Sei Bussi at noon yesterday, were repulsed.

Before the bridge head of Gorizia and in the town calm prevailed. Elsewhere in the coastal districts there was violent artillery fighting, chiefly in the region of Pekinka, where hostile infantry is cautiously approaching. The attack mentioned yesterday against the northern sector of the plateau of Lavarone, which was repulsed, was carried on by strong hostile forces.

After the night's violent bombardment of our fortifications, hostile artillery fire increased the night before last against the front of Cima Dimezzocrato until it attained the greatest severity. Until after midnight they hailed shells of all sizes over our positions, whereupon several regiments of infantry and battalions of Alpine troops attacked.

Our brave Tyrolean troops and coast guards, assisted by upper Austrian sharpshooters and artillery, repulsed all attacks. In the early morning hours the hostile attack finally was broken. Two hundred dead Italians were counted in our wire entanglements. This shows the sacrifices the attack had cost. Our losses were small.

One of our airmen successfully dropped several bombs on the ammunition works at Brescia.

ROME, Aug. 26.—The statement of the Italian General Headquarters, dated Aug. 26, and made public here tonight, says:

In Val Sugana our troops on the Monte Givaron-Torrento-Maso line have extended their ground and occupied points above Torrento as far as the positions of Mount Armentera and Mount Saluyio. The enemy failed to prevent our advance and, in addition, left a few prisoners in our hands.

In the Seebach Valley our artillery opened fire on an encampment hidden in the bend of the left bank of the Torrento. The enemy was forced to flee in disorder, pursued by a shower of well directed shrapnel.

In the upper Isonzo region our Alpine detachments captured several strong enemy intrenchments along the steep southern slopes of Monte Rombon. We made tihrty prisoners, including one officer, and also took two machine guns, rifles, and a quantity of munitions.

On the Carso front the enemy placed a number of batteries in new positions with which he opened an intense fire all along the front. Nevertheless our work of approaching the enemy continues without interruption. Yesterday toward the left wing of our lines we occupied fresh trenches, capturing sixty rifles, a searchlight, and various war materials.

UDINE, Italy, Aug. 26.—Ezio Garibaldi, son of General Ricciotti Garibaldi and grandson of the great Garibaldi, has been severely wounded in the face in the fighting with the Austrians.

BRESCIA, Aug. 26.—The Austrian biplane which flew over Brescia yesterday morning and dropped bombs which killed six workmen and slightly wounded a considerable number of others, did no material damage to the town, although the aviator dropped to a height of not more than 200 yards to insure his aim.

Despite the fact that the market place was crowded with peasants from the surrounding country, the appearance of the biplane failed to cause any panic. The citizens, instead of following the instructions given to them for their protection in case of aerial attack, rushed into the streets to get a view of the flying machine.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The correspondent at Rome of the Havas Agency telegraphs an announcement in the Milan Secolo to the effect that the Italian Government has taken sweeping measures to control in every respect industries concerned with the production of war munitions.

Not only the metal industries, but other enterprises related to the output of munitions are included.

GERMANY WILL PROTECT AMERICANS

Continued from Page 1.

not an unprovoked attack without warning by a German submarine, but was attributed either to a mine explosion or to some action of the vessel itself.

Should it develop, however, that a submarine acted contrary to instructions, ample reparation will be offered.

Germany is still unable to understand why Americans in these troubled times travel on belligerent ships instead of taking American or other neutral steamers, but since they in some instances insist upon taking passage on vessels belonging to belligerents Germany will do its utmost to provide for their safety.

It is not permissible to quote the remarks made by the Chancellor in the course of the conversation, other than the formal statement which he made. It may be said, however, that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg showed genuine interest in the state of feeling in the United States concerning the sinking of the Arabic, and expressed the hope that the American people would not form an opinion on the basis of conflicting statements giving only one side of the story. He spoke with emphasis of Germany's desire to maintain the friendship of America.

KEEP COOL, MOTTO IN BERLIN.

Conciliatory Spirit Grows—Praising Wilson Now.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Wednesday, Aug. 25, (Delayed by Censor.)—Ambassador Gerard had a long conference with Foreign Minister von Jagow last night over the Arabic incident, but both are silent in regard to the details of the conversation. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, however, is in a position to know that the Kaiser's statesmen are surprised and chagrined at the torpedoing of the Arabic, and that nobody regrets more than these statesmen that German-American relations are subjected to a renewed strain. At the same time there is a hopeful feeling in official quarters that the Arabic case can and will be satisfactorily settled by diplomatic methods, and that there will not be any unfortunate consequences.

Watchful waiting is the policy to this end, with "Keep cool!" for motto. To prevent rash talk complicating the situation the order apparently has been given to the German press to refrain from editorial comment until the full facts in the case are available. All the newspapers print what little news there is available from America, but there is no comment except in the case of the Frankfurter Zeitung, which apparently has been chosen as an officially inspired mouthpiece. It says:

"From the German side no reports are at hand to show that the Arabic was the victim of a German submarine, and this cannot be determined as yet, for our submarines are still on the high seas. We must wait their return to clear up the facts in the case. From circumstances so far learned it is by no means impossible that the Arabic struck a floating mine. The English reports are most confused and contradictory. In any event we know a German submarine has not attacked the Arabic unless it was compelled to do so for military reasons."

Rumors were current in the American colony at the Adlon all morning that Mr. Gerard had been instructed by cable to hold up an ultimatum to the German Government for twenty-four hours, but nobody in diplomatic circles was found who knew anything about the alleged ultimatum. The rumor finally was traced to a London Daily Telegraph dispatch from Washington, printed in the Berlin afternoon papers, to the effect that Count von Bernstoff would receive his passports, that Mr. Gerard would be recalled, and Congress summoned unless the German Government disavowed the sinking of the Arabic.

In reply to Mr. Gerard's inquiry whether the German Admiralty had a report on the Arabic, he was advised through the Foreign Office that "the Admiralty has a report on the alleged torpedoing of the Arabic, but that owing to the vagueness of the reports as to the spot where the alleged torpedoing supposedly took place, it is impossible to say whether a German submarine was involved or not."

A high officer of the Admiralty told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today that if the Arabic really was torpedoed, it was the first America-bound steamer to be sunk in many weeks, and, so far as he knew, no new instructions had been issued to submarine commanders. He suggested that if she was torpedoed the Arabic possibly committed a hostile act. It was absolutely necessary to keep calm and await the submarine commander's full report, he added. "The submarines do not return until they have no more torpedoes left or their time of duty is expired," he said.

"If the Arabic was torpedoed the submarine concerned should return early in September at the outside." He concluded that the Admiralty had absolutely no way of knowing which of the submarines might have been in that neighborhood at the time. It might have been a submarine just going out or one which had been "on station" for some time. Meantime, pending the return of the submarine squadron, there was nothing to do, he said, but "keep cool."

The afternoon papers print a wireless dispatch from Wolff's New York correspondent that the American press is very much excited, and the situation is considered grave. This contrasts strikingly with the absolute calmness here. Outside of American and diplomatic circles few persons are greatly interested in the Arabic case, and certainly neither the press nor the people is excited. In popular interest the Arabic incident is completely eclipsed by the Russian debacle and the Eastern victories. The German people are much more concerned as to how soon Brest Litovsk will fall than over the possible consequences of the Arabic sinking. Representative Germans with whom THE TIMES correspondent has talked do not consider the situation grave.

A Reichstag member said: "It is fortunate that there is a man like Wilson at the helm. He won't allow himself to be stampeded. A prominent editor who specializes in international politics, said: "The way in which Wilson and Lansing are going about handling the Arabic case is highly reassuring. Nothing indicates that they consider the Arabic as a casus belli."

Even the possibility of Mr. Gerard being withdrawn is scouted here. In some quarters it is pointed out that America is protecting both German and allied interests in the belligerent countries, which would be a strong reason against the hasty withdrawal of the American Ambassador.

ALLIED AIRMEN RAID FROM SEA TO RHINE

Sixty-two Aeroplanes Assail Rhenish Arms Plant—Sixty Fire a Belgian Forest.

ATTACK MANY OTHER POINTS

Railroad Centres and Other Important Places Behind German Lines Are Targets.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—A large number of raids by allied aviators are chronicled in the War Office reports today. In one case sixty-two French aviators took part in an attack on an arms factory in Rhenish Prussia, and in another instance sixty airmen, including British army and navy fliers, and Belgian aviators, participated in a raid on Mont Hulst forest in Belgium.

Still other raiding parties, apparently all French, dropped bombs on strategic points behind the German lines, from near Arras to the Woevre district, northeast of St. Mihiel.

Most notable among these air exploits was the raid into Rhenish Prussia by more than three score aviators, who dropped 150 bombs on Dillengen. The story of this is told in the day bulletin of the War Office as follows:

"On Aug. 25 an aerial squadron, composed of four groups and including a total of sixty-two aviators, flew over the heights of Dillingen. Here there is a factory where shells and armor plate are made. The location of this plant is north of Saarlouis, in Rhenish Prussia, thirty miles southeast of Trèves. The aviators threw down with precision 150 bombs, thirty of which were of large calibre.

"During the day of Aug. 24 a French aviator threw down bombs on the railroad station of Offenbourg, in Baden, seventeen miles from Karlsruhe. At this point there is an important railroad junction in the Grand Duchy."

The night report issued by the War Office tells of many other raids as follows:

"On the 25th our aviators bombarded the German encampments at Pennas and Baussant, in the Woevre, where they started a fire. The station and the bivouacs of the Germans at Grandpre Chatel, Cernay, and Fleville, in the Argonne; the station at Tergnier, (near St. Quentin,) the aviation sheds of Vitry, (east of Arras,) in Artois, and the station at Boisleux, (south of Arras,) have also been bombarded by our aviators.

"A bombarding expedition, arranged by the French and British naval and the French, British, and Belgian army aviators, including in all sixty aeroplanes, set forth to the Mont Hulst Forest, where they started several fires. Every aeroplane came back home.

"On the night of the 25th-26th our aviators dropped 127 bombs on the Noyon station, (northwest of Soissons.)

Say French Lost Four Machines.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—This official account of the French air raid into Rhenish Prussia is given out by the General Staff:

"Two enemy air squadrons yesterday dropped bombs in the Saar Valley, both above and below Saarlouis. Several persons were killed or injured. The material damage caused was not important.

"The night before last the squadrons were successfully attacked at their base at Nancy by our airmen.

"The enemy paid for his exploit by losing four aircraft. One fell to earth ablaze, near Bolzhen. The pilot and observer were killed. One fell into our hands near Romilly undamaged, and its occupants were made prisoners. The third was obliged to land near Arracourt, north of Luneville, by a German aviator right in front of the French lines. Afterward it was destroyed by our artillery. The fourth landed within range of our anti-aircraft guns, near Moevrons, south of Nomeny, behind the enemy front."

In a dispatch from Paris early this week the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES described a visit to a great aeroplane base of the French Army, apparently close to Nancy, where he saw a countless number of aircraft and witnessed the impressive start and return of eighty-four aeroplanes, comprising four squadrons of twenty aeroplanes, each led by a larger "hawk." Nancy is only fifty miles, as the crow flies, from Saarlouis, and Dillingen, the scene of Wednesday's raid.

So far as official reports go to show there has never been before an air raid in which as many as sixty-two aeroplanes have participated. In a few earlier ventures thirty or more aircraft were used.

This raid was the third made by French machines into Southwestern Germany in the last three weeks. Saarbrücken was bombarded on Aug 9. Three days later the neighborings towns of St. Ingbert the neighboring towns of St. Ingbert persons were killed in the latter raid.

RIFLES ON THE ARABIC.

Berlin Comments on the Story of Target Practice on the Liner.

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (via Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—With reference to the feeling reported in the United States regarding the Arabic case, the Frankfort Gazette says editorially, according to the Overseas News Agency today:

"English reports are so confused, so lacking in clearness, that the assumption may be permitted either that the Arabic was not torpedoed at all, but struck a mine, or that the German submarine was attacked before she fired the fatal torpedo. We know for a certainty that the submarine did not attack the Arabic unless she was compelled to do so because of the actions of the steamer."

The Vossische Zeitung prints a report as having been published in a New York newspaper on July 24, regarding which the Overseas News Agency says:

"This report tells about rifle practice by a club among the Arabic's crew, which was an organization for the thinly-veiled purpose of practicing direct rifle fire upon a submarine periscope, passengers asserting that sailors and stewards were able to hit a periscope at the distance of half a mile; the target being a floating imitation of a submarine towed by the steamer, during the ocean trip, or a balloon shaped like an aeroplane. The so-called club members also practiced in an improvised shooting gallery. It was indicated that the steamer's color was similar to that of English warships and that a sandbag barricade protected the Captain's bridge and the steering apparatus. This, it is commented, would make possible an attack by rifle fire upon a submarine when one was sighted."

The New York newspaper quoted as describing rifle practice on the Arabic was probably one of those published in German. Search of the American newspapers of July 24 fails to reveal any such story.

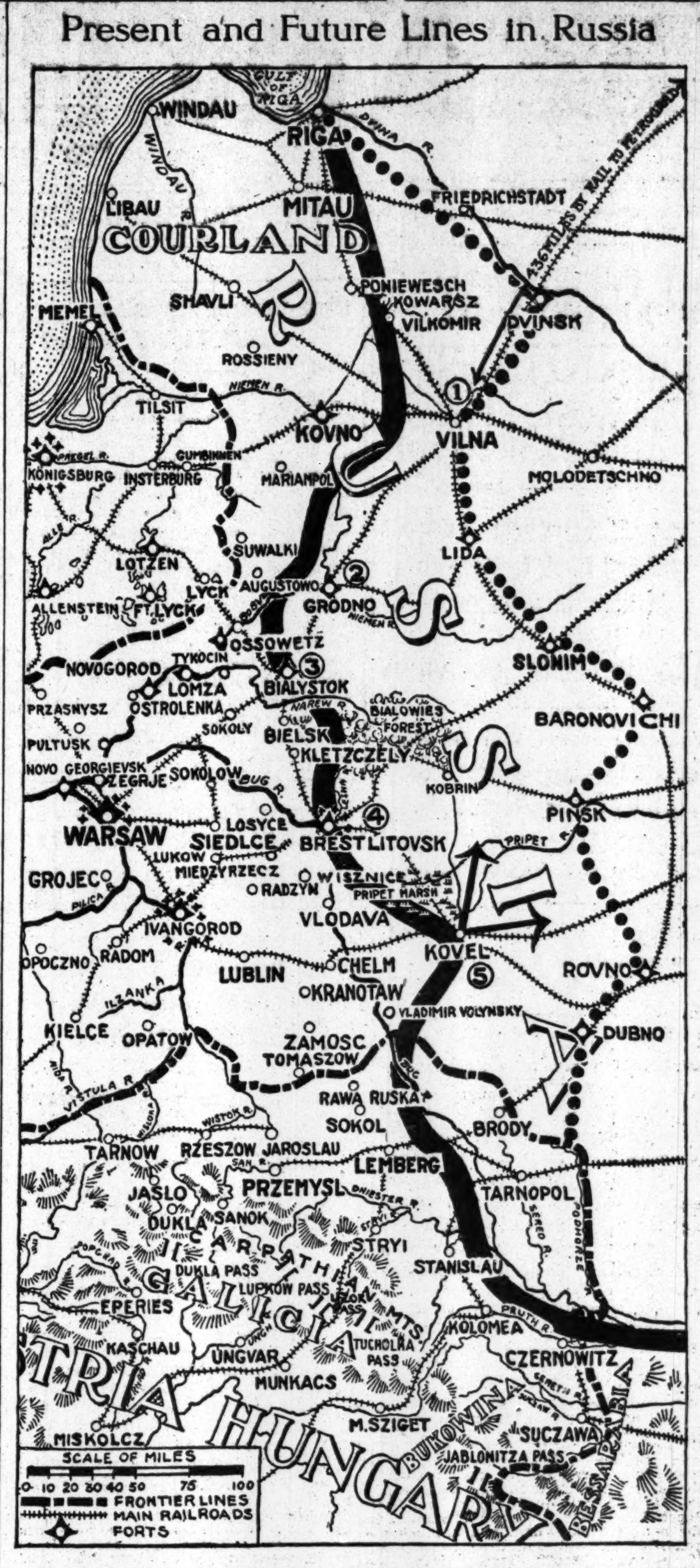
TO ANSWER MUNITIONS NOTE.

Austria Finally Publishes the American Reply.

VIENNA, Aug. 26.—The American note to Austria-Hungary, in which Washington declined to stop the shipment of munitions of war to Europe, was published here today, with the following inspired remark:

"The note is being subjected to thorough and friendly study in the Foreign Ministry, and will then be answered."

Present and Future Lines in Russia



The heavy black line shows the present position of the Austro-German front and the dotted line from Riga to the Galician border the positions where the Russians are expected to make their next stand. The Germans are approaching Vilna (1), and Grodno (2) will soon be evacuated as have been Bialystok (3) and Brest-Litovsk (4.) Cavalry is moving north and east from Kovel (5) to divide Russian forces.

The third Russian line of defense upon which the defenders of Brest-Litovsk, Warsaw, Ivangorod, Novo Georgievsk, and Grodno are compelled to retreat, runs through the middle of the country known as White Russia. The line begins on the north at Riga, on the Baltic, and follows the Dvina River to Dvinsk, then turns south and follows the railroad, through Vilna, Lida, and Baranovichi. The line then runs through the tractless swamps of Pinsk and the Pripet River to Rovno, which lies 120 miles northeast of the Galician capital, Lemberg.

RUSSIANS QUIT BREST-LITOVSK

Continued from Page 1.

portion of the army under General von Eichhorn is penetrating in an easterly direction. Further south fighting is taking place on the Berecowka sector.

Our advance troops have reached Bialystok.

The army of General von Gallwitz drove the enemy from the Orlanka sector, to the north and to the southeast of Bialystok.

The Army Group of General Field Marshal Prince Leopold of Bavaria badly defeated the enemy, who is now fleeing toward the heart of Bialowies forest. He is only making a stand in the region of Kamieniez Litovsk. Over the whole front from the Bialowies forest to the swampy Pripet region, southeast of Brest-Litovsk, the pursuit is in full swing.

VIENNA, Aug. 26, (via London, Aug. 27.)—The following official statement was issued tonight at the Austrian War Office:

The fortress of Brest-Litovsk has fallen. Hungarian Landwehr, under Field Marshal von Arz, captured yesterday the village of Kobylany southwest of the fortress and thereby broke the exterior of the fort line. West Galician, Silesian and North Moravian infantry stormed at the same time the forts south of the village of Koroszcayn. German troops captured the citadel.

Meantime the allies repelled the enemy across the Lesna and in the forest and marshy district southeast of Brest-Litovsk, while our cavalry, pursuing the Russians from Kovel northwest threw their rear guards back near Buckin and Wyzwa.

In East Galicia the situation is unchanged.

SOUGHT TO PROTECT RETREAT.

Russians Were Known to be Ready to Abandon Brest-Litovsk.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 27.—In the following message written before the fall of Brest-Litovsk was officially known, The Daily News Petrograd correspondent states that the Russians were only holding the fortress so long as it facilitated their retreat to the new line in the course of preparation. The correspondent says:

"The enormous losses suffered by the Germans in the storming of Kovno have not permitted them to use the same tactics against Brest-Litovsk. Hence they decided to apply a wide enveloping plan on three sides and at the same time to repulse the Russians screening the fortress, thereby making Brest-Litovsk protrude from the front of the Russian line. It is clear, however, that the Russians will be able to use the fortress skillfully so long as it is required to assist their retreat, whereupon it will be regarded as useless to hold it.

"It is understood that a new line of positions in the rear is being actively engineered and equipped now for the troops falling back pending the arrival of more favorable circumstances for an attack."

4,000 KILLED CROSSING BUG.

Desperate Fighting at Vlodava—Poland Refugees Number 4,500,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 27.—The Morning Post's Budapest correspondent, describing the crossing of the Bug at Vlodava by the Austro-German forces, says it was most important from a strategic point of view to force a crossing of the river at that point, and it succeeded only after most desperate efforts and immense sacrifices, but it had to be done at any cost. Two divisions were engaged at first, and although they tried to accomplish the task with a contempt for death in six attempts, it was only with the help of two other regiments brought up that they succeeded in crossing the river and establishing themselves on the other bank.

"The river carried more dead bodies this time," he says, "than the Dniester or the Vistula ever saw at one point. Three times they succeeded in bridging the river, and three times their efforts broke down after small bodies had got to the other side, never to return. One by one they rushed across a narrow plank during the night, fifty paces behind each other. Every fifth man reached the other end of the bridge, and, when some hundred were there, down crashed the whole thing, with some of the men on it.

"At last pontoons were placed over the water, and under an incessant gun and rifle fire they succeeded in gaining the bank only after two days of the most desperate fighting. They say over 4,000 men were killed or drowned during these attempts to cross the Bug.

"Russian officers say that during the last twelve months of war in which they fought in Galicia, East Poland, and Hungary they have not come across such intense misery as the civilian population of Russian Poland has to endure in consequence of the devastation strategy of the Russians. It is true the population were advised to leave in time, and they were warned by the Russian authorities. Yet many remained in their desolate homes. More than 4,500,000 left the country, going eastward to the interior of Russia, where they will be provided for, but those who remained behind not only suffer from actual war itself but from a serious shortage of food. The Russians cannot be of any help to those behind the enemy's lines, and the Austro-German armies have plenty of trouble to provide themselves with the necessities of life, not to speak of the incessant fighting they have on hand. Civil administration is not even to be seen as yet, for the devastated villages cannot afford facilities to begin the work of relief until a more settled time arrives. The roads are blocked with vans and cows and wagons of refugees who did not fly in time and came between the two lines. From the Vistula to the Bug stretch desolation and misery."

THREATEN VILNA AND DVINSK.

German Movement Causing an Exodus from Latter Place.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 26.—General von Eichhorn's drive toward Vilna is regarded as the German answer to the threatened offensive by the Russians in the region of the middle Niemen, between Kovno and Grodno, where the Russian official communication indicates a concentration of considerable forces of Russians on the left bank of the Niemen.

There is a pronounced movement of the inhabitants from Dvinsk, where the railroad offices are being besieged day and night. The archives and the hospitals have been removed, stores closed, and stocks shipped away.

REJOICING IN BERLIN.

Fall of Brest-Litovsk Came Sooner Than People Expected.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—Fifteen minutes after the Wolffe Bureau brought the news of the fall of Brest-Litovsk early this afternoon, all the flags in Berlin were mobilized on the tops and fronts of buildings. The afternoon extras were eagerly snapped up by crowds in the streets.

There is quiet rejoicing everywhere over the fall which, like Warsaw, came sooner than the public had been led to expect.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—"We have just now received news that Brest-Litovsk has fallen," the President of the Reichstag announced at the opening of today's session, according to a telegram from Berlin forwarded by Reuter's correspondent in Amsterdam. The announcement, the telegram adds, was received with prolonged applause.

"We salute," continued the President, "the brave soldiers and officers and leaders of our army and the army of our Austro-Hungarian ally, who in the last few months have accomplished such almost incredible things, now crowned by the fall of Brest-Litovsk."

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw.
Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY
Engineer and Contractor
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SEARCHING PAPERS OF SUSPECTED SPY

Photographing by Kopsch of Battery Sites at Cape Henry Deemed Very Suspicious.

DENIES ESPIONAGE CHARGE

German Reservist Says He Took Pictures for His Own Amusement—Hearing Set for Sept. 2.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A preliminary hearing in the case of Gustav Kopsch, a German reservist, arrested here last night on a charge of espionage, will be held on Sept. 2, before United States Commissioner Taylor. In the meantime law officers of the Department of Justice are carefully going over a mass of photographs and papers found in Kopsch's possession. Nothing in Kopsch's papers, it was said at the Department of Justice today, connected him with the alleged Austrian spy, Ortolph, recently arrested in Florida. A. Bruce Bielaski, Chief of the department's Bureau of Investigation, refused to say whether any evidence found traced Kopsch's activities to a German official source.

Kopsch himself emphatically denied today that he was acting in any way for the German Government. At the outbreak of the war, he said, he offered his services to Germany through the German Consul at Baltimore, but found it impossible to return to the Fatherland. He was at Fortress Monroe, he said, in connection with his work for the Carnegie Institute, where he is employed as an instrument maker in the Bureau of Terrestrial Magnetism. He said that he had served in the artillery of the German Army and that that experience, combined with his fondness for photography, explained the photographs he had taken. They were for his own interest, he said.

From widely published pictures of the neighborhood of Fortress Monroe any one, after a tour of the fortifications, could easily mark in the gun emplacements. The most suspicious feature of Kopsch's investigations at the mouth of Chesapeake Bay is regarded as being his having photographed the dunes at Cape Henry, where batteries will be constructed. It was suggested that he might have made the photographs on his own initiative with a view to selling them later in the best market. This explanation, however, would not protect him against the law.

Walter M. Gilbert, Assistant Secretary of the Carnegie Institute, said today that little was known of Kopsch, but that all the facts in the institute's possession had been turned over to the Department of Justice some time ago.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the Navy, has written a letter to John R. Rathom, editor of The Providence Journal, calling attention to the fact that Mr. Rathom had not replied to the recent letter of Secretary Daniels, calling attention to the statement in The Providence Journal that Mr. Rathom had informed Mr. Daniels of the presence of a German spy in the electrical civil branch of the Navy Department. In this letter Mr. Daniels said that he did not recall that any such statement was made to him by Mr. Rathom during the conference of Mr. Rathom, Secretary Daniels and members of the Neutrality Board at which Mr. Rathom presented a large amount of documentary material bearing on the activity of German agents in the United States.

FEW LEFT IN NOVO GEORGIEVSK

Russian Papers Say Garrison Was Small—Commandant Wounded.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 26, (via London.)—The garrison of Novo Georgievsk during the last stage of its defense did not exceed a division, according to the Retch, which adds that the greater proportion of the defenders of the fortress withdrew during the bombardment, and declares that while the number of survivors is unknown, it can only have been have been small. It is stated that the commandant of the fortress, General Bobyr, was seriously wounded before the capitulation.

The Bourse Gazette puts the garrison at "considerably less than an army corps."

COUNCILORS FOR WARSAW.

Germans, Poles, and Jews Appointed by the Authorities.

This message was received yesterday via wireless from Berlin by the German Literary Defense Committee at 150 Nassau Street:

"The German administration in Warsaw has appointed new councilors for the city. In proportion to the population twelve Germans, twelve Poles, and six Jews were appointed."

FREE WARSAW PRISONERS.

Germans Release Russian Socialists Held in the Citadel.

BERLIN, via London, Friday, Aug. 27.—The Chemnitz Volkstimme, a Socialist organ, reports that the Germans on their entry into Warsaw liberated forty political prisoners from the Warsaw citadel, who had despaired of ever gaining their freedom. The majority of them were Russian Socialists.

The newspaper says that the citadel ranked in revolutionary annals with the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul in Petrograd, as a place for political prisoners.

FORMING RUSSIAN MINISTRY.

Daily Conferences of Parties Looking to a Coalition.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 26, (via London.)—Daily conferences are being held by members of the various parties in the Duma and the Council of the Empire, with a view to the formation of a coalition Ministry, the possibility of which has been under lively discussion of late in the corridors of the Duma.

The names of Michael Vladimirovitch Rodzianko, the President of the Duma, and of Nikolai A. Khomyakoff, former President of that body, are being mentioned in connection with Premiership.

RUSSIA'S STRONGEST FORTRESS

Brest-Litovsk of More Value Strategically Than Warsaw.

The Russian fortress of Brest-Litovsk, which has just capitulated to the Austro-German forces, had been considered one of the strongest fortresses in Europe, and was the southern base of the second Russian line of defenses to which the armies of Grand Duke Nicholas retreated after the fall of Warsaw. The citadel is situated on the Bug River and at the junction of several railways, 131 miles south of Grodno and 120 miles east of Warsaw.

The taking of Brest-Litovsk by the Teutonic forces is probably the most important military achievement since the fall of Warsaw three weeks ago today. The town, which had a population of about 50,000, was one of the most important depots for and the distributing points of military supplies near the western frontiers of Russia proper. The fortress was rated by military critics as a much more important strategic point than was Warsaw.

Brest-Litovsk is situated at the juncat the point of confluence. It lies upon the right bank of the Bug where the river turns from the north to the northeast. Intersecting here are railroads from Odessa, Kiev, Moscow, Warsaw, Vilna, and East Prussia.

Brest-Litovsk, according to information compiled by the National Geographical Society, contained one of the oldest important fortresses in Northern Europe. The older fortifications were erected about one mile east of Brest-Litovsk and had a circumference of four miles. The field works were kept up to date, and everything possible had been done by Russia, it was said, to make them unconquerable. Brest-Litovsk was generally regarded in Russia as the most powerful individual stronghold in the empire.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WAR ORDER WANTED

New Supply of Picric Acid and Guncotton Soon Ready for Delivery.

A new plant for the production of picric acid and guncotton is nearing completion, and I am now in position to accept orders with definite specifications as to deliveries and tonnage. Principals or their authorized agents may learn particulars provided they come with proper credentials.

Theron McCampbell, Room 212, No. 30 Broad St., New York.

ARTILLERY DUELS GROW IN THE WEST

Roye Now a Scene of Cannonading—Germans Again Shelling Rheims.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Duels with big guns are persistent at many points along the western front, and the areas of activity seem to be spreading. The region around Roye, south of Arras, is now the scene of heavy cannonading. The German guns have again been bombarding Rheims

The night bulletin issued by the French War Office reads:

In the sector to the north of Arras a rather violent cannonade was reported, especially around Souchez and to the south of Neuville, near the road to Lille.

Some artillery actions are reported in the region of Roye, and in the Aisne Valley, where we shelled the German works to the north of Soissons.

The enemy has shelled the city of Rheims rather violently.

We have, on our part, shelled very efficaciously the German trenches in front of Cernay-des-Rheims.

In the Argonne the fighting by means of petards and grenades is still very violent on the whole front, with our artillery intervening usefully at times.

In the Woevre, to the north of Flirey, in the Vosges, at La Fontenelle, in the region of Luise, and in Alsace, in the Doller Valley, some artillery duels have taken place.

The afternoon bulletin reads:

During part of last night there were artillery exchanges and fighting with hand grenades and other explosives in the Artois district, in the vicinity of Souchez and Neuville.

Around Roye there has been continued marked activity on the part of the enemy's artillery as well as our own.

In the Argonne district, in the sector of La Fille Morte, yesterday saw fairly severe fighting with bombs and hand grenades.

Nothing of importance has been reported from the remainder of the front.

The German official statement has this to say of field operations:

North of Beauséjour, in the Champagne, a crater made by a shell which had been occupied the day before yesterday, held against French attacks.

Weds Wounded Italian Officer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The marriage was celebrated in Milan today of Bessie Hyams, daughter of Mrs. Henry Hyams of New York, to Lieutenant Manfredi Cariaggi, a member of an old Bologna family, who is convalescing from a wound received while fighting on the Isonzo front.

JAPAN TO MAKE MORE SHELLS.

Special Factories to be Put Up—Entente Envoys See Okuma.

TOKIO, Aug. 26.—The establishment of special factories for the manufacture of shells will be a part of the increased assistance which Japan has decided to give her allies in the war, it is learned.

Details of the plans for carrying on the work of increasing Japan's munition supplies have been discussed by the Ambassadors of the Entente powers with Premier Okuma, the diplomats going in a body from the Summer Embassies at Shuzenji to Nikko for the purpose, following the Premier's recent audience with the Emperor.

MRS. MARYE GOING TO RUSSIA.

Wife of American Ambassador Will Take Up Nursing Again.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—Mrs. George T. Marye, wife of the United States Ambassador to Russia, will leave here on Sept. 6, she announced today, to return to Petrograd and take up again her work of nursing in the Russian field hospitals. She will travel by way of New York, and will leave behind her daughter Helen, 9 years old.

"Her life does not belong to me to risk," was the explanation.

Mrs. Marye came home for a rest a few months ago.

German Wounded Return from Riga

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that a transport carrying seriously wounded German marines who participated in the recent fighting in the Gulf of Riga, has arrived at Königsberg from Libau.

MORGAN & BROTHER
ESTABLISHED SINCE 1851—64 YEARS
STORAGE WAREHOUSES & MOVING—(Motor Vans)
230-232-234-236 West 47th St. (near B'way). 'Phone 53 Bryant.
By way of facilitating perfect service this season, we respectfully request our patrons to make reservations as far in advance as possible.

GOVERNORS DEPLORE ROOSEVELT SPEECH

"Rash and Unwise," Says Haines of Maine—Others Support President.

SEE 7,000 MILITIA PARADE

Massachusetts Gives Demonstration of Preparedness—Blease Defends Lynching.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—The criticism of President Wilson by Theodore Roosevelt at Plattsburg aroused intense interest among the participants in the Conference of Governors. Of those interviewed, many refused to express any opinion at this time. Only one criticized the President, and that was ex-Governor Gilchrist of Florida, who already had voiced his objections to our present foreign policy. Today he said: "Germany is bound to sink English vessels, and if American citizens ride on English ships to save a thousand dollars in a business deal they are entitled to no protection. If our Ambassador were withdrawn on account of the sinking of the Arabic it would probably be only a few days till other Americans were killed. That would mean war. These are criticisms of the President's policy at present. If it comes to war, then we are with him, right or wrong."

Ex-Governor William T. Haines of Maine said: "I think Colonel Roosevelt's speech was extremely rash and unwise at this time. I am in favor of increased national preparedness, but that speech only complicates the situation and makes it more difficult."

Governor Alexander of Idaho: "To Mr. Roosevelt's view that one should support the President in time of peace only so long as he is right, I should reply that I think that President Wilson is right. I am confident the President will get us out of the German crisis in some way that will not be peace-at-any-price."

Ex-Governor Oakley C. Curtis of Maine: "I think more about Mr. Roosevelt's speech than I am willing to say. I am sure the country is behind the President in the German question."

Ex-Governor William H. Mann of Virginia: "I think the President's position is right. That is my view of Colonel Roosevelt's remarks."

Ex-Governor Elias M. Ammons of Colorado: "In an international crisis we should all stand behind the Executive, whether we agree with every one of his acts or not. Colorado is behind the President, regardless of party lines."

The posibility that Germany might disavow the action of the submarine's commander who sank the Arabic, caused considerable relief among the Governors and ex-Governors. Most of them thought it an indication of an honest desire to respect American rights. There seems to be no sentiment at all for "war at any price," either on account of the present situation or because of fears of possible later aggression against the United States. But nobody yet has come out in opposition to an increase of the national defenses. Though the subject came into the foreground only when Secretary Daniels made his speech to the Governors yesterday on the battleship Wyoming, it has been unofficially and conversationally the main question all through the meeting, and when papers on that subject are read tomorrow by Governor Edward F. Dunne of Illinois, and Governor James F. Fielder of New Jersey, it is expected that practically every Governor and ex-Governor present will express clearly his own position on national defense.

Parade of 7,000 State Troops.

Massachusetts gave an example of preparedness today by a mobilization of the entire National Guard of the State, some 7,000 strong, and a parade which brought all of Boston out for a holiday. After the morning session of the conference, the Governors went to luncheon at the Engineers' Club and the women of the party at the Women's City Club, and then the executives got into automobiles and fell into line behind the militia parade. Governor David I. Walsh of Massachusetts led the procession through the principal streets and past the State House to a reviewing stand on Charles Street, where he dismounted and entered the stand.

The parade then halted to allow the Governors' automobiles to pass to the front, and the Governors reviewed the Guardsmen, who were under the command of Adjt. Gen. Charles H. Cole. There were five regiments of infantry and two cadet corps, totaling 4,420 men and twenty machine guns; twelve companies of Coast Artillery, 1,000 men; three batteries of field artillery, twelve guns and 350 men; a squadron of cavalry, 260 men; a signal corps of 100 men, a hospital corps of the same size, and 650 naval militia, with two field guns.

Governor Walsh was highly satisfied with the showing, although expressing regret that there were not three times as many. The other Governors admired the Bay State troops, and while the militia bands marched down streets banked with crowds containing perhaps 50,000 men of military age, and played, "I Didn't Raise My Boy to be a Soldier," everybody was inclined to admit that Massachusetts had done well.

Governor Walsh led the parade mounted on an exceedingly docile steed. As the Governor broke an arm on his last horseback ride, he preferrd to take no chances today.

Mayor Curley tonight gave a dinner to the members of the conference at the Copley Plaza, after which they all went out to Waltham and witnessed a river carnival.

At the morning session Cole L. Blease, ex-Governor of South Carolina, spoke on "The Duty and Responsibility of the Governor in Dealing with Prisoners."

Blease Again Defends Lynching.

"Within the last few weeks," he said, "we have heard of a man who had made an attempt on the life of another, being plied with questions until he was too weak to talk, and subjected to God knows what else, in the administration of the 'third degree.' Later he was found on the floor of his cell with his skull crushed in. Whether he was murdered or committed suicide, I do not know, but the suicide of any man would hardly be unnatural under such circumstances. This 'third degree' method that is practiced in the North and East and West—less frequently, I am glad to say, in the South—whether a man be killed during its administration, or driven to commit suicide, or tortured into confessing crimes of which he may be innocent, is barbarity in a sneaking form under the sanction of the law.

"In the South the lynching of a man for the unmentionable crime is a protection to our civilization, while this third degree violates the letter of our Constitution and is a blow to the whole spirit of our institutions. In the South an aroused mob is an outraged community which carries out the law, but brushes aside the law's technicalities and delays."

Governor Blease defended his own numerous pardons and paroles from the State prisons and advocated more enlightened prison administration.

"The people of the nation would be horrified," he said, "if they knew of the fearful brutality practiced in our prisons—the merciless whippings, the electric shocks, and other forms of shocking cruelty."

A statement by Mr. Blease that "when mobs are no longer possible liberty will be dead," called forth a brief response from Governor Goldsborough, of Maryland, who said:

"Such a statement is unchristly. If capital punishment is wrong, how much more so is capital punishment at the hands of a mob?"

Against Capital Punishment.

Papers on the abolition of capital punishment were read by Governor George W. P. Hunt, of Arizona, and Governor Edward F. Dunne of Illinois. Both favored abolition. Governor Hunt said that if the theory that capital punishment acted as a deterrent were correct it ought to be extended to all crimes, and that wide publicity given to noted murder trials and the subsequent execution of the defendant idealized the criminal. Governor Dunne presented statistics to show that capital punishment had not acted as a deterrent, and instanced lynchings to add proof of this point. He contended that society was responsible for some criminals and congenital deficiency for others, which classes it was not right to kill, and that occasional offenders could be reformed.

The topic will be continued tomorrow. The sentiment of the conference seemed to favor the abolition of the death penalty.

The thanks of the Administration for the resolution adopted by the Governors on Tuesday, pledging support to President Wilson was extended to the conference today by Attorney General Thomas W. Gregory. Mr. Gregory said that at the present time the Administration felt the need of being in close touch with the States, and such an encouraging expression as was sent to the President was greatly appreciated, especially as it came from a body in which party lines had been eliminated.

REBUKED FOR ATTACK ON PROF. SCHUSTER

London Paper Criticised for Objecting to Next British Association President Because of His Birth.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Globe, an evening paper which has become conspicuous among journals engaging in anti-alien agitation, recently made an attack on Professor Arthur Schuster, who has been chosen to preside over the forthcoming meeting of the British Association.

The Manchester Guardian rebukes The Globe, saying:

"There are few more honored names in conection with our university than that of the man who, because of his name and because of his birth, The Globe, in its ignorant malice, calls upon men of science in this country generally to insult by refusing to attend the meetings over which he presides.

"Happily, the leaders of science and those animated by its high and disinterested spirit do not take their instructions from The Globe, and the genius of science and its whole tradition are far removed from such attempts to narrow its domain and pervert its mission.

"Science is nothing if it is not international; or, rather, it ignores nationality and honors only attainment and truth; but apparently, in the eyes of The Globe and its fellows, to possess a German name is an unpardonable sin, though you may be British to the backbone in feeling and have sent your only son, as we believe Professor Schuster has, to fight Britain's battles, and have yourself rendered a whole life's service to your country."

Professor Arthur Schuster is the Secretary of the Royal Society and one of the most distinguished physicists of England. He headed the Eclipse expedition to Siam in 1875. He is a brother of Sir Felix Schuster, Bart., the well known banker, both being sons of the late Francis Joseph Schuster, a Frankfort banker.

Professor Schuster was born in Frankfort in 1851 and was educated at Frankfort, Manchester, and Heidelberg. His attainments as a scientist have won for him many honors from universities in England and abroad. He is an honorary member of the National Academy at Washington and of the famous American Philosophical Society.

The reference to "our" university in The Manchester Guardian's editorial is to the University of Manchester, in which Professor Schuster was Professor of Physics, from 1888 to 1907. The Professor is married to an Englishwoman.

Professor Schuster has lived in England since he was 19 years old, and has been a British subject since 1875. He has been one of the chief sufferers from the crusade against prominent naturalized Germans, and on July 30 obtained an injunction in the Chancery Court against the continued publication of an article in Pearson's Weekly, which said among other things:

"It was the inquiries made by women members of the Anti-German Union that led to the private wireless apparatus owned by Professor Arthur Schuster, a naturalized Englishman, being seized some time ago. Professor Schuster, it will be recalled, had this apparatus installed at his country house, and one day, doubtless rather to his surprise, a band of detectives descended upon him and it."

As a matter of fact, the Professor had left England for the Crimea, to observe the solar eclipse of Aug. 21, when the war began, and the Post Office authorities had dismantled all private wireless installations before his return.

REPRIMAND WOOD FOR ROOSEVELT TALK

Continued from Page 1.

seemed that war with Mexico might result, it was understood in Washington that General Wood would be placed in field command. The Plattsburg affair has raised doubt in Washington whether the ranking command in the field would be given to General Wood in a hostile emergency.

What aroused friends of the Administration in General Wood's case was that this was the second time within the last six months that his relationship to the national defense movement, in which Colonel Roosevelt is actively identified, had been the occasion of a letter of warning or reprimand from Secretary Garrison. On March 11 last Mr. Garrison felt called upon to send an official letter to General Wood telling him to shun the American Legion, then being formed, and warning him that it was regarded as improper for army officers to mix in such a movement, although the War Department approved its aims. At that time General Wood, in letters to the Secretary of War, explained that he had merely told his aid to assist in the preparation of application blanks for the Legion.

General Wood has many friends here. He is regarded by them as a splendid example of a competent, up-to-date general officer, and as one who has done remarkable service in reorganizing the army and in seeking to place the nation in a better condition of military preparedness. That Secretary Garrison admired these qualities in him was understood, and as evidence of it attention has been called to the refusal of Mr. Garrison, early in the Wilson Administration, to comply with the request of Chairman Hay of the House Military Committee to transfer General Wood from the office of Chief of the Army General Staff to other duty. When General Wood was relieved of the General Staff detail it was in compliance with the requirements of the so-called "Manchu law," providing that no officer shall serve more than four years in every six on special staff duty or duty away from his command.

An Embarrassing Position.

General Wood's friends are understood to feel that he was placed in an embarrassing position in connection with Colonel Roosevelt's willingness to address the military students of Plattsburg. Colonel Roosevelt and General Wood were intimate friends in Washington when the one was a Civil Service Commissioner and later Assistant Secretary of the Navy and the other was a surgeon in the army. The Colonelcy of the Rough Riders was offered to Colonel Roosevelt, but he persuaded President McKinley and Secretary Alger to give the place to General Wood, then a Captain and Assistant Surgeon, and himself took the post of Lieutenant Colonel. In the bitter fight made to prevent General Wood's promotion to Major General, Colonel Roosevelt stood by him staunchly.

In addition it was pointed out that Colonel Roosevelt had been President of the United States and as such Commander in Chief of the land and naval forces, and was for that reason deserving of special consideration and honor when he appeared at the Plattsburg camp. As it was put today, once the Colonel was started on his speech at Plattsburg, General Wood could not have stopped him.

The reprimand to General Wood marks a still further tightening of the ban of the Administration against participation by Army and Naval officers in public discussion of the war in Europe, or of national defense, without the express appproval of the War Department. The first prohibition was against granting interviews. Later an officer participated in a discussion at a club, but his remarks got into print. This led to the issuance of a second order by Major General Hugh L. Scott, Chief of the General Staff of the Army, on Feb. 18 last, which read:

> The Secretary of War is convinced that the best interests of the service are prejudiced by the appearance in public prints of interviews, statements, discussions, or articles by officers of the Army on the military situation here or abroad, and he, therefore, directs that all officers refrain therefrom until further orders in the premises.

The telegram of reprimand to General Wood shows that the War Department now takes the position that it is improper for an Army officer to afford the "opportunity" to any one outside the service to make speeches under Army auspices, on any matter excepting that which is essential to the purposes of the Army gatherings.

WOOD SILENT ON REPRIMAND.

Camp Divided Over Roosevelt Talk —Malone Criticises ex-President.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Major General Leonard Wood received today a telegram from Secretary of War Garrison with reference to the utterances made yesterday byy Theodore Roosevelt. The text of the telegram was not given out, and when General Wood was asked to indicate the nature of its contents he said it was impossible for him to comply with the request. He refused to discuss the matter in any way.

The news that Washington had taken official cognizance of what the ex-President said while here was received at the camp late this afternoon in a telegram from New York to one of the members of the business and professional men's regiment, to which organization Colonel Roosevelt directed his remarks last night. The statement subsequently authorized by Colonel Roosevelt, in which he said it was the duty of all citizens to stand by the President "so long as the President stands by the country," was issued to the newspaper correspondents through the Secretary of the Plattsburg Chamber of Commerce, and General Wood did not know until this morning that such a statement had been issued. It is known that Colonel Roosevelt purposely kept from General Wood the knowledge of the statement being issued.

In the camp the feeling as to the wisdom of the remarks of Colonel Roosevelt is divided. A great many indorse every word the Colonel said, and they do not hesitate to say so. Others think that Colonel Roosevelt should have left unsaid many things, particularly his criticism of the policy of the Administration with reference to the violation of the neutrality of Belgium by the Germans and the sinking of the Lusitania and the Arabic.

"I knew when I heard that speech that we should hear from it," said an officer of the army tonight, "but how General Wood can be held responsible for what Colonel Roosevelt said is puzzling. General Wood had nothing to do with the preparation of the speech, and some of the things which the Colonel said were just as much of a surprise to him as to any of the rest of us. As for the statement subsequently issued by Colonel Roosevelt, that had nothing to do with his visit to the Business Men's Regiment."

The remarks quoted express the general view of the camp, so far as General Wood is concerned. In the regiment Colonel Roosevelt has hundreds of warm personal friends, and these generally indorse every word he said. Many have expressed themselves to that effect to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent. But many others do not hesitate to say that Colonel Roosevelt went entirely too far. He should have remembered, they said, that he was on a Federal reservation, that he was talking to men a great majority of whom wore the uniform of the army, and that those men, especially those of the Regular Army, had sworn to uphold in every way possible their Commander in Chief, the President.

Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York and a corporal in Company G, said:

"The doctrine advanced by Colonel Roosevelt is both novel and treasonable—that in a great national emergency any citizen should support the President in his onerous duties only so long as that citizen agreed with the President's views. Colonel Roosevelt is entitled to his views on public matters, but at the last national election the American people chose Woodrow Wilson to run the affairs of this nation, and they chose him despite the fact that they had an opportunity to select Theodore Roosevelt.

"When Colonel Roosevelt was President he was given the undivided support of the nation on every great American question, not because he was always right but because the people believed he was sincerely trying to perform for them the duties of his office. He might now at least maintain silence when he cannot be generous or American enough to give loyal support to the President in common with the great mass of other Americans.

"His speech was very interesting and parts of it thoroughly American, but, taken in connection with his statement issued afterward, I believe it has merited the condemnation of all thoughtful Americans. The question of adequate preparation for the protection of the country is not a party question, except historically, and even Colonel Roosevelt, with all his skill as an ardent politician, cannot by insinuation or innuendo put the blame for the present size of the army or navy on President Wilson or his administration. When he says that nothing has been done in a year and a half to increase the efficiency of the army and navy he is inaccurate and mistaken, and, in addition, he knows too well that when a nation like ours is in the midst of delicate negotiations with England and Germany it is very difficult, if not impossible, for our Government to advocate a program of warlike preparation."

Scores of other prominent members of the regiment commented on the speech, but not for publication.

Whether the present situation will cause Secretary Garrison to cancel his proposed visit to Plattsburg to review the regiment is a question asked on all sides tonight.

RESENTED BY ROOSEVELT.

Reprimand of Gen. Wood Not Warranted, the Colonel Declares.

Theodore Roosevelt gave out a statement late yesterday afternoon in which he said that he was solely responsible for the address he delivered on Wednesday at Plattsburg. Major General Leonard Wood, the Colonel said, had had no idea prior to Wednesday of what he was going to say.

The statement was issued after Colonel Roosevelt, upon his return to New York from Plattsburg, had read the telegram sent by Mr. Garrison to General Wood. Here is what Colonel Roosevelt said:

"Nearly three weeks ago it was announced in the public press, the statement being carried prominently in every big newspaper, that, in addition to President Wilson and Secretary Garrison, some scores of private citizens had been asked to go to the Plattsburg camp, where it was expected that they would speak to the men. Among the names mentioned in addition to my own were those of ex-President Taft, Mr. Gompers, and John Mitchell, which I happen to remember.

"It is, of course, impossible that Secretary Garrison can have been ignorant that we were asked, and, if he desired General Wood to notify us in advance what we were expected to say or leave unsaid, it was clearly his duty to direct the General accordingly. When the War Department, after three weeks' public notice, made no objection to my coming, they estopped themselves from any right to criticise General Wood because I was coming or because I did not submit my speech in advance to the Administration for approval.

"I am, of course, solely responsible for that speech, and until yesterday General Wood had no more idea than Secretary Garrison what I was going to say. In the speech not only did I never mention the President, but I never mentioned the Administration. I spoke purely of the nation, of the people of the United States.

"I spoke on the assumption that the men who pay their own expenses in order to go to this camp are citizens deeply interested in the welfare of their country, who know that the greatest value of this camp lies, not in the month's training to each of 2,000 or 3,000 college students and business men, but in the object lesson afforded in teaching our people what this nation should do for all her sons by teaching them in time of peace how to do their duty by the nation in time of war.

"If the Administration had displayed one-tenth the spirit and energy in holding Germany and Mexico to account for the murder of American men, women, and children that it is now displaying in the endeavor to prevent our people from being taught the need of preparations to prevent the repetition of such murders in the future, it would be rendering a service to the people of this country.

"General Wood issued orders that attendance upon my speech was not required of any man, that it was optional to come or not, orders which at once established the fact that he had no responsibility for the speech and that attendance upon it was purely optional. It was held outside the line of tents, and half the audience was made up of men and women from the surrounding country."

'WILD MAN FROM OYSTER BAY.'

Ridder Says Roosevelt Should Have Been Drummed Out of Camp.

Discussing Theodore Roosevelt's Plattsburg speech, Herman Ridder says in the Staats-Zeitung this morning:

"When General Wood turned Theodore loose upon his incipient officers of the "trained army of the United States" he had, undoubtedly, no conception of the extent to which an ex-President of the United States could go in inciting sedition or other domestic disorders.

"I can imagine no American citizen, with a German corpuscle in his veins, uttering the sentiments which Colonel Roosevelt uttered at Plattsburg the other night, without being called down "good and plenty" by our anglicized press.

"Were I to counsel Americans to stand behind the President only so long as his action met with their personal approval, I should be charged with treason, and the Lord only knows what else.

"When Colonel Roosevelt offers the same counsel, however, not to Americans generally but to that picked few who are to swear the oath which every officer of the American Army must take, he is applauded for it!

"Colonel Roosevelt should have been stripped to the waist, encircled by a barrel, and drummed out of the camp at Plattsburg.

"General Wood may be absolved from responsibility, but the Wild Man from Oyster Bay has nothing coming to him but the contempt of the American people. Were we in a state of war a bowstring would await him."

INDORSED BY E. B. ANDREWS.

Educator Subscribes to All That Roosevelt Said at Plattsburg.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

INTERLACHEN, Fla., Aug. 26.—Publish me as heartily indorsing every proposition and sentiment of Roosevelt's Plattsburg speech.

E. BENJAMIN ANDREWS.

TURKS DEPOPULATE TOWNS OF ARMENIA

Traveler Reports Christians of Great Territory Have Been Driven from Homes.

600,000 STARVING ON ROAD

Adds That More Than 100,000 Greeks Have Been Deported from the Mediterranean Coast.

A traveler who has just arrived in New York from Turkey, where he was long a resident, told THE TIMES yesterday of conditions as he found them in Constantinople, and of the wholesale deportations of Armenians from the interior districts of Asiatic Turkey. For reasons that are valid the narrator does not wish to have his name published, but THE TIMES can vouch for his qualifications as an observer, especially of conditions in the Armenian district.

Leaving Sivas, where he spent some time, he proceeded to Constantinople and thence to Athens, from which port he sailed for New York. When in Constantinople about four weeks ago, he said, the tension was pretty high. In official circles it was maintained that everything was proceeding smoothly for the Turks, but there were many individuals, he said, who expressed discouragement. These put little faith in Germany's motives in aiding Turkey, and some even charged Enver Pasha with having sold out to Germany for money.

German doctors and nurses told him that long after the beginning of hostilities Germany had got more than 2,000 officers into Turkey through Rumania, disguised as surgeons and Red Cross helpers. The ruses of false bottoms in care and the labeling of munitions as other commodities to smuggle supplies through Rumania were also the subjects of boast. From what he observed in Constantinople and from the dispatches since leaving there, he judged the Allies were about through with the Gallipoli end of the campaign and ready to chase the Turks out of Europe. In case it should become necessary to evacuate Constantinople he said Konia would become the new capital, and that he understood some of the records had already been removed there.

"The Armenians of the interior," he said, "have been deported in the direction of Mosul. At the time I left Sivas two-thirds of them had gone from the city, including all Protestants, teachers, and pupils. According to my best knowledge and opinion, with the exception of Armenian soldiers and prisoners, and a very few exceptions, who for various reasons were necessary to the Government, all Armenians are gone from Sivas. According to what I consider good authority, I believe it to be true that the entire Armenian population from Erzerum to and including Gemereh, near Cesarea, and from Samsoun to and including Harpoot, has been deported. There is also a movement in the central field which had not become general, but will doubtless become so. More than 100,000 Greeks from the Marmora and Mediterranean coast have been deported.

"We heard many rumors of massacres, but I have no evidence on the subject. To my knowledge no general massacres have occurred in the Sivas villayet. Not a few men have been killed in one way and another.

"This general movement against Armenians began months ago in arrests for alleged revolutionary activity and in search of guns and bombs.

"After I had seen thousands of people start out I came to the conclusion that if anything could be done to stop this terrible crime, which impresses me as ten times worse than any massacre, it must be done in Constantinople. In Constantinople I found that the whole plan of deporation was one of the central Government and that no pressure from the Embassies had been able to do anything to stop it.

"I believe there is imminent danger of many of these people, which I estimate for the Sivas, Erzerum, and Harpoot villayets to be 600,000, starving to death on the road. They took food for a few days, but did not dare take much money with them, as, if they did so, it is doubtful whether they would be allowed to keep it. Our Ambassador promised to do what he could and gave me some hope that some relief funds might be sent to Harpoot at once. It is questionable whether relief work will ever be allowed, but it ought to be undertaken if possible.

"It was impossible to carry out of Turkey one address or a scrap of writing of any kind. I bought an empty account book and started a new traveling expense account, after crossing the border.

"I met on the road near Talas the people of two villages. They were going on foot, with less than a donkey to a family, no food, no bedding, hardly any men, and many of the women barefooted and carrying children. A case in Sivas worthy of notice was that of a woman whose husband had worked in a hospital as a soldier nurse for many months. She contracted tyhus and was brought to the hospital. Her mother, a woman between 60 and 70, got up from a sick bed to go and care for their seven children, the eldest of which was about 12. A few days before the deportation the husband was imprisoned and exiled without examination or fault. When the quarter in which they lived went the mother got out of bed in the hospital and was put on an oxcart to go with her children."

GERMANS FIND IRISH ARE LOYAL TO BRITAIN

Only One Prisoner in Forty Willing to Turn Their Arms Against the Allies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Corporal B. Thompson, a Dublin man belonging to the Yorkshire Light Infantry, who was among the exchanged disabled prisoners just returned from Germany, has supplied The Daily Chronicle with further particulars of the Germans' attempt to form an Irish brigade for the German Army from among captured Irish soldiers. After telling of the circular issued to the Irish soldiers, Thompson said that out of 2,000 men about fifty had accepted the invitation. Not a single non-commissioned officer, however, was among the fifty, and every officer did his utmost to dissuade the men from joining.

Thompson also showed The Chronicle a written statement by another interned prisoner telling of the activities of Sir Roger Casement and of an unnamed American priest in connection with the affair. The statement reads:

"On Dec. 7 all the 'non-coms' were paraded in the barrack room. A tall gentlemen, accompanied by a staff of German officers, entered and spoke to us. He said: 'I am engaged on a dangerous mission. I am now here for the purpose of forming an Irish brigade of prisoners of war here.' We were naturally dumbfounded as it dawned upon us what he was getting at.

"I was the youngest 'non-com' there, and some days afterward I was sent for from his hotel at Lemberg. He gave me a book and told me to enter up the names of all the Irishmen in camp. Mass was to be said the next morning, and all the men were gathered in the room, when our noble friend made his appearance and said it would be a good opportunity to speak to the men. Our fellows were very angry at being fooled. He attacked our Government and heaped abuse on England and all Englishmen. Our fellows got raging, and cries of 'Chuck him out!' were heard. So, after a few more remarks, he went out. Three days afterward the priests arrived, and one of them had a parcel for me and one for a sergeant of Leinsters. It contained food enough to fill a hungry person's soul with delight.

"Casement paid some more visits to us, and I was taken to his hotel and once more met the scoundrel. He at once began to talk about the Irish brigade and asked me if there were any hope of its materialization. I replied: 'Surely you don't expect men who fight for the British flag to betray their country.' He said they were unworthy of the name of Irishmen. He then showed me the uniform, with green facings and collar badges of the harp, which was to be worn by the brigade. He asked me if I were willing to become a recruiting sergeant, and I said, decidedly, 'No.'

"Casement now has another ally in the person of an American priest. The latter made it his business one day to call upon me and question me about the movement. Our fellows treated him with scant courtesy. I reminded him that we had taken an oath to fight for our King and country, and he said we weren't bound to keep that oath. He said: 'What a grand thing it would be if some of the Irish soldiers were to march to Berlin bearing a flag with "Ireland is our country, not England."' The following day he visited us as usual, but very soon perceived he was in coventry.

"We met on the road, but I took no notice of him. He went into one of the rooms, where a hot-headed fellow of Munster asked him what he meant by coming near us at all. A fierce argument ensued, in which the priest was worsted and took his departure. I have not seen him since."

SEEKS TO CONVERT WILLIAM J. BRYAN

W. G. Willcox, in an Open Letter, Urges Active Sympathy for Allies by Americans.

SAYS THEY FIGHT FOR US

Assures ex-Secretary of State the Best Way to Promote Permanent Peace Is to Defeat Germany.

William G. Willcox of the firm of Willcox, Peck & Hughes, marine insurance brokers, gave to THE TIMES yesterday a copy of a letter he had sent to William J. Bryan, in which he urged on the ex-Secretary of State the view that active sympathy with the Allies should be expressed by the people of the United States because they were fighting what was really our battle—that for international peace and security as against militarism and international "preparedness" for years to come. Mr. Willcox had opportunity to study the problems of the European war as Chairman of the sub-committee on marine insurance of the Special Committee on Problems of Shipments During the European War of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York.

The text of his letter follows:

Aug. 26, 1915.

Hon. William Jennings Bryan, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Sir: By many different paths we Americans are seeking to promote international peace, but these paths are now converging into one obvious course for the attainment of this great end. In any great national crisis different factions must sink their differences and seek a common ground in the general interest; division means weakness as surely as union means strength. In the European war the time has come for a united voice and united action from America.

The United States may remain technically neutral, but the moral sense of the American people has long ago passed judgment upon the merits of the issue and decided against Germany. Her long premeditated war of aggression and conquest is the outcome of Germany's militaristic conception of her national interest and progress. Its success would justify and encourage "preparedness." If Germany wins, nothing can save Europe, and nothing can save our own country from the adoption of a militaristic program for the future on a scale hitherto undreamed of. On the other hand, a victory for the Allies will almost inevitably result in an international alliance for the maintenance of international law and international rights in the future and an irresistible union of military and naval forces to this end.

This is the surest road to international peace. The anti-militaristic advocates in our own country should realize that this is a God-given opportunity for the attainment of their purpose. American citizens, in their laudable ambition to promote the cause of peace, should realize that a victory for the Allies is a victory for world-wide peace in future, and that the most effective way to promote peace is to help the Allies win.

Peace societies and others who oppose legitimate trade in supplying the Allies with munitions would put a premium on preparedness and help to fasten the curse of militarism upon the civilized world.

The sinking of the Arabic is only one more illustration of Germany's defiance of international law and international rights. The issue is clearly drawn. It is not alone a question of a few American lives. It is the far larger question whether this country considers that it has any interest in the maintenance of international law and order and whether it is prepared to take anything more than an academic stand in its defense.

It is by no means clear that the United States should enter the conflict on the side of the Allies, but it is time to recognize and proclaim that the interest of the United States, as well as the sympathy of the vast majority of its citizens, is on their side. If the United States were to call a conference of neutral nations to consider some concerted action with reference to Germany's defiant violation of neutral rights, and if other leading neutral countries were to join with the United States in breaking off, not only diplomatic relations, but all mail and cable communication, and in prohibiting all commercial relations with Germany, even after the war, until a satisfactory agreement had been reached for maintaining neutral rights in future, it is quite possible that this would have a more far-reaching effect than anything which the United States could do in the way of military or naval operations on the side of the Allies. But whether by such peaceful methods or by more aggressive acts, it is high time that the United States should assert its vital interest in the defeat of Germany's military aggression and defiance of international rights and obligations.

The organization, efficiency, and achievement of the German nation challenge the admiration of the world. Perhaps the greatest problem of civilization today is the question whether democracy can command the same oneness of purpose and the same loyalty, obedience, and efficiency in execution as Germany secures by paternalism. But our admiration and friendship for the German people must not blind our eyes to the great issues at stake which so vitally affect our own country. The struggle now waging between paternalism and democracy, between aggressive warfare, regardless of international obligations, and defensive warfare for the protection of international rights, must result either in the downfall of militaristic rule or in the downfall of democratic civilization.

In the great moral issue of right and wrong there is no place for neutrality. The Allies are fighting our battle. The interest of democracy, the interest of humanity, and the interest of international peace all demand a united voice and influence from America in support of the Allies.

With appreciation of your sincere desire to promote international peace, I respectfully urge your earnest consideration of these views. Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM G. WILLCOX.

URGE SALE OF OUR STOCKS.

Paris Writers Advise Exchange for New French Bonds.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Financial writers of the press propose that the government shall invite French holders of readily negotiable American securities to exchange them for national defense bonds. Thus the Treasury might avoid the necessity of transferring gold in payment of supplies purchased in the United States.

Gold continues to flow into the Bank of France at the rate of 90,000,000 francs a week. Thus far two and a half million francs have been received from the reconquered part of Alsace.

The new 25-franc and 5-franc bonds which were put on sale on Monday have given a fresh impetus to the movement among the working classes for investment in war loans and started a flood of letters from children who wished to empty their savings banks into the public treasury.

Deposits, exchanges and bond purchases have enabled the Bank of France to send 200,000,000 francs in gold to England this week without a fraction of the market reaction that ordinarily would have resulted. This remittance of gold is said to be "for the anticipated needs of two governments." The chief purpose appears to be maintenance of an equilibrium of the rates of exchange of Paris on London, which again show an upward tendency.

News that a loan of 100,000,000 francs has been taken by New York bankers to cover French purchases in America has aroused sympathetic comment here. It is said that the loan is likely to ease the exchange situation between Paris and New York.

URGED TO DUMP SECURITIES

Germans Advised to Turn Foreign Investments Into War Loan.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 26.—"The Frankfurter Zeitung, the leading German financial organ," says The Daily Mail this morning, "earnestly adjures German holders of foreign stocks and bonds to dump them in neutral markets like New York, Amsterdam or Berne and invest the proceeds in the new German war loan. With little chagrin over the ignominy of such a state of affairs The Frankfurter Zeitung unblushingly reminds Germans that the 14 per cent. discount at which the German mark now rules abroad enables German stock dumpers not only to realize the market price of foreign securities, but also to reap the additional profit due to depreciation in the mark's value.

"'Few would have imagined,' the journal observes, 'that it would be possible to dispose of our foreign securities in war time in such advantageous circumstances.'"

FINANCIAL MISSION COMING.

Lord Reading and Sir Edward Holden to Take Up Exchange Question.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 27.—The Daily Express says it has been definitely settled that Lord Reading and Sir Edward Holden, accompanied by two officials, will go to America to settle the question of exchange with American bankers.

The Daily Telegraph adds that owing to German submarine activity, it is unlikely that the date of the mission's departure will be advertised.

KAISER HEAPS PRAISE ON GENERALS IN WEST

Confers Orders on Five of Them in Highly Complimentary Messages.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—The anniversary shower of Pour le Mérites for army commanders keeping watch in the west continues, with the coveted highest military decoration for Generals von Falkenhausen, von Geade, von Heeringen, von Strantz, and von Fabeck.

The Kaiser wired General von Falkenhausen in part as follows:

> For many months the army of General von Falkenhausen has guarded the boundary of German Lorraine and lower Alsace. To your Excellency's careful and sure leadership, your untiring devotion to the important task in all details, in addition to the self-sacrificing loyalty and bravery of your troops, thanks is due that the enemy has not again set foot on German soil, and that we could undistracted carry through the operations in the east which have shown such fortunate results.

This message was sent to General von Geade:

> More than a year ago, after the first battle of Mülhausen, your Excellency was intrusted with the protection of Alsace. Since that time the troops entrusted to you, under your sure and careful leadership have bidden defiance to all storms of the enemy who especially strained himself to win upper Alsace, and you have used every opportunity to drive the enemy from the last remnants of German territory still held by him. The Vosges fights lasting till now are unforgettable leaves of glory in the history of Germany.

To General von Heeringen the Kaiser said:

> A year ago your Excellency led the then seventh army after the victory of Mülhausen over the Vosges to the glorious battle of Lorraine. Soon thereafter your troops stopped the advance of the numerically superior enemy on the Craonne Heights. Since those days the enemy has been unable to force the army back one single step. During the long months thereby you and your brave troops through your devoted tenacity made possible our successes in the east and thereby have a full share therein.

General von Strantz received this tribute:

> Unshakable has stood for almost a year your Excellency's army on the watch between the Meuse and the Moselle. As often as the enemy sought to assail it, he didn't succeed in making it waver, but wherever the army rushed out for a blow there it plucked rich laurels. The history of the fights between the Meuse and the Moselle will be a luminous page of glory in the history of this war.

The following message was sent to General von Fabeck:

> The anniversary is at hand since first the army in forced marches started its victorious advance through Belgium, and in irresistible advance defeated the northern wing of our enemies in the battles of Mons, Le Cateau, and Ourcy. These heroic deeds, which equally bear witness to the spirit animating the leadership and troops of the Fatherland, will not be forgotten in the most distant time. Since then the task full of sacrifices of holding fast to that which had been gained was given to your army. Against its breastworks all hostile attacks broke. With absolute confidence in the iron wall in the west, my armies in the east were able to deliver a blow deep into the heart of Russia.

HELMAR
CIGARETTES
10¢
Quality Superb
Anargyros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World.

Johnson & Murray, Inc.
Terminal Warehouse, Utica, N Y
230x110 feet, 4 stories and basement
Linn Kinne, Architect

Concrete for Warehouses

Fireproof. Strong. First cost as low as 10c a cubic foot. Almost no maintenance; low insurance, and lowest ultimate cost.

"Turner for Concrete"

515 contracts in 13 years, including 26 terminal warehouses, without a single penalty for failure to complete on time.

TURNER
Construction Co

AEOLIAN HALL

"A Business Community with Distinction"

Aeolian Hall has a notable list of tenants — and it will soon have an equally notable waiting list. Only a limited amount of space remains available in this finest of New York's office buildings.

ELLEN & JEFFERY
Agents for Aeolian Hall
Telephone Bryant 897

The Brand that Guarantees Perfection

Bols'

Rare Old Dutch Gin
Creme de Menthe
Curacao, Kummel

300 Years of Distilling Experience and Maintained Excellence.

$6, $8, $10, for Coat-and-Trousers formerly $8 to $15

Palm Beach Cloth, "Breezweve" or Mohair. Regular or Norfolk back. Were $8, $10, $12.50, $15—now reduced to **$6, $8, $10.**

$17.50 for Stein-Bloch Three-Piece Suits that were $35, $30, $25.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance

Broadway **Saks & Company** *34th Street*
Store opens 8:30 A. M., Closes 5:30 P. M. (Saturday 1 o'clock.)

Continuing today and concluding at 1 P. M. tomorrow

The Final Sale of
Every Sack Suit in Stock
at $19.50
formerly $28 to $38

¶ In this final offering, which concludes tomorrow, the remaining selections of our higher-priced suits have been grouped under a uniform price, so as to add diversity to economy. In brief, the assortments embrace every light-weight suit in stock. Whether it be a novelty fabric or a staple, a mixture, a staid black, or a substantial blue, it has not escaped us in the final round-up. And if you know an opportunity when you see one, it will not escape you. But you positively must act now if you're interested.

A small charge for alterations.

A clearance and price reduction of
Broken Lots of Men's Shirts
were $1.50, $2 and $2.50—now **95c**

Most of these Shirts *cost* us more than 95c. Sizes 14 to 17; a few 13½. Some are slightly rumpled or soiled.

A clearance of Neckwear
at 35c or 3 for $1.00

Large, flowing-end Scarfs, also bow Ties.
A great variety of weaves and many colors.

50c and 55c Scarfs—**now 29c**
Open-end styles and bow Ties; many weaves and colors.

CARRANZA INQUIRES IF NOTE IS OFFICIAL

Asks Silliman to Find Out Exact Character of Pan-American Peace Plea.

QUICK ANSWER EXPECTED

Washington Likely to Tell First Chief All Seven Diplomats Acted for Their Governments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Before delivering his answer to the Pan-American appeal for the holding of a Mexican peace conference General Venustiano Carranza, First Chief of the Constitutionalist Government, desires to know whether the seven diplomats who made the appeal were acting in a private capacity or whether their note was sent with the sanction of their respective Governments. Carranza's reply will be delayed until he has ascertained this fact.

Announcement that such an inquiry had been formally put to Secretary of State Lansing in behalf of Carranza was made tonight by the Carranza confidential agency in Washington. The communication was delivered yesterday at Vera Cruz to Special Agent John R. Silliman by Señor Jesus Acuña, Minister of Foreign Relations in the Carranza Cabinet.

It was intimated in official circles that the only response to Acuña's question would be in the form of a message to Mr. Silliman directing his attention to the fact that Secretary Lansing and all the other conferees attached their full titles to their signatures. This, it was pointed out, left no room for doubt that the conferees acted officially and with the authority of their respective Governments in offering their services as peacemakers in Mexico.

Officials were rather at a loss to explain the object of the Carranza Minister's query. In some quarters, however, it was suggested that Carranza probably desired to delay his final response, which is expected to be an appeal for recognition, pending the establishment of his Government in Mexico City, which is now in progress, and the outcome of General Obregon's campaign against Villa forces in the North.

Text of Carranza's Query.

The Acuña message to Special Agent Silliman was as follows:

> Sir—I have brought to the attention of the First Chief of the Constitutionalist army and depository of the executive power of Mexico the circular note from Mr. Robert Lansing, Secretary of State of the United States of America; Domicio da Gama, Ambassador of Brazil; Eduardo Suarez Mujica, Ambassador of Chile; Romulo S. Naon, Ambassador of Argentina; Ignacio Calderon, Minister of Bolivia; Carlos Maria de Pena, Minister of Uruguay, and Joaquin Mendez, Minister of Guatemala, and after taking due notice of it, he directs me to request you to convey to the aforesaid representatives this inquiry as to the note in which they tendered their good offices to this Government toward the restoration of peace in the Republic of Mexico, and to ask them, as I have the honor to do, to inform him whether the note referred to is addressed with the authority of their respective Governments and in their name or whether they have sent the note in their private capacity and without any official representation.
>
> ACUNA.

Discuss Mexican Situation.

Secretary Lansing discussed the Mexican situation today with the Argentine Ambassador. He also talked with Dr. Juan Ortega, Guatemalan Minister to Mexico, who was ordered from the country by Carranza, and Señor Mendez, the Guatemalan Minister to the United States. Later in the day Mexico was the subject of conference between the Secretary and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador.

Ambassador Naon looked over the replies to the Pan-American appeal already received, including the favorable one from General Villa. He made no comment.

The British Ambassador is said to have been greatly interested in the peace plans. Great Britain, it is known here, takes the position that it will be useless to recognize any de jure Government in Mexico until the United States and other American countries have done so.

The State Department announced tonight that fifty Americans and other foreigners desire to leave Hermosillo for the United States and that they will have to leave by way of Guaymas, as there are no trains operating north from Hermosillo. The foreigners are understood to have been alarmed by a new outbreak of Yaqui Indians outside of Guaymas.

NOTE ANGERS MEXICANS.

All Will Resist Intervention, Says Report from Vera Cruz.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Aug. 26.—All reports from the interior indicate that the Mexicans are aroused at the prospect of intervention.

Many who had never taken sides before have sent messages to General Carranza, offering their support.

Mexicans in general are indignant at the proposed help of the United States, as they prefer to settle their difficulties themselves.

All foreigners in the interior will be in danger in case of intervention, as the hostile feeling is not confined to any one nationality.

All Generals and officials of the constitutionalistas refuse to answer the joint note and refer to Carranza as the supreme chief. They will all support Carranza against any foreign interference.

CONFIRMS VILLA DEFEAT.

Washington Gets Official Reports of Battle Near Monterey.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Official advices to the State Department today said General Hernandez, Villa's commander at Icamole, near Monterey, had been wounded and lost part of his staff in a recent battle with Carranza troops, and that his forces had withdrawn from the town and were awaiting reinforcements from Torreon.

The following items were given out yesterday by the Constitutionalist Consulate at New York:

"Monterey reports that a small band of Villistas was repulsed and destroyed near Jaumava by Colonel Ridgeo Flores Villareal. General Benjamin Garza reports to General Treviño, Military Commander of the zone, that he destroyed twenty-two trestles between the stations of Hernandez and Barroteran, thus making it impossible for Villistas to move coal out of the Coahuila fields. Raoul Madero, with a small group of Villistas, is reported in hiding in the hills near Artege.

"A dispatch from the El Paso Consulate today said: 'Constitutionalist forces continue pushing their way toward Chihuahua City, forces of Generals Becerra and Rascon having arrived at the mining town of San Juanito, near Concepcion Guerrero.'"

CAVALRY IN PURSUIT OF MEXICAN RAIDERS

Twenty Bandits Enter Texas Near Progreso—Sheriffs Wound One Invader.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Aug. 26.—Twenty armed Mexicans tonight entered Texas from Mexico and are being pursued west of here in the region of Progreso by fifty American troopers.

Progreso recently was the scene of fighting between bandits and soldiers.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Texas, Aug. 26.—Mexican bandits and American peace officers today fought in a public road leading into Falfurrias, Brooks County, and one of four armed Mexicans was possibly mortally wounded. None of the Americans was hurt.

QUIET REIGNS IN EL PASO.

Troops Withdrawn, as Mexican Uprising Fails to Materialize.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 26.—United States military authorities today withdrew the troops which patrolled strategic points in and near this city last night as the result of rumors of a Mexican uprising.

Threatened hostile movements by adherents of Generals Orozco and Huerta failed to materialize, and Brigadier General John J. Pershing decided that the extra troops could be spared, although he announced that the army would hold itself ready for any action that might be necessary.

Military and Department of Justice officials expressed the belief there was a plot to start an uprising in El Paso, with the object of freeing Huerta, but that the prompt action of the Government representatives frustrated it.

WELLS A NEWSPAPER MAN.

American Victim of Zapatistas Well Known in Mexico City.

Edward Freeman Wells, the American who was murdered by a band of Mexican bandits, labeled Zapatistas, fifty miles from Vera Cruz, some ten days ago, was prominent in newspaper circles in Mexico, according to a statement made here yesterday by John H. Cornyn, Professor of English in the National University of Mexico. Mr. Wells had been a reporter on the Mexican Herald and the Daily Record, as well as a special writer for various publications before taking a position as auditor for the Oaxaqueña Plantation Company.

Professor Cornyn said he understood Mr. Wells had married a Mexican woman, the widow of Kirby Smith of Mexico City.

ACCUSED OF AIDING FOE.

Paris Firm Said to Have Sold Grain to Germany.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—In the parliamentry reports published today the charge is made that Louis Dreyfus & Co., prominent bankers and grain merchants, sold to agents of Germany part of the cargo of grain of the steamship Normandy while she was in port at Antwerp in August of last year, subsequently selling the rest of the grain to France. Louis Dreyfus, a former member of the Chamber of Deputies, is at the head of this firm. It is said that M. Laurent of the Commissary Department filed a demand for the prosecution of Dreyfus & Co., but that the Supervising Committee which investigated the complaint failed to take action.

M. Baumann, a naturalized German who is Director of the largest flour mills in France, at Corbeil, is charged with having sold to the Government imported wheat at a price which represented an overcharge of 10 cents a bushel.

CAN'T ANSWER ITALIANS.

But Lansing Thinks They Will Be Drafted if They Go to Italy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the State Department still was unable to give any assurances that the naturalization of Italians in the United States would protect them from impressment into the Italian Army if they returned to Italy. So far as the department had been advised, Mr. Lansing explained, Italy never had altered its attitude that naturalization of an Italian in another country did not exempt him from military service in Italy.

The Secretary's statement was in the form of a circular addressed to attorneys in Wheeling, W. Va., acting for Italians employed there who wanted to know what their status would be if they returned to Italy.

ABERDEEN COMING HERE.

He and Lady Aberdeen to Speak on Irish Social Movements.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Earl of Aberdeen, ex-Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, who recently took the title of Marquis of Temair, and Lady Aberdeen have arranged to visit the United States and Canada during the coming Autumn.

Besides attending the annual meeting of the National Council of Women in Toronto in October, they have agreed to address meetings in several cities of the United States in relation to social movements in Ireland.

MUCH IS EXPECTED OF HAITIAN TREATY

It Will, It Is Believed, Solve Caribbean Problem and Prevent Complications.

AID TO CANAL PROTECTION

Our Forces Again Fired On at Port au Prince, but No Casualties—Trouble at Port au Paix Feared.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The projected American financial protectorate over the Republic of Haiti will, it is expected by officials here, solve the Caribbean problem, which has always threatened to involve the United States in foreign complications under the Monroe Doctrine, mainly through the repetition of intolerable revolutionary conditions in Haiti and the Dominican Republic.

The convention which the United States is now endeavoring to have ratified by the Haitian Congress, so that it may be submitted to the coming session of the United States Senate for approval, has been framed in the light of the shortcomings of the Dominican customs receivership convention, and is expected to succeed where the Dominican arrangement has only met with partial success.

To avoid the weak points of the Dominican convention the Haitian financial protectorate contemplates not only the collection of the revenues of Haiti under an honest and efficient receivership but also the necessary control over the financial expenditures to be made by the Haitian Government and the creation of a strong constabulary to maintain law and order in the republic and support a stable Government. It is expected that, in the event of the consummation of the plans for the establishment of this protectorate, its successful operation will ultimately result in the extension of the present Dominican receivership plan to embrace the strong points of the Haitian arrangement.

The solution of the Haitian problem through the establishment of such a protectorate is not only intended primarily to enable the Haitians to rehabilitate their finances, to meet their foreign obligations, and avert complications from abroad, as well as establish a stable and orderly Government, but, from the viewpoint of American interest, it is expected to strengthen the position of the United States in the Caribbean, through which all the steamer routes from this country and Europe toward the Atlantic entrance to the Panama Canal converge.

In some quarters in Washington the interpretation placed upon the Haitian treaty, providing for a protectorate of ten years, is that it will strengtehen American control of the Caribbean Sea in a way that is considered necessary for the protection and control of the Panama Canal, and enable the American Government to dominate the approaches to the Isthmian waterway.

Haiti's Parliament has received word that it has until Sept. 17 to act upon the proposed treaty. In the meantime, the American marines will continue to occupy the principal cities of the island to prevent a recurrence of anarchy.

Solon Menos, the Haitian Minister, conferred again today with Secretary Lansing regarding the treaty, presenting a communication from his Government and asking an explanation of certain features of the treaty. While he would not discuss the negotiations, he expressed the belief that his Government was anxious as speedily as possible to reach an understanding with the United States.

Treaty Very Carefully Framed.

The new treaty with Haiti has been very carefully framed. Men familiar with both the Dominican and Haitian situations feel that it would be a mistake for the United States to go no further in the Haitian convention than it did in the Dominican convention of 1907. The Dominican arrangement is a customs receivership, pure and simple. There is honest collection of the customs revenues and a proper control over the expenditure of these receipts only so far as the convention stipulates that the interest on bonds and certain obligations may be met, but after these obligations have been met there has been a surplus, or remainder, which must be paid to the Dominican Government, and the receivership has no control over the expenditure of this remainder.

Failure to provide in the Dominican convention for necessary control over the expenditure of this balance is found to have been a serious mistake. While under the receivership plan old debts are being liquidated gradually at one end of the ledger, new debts, that must be met some day, have been piled up at the other end of the books. Nor is there in Santo Domingo any constabulary, such as is proposed to be established in Haiti. This constabulary is to be modeled after the Philippines constabulary and after that of Porto Rico. It is to be composed of natives, but officered by Americans. The idea is that, under the guidance of such officers, a decent constabulary may be built up out of soldiers who have given their services in the past to rival revolutionists, just as Porfirio Diaz in Mexico created out of former bandits a fine force of rurales by making it worth their while to serve as such.

The new Haitian treaty, as it stands, does not contain a "Platt Amendment." It is understood that there is something in the treaty which approximates it, but it is not believed that this provision, whatever its terms, is as strong or important as the Platt Amendment. The vital provision of the Platt Amendment as adopted by the United States Congress, and as incorporated into the Cuban Constitution in 1901, reads as follows:

> That the Government of Cuba consents that the United States may exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence, the maintenance of a Government for the protection of life, property and individual liberty, and for discharging the obligations with respect to Cuba imposed by the treaty of Paris on the United States, now to be assumed and undertaken by the Government of Cuba.

It is argued that if such a provision were embraced in the Haitian treaty, the duration of the life of the treaty, now fixed at ten years, would not be so important, because the United States Government would, at any time, have the right, conveyed by treaty, to intervene in Haiti to maintain a stable Government.

Our Patrols Fired On.

Rear Admiral Caperton reported to the Navy Department today that American marine and naval patrols were fired on twice last night in Port au Prince. No casualties were reported. He stated that a gang of cacos, or revolutionary retainers, had been seen in Port à Paix on Monday night and departed on Tuesday, but more were expected to appear there. The Nineteenth Company of Marines, with machine guns, arrived at Port à Paix on the gunboat Nashville last night. The battleship Connecticut is also at Port à Paix, and the Custom House will be taken over by the American forces at that port in the next few days.

The French cruiser Condé has arrived at Port au Prince, relieving the French cruiser Descartes, which has departed. The American gunboats Eagle and Castine have gone to Miragoane on reconnoitring duty.

The Tennessee Sails with Marines.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—Fully supplied with stores, the United States armored cruiser Tennessee sailed from the Philadelphia Navy Yard today, probably for Haiti. The destination of the cruiser is unknown at the navy yard. Captain Decker of the Tennessee, it was said, had either received sealed directions or orders would be given him by wireless at sea. It is probable that a stop will be made at Guantanamo, Cuba. The Tennessee, in addition to its crew, carries 350 marines, who were brought here from Annapolis. The cruiser also has on board twelve 3-inch and 4½-inch landing guns.

CRITICISE POINCARE.

Belgian Minister at Paris Quoted in Documents Germans Published.

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—In concluding its publication of secret reports from Belgian diplomatic representatives dealing with events preceding the European war the Norddeutsche Allegemeine Zeitung printed letters dated early in 1914 having to do with the relations between France and Russia. In a summary of these the Overseas News Agency said today:

"In these letters it was plainly declared that it was inevitable that France make her choice for war or abandon the policy that she had followed during the preceding years. The Belgian Minister at Paris, on Feb. 10, 1914, wrote:

"'Minister of Finance Caillaux, who knows well the merits as well as the weak points of the President of the republic, is extremely unsympathetic with him (Poincaré.) He considers him to have made a failure of the militaristic and nationalistic policy which he has deliberately followed since the day he was placed, as Prime Minister, as the head of the Government. Together with Messrs. Delcassé, Millerand, and some others, he has preached uninterruptedly the political and military regeneration of France, together with the creation of intimate and trustful relations with Russia. He went to St. Petersburg as Prime Minister and in a few months he returned there as President of the republic.'

"Above all, Russia desired to be aggressive; thus the Belgian Minister at Berlin reports the utterance of the French Ambassador at the same capital, under date of April 2, as follows:

"'M. Cambon sees in this superfluous campaign of Russian and French newspapers the hand of M. Iswolsky (Russian Ambassador to France;) therefore the French Ambassador at Berlin hopes that the intruding diplomatist will soon represent the Czar's Government in London.'

"M. Cambon's hopes were not realized, as M. Iswolsky remained in Paris."

SERBIANS SHELL AUSTRIANS

Interfere with Hostile Movements Along the Border.

NISH, Aug. 26, (via London.)—Further skirmishes between the Austrians and Serbians have marked the resumption of hostilities on this front. The following official statement was issued here today:

> On Aug. 22, by infantry fire, we prevented the enemy from fortifying himself on the left bank of the Save in the neighborhood of Orachatz and Drenutz.
>
> On the same evening one of our batteries shelled a hostile detachment near Bortza and a battery of the enemy which at that moment was going into action.

GERMANS TO REVIVE RACING.

Government Expected to Give Its Sanction Soon.

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—Trotting and steeplechase races, at which the pari-mutuel system will be permitted, probably will be resumed in the near future. The Government sanction, which the racing interests have been endeavoring to obtain for some time, is expected this week.

If the Government grants permission a trotting meeting, the first since the war began, will be held at Mariendorf, near Berlin, followed by steeplechasing at Karlshorst.

FIGHTING IN THE CAUCASUS.

Russians Report Capture of Height and Engagements with Kurds.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 26, (via London, Friday, Aug. 27.)—The following official communication dealing with the Russian operations in the Caucasus was made public today:

> Our troops on Tuesday took Mount Kizlarlagh, in the Passine Valley.
>
> Near Van there were engagements between Russian patrols and Kurds.
>
> On the remainder of the front there has been no change.

TOTTEN SHELLS HIT CANVAS 'ENEMY' SHIP

Eighteen Shots Fired at Seven-Mile Range Smash "Invader" Approaching New York.

REPEAT PRACTICE AT NIGHT

Government Expends $1,400 Worth of Ammunition to Let Marksmen Prove Efficiency.

A vessel, dull gray in war paint, steamed slowly out from Fort Totten, L. I., yesterday toward the open Sound. Her warlike aspect was enhanced by a convoy of smaller vessels, all the same gray color, which circled about her, intent on keeping the merchant ships away from her path. In her cabin was a group of officers poring over a chart of the course a battleship might take after demolishing Forts Terry, Mansfield, and Wright, at the eastern entrance to the Sound, to come down to bombard New York.

The ship was the army tug General Harvey Brown, sometime mine layer, just now towing the canvas pyramid, with its waving red flag, which was to be the target for the twelve-inch mortars that are kept at Fort Totten for just such a contingency as the officers in the charthouse were imagining.

The General Harvey Brown swung into her channel, with the target 700 yards astern. At the fort the 167th Company, Coast Artillery, under Lieutenant R. M. Campbell, was waiting in the two mortar pits, in each of which were four of the squat, black-mouthed guns, capable of sending a 1,000-pound projectile seven miles. Around the pits were nearly a hundred noncombatants, including officers' families and several "war correspondents."

When the channel was seen to be clear Mortar 1, in Pit 1, was elevated to forty-five degrees and swung about to accord with the range finding from Fort Totten and from Sands Point. The wireless sputtered a warning to the tug and the noncombatants put their fingers into their ears.

"The range is correct and they are about to fire," called out Lieutenant R. A. Osmun, who left the navy a year ago to join the coast artillery, and was in command of the tug. A red flag of warning was run to the masthead and the crew waited.

A bright flame showed above the pits for a moment, followed by a puff of smoke. The projectile was on its way. In perhaps thirty seconds those on the General Brown heard a sound as of a distant wind in pine branches. Louder and louder it grew till it seemed like the whirring of a great bird's wings in the clouds. Then with a whirr and a zipp, as if that bird had dived into the ocean, the shell struck about 100 feet from the target.

The mortar practice at Fort Totten was resumed yesterday after an intermission of three years, due to protests of Long Island residents, who resented having to take down their pictures and open all their windows.

The aiming was very good and bespeaks efficiency, according to those who witnessed the shooting. Eighteen shots were fired, six single and six slavos of two shots each, costing the Government $1,400 for ammunition. Similar practice was held again last night at 9 o'clock.

While the exact record of hits was not given out, it is understood that the work compares favorably with that of former years. An enemy ship would have been destroyed by the fire had she been in the target's place.

There was one small mishap. A charge failed to explode, and according to army regulations, was aimed so it could do no damage, and left there ten minutes. It was discovered that a defective primer had been used. The primer was replaced and the shot from the gun struck near the target.

Conversation among officers at Fort Totten indicated that they felt the pressing need of the country for a larger army. The six hundred men stationed there are hardly enough to keep the guns from rusting. Totten is one of the most powerful of the forts guarding New York. Besides the twelve mortars, there are two 12-inch rifles, two 10-inch rifles, two 8-inch rifles, two 5-inch rifles, and 3-inch guns to stand off mine-sweepers and landing parties.

AUSTRALIA FOR INCOME TAX.

Commonwealth Plans to Cover $20,000,000 Deficit Due to War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Advices come to the State Department through consular officials that the Australian Government is contemplating the imposition of a heavy income tax, made necessary by war expenditures.

The Commonwealth faces a deficit of at least $20,000,000 this year, owing to the European war, partly due to falling off in trade and largely to raising and equipping troops for service under the British flag.

The proposed income tax law provides an exemption of incomes below $760 a year. Two classes of rates are to be employed, one to apply to incomes resulting from personal effort and one for incomes from investments, rents and properties. On incomes of from $2,500 up to $5,000, the tax will be 3 per cent., and as the income increases the rate is increased until on incomes of $38,750 the rate is more than 20 per cent.

INVENTED SUBMARINE NET.

Could Close Harbor to Submarines in a Week, J. H. Reinhardt Says.

A novel protection against submarines, in which a net is used, has been evolved by an American inventor, J. H. Reinhardt of East Orange, N. J., and although he is of German descent, Mr. Reinhardt sent an outline of his plan to the British Admiralty several months ago. The inventor discussed his idea for the first time yesterday, explaining that he had kept it secret so that the British might have time to develop it and put it into operation if they chose.

The net is composed of iron pipe, twelve inches in diameter. Its buoyancy is attained through connecting the pipes in airtight sections, six feet in length. The sections should be fastened to wooden blocks, with cross-sections at intervals of twenty-five or thirty feet. The intervening spaces should be covered with wire or rope mesh, and the whole might be made doubly effective by the addition of mines fastened in the mesh.

This net should be sunk so that the upper pipe of the frame would be twelve feet under the surface of the water and the bottom pipe near the bed of the channel to be protected. The space above and below the pipe structure would be filled in with more mesh, to be held in position by mushroom anchors and floating buoys or mines.

He proposed that the entire route traversed by boats and transports passing between England and France might be marked off and made safe by such a net extending from coast to coast, and he calculated the probable cost at $25,000 a mile. If necessary to leave openings for boats to cross the net, it would be necessary only to guard these isolated points.

Shortly after sending his plans to Great Britain, Mr. Rheinhardt received a letter informing him that it was being considered by the authorities. Later he received a form letter from the Admiralty announcing that the commissioners were not prepared to adopt the proposals immediately, but recent reports that fifty German submarines had been caught in British nets have led him to believe that the plan has been adopted.

"I offered the plans to the British gratuitously, so they are under no obligation to notify me of what use is made of them," the inventor said. "This was done so that, whether they were used or not, I would still have the privilege of proffering them to our own Government, for by their use every harbor in the United States could be quickly fortified against submarines. Such a net could be stretched at the rate of a mile a day from Long Island to the Jersey and Connecticut coasts, thus protecting New York harbor at a cost ridiculously low compared with the cost of many modern war appliances."

Mr. Reinhardt is the inventor of a number of commercial mechanical appliances, and of the type of numbering machine used in the Government Printing Office.

FOR HIGHER ALCOHOL TAX.

French Government Also Seeks to Prohibit Private Distilling.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The projected anti-alcohol law was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today by the Minister of Finance, M. Ribot. This bill, if carried, will abolish what is declared to be the worst feature of the drink evil, namely, the privilege now enjoyed by individuals who are permitted to distil brandy from their own fruits. The agricultural districts of the Vosges and Normandy, where alcoholism is most rife, owe their alarming statistics to the flood of cheap spirits from these private stills.

The proposed law also places a surtax on liqueurs and aperitifs and provides for higher licensing duties, but the private still clause is likely to be most opposed. M. Ribot has stated privately his intention of doing his utmost to force the bill into a law.

WILL END MARTIAL LAW.

Prospective Decree in France Hailed as a Sign of Confidence.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Martial law will be abolished everywhere in France outside of the zone of military activities after Sept. 1. The decision of the Government in this respect is interpreted on all sides as a sign of confidence in official circles that the interior administration of France will not be disturbed again by military operations.

Police officials, whose prerogatives have been somewhat confused during the period of military rule, show great satisfaction at the removal of all danger of conflict of authority, and at the possibility of pursuing reconstructive measures.

SWEDISH STEAMER SUNK.

One of Two Small Ships Named the Disa Destroyed.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Swedish steamer Disa has been sunk. Her crew was landed.

There are two small Swedish steamers named Disa, one of 804 tons gross, the other of 202.

DANISH SHIPS TRANSFERRED.

American Transatlantic Company Adds Three to Its Fleet.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 26.—The American flag was hoisted today by the American Consul General, Edward D. Winslow, on three steamers formerly of Danish registry which have been purchased by the American Transatlantic Company. The ships have been renamed Genesee, Maumee, and Winneconne.

GERMANS IN WEST LOYAL.

Senator Martine Found Them Backing Up President Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Aug. 26.—Senator James E. Martine, who has just returned from a trip through the Western States, said today that the expressions and activities of Germans in the East during the past few weeks were not at all in harmony with the sentiment of those he had met in the West.

"It is difficult to account for these contrasted expressions of feelings," said Senator Martine. "Everywhere in the West and Middle West, the people are behind President Wilson. The German Americans of the West, while anxious to see Germany defeat her enemies in Europe, are for America in case of war with the Kaiser, and most of them show no hesitation in declaring their position in regard to the United States and Germany. It is possible that the German-Americans in the East represent a totally different class of individuals. If so, they should look to their brothers in the West for a lesson in patriotism and loyalty."

ANNOUNCEMENT is herewith made of the founding of a new liberal Jewish Congregation on the West Side, Manhattan. The permanent place of worship will be announced later. Services will be held on Friday evenings, Saturday mornings and holidays. The congregation, which is to be known as

The New Synagogue,

will conduct, in addition to Divine Services, a Religious School, a Social Service Department and kindred activities.

Rabbi Ephraim Frisch

of Far Rockaway, will be the Minister.

Holy Day Services at Aeolian Hall

29 West 42nd Street, at the following hours:

New Year (Rosh Hashonah) eve, Wednesday evening, Sept. 8, at 5:30 o'clock; New Year morning, Thursday, Sept. 9, at 10.

Sabbath of Return (Shabbos Shuvah), Friday evening, Sept. 10, at 5:30 o'clock; Saturday morning, Sept. 11, at 10.

Atonement eve (Yom Kippur), Friday evening, Sept. 17, at 7. Atonement Day, Sept. 18, from 10 A. M. till dusk.

Information concerning membership and seatings may be had of the following:
Morris H. Rothschild, Chairman, 60 Beaver St.; Jerome Wile, Treasurer, 160 Fifth Ave.; J. L. Frankel, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave.
Ephraim Frisch, Rabbi, Hartley Hall, Columbia University.
Clarence Adler, Director of Music, Institute of Musical Art, 120th St. & Claremont Ave., or at

Room No. 801 Longacre Building, N. E. Corner Broadway & 42d St.
Hours, Daily Except Saturdays, 10—12 and 4—6, Sundays 10 to 4.
Telephone Bryant 7835.

The
MEASURE of a MAN
By AMELIA E. BARR
Author of "Playing with Fire", "The Bow of Orange Ribbon", etc.

In this story of a young wife who did not wish to become a mother, Mrs. Barr has given us a most timely novel on a much discussed theme—the control of births.

At All Bookstores
Illustrated. $1.35 net.
D. APPLETON & CO., NEW YORK

THE RAINBOW TRAIL
By
Zane Grey

Hitting the trail and taking the reader along with him through the country of adventurous romance, is the best thing Zane Grey does. And he's done it again most emphatically. A remarkable tale by itself for any one to read, and for any one who read "Riders of the Purple Sage" here is the outcome of some of the stirring incidents in that popular novel.

$1.35 net.

HARPER & BROTHERS
(*Established 1817.*)

AUGUST SALE OF FINE PIANOS
TODAY ONLY
GRAND, UPRIGHT and PLAYER-PIANOS
Sample cases and remodelled designs including famous makes as
Knabe—Chickering
Steinway—Haines
Upright Pianos from $80
Player Pianos from $175
Grand Pianos from $250
TERMS AS LOW AS $5 PER MONTH
OR ARRANGED TO SUIT CONVENIENCE
YOUR OLD PIANO TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
A rare opportunity to secure the piano or player piano of your choice at sharply reduced prices
KNABE
WAREROOMS
5th Ave. at 39th St.
VICTOR-VICTROLAS AND RECORDS

"The Dollar Dinner with Wine." Also a la Carte.

People don't have to be urged to eat here! The Quality of our Food draws them on the run.

5th Avenue Restaurant
ENTRANCE 24th ST.

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Trustees' Sales
(By Order of the United States District Court)

50 S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE Today with purchases of $1 or more. Present Coupon.

THIS COUPON GOOD TODAY
Cut out this coupon. It is good for 50 (FIFTY) S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE with purchase of $1 or more Today, Friday, Aug. 27.
These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.
N. Y. T., 8-27-15. J. B. Greenhut Co. 74

We cannot guarantee to fill mail or telephone orders on these items.

1684 Men's Suits
End-of-Summer Sale Here Today
At $6.95, $11.95 & $13.95

Nearly 900 of these Suits can be worn during Fall and right up to Thanksgiving.

The least you save on any suit is $5, and in the higher priced lots your economies are as much as $11.

The materials and styles are those now in the height of favor—and every suit is guaranteed for long and satisfactory service.

All in all, added to the other attractions in the Men's Store today this should be one of the biggest day's business we have ever seen here in August. For this is all GOOD clothing, and the prices are startlingly low.

EVERY SUIT IS A HUGE BARGAIN AT THE SALE PRICE.
Wonderful varieties in Worsteds, Serges and Cassimeres.

Snappy styles for those who like them.
Conservative styles for business men.

Innumerable smart stripes, checks, plaids and neat mixtures. Also suits in plain blues.

SIZES FOR EVERYBODY IN THIS—THE GREATEST SUIT SALE OF THE SUMMER SEASON.

Boys' $5 and $6 Suits—some with 2 pairs of trousers; today, at $3.45
Boys' $6.50 and $7.50 Suits—Sale today, at.................. $4.45

Women's $10.75 New Fall Coats *Today, at* $7.95
A Smart ¾ Length Model
Cut full, roomy; made with novelty convertible collar; raglan sleeves; turn-back cuffs; slash pockets. A coat that hangs gracefully, made with the new full ripple back; beautifully tailored of tweed in rich tones of gray, brown and blue.

Women's Novelty Low Shoes
Formerly to $3; today, at.............. 79c
Just about the greatest sale you have ever heard of.
Pumps, Oxfords and Colonials. Most popular styles and leathers.
Over 1,000 pairs of "Walk-over" Low Shoes also in this sale at.......... 79c
Size assortments are depleted, but all sizes up to 6 in the collection.
All of these low shoes have either hand-turned or Goodyear welted soles.

Girls' $1 Dresses and Middy Blouses
Reduced to....69c
The Dresses of checked voile with full-plaited skirts; others of linene, striped and plaid voile. Sizes 6 to 14 years.
The Middy Blouses, clever styles; white galatea, collars and cuffs of contrasting color. Some of Sea Beach Cloth. All sizes.
Girls' $1 White Skirts, at. 79c
White Tub Silk Middy Blouses; at............ $1.79
All sizes from 12 years to 42-inch bust measure.

These and Scores of Other Bargains
FURNITURE
Today, in Our Semi-Annual Sale.

During this event the economies range from 10 to 50 per cent. Two immense floors in our Annex Building filled with bargains in substantially made, sightly furniture.

This is the time to buy—decidedly!

$7.50 White Enameled Chiffoniers—five large drawers and gallery back; at....................	$5.75
$11.50 Golden Oak Dressers—shaped French double mirror, 14x24 inches; neatly carved; at..............	$7.50
$10 White Enameled Dressers—two large and two small drawers; 12x20 French plate mirror; 38-inch top; all wood trimmings; at....................	$7.95
$16 Solid Mahogany Chairs and Rockers—for living room; cane backs; variety of coverings; at..................	$11.50
$16 Brass Bedsteads—two-inch continuous posts; bright or satin finish; all regular sizes; 4 husks on head and foot ends; 5 one-inch filling rods; at..................	$10.45
$2.50 Cotton Mattresses—for 2.6x4.6 cribs; covered in fancy art ticking; at....................	$1.95
$4 Mattresses—soft top and bottom; covered in good quality ticking; all regular sizes; at..................	$2.25
$9 "Greenhut Special" Mattresses—roll edge; felt, 50 lbs. to the full size; covered in fancy cretonne ticking; all sizes; at....................	$6.95
$10.50 Stearns & Foster Mattresses—Sunny South roll-edge felt; covered in fancy art ticking; at..........	$8.75
$11 Jumbo Four Row, Imperial Edge Felt Mattresses—covered in fancy art ticking; made of 100% layer felt; 55 lbs. to the full size; all regular sizes; at..............	$9.50
$2.50 Rome-Link Springs—10-year guarantee; all sizes; at....................	$1.75
$5.50 Crown Woven Wire Springs—helical spring ends; all sizes; at....................	$3.75
$6 Englander Wit-Edge Springs—raised edges; at.........	$3.95

Notice to Charge Customers.
All charge purchases made during the remainder of this month will be entered on bills rendered October first.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps in Forenoons—Single Stamps Afternoons

New York City Mortgages

5%

The return of the

Principal

and the prompt payment of

Interest GUARANTEED

You may invest $100 and upwards.

Write for Booklet "The Ideal Investment."

New York Mortgage & Security Co

Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000

135 Broadway, New York — 203 Montague St. Brooklyn

Be Sure To Read

RAGS

BY EDITH BARNARD DELANO

Author of "The Land of Content."

An idyl of the Far West, centering about a ragged, merry, mischievous waif in a mining camp. Rags is irresistible. She will go straight to your heart.

At All Bookstores

Illustrated $1.30 net

D. APPLETON & CO., New York

Look under this Lamp Monday, Wednesday, and Friday!

BOOKS SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE

Spies!

The real spies of modern warfare make Mr. Davis's story of this war, "Somewhere in France," one of the most fascinating he ever wrote. It is one of several of his best short stories included in his new volume.

"SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE"

By Richard Harding Davis

$1.00 net

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

A Splendid New Story

The Lovable Meddler

By

LEONA DALRYMPLE

Author of Diane of the Green Van

A fine, breezy romance about lively, attractive young men and women and a delightful, whimsical, matchmaking old doctor — the "Lovable Meddler" himself. A cheerful, buoyant, diverting book—packed with fun and drollery and charming sentiment.

At All Bookstores, $1.35 Net

Publishers Reilly & Britton *Chicago*

THE STORY OF CANADA BLACKIE

By ANNE P. L. FIELD

Intro. by Thomas Mott Osborne.

"The Uncle Tom of a Prison Servitude."

A straightforward narrative of a convict's life, told in the prisoner's letters to his friends, giving expression both to the horror of the present prison regime, and the spirit of the great movement launched in this State and elsewhere for its reform.

Cloth, $1.00 net. All Bookstores.

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY

681 Fifth Ave., New York.

CASH PAID FOR BOOKS

Highest prices and cash down paid for large and small collections of BOOKS and other LITERARY PROPERTY. We pack and remove books promptly. We deal largely with executors of estates.

Particularly Wanted—11th Edition Britannica

THOMS & ERON

(Incorporated)

50 John St., N.Y. Phone 4825-4826 John

New Jersey Central **One Day EXCURSIONS**

LAKE HOPATCONG

$1 NEXT SUNDAY—Also Every Sunday and Holiday

Lv. W. 23d St. 8.50; Lv. Liberty St. 9.00; Lv. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m. Lv. Broad St., Newark, 8.30 a.m.

MAUCH CHUNK

$1.50 NEXT SUNDAY

Lv. W. 23d St. 8.20; Liberty St. 8.30; Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8.47 a.m. Broad St., Newark, 8.15 a.m.

HARD COAL NO SMOKE COMFORT

First-Choice War Pictures.

In The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial will be found every week the very latest and choicest pictures from all war zones. On all news stands, ten cents; $5.00 a year.—Advt.

SHORT BALLOT FIGHT WILL OPEN TODAY

Convention Reconsiders Action Delaying Debate and Bitter Contest Is Predicted.

DEMOCRATS MAKE PLANS

Hold Secret Conference and Discuss Substitute Proposal, but the Independents Balk Tammany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—Advocates of the short ballot in the Constitutional Convention today succeeded in having the decision reversed which was reached last night when consideration of the proposal for the reorganization of the State Government was deferred until Monday afternoon. After the vote by which that plan was adopted had been reconsidered, the short ballot proposal was set down as a special order for tomorrow, as recommended by the Rules Committee. It is expected that the debate will occupy the rest of the week.

Before this action was taken President Elihu Root took occasion to address the convention rather sternly. He told the delegates that any attempt on the part of a small clique to upset the plans of the convention to suit their own convenience was doomed to failure. He plainly intimated his belief that the plan to defer debate on the most important measure pending before the convention had grown out of a desire on the part of certain delegates not to forego their usual week-end excursion.

"The work of this convention must be completed by the end of next week, or it cannot be completed at all," said Mr. Root, with unusual earnestness. "Members of this convention should realize that it is their solemn duty to the people to lay aside all their ordinary pursuits to attain that end."

The battle which is to begin tomorrow is likely to be bitter and spectacular. The spokesmen of the Old Guard in the Republican organization will enter upon it with grim determination. For weeks negotiations between them and the Tammany element in the convention have been in progress and until today it had been common report about the Capitol corridors that a deal had been arranged by which, in defiance of the platform declarations of both parties, they would make common cause to kill the short ballot reform.

It was rumored today, however, that something had occurred to interfere with this arrangement. A Republican leader who had been behind the scenes intimated that Tammany was "waiting for orders." In any event a conference of all the Democratic delegates was summoned hurriedly. All the Democratic members at the Capitol responded with the exception of William H. Sheehan, William H. Dykman, and De Lancey Nicoll. The conference was held behind closed doors. It was learned after it had adjourned that a plan was advanced for a Democratic substitute short ballot proposal which would make it impossible for the Democratic delegates to support the proposal now pending before the convention. This plan would have served the Republican long ballot men almost as well as if the Democrats had joined hands with them in supporting the long ballot proposal drafted by Ray B. Smith of Syracuse, in which the offices of Commissioner of Agriculture and Superintendent of Public Works are made elective offices in addition to all the elective offices on the present ballot.

Futile Democratic Conference.

This attempt, however, stranded on the opposition of Democrats not of the Tammany stripe, who sat in the conference. They expressed their utter opposition to anything which would tend to give political color to the Democratic line of action. The independents were plain and outspoken in expressing their opinion that the Democratic State platform pledged the party to the short ballot reform, and that if nothing could be suggested to improve the plan proposed by the Committee on Governor and other State officers, which has the support of the responsible element in the convention, nothing should be done to prevent its adoption. The conference did not, according to the Democratic leaders, arrive at any conclusion. It is to meet again for further discussion. It was plain that the Tammany men were not well pleased with developments.

"It was a conference, not a caucus," said Senator Wagner after the meeting had broken up. "We did not decide on any line of action. We merely talked the situation over. I do not know that any concerted action in a party sense will result nor will I say that any is intended. Some of us believe that it will be better to avoid anything that might be interpreted as a political move. In my opinion, however, the reorganization plan already before the convention is defective in many respects, and I have no doubt that a number of amendments will be offered by the Democratic delegates."

Wagner Plans Amendments.

Senator Wagner said that he would urge that the Superintendent of Public Works be made an elective officer. Under the reorganization plan, this official, appointed by the Governor, has large power. He would take over the duties now performed by the State Engineer, and would have charge not only of the canals, but also of the highways, and the State Architect and Superintendent of Public Buildings would be merely bureau heads in his department.

"There is another function," Senator Wagner said, "that under our new budget plan will develop on the Superintendent of Public Works, which will render him a far more important official than any one in the State Government with the exception of the Governor. He will have the final say as to whether the Legislature shall pass this or that special appropriation bill for construction work in every part of the State. With such vast powers he should, in my opinion, hold his mandate direct from the people."

Senator Wagner also will propose an amendment affecting the office of State Commissioner of Accounts, which is created under the reorganization proposal. Senator Wagner believes that the occupant of this office, instead of being appointed by the Governor, should be chosen by a joint vote of the Legislature for a long term of years. The duties of the Commissioner of Accounts would be similar to those performed by the Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy, whose office was abolished by the Republican Legislature this year.

According to Senator Wagner, it is likely, too, that the Democrats will urge amendments which would abolish the State Tax Department as an independent agency and give its work either to the Controller or to the Department of Finance, at the head of which will be an official appointed by the Governor.

The surrender of the convention leaders to the threats of Controller Eugene M. Travis was discussed at some length in the Democratic conference. It is likely that this recognition of machine influences will afford much material for Democratic debaters. The opposition of the united Republican delegation from Brooklyn and certain Republican delegates from up-State, who move when the machine bosses pull the strings, was avoided only by rewriting the short ballot proposal so that it would receive the approval of Mr. Travis, who, under the original proposal, would have lost his administrative powers and his patronage.

Under the revised bill the Controller will retain all his present power and, what is more important from the machine point of view, his patronage. The duty and control of the expenditures of State departments will be vested in the Commissioner of Accounts.

WILL KEEP CITY IN CHECK.

Reapportionment Proposal Reported —Legislature to Re-draw Districts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—The Legislature will make a general reapportionment of Senate and Assembly districts next year on the basis of this year's enumeration, if a proposal presented tonight by the Committee on Legislative Organization is adopted by the Constitutional Convention. Under the plan recommended by the committee, New York City will continue under the present inhibition preventing it ever from having a majority in the Senate. A similar rule had been laid down by the Republicans on the committee with regard to the Assembly, but this was eliminated at the earnest protest of Nathan Burkan, and other Democratic members of the committee. Under the plan proposed the Senate will continue to have fifty-one members and the Assembly 150. Each county, with the exception of Fulton and Hamilton, will be assured of at least one representative in the House. Under the census figures now available the representatives of New York City in the Assembly will be distributed as follows: Manhattan 25, a decrease of 5; Kings 24, an increase of 1; Bronx 8, an increase of 3; Queens 5, an increase of 1. Whether Richmond shall have one Assemblyman as at present, or two, can be determined only after final census figures have been received. If Richmond should get two Assemblymen, there would be a net increase of one Assemblyman for New York City. Under the committee proposal there will be an apportionment every ten years, but in the future apportionments will be made on the basis of the Federal census, so as to enable the State to do without a State enumeration, which costs about $600,000.

KILL LITERACY TEST FOR FUTURE VOTERS

Convention, Voting 77 to 67, Reverses Itself and Rejects Suffrage Proposal.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—With President Elihu Root joining in the opposition, the Constitutional Convention today killed the proposal requiring a literacy test as a voting qualification. The final blow was dealt to the proposed amendment when Charles H. Young of Westchester, its sponsor, made a motion at the morning session that the convention agree with the report of its Committee of the Whole, which recommended advancement to third reading. The motion was defeated by a vote of 77 to 67. The favorable report of the Committee of the Whole yesterday was adopted by a vote of 70 to 61.

Nearly all the Democrats in the convention opposed the report of the Committee of the Whole. Of the 168 delegates, only 24 were absent or refrained from voting. The three Democrats who voted to sustain the Young proposal were William N. Dykman of Brooklyn, Anthony J. Griffin of the Bronx, and John Weed of Queens. Ex-Senator John G. Saxe, who yesterday was recorded as favoring the proposal, today voted with the majority of his Democratic colleagues to kill it.

It was said today that President Root had called the attention of the leaders to the danger to which the new Constitution would be exposed if the Young proposal should become an integral part of it. Louis Marshall, in his speech on Tuesday night, referred to the opposition that would come from 1,000,000 Jews in this State, who, he said, would look upon favorable action by the convention as a deliberate insult.

Meier Steinbrink, one of the Republican delegates from Brooklyn, in explaining his vote today said that Mr. Marshall had exaggerated the peril.

"I do not believe that the German, the French, the Italian or the Yiddish newspapers will oppose the constitution we are making because this is embodied in it," Mr. Steinbrink said. "They, too, are Americans, and since they preach American ideals, I am satisfied that they will practice them and will recognize in this proposal a method by which the voters of this State may be unified in thought and action and in striving for true American ideals."

Frank Mann, the Democratic delegate from Brooklyn, who spoke at length in the debate yesterday, again took up the defense of citizens who are in the habit of reading newspapers printed in foreign languages.

"They are not a menace to America, as has been said here," he asserted. "By getting the information contained in those newspapers, they prevent the jingoes from deceiving them and rushing this country into war." Mr. Mann, who professed strong pro-German feeling yesterday, asked to be excused from voting on the report of the Committee of the Whole. Lemuel E. Quigg, however, entered a protest, and Mr. Mann was compelled to go on record as opposed to accepting it.

Chairman Frederick C. Tanner of the Republican State Committee said that in his long experience as a Special Deputy Attorney General in New York City he never had encountered a man unable to read and write English who was involved in an election fraud.

Ex-Justice Clearwater, in explaining his vote in favor of adopting the Young amendment, said that all the arguments advanced against it would have been relevant if this country were in its infancy. Now, however, it had attained manhood.

There were in all sixty-four Republican votes cast in favor of accepting the Young proposal and forty-four against it. Thirty-three Democratic votes helped to round out the majority by which the proposal was killed.

RAISE LEGISLATORS' PAY.

Delegates Indorse Increase to $2,500, Barnes Protesting.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—The Constitutional Convention today advanced to order of final passage a proposal increasing the salaries of legislators from $1,000 to $2,500 and reimbursing them for railroad fares weekly instead of giving them a single allowance of 10 cents a mile.

William Barnes protested against the salary increase, but advocated the change in mileage allowance. Democrats voted almost solidly for both.

"I believe it is a mistake," Mr. Barnes said, "to raise the salaries of any State officials, except perhaps that of the Governor, in these times, when money is scarce, and I believe the majority of the people agree with me."

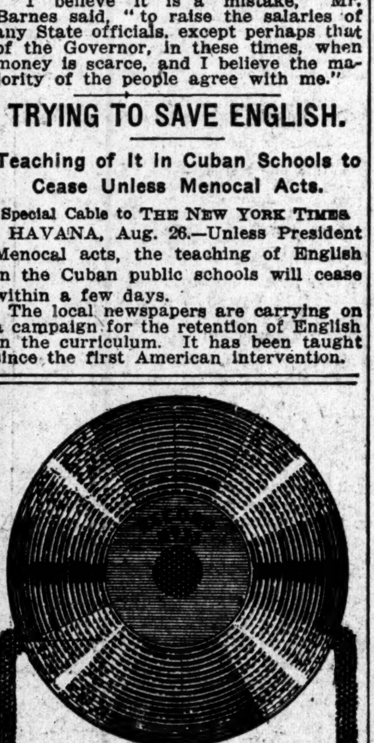
TRYING TO SAVE ENGLISH.

Teaching of It in Cuban Schools to Cease Unless Menocal Acts.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Aug. 26.—Unless President Menocal acts, the teaching of English in the Cuban public schools will cease within a few days.

The local newspapers are carrying on a campaign for the retention of English in the curriculum. It has been taught since the first American intervention.



The story of a girl who fell in love with a voice.

RECORD NO.33

By Ida Clyde Clarke

An old-fashioned love story with a new-fashioned plot.

Mystery—excitement—sentiment—humor!

At All Bookstores

Illustrated $1.30 Net

D. Appleton & Co. Publishers New York

SAYS WAR HALTS BIG FACTORY PLANT

A. A. McCreary Has Paid Cash for More Than 20 Parcels Near Hudson River.

PURPOSE IS KEPT SECRET

Enterprise Not Connected with Munitions Manufacture—Erection Waits on War's End.

Residents of Sparkill and neighboring villages in Rockland County, who have been waiting for nearly two years to learn for what purpose A. A. McCreary has purchased more than 500 acres of land near Sparkill, are anxious for the war to end. They believe that their questions will be answered shortly after its termination.

Mr. McCreary paid cash for the land. He bought more than twenty parcels in all. It is still in his name. He is to be seen daily in the offices of Oswald A. Bauer, a lawyer at Sparkill, who did the legal work in connection with the purchases. Still, no more is known about his plans now than when he first appeared at Sparkill two years ago.

One belief is that Mr. McCreary has bought land which is to become part of a right-of-way leading to the pier which was started by the Erie Railroad several years ago in the Hudson River at Piermont, but not completed. Some of those who have observed Mr. McCreary's activities think he is buying land for a terminal on the Hudson River for the Ontario & Western Railroad, which now comes into New York harbor over the West Shore Railroad.

Mr. McCreary said yesterday:

"The war has spoiled this project temporarily. It will not be possible to start operations of any kind until the war has been over for a year or more. I cannot say anything more definite about the purchases of land that I have made than that they are for the site of a manufacturing plant which will be in the exporting business largely.

"The land is situated near the Erie Railroad and near the West Shore road, so that the enterprise which I represent will have the advantage of being able to use two railroads and not be at the mercy of one. The railroads will give us sufficient shipping facilities, and we will not seek to have the pier built at Piermont.

"This has naturally aroused curiosity, but it is impossible for me to satisfy any of it now. I don't care whether stories are printed about me or not, because more than a year ago I bought the last piece of property that I wanted. But when pieces get into the papers that Sparkill is soon to become a great industrial centre, a lot of real estate speculators come in and buy up land and try to start a boom and unload their holdings. At least one of the speculators who attempted this has got very much the worst of it, because his boom died out before he sold his land and he could not sell now except at a considerable loss.

"It has been reported at various times that I represent the Ford Automobile Company, the Bethlehem Steel Company, the General Electric Company, the Western Electric Company, and several others. It is plain enough that, if I represented any firm which is making ammunition, the building of the plant would be rushed by the war instead of being postponed, and that disposes of most of the theories regarding me.

"Only the people that I represent and myself know what I am doing. Mr. Bauer, my lawyer, does not know what I want this land for. Buying land like this has been my business for about forty years and one of the principal assets in this line is in being able to hold my tongue. I can assure you with great confidence that nobody will know what this land is for until the people that I represent are ready to announce it.

"The amount I have paid for the land has been greatly exaggerated. It is said that I paid $500,000 or more for it. I won't say how much I did pay, but that figure is much too high. I only paid a reasonable rate, and as I did not have to have land in any particular locations, no one was in a position to hold me up. The only bad effect of these exaggerations as to the price that I have paid is that the tax assessors read them and assess my property for two or three times what it is worth, but they have been fair when I have argued that they should tax the land, according to the ordinary values of the neighborhood.

"There are two reasons why I can't say anything more at present. One is that I don't want to announce plans that might never be fulfilled and the second is that the interests I represent have competitors and it might be injurious to us to have them know what we are doing. Some of the stories circulated about enterprises located here have been for the purpose of drawing me into making denials or explanations, so that outsiders might get an inkling of what is going on."

$600,000 NECKLACE OF MATCHED PEARLS

Largest Gems in Dreicer String Were Once Owned by the Duchess of Sutherland.

SOLD TO PAY LAND TAXES

Grand Central Palace Jewelry Exhibitors Demand That Doors Be Closed to Business Rivals.

A pearl necklace worth $600,000 was shown by Dreicer & Co. of New York yesterday at the exhibit of the National Retail Jewelers' Association in Grand Central Palace. For many years Jacob Dreicer has been saving the best pearls that come through his hands to make a necklace that should take its place as one of the most valuable in the world, and it was only recently that he purchased, at private sale from the Duchess of Sutherland, the dozen or more largest gems which perfected the string, paying for the centre ball of nacre the sum of $100,000. Among the fifty-nine pearls of the perfectly matched string are also several from the collection of the Countess of Dudley. Yesterday was the first time the necklace was ever shown. It is said that Mr. Dreicer has sold the string.

Fifty-eight of the pearls are perfectly paired, in weight, size and lustre. Many hundreds of gems were tested to get the right ones. The clasp is an emerald surrounded by diamonds. The precious necklace adorned a model who wore other jewelry from the shop of Dreicer, the whole valued at close to a million dollars. There were such trifles as a chain worth $38,000, a neckpiece worth $30,000, a corsage worth $15,000 and various other adornments.

It was estimated by the jewelers that the necklace was worth 25,000 times its weight in gold coin, on the basis that gold coin, being about 15 carat, was worth approximately $15 an ounce. On this basis $600,000 represents 40,000 ounces of gold coin. The necklace weighs slightly more than 700 grains, or about two ounces. This would make it worth approximately 25,000 times its weight in gold coin.

Millicent, Duchess of Sutherland, was married in the Fall of 1914 to Major Percy Desmond Fitzgerald of the Seventh Hussars, who returned to England from the front for the wedding, the bride coming from her Red Cross work among the Belgians. After the wedding both went back to duty. The Duke of Sutherland, known as the world's greatest land owner, died in 1913.

The public knew nothing of the disposal of the Duchess's jewels, they being sold privately, shortly before the start of the war. The Duke of Sutherland was more or less "land poor" and before his death sold many of his English acres and bought realty in Canada to escape the heavy tax laws. He announced shortly before his death that he was to live, with the Duchess, in Canada. But the Duchess remained in England and it was when she found difficulty in paying the great tax levy against her 1,500,000 acres in Scotland, that she sold her jewels to get ready money.

A large force of detectives guarded the exhibition and the closest watch was kept upon all who entered the doors, the exhibition being open to association members and exhibitors only. It has been planned by the association to allow other manufacturers to view the exhibit and many went to the Grand Central Palace yesterday only to be turned away, for a big row started among the exhibitors when they learned their competitors were to see the show.

The exhibitors and the officials of the association decided several days ago to exclude the public from the exhibition. Afterward the exhibitors got together and voted to exclude their rivals from the show through fear that the exclusive designs on exhibition would be copied, and also to prevent their rivals from taking away any prospective customers. Several of the larger exhibitors said that if their rivals were admitted they would stop payment of checks given for floor space and withdraw their exhibits. C. F. Manahan, Second Vice President of the association, who is managing the exhibit, says he is having the gayest time of his life umpiring the disputes over admittance to the $3,000,000 jewelry exhibit, but says he is inclined to stand by the exhibitors.

N. W. Cornelius, of Asbury Park was awarded a watch by the Elgin Company for being the luckiest jeweler at the convention, his name being on a slip drawn from several hundred in a box.

Much enthusiasm was aroused among the delegates at the session yesterday morning by Charles L. Miller, a member of the Executive Board of the American Fair Trade League, who spoke of the campaign his organization is making for the passage by Congress of the Stevens bill, which is aimed at the price-cutting methods of mail order houses.

Other speakers were Louis Sickles of Philadelphia, President of the National Wholesale Jewelers' Association; Colonel Harry Cutler of Providence, R. I.; A. E. Hurst, Manager of the Economist Training School of New York, and Emil Freund, a New York gem specialist.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

will close out—today, the following groups of Fashionable Summer Apparel—

Groups are small—styles few of a kind—VALUES EXCEPTIONAL—

$25 TO $45 SUMMER DRESSES—TO CLOSE AT $10

$55 TO $95 AFTERNOON DRESSES—$25

$75 TO $125 RECEPTION GOWNS—$38

$45 TO $95 SILK WRAPS—$15 & $25

$25 TO $45 STREET COATS—$18

$15 TO $22 SILK SWEATER COATS—$8.50

$10 TO $15 SUMMER BLOUSES—$5

REMAINING SUMMER HATS—$2

The Management of

CASTLES-BY-THE-SEA

announce

A Bal Masque

to be given this evening, (beginning 9 P. M.)

As the closing event of the Fete Champetre given by J. M. Gidding & Company for the Benefit of the French War Sufferers.

Note:—By special arrangement—in addition to the regular Long Beach trains leaving at 12:35 and 1:45, a special train will leave Long Beach at 3 A. M.—for accommodation of those who desire to attend the Bal Masque.

CHILD'S DEATH RE-ENACTED.

Playmates Show Coroner How Catherine Slevin Started Truck.

Even the most casual looker-on must have noticed yesterday that there was something unusual about the group gathered around an auto truck in front of 305 Spring Street. To one who knows how joyfully children swarm over any automobile that is left standing for even a moment in a crowded city street, it seemed strange that a little boy and three small girls, who evidently were being encouraged by official-looking people to play about this one, should show such reluctance. Then on the stoop of the house was a woman who sobbed bitterly and others who comforted her, with tears in their own eyes.

Neighbors gathered hastily, but were held back in line by a policeman, and every act of the solemn-faced children could plainly be seen. Then word went around that it was the Coroner, and that he was having the children reenact every move that had led up to the death the day before of 5-year-old Elizabeth Johnson, who was run over by this same truck when it suddenly started from some mysterious cause as the children played about it. The driver, James McNulty, who also lives at 305 Spring Street, had left the machine standing while he was eating his lunch inside.

Coroner Feinberg had previously questioned all the children, a brother and sister of the dead girl, and Helen Hickey, 9 years old, of 537 Greenwich Street. All the children agreed that Catherine Slevin, 12 years old, of the Spring Street address, who is held with the driver on a technical charge of homicide, had not touched the wheels or the levers before the truck started forward and crushed its little victim.

What started the machine is still unexplained. McNulty testified that the power was shut off—the engine still—when he left the machine, but he declined to answer, on advice of counsel, when asked if the electric switch had been disconnected. Giuseppe Dimodugnio of 49 Renwick Street, who stopped the truck after the accident, testified that the power lever was thrown on, and that he swung it back to stop the machine.

So Coroner Feinberg took the machine and the witnesses to the scene of the accident, and had the children go through their play of the day before. Catherine Slevin was put upon the driver's seat to do again all the things she did before the accident. It was noticed that her feet could scarcely reach the brake-releasing device. She even showed how she had reached down to hand a piece of cake to Elizabeth Johnson as Elizabeth had stood in front of the automobile.

When the demonstration was over the brother and sister of the dead child and the little one who is held for the death entered the house hand in hand, and among those who assisted the bereaved mother upstairs was the mother of Catherine Slevin.

The Coroner gave Catherine into the charge of her parents to await the inquest, and McNulty was paroled in custody of his counsel.

COFFIN WAGON KILLS CHILD.

Driver Runs to Hospital with Burial Case and Victim Side by Side.

Residents of downtown Hoboken saw a wagon, carrying a coffin and by its side the form of a little girl, dash through the streets yesterday to St. Mary's Hospital.

The driver was Ray Peck, employed by the undertaking establishment of Charles Eppel, 250 Central Avenue, Jersey City Heights. He had been to New York in the early afternoon to get the coffin and was returning by way of Hoboken when, at Madison and Fourth Street, Margaret Papano, 5 years old, darted from the curb in front of the wagon. The horse's hoofs knocked her down and the wheels of the wagon passed over her. Peck stopped his team, took up the child, and drove as fast as he could to the hospital, but the little girl died a few minutes after reaching the institution.

Peck was held by the police on a charge of manslaughter. As under the New Jersey laws a police magistrate cannot fix bail in a manslaughter case, Peck spent the night in a cell, although Police Captain Garrick said it was evident the driver was blameless, as the testimony of witnesses showed the child's carelessness.

STARVED TO DEATH, BUT SAVED $60,000

Charles F. White, "Man of Mystery," Had $20,000 in Government Bonds.

PASSED AWAY IN HOSPITAL

Lived in Room That Cost Him $1.50 a Week and Concealed His History Even from His Partner.

Charles F. White, who made himself a man of mystery, never speaking of his past or of his relatives, and lived in a dollar-and-a-half-a-week room, though he had $20,000 in Government bonds and real estate worth between $30,000 and $40,000, and who died yesterday in the North Hudson Hospital in Weehawken, N. J., died because he had slowly starved himself to death. Doctors at the hospital said insufficient nourishment for a considerable period had undoubtedly so weakened him that at the age of 63 he had not sufficient stamina to respond to treatment.

Because of the small fortune which he left, the hospital authorities are anxious to discover Mr. White's relatives, but all they learned yesterday was that he might have a brother living in Chicago and probably came himself from some part of Connecticut. This much they learned from Gerard Kilp, Mr. White's partner in the real estate brokerage business, with offices in the Marbridge Building, Thirty-fourth Street and Sixth Avenue.

Mr. Kilp said they had been partners for twelve years, but in all that time Mr. White had so guarded his tongue that his partner knew next to nothing of his private affairs. There were slips on the part of Mr. White that suggested to Mr. Kilp the place of Mr. White's origin and the probable existence of the brother. Of even these Mr. Kilp said he was not sure, for his partner, the instant he realized he was on the verge of revelations concerning himself, had abruptly changed the subject of conversation.

Mr. Kilp knew, however, for Mr. White had complained of it to him, that his partner once had a furnished room in this city, but his landlord suggested an increase in rental, and Mr. White, highly incensed, moved to one of the Mills hotels. From there he went to the house of Mrs. M. H. Heil, at 34 Court Street, Weehawken, getting his room for $1.50 a week.

It was in this room that Mrs. Heil found him, unconscious in his bed, on last Sunday morning, and she called an ambulance, in which he was carried to the hospital. Only general weakness, the result of slow starvation, seemed to be the trouble with the man, but he was so far gone that the doctors could do nothing for him.

It was from Mr. Kilp that they learned of the Government bonds and the real estate. So much Mr. White had been forced to tell his partner of his private affairs, but whether the fortune is greater or not no one knows.

RITZ SUES O'SHAUGHNESSY.

Sheriff Gets By Sentries and Serves Rookie in Plattsburg.

Nelson O'Shaughnessy, who was Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico City during the Huerta regime, and is now Corporal O'Shaughnessy at the Plattsburg encampment of the Business Men's Regiment, owes the Ritz-Carlton Hotel Company $478 11 with interest from Dec. 1, 1912, according to a summons and complaint filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday.

The record shows that during the dusk of Tuesday evening at the Plattsburg camp, just as the Corporal had called "fall out," Sheriff J. W. Moore of Clinton County and his deputy, D. S. Lombard, got by the sentries and stepped up to the Corporal.

"Are you Corporal O'Shaughnessy?" queried the Sheriff.

"I am," answered the diplomat without any hesitation.

"Well, here's a little something for your attention," said the Sheriff, as he handed the soldier the summons and complaint.

MECHANICS

The mere mechanics of a Thompson-Starrett building operation driving rapidly to completion convey but a part of those larger labors of coordination which make for quality, speed and economy.

The laying of bricks, the setting of stone, the rivetting of steel girders, these are but mechanical processes—but securing the right qualities, the right prices, and the quickest possible deliveries, these are the things which constitute our claim upon every Owner's consideration.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

30

Next Monday **will be August 30**

Buy THIRTY Then

Because it is something new in the way of a novel; because it is something good in the way of a novel.

Telephone your bookseller now to put aside for delivery to you next Monday a copy of THIRTY, the remarkable story by Howard Vincent O'Brien.

The price is $1.35. The value is whatever four hours of real enjoyment are worth.

Dodd, Mead & Company

Publishers New York

CASH FOR BOOKS

Highest prices paid for large or small collections of BOOKS, AUTOGRAPHS, PRINTS, or other literary properties. Cash down, and prompt removal. Executors, administrators, etc., should immediately get in touch with us.

Specially Wanted—11th Edition Britannica

Malkan's

NEW YORK'S LARGEST BOOKSTORE

42 BROADWAY Phone 3900 BROAD

CALIFORNIA

Lackawanna Railroad

ROUND TRIP $94.30

Information at Ticket Offices, Broadway, cor. Wall St., Park Place, 28th St., 42d St.

BUSINESS AND THE WAR.

The Annalist, every Monday, presents financial, industrial and commercial conditions by authoritative writers. On all news stands, 10 cents a copy. Four dollars a year. Times Square, New York. —Advt.

Broadway and 33d Street

GIMBELS

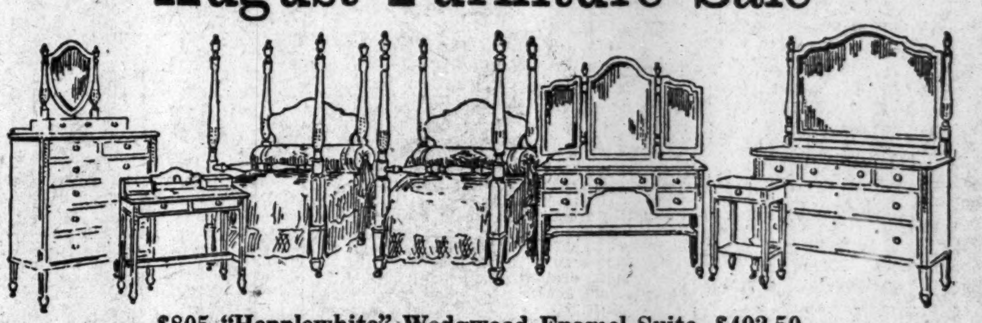
Store Opens 8:30

Closes 5:30

Only Four More Half Price Days

In Our

August Furniture Sale



$805 "Hepplewhite" Wedgwood Enamel Suite, $402.50

The most WONDERFUL values we have ever given—the best assortment—the BIGGEST assortment.

Thousands of splendid suites and individual pieces, totaling over $60,000 in retail value, and now offered for $30,000. Enough merchandise to make an entire Furniture Sale by itself, for there is ample choice of pieces for every purpose and every room in the home.

Suggestions only can be given here of one of the greatest money-saving opportunities on reaally GOOD Furniture that New York has seen.

FOR THE BEDROOM

$535	Five-Piece White Enamel Suite, Louis XVI. model	$267.50
$780	Six-Piece Adam Model Mahogany Suite	$390
$300	Five-Piece Enamel Sheraton Model Suite	$150
$420	Five-Piece Mahogany Sheraton Model Suite	$210
$465	Five-Piece Circassian Walnut Suite	$230
$80	Circassian Walnut Cheval Glass, with inlaid lines	$40
$63	Bird's-Eye Maple Princess Dresser	$31.50
$32	Quartered Oak Cheval Glass	$16
$70	Old Ivory Enamel Chiffonier	$35
$50	Mahogany Dresser	$25
$319	Four-Piece White Enamel Cane Panel Suite	$160
$35	Circassian Walnut Toilet Table	$15

$700 Colonial Crotch Mahogany Suite, $350

FOR THE LIBRARY

$630	Ivory Enamel Five-Piece Suite, in Cut Velour	$315
$160	Adam Model Mahogany Settee	$80
$40	Round Mahogany Library Table	$20
$25	Round Mahogany Centre Table	$12.50
$34.50	Mahogany Rocker, in Tapestry	$17.25
$235	Mahogany Two-Piece Suite, in Green Velour	$117.50
$125	Mahogany Three-Piece Suite, in Green Velour	$62.50
$70	Morocco Easy Chair	$35
$35	Arm Chair, in Brown Spanish Leather	$17.50
$198	Two-Piece Suite, in Green Morocco	$94
$50	Arm Chair, in Gray Spanish Leather	$25
$54	Table, with Octagon top	$27

FOR THE DINING ROOM

$3375	Twenty-Piece Adam Model Mahogany Suite	$1685
$350	Mahogany Sideboard and China Closet	$175
$408	Four-Piece Jacobean Oak Suite	$204
$214	Four-Piece Mahogany Suite	$107
$270	Sheraton Model Mahogany Sideboard and China Closet	$135
$92.75	Mahogany 54-inch Table	$46
$64	Jacobean Oak China Closet	$32
$30	Quartered Oak Buffet	$15
$150	Adam Model Mahogany China Closet	$75
$50	Mahogany Buffet	$25
$27	Colonial Mahogany Serving Table	$13.50

Seventh Floor

GIANTS LOSE TO PIRATES—DODGERS AND YANKEES WIN—GOLF STARS PRACTICE AT DETROIT

GIANTS DEFEATED IN CLOSE BATTLE

Hans Wagner Plays the Leading Role in Giving Pittsburgh a 2 to 1 Victory.

No matter what the Giants may do, whether they play moderately good baseball or decidedly bad, the result is the same—they lose. If they play well, the other team usually paces just a trifle faster. That was the condition at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and at the end of nine innings the Pirates took the game by a score of 2 to 1. Naturally, the Giants weren't striding along at anything like pennant speed, but they played a good game, as baseball goes this year.

The one really bright light of the game, however, was not a Giant; it was none other than Honus Wagner. Hans, you must certainly have found that fountain of youth. The years may be upon Hans, nineteen of them in the big league, but they do not hang heavy. If yesterday may be taken as an example, or either of the other games at the Polo Grounds, for that matter, Hans has assuredly regained the youth of his twentieth year. He is as nimble as ever, and yesterday fielded in a brilliant manner.

That which follows hereafter is in no wise told as proof of waning prowess. It is just one of those managerial judgments which the public can never understand. Kelly, George Kelly, nephew of the great Bill Lange, is the subject of controversy. For just about nine games Kelly has played with the Giants in one capacity or another. And in that time Kelly has never made a hit. He got a base on balls once and he made a sacrifice fly. For the last few days Kelly has been acting in the capacity of pinch hitter. Yesterday he struck out. Dick Kinsella for nine long days has been watching for Kelly to make a hit. If the strain continues it may prove fatal.

Larry Doyle was playing yesterday just as Larry ought to play every day. Sometimes he makes needless fumbles. Not so in that game with the Pirates. He even stepped over the bounds of his own realm and gobbled up the chances that he was afraid somebody else might miss. In the second inning he ran back for Gibson's pop fly to short right, made the difficult catch, and completed a double play on Baird, who had started off the bag confident that the sphere would fall safe.

The Pirates counted their first tally in the second inning, when Hinchman started with a clip to right that was good for a pair of bases. Hans Wagner had to get one of the three hits that he made yesterday just at that moment, and Hinchman perched on third. Another drive to right by McCarthy brought in the run. With Ralph Stroud faltering, it was Doyle who called a halt by completing the double play just mentioned. In the next inning Carey scored. He hit to centre and advanced on Collins's hit that bounded over Stroud's head. Johnston walked and Hinchman drove a sacrifice fly to right that scored Carey. An attempted double steal ended the inning.

The Giants made their lone tally in the fourth. Robertson grounded out at first. Doyle singled to centre. Merkle forced him, and the try for a double play resulted in a wild heave by McCarthy, so that Merkle gained second. The single that Fletcher drove to right scored the run. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	4	1	1	0	0
C'lins, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
J'ston, 1b.	3	0	0	14	0
H'm'n, rf.	3	1	2	3	0
W'g'r, ss.	4	0	2	3	5
McC'y, 2b.	3	0	2	3	4
Baird, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1
G'son, c.	3	0	1	2	1
Kantl'r, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	31	2	9	27	14

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
Grant, 3b.	3	0	0	2	0
Kelly, 1b.	1	0	0	1	0
R'tson, rf.	4	0	0	3	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	1	2	5
M'kle, cf.	4	1	0	1	0
F'cher, ss.	4	0	2	2	3
B'nard, 1b, 3b.	3	0	0	7	4
Meyers, c.	3	0	1	5	1
Stroud, p.	2	0	2	0	2
*Bab'ton	1	0	0	0	0
Sch'r, p.	0	0	0	1	1
Total	33	1	7	27	16

*Batted for Stroud in the eighth inning.

Errors—McCarthy, 2.

Pittsburgh	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Hinchman, Wagner. Stolen bases—Fletcher, Doyle, Burns. Earned runs—Pittsburgh, 2. Sacrifice fly—Hinchman. Double plays—Doyle and Brainard; Wagner and Johnston. Left on bases—New York, 5; Pittsburgh, 5. First base on errors—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Stroud, 1; off Schauer, 1. Hits—Off Stroud, 8 in 8 innings; off Schauer, 1 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Stroud, 1; by Kantlehner, 2. Wild pitch—Schauer. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Cockill. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes.

Cubs and Braves in a Tie.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Chicago and Boston had scored four runs each when darkness stopped the game after nine innings today. The Braves' early lead of four runs looked good, with the recruit pitcher, Nehf, working well. The Chicagos earned two runs in the sixth, and poor fielding by Maranville and Smith put them in position to tie the score in the seventh. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	2	0	0	2	0
M'ray, lf.	2	0	0	0	0
Fisher, ss.	3	1	2	0	2
Sch'te, lf, cf.	4	0	3	4	0
Z'man, 2b.	4	0	0	1	1
Saier, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1
W'ms, cf.	1	0	0	1	0
K'sely, cf.	3	1	0	1	0
P'lan, 3b.	4	1	1	0	2
Archer, c.	4	0	0	7	0
Adams, p.	1	0	0	0	2
*Br'han	0	0	0	0	0
Zabel,	0	1	0	0	0
†McL'ry	1	0	0	0	0
Lav'der, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	6	27	8

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
F'pat'k, rf.	2	1	0	1	0
§Connolly	1	0	0	0	0
Moran, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Evers, 2b.	4	1	1	0	3
S'dg's, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Magee, lf.	3	0	1	2	0
S'midt, 1b.	4	1	1	8	1
Smith, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
M'v'le, ss.	3	1	1	1	1
Whal'g, c.	3	0	0	11	0
Nehf, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Hughes, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Total	32	4	7	‡26	9

*Batted for Adams in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Zabel in the seventh inning.
‡Archer out; coacher's interference.
§Batted for Fitzpatrick in the seventh inning.

Errors—Archer, Smith, Maranville, Snodgrass.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	—4
Boston	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	—4

Game called; darkness.

Two-base hits—Maranville, Schulte. Sacrifice fly—Magee. Sacrifice hit—Maranville. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Boston, 8. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 4; off Lavender, 1; off Nehf, 2. Hits—Off Adams, 5 in 5 innings; off Zabel, none in 1 inning; off Lavender, 2 in 3 innings; off Nehf, 4 in 6 innings, (none out in seventh;) off Hughes, 2 in 3 innings. Struck out—By Zabel, 1; by Lavender, 3; by Adams, 3; by Nehf, 6; by Hughes, 4. Wild pitch—Adams. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Quigley. Time of game—Two hours and seventeen minutes.

Reds Again Fall Before Phillies.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—Mayer was in fine form and received excellent support today, and Philadelphia defeated Cincinnati 4 to 1. The home team secured two runs in the opening inning on Stock's double, a sacrifice, two errors, an out, and a wild pitch. Dale and Mayer then had a battle until the eighth inning, when the latter's single sent in two runners. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, 3b.	3	1	2	0	2
B'c'ft, ss.	2	1	0	2	2
Pask't, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
C'v'th, rf.	2	0	0	2	0
Lud's, 1b.	2	0	1	11	1
W'ted, lf.	3	0	1	4	0
N'h'f, 2b.	3	1	0	2	5
B. K'fer, c.	4	1	1	5	2
Mayer, p.	4	0	2	0	1
Total	27	4	7	27	13

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh, 3b.	4	0	1	1	5
H'zog, ss.	2	0	0	0	3
W'ms, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
W. K'r, cf.	4	0	1	2	1
G'f'th, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Wingo, c.	3	0	0	3	3
Wag'r, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
M'w'tz, 1b.	3	0	0	14	0
Dale, p.	3	0	1	0	3
Total	30	1	5	24	17

Errors—Herzog, Dale.

Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	.	—4
Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Stock. Home run—Griffith. Stolen bases—Niehoff, B. Killifer. Earned runs—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 3. Sacrifice hits—Stock, Bancroft, Luderus, Whitted. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 8. First base on error—Philadelphia. Bases on balls—Off Dale, 5; off Mayer, 2. Struck out—By Dale, 2; by Mayer, 4. Wild pitch—Dale. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

Yankees Buy New Pitcher.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 26.—Manager Dunn of the Richmond International League team announced today the sale of Allen Russell, pitcher, to the New York American League club for $8,500 for delivery about Sept. 7.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Pittsburgh, 2; New York, 1.
Brooklyn, 3; St. Louis, 1.
Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 1.
Boston, 4; Chicago, 4.
(Called in ninth; darkness.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 6; Cleveland, 5.
Detroit, 7; Boston, 6.
(Twelve innings.)
Washington, 2; Chicago, 1.
(Thirteen innings.)
St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 1.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn, 11; Baltimore, 9.
(Twelve innings.)
Newark, 4; Buffalo, 1.
Kansas City, 6; Pittsburgh, 5.
St. Louis, 10; Chicago, 5.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Buffalo, 3; Richmond, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
Philadelphia	63	50	.558
Brooklyn	63	55	.534
Boston	59	54	.522
Chicago	57	57	.500
Pittsburgh	57	61	.483
St. Louis	57	62	.479
New York	52	60	.464
Cincinnati	54	63	.462

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
Boston	76	38	.667
Detroit	75	42	.641
Chicago	71	46	.607
Washington	59	55	.518
New York	54	56	.491
St. Louis	45	72	.385
Cleveland	44	71	.383
Philadelphia	35	79	.307

FEDERAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
Pittsburgh	65	51	.560
Newark	64	51	.557
Kansas City	65	54	.546
Chicago	65	55	.542
St. Louis	62	56	.525
Buffalo	58	66	.468
Brooklyn	57	65	.467
Baltimore	40	78	.339

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
Providence	72	39	.649
Buffalo	67	40	.627
Montreal	57	53	.518
Harrisburg	52	57	.477
Toronto	53	58	.477
Rochester	50	59	.459
Richmond	49	66	.426
Jersey City	40	68	.370

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Pittsburgh at New York.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn at Buffalo.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.
Kansas City at St. Louis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Montreal at Harrisburg.
Buffalo at Richmond.

WON'T GO TO TORONTO.

Refusal of Unconditional Release May Drive Marquard to Feds.

Rube Marquard may have been released by the Giants to the Toronto Club of the International League, but according to Rube that fact isn't going to drive him to the Dominion city. Rube refuses to play with Toronto. That was the way he felt about the release yesterday. John McGraw, on the other hand, insists that Marquard go to Toronto. The Giants will not give Rube his unconditional release, as they did to Murray and Snodgrass, and Marquard's interpretation of the attitude toward him is that McGraw is stinging under the criticism that has been heaped upon him for the release of Murray and Snodgrass, both of whom have been making good, Murray with the Cubs and Snodgrass with the Braves.

It is this attitude of the Giants that lends some credence to the report that there is more involved in the Toronto transaction than merely the release of Rube. Though it is denied that the purchase of Herbert, the Toronto pitcher, hinges on the obtaining by Toronto of Marquard, the belief that there is some such condition persists.

Judging from Marquard's strong prejudice against going to the minors, it is believed now that he will attempt to renew relations with the Federal League. His first dealing with the Federal League last Spring, however, may have left a prejudice in the outlaw organization which he will find a barrier to playing there.

NEW YORK PRINTERS LOSE.

Three Clubs to Play Final Round in the Union Tournament.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—St. Louis drew the bye and will play either Indianapolis or Washington here tomorrow in the final game for the championship of the Union Printers' National Baseball League. New York, St. Paul, and Cincinnati were eliminated in the semi-final round played today. Indianapolis and Washington meet tomorrow morning and the final game will be played in the afternoon. Scores:

										R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	1	.	—6	12	3
New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2	7	5

Batteries—Bennett and Cutting; Dooley and Whiting.

										R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	1	.	—7	7	4
St. Paul	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—2	5	2

Batteries—Eggert and Kelly; Ewald and Beyer.

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	5	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	—10	8	7
Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	—7	9	0

Batteries—Nieman and Meyers; Sauer, Paff, Feare, and Gannen.

Pitcher Kelly for Pirates.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26.—Herbert Kelly, one of the Atlanta Southern Club's pitchers, will join the Pittsburgh National League team at the end of this week, it was announced here today. Kelly is the property of the Pirates, and was sent to the local club this season under an optional agreement.

Marsans Out for Two Weeks.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Armando Marsans, the Cuban infielder with the St. Louis Federals, will be out of the game for at least two weeks, physicians attending him said today. Marsans was seriously spiked in the game with Chicago on Tuesday. It was the fourth game he had played in nearly two seasons, as he had been idle because of court action taken by the Cincinnati Nationals, from which club he jumped to the Federals.

Palmero Signs with the Giants.

Emilio Palmero, the young Cuban pitcher, who is now with the Rochester Club of the International League, yesterday signed a contract with the Giants for 1916. Palmero trained with McGraw's team at Marlin last Spring, and he has shown remarkable pitching ability with Rochester this season.

DOUGLASS HAS BIG DAY IN BROOKLYN

Dodger Pitcher Subdues Cardinals and Drives in Two Runs—Score, 3 to 1.

Shuffling Phil Douglass of somewhere down in Tennessee is one of those big, lazy pitchers who moves fast about once every season. Yesterday was Phil's day. He not only pitched the Brooklyns to a victory over the St. Looey Cards, but he also batted in two of Brooklyn's three runs. The final reckoning was 3 to 1.

Manager Robinson's pitchers are developing such a talent for batting that before the season is over the outfield may see three twirlers out there catching flies. Douglass's performance yesterday included a double and two singles out of three times up, which is just about as good as anybody, including Ty Cobb, could do.

That two-bagger which Douglass made could easily be construed into a three-bagger or a home run by anybody but Douglass. The game brought to light Leon Ames, one time with the Giants. Ames pitched pretty well, but not quite as well as Douglass. Leon retired in the eighth to make way for pinch hitter Ham Hyatt, and the pastime was finished by Lee Meadows, the young man who wears bay windows when he pitches.

Yesterday's gathering was neither large nor emotional. In size, the crowd would remind you of the bunch which stands on a corner at night to watch the Salvation Army lass pound the bass drum. The only semblance of noise during the afternoon was made by Umpire Lord Byron when he opened his mouth to yell balls and strikes.

The Dodgers came to life yesterday and played the kind of ball which has kept them up in second place. They are persistently sticking to the Phillies and refuse to be lost in the shuffle. They are keeping their heads up in fine shape and act very much as if they firmly believed that they may cop the bunting.

The Cardinals got their only run in the first inning. Huggins got a pass and went to second on Butler's single to left. Bob Bescher sent Huggins along to third on a sacrifice, and he scored when Tommy Long whacked a stinging single through third. Cozy Dolan then hit into a double play.

The Dodgers also began to save up runs in the opening chapter. After Myers and O'Mara had succumbed at first, Jake Daubert spilled a triple in left field and went home on Zack Wheat's single. In the fifth, Getz singled and Otto Miller went out at first. Then Phil Douglass smashed a two-bagger to right centre and scored Getz. Stengel doubled in the seventh, and after Getz and Miller went out Douglass singled and pushed Stengel homeward. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Myers, cf.	4	0	0	3	1
O'M'a, ss.	4	0	0	1	1
D'bert, 1b.	4	1	1	11	0
Wheat, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	2	0	1	3	3
St'gel, rf.	2	1	1	2	0
Getz, 3b.	2	1	1	0	2
O. M'r, c.	3	0	0	4	1
D'gl's, p.	3	0	3	0	4
Total	28	3	8	27	12

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hug's, 2b.	3	1	0	2	3
B'tler, ss.	4	0	2	2	2
B'cher, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Long, lf.	4	0	2	3	0
Dolan, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
J. M'r, 1b.	4	0	0	13	0
Betzel, 3b.	3	0	0	1	4
Snyder, c.	3	0	0	2	2
Ames, p.	2	0	0	0	5
*Hyatt	1	0	1	0	0
Mead's, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	1	7	24	16

*Batted for Ames in the eighth inning.

Error—O. Miller.

Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	.	—3
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Butler, Stengel, Douglas. Three-base hit—Daubert. Stolen base—Dolan. Earned runs—St. Louis, 1; Brooklyn, 3. Sacrifice hits—Bescher, Dolan, Stengel, Getz. Double play—Cutshaw and Daubert. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 4. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 1; off Douglas, 1. Hits—Off Ames, 8 in seven innings; off Meadows, none in one inning. Struck out—By Ames, 1; by Meadows, 1; by Douglas, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Eason. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn Beats Terrapins in 12-Inning Battle by Score of 11 to 9.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 26.—Brooklyn and Baltimore fought a twelve-inning battle today, Brooklyn finally putting across three runs and winning by 11 to 9. Knabe used fifteen players in an effort to put over a win. This gave Brooklyn four out of five for the first series under Ganzel. The score:

													R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	2	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	—11	17	3
Baltimore	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	1	—9	15	3

Batteries—Walker, Upham, Wiltse, Frank Smith, and H. Smith; Bender, Quinn, Bailey, and Owens.

St. Louis Trims the Chifeds.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Facing a cold north wind which all but discouraged spectators, St. Louis won the fifth and deciding game of the series with Chicago, 10 to 5. Brown started for the locals, but was removed in the fourth, when five runs had been scored off him. Fifteen hits were made off Willett and only excellent support saved the game for him. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	0	4	0	0	2	3	0	0	—10	9	0
Chicago	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	0	—5	15	3

Batteries—Willett and Hartley; Brown, Black, and Fischer.

Newark Captures Last of Series.

Newark took the last game of the series from Buffalo at Harrison Park yesterday by a score of 4 to 1. Earl Moseley, the home pitcher, had the Blues baffled all the way, while his team-mates had little trouble in hitting Hugh Bedient and Ed Lafitte. Moseley contributed a three-bagger to his team's success. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1	5	5
Newark	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	.	—4	12	0

Batteries—Bedient, Lafitte, and Allen, Moseley and Rariden.

Kansas City Takes Close Game.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 26.—Kansas City defeated Pittsburgh, 6 to 5, here today. Both teams hit hard and timely, each side making thirteen hits. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	0	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	—6	13	2
Pittsburgh	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	—5	13	0

Batteries—Main and Easterly; Comstock, Hearne, Dickson, and O'Connor.

Double No-Hit Game.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 26.—Fort Scott defeated Rich Hill here yesterday, 1 to 0. Neither pitcher allowed a hit, an error giving Fort Scott the only run in the game. Mahles struck out fourteen men and Shinn eight. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Rich Hill	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	0	4
Fort Scott	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	0	4

Batteries—Shinn and Serig; Mahles and Dempsey.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Kansas City—Cleveland, 7; Kansas City, 6. Kansas City, 5; Cleveland, 0.
At St. Paul—Indianapolis, 8; St. Paul, 4. St. Paul, 10; Indianapolis, 2.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 4; Columbus, 1.
At Minneapolis—Louisville, 3; Minneapolis, 1.

New York State League.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 3; Binghamton, 1.
At Utica—Elmira, 2; Utica, 1.
At Scranton—Scranton, 5; Albany, 0. Scranton, 5; Albany, 1.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 1; Troy, 0. Wilkesbarre, 1; Troy, 0.

New England League.

At Portland—Portland, 5; Lowell, 0.
At Fitchburg—Fitchburg, 5; Manchester, 1.
At Lawrence—Lawrence, 7; Worcester, 1.
At Lewiston—Lewiston, · Lynn, 1.

Colonial League.

At New Bedford—New Bedford, 3; New Haven, 2. (Fourteen innings.)
At Hartford—Hartford, 4; Brockton, 3.
At Springfield—Springfield, 3; Pawtucket, 0.

Southern Association.

At Atlanta—Nashville, 3; Atlanta, 0.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 1; Memphis, 1. (Fourteen innings; darkness.)
At New Orleans—New Orleans, 4; Chattanooga, 1.
At Mobile—Mobile, 6; Little Rock, 2.

HAS McINNIS JUMPED?

Connie Mack's First Baseman Has Been Missing for Ten Days.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—Has "Stuffy" McInnis, star first baseman of the Athletics, and the only remaining cog in the famous $100,000 infield, jumped to the Federals? This is the puzzling question today among baseball fans in this city who have followed the breaking up of the old Athletics' champion team.

McInnis is not with the Athletics in St. Louis. A letter mailed to him has been returned to the writer in Philadelphia. It is said that Connie Mack has wired to various points in the country in an effort to locate his star.

It is known that E. C. Gordon, a representative of the Wards in Brooklyn, interviewed McInnis three days before the team left for the West and that an attractive offer was made. In fact McInnis said at the time:

"I am deeply grateful for what Connie Mack has done for me, but I have received an offer that it will be hard to turn down."

It is believed in some circles that McInnis has joined or will join the Brooklyn Federal team. On the other hand, it is thought by some that a deal is on for the sale of McInnis to the St. Louis Browns, although Connie Mack has denied that the matter had been discussed. McInnis left the team ten days ago to visit his mother, who was ill in Boston. It is said that messages from Manager Mack to the Hub received no reply.

COBB'S TENTH ANNIVERSARY

Detroit Speed Boy Once in His Career Gave Way for a Pinch Hitter.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26.—Tyrus Raymond Cobb, often referred to as the greatest baseball player in the world, today celebrated the tenth anniversary of his debut as a major league player. No special ceremony was planned by Detroit fans to mark the occasion, and he received a present of a bouquet of roses from his admirers.

Cobb's path of fame which he blazed for himself, has probably never been equalled in the history of baseball. For eight successive seasons he has been champion batsman of the American League. His average for the present season is about .380, and it seems almost a human impossibility for any of his rivals to wrest the crown from him this year. No batter has ever made such a record.

On Aug. 26, 1905, a tall, nervous appearing boy of nineteen years from the Augusta, (Ga.). Club, in a Class C league, donned a Detroit uniform and was sent to centre field by Manager Bill Armour to replace Dick Cooley. The player was Cobb; Cooley never got his job back. Cobb became a regular that afternoon and has never felt the sting of being benched.

Washington Wins in Thirteenth.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—A new world's record for consecutive innings played in three consecutive games by two clubs was established here today, when the Chicago White Sox and Washington Senators battled thirteen innings, the latter winning, 2 to 1. Incidentally, it was the fourth straight extra-inning game played in Chicago, making a total of eighty-nine innings played in six days. On two of the six days double-headers were played. The visitors were handed the game by the locals after one of the most interesting pitching duels seen here this season between Boehling and Russell. Washington won the game through the poor work of Blackburne and Leibold's poor throw to the plate.

The visitors made their first run in the twelfth. Williams singled to centre and went to second on Jackson's fumble. Jackson then threw to the Chicago bench, the ball evading several of the local infielders. Williams took third and Umpire Dineen motioned him home. The Chicago manager protested, but to no avail. Chicago tied it up in its half. E. Collins doubled and Felsch singled after Jackson had walked. Leibold batted for Johns, and E. Collins scored on his infield out. Up to the twelfth inning neither club was able to get a man past second, and only two men on each club got that far. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, lf.	6	0	0	1	0
Foster, 2b.	5	0	2	2	4
Milan, cf.	4	1	0	6	0
Sh'ks, 3b.	5	0	0	2	3
G'dil, 1b.	5	0	2	14	0
Acosta, rf.	5	0	0	4	0
W'ms, c.	5	1	1	8	2
McB'e, ss.	5	0	2	2	4
Boehl'g, p.	4	0	0	0	1
Johnson, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	44	2	7	39	14

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	6	0	0	2	0
J. C'ns, 1b.	6	0	1	13	0
E. C'ns, 2b.	6	1	1	4	1
J'kson, cf.	4	0	1	5	0
Felsch, lf.	5	0	2	4	0
Bl'b'e, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0
W'ver, ss.	5	0	0	1	8
Johns, 3b.	4	0	2	2	2
L'bold, lf.	1	0	0	2	0
Daly, c.	5	0	0	6	1
Russell, p.	4	0	0	0	4
Total	46	1	7	39	11

Errors—Shanks, McBride, Jackson, (2,) Weaver.

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Felsch, E. Collins, Williams, J. Collins. Earned runs—Chicago, 1; Washington, 1. Sacrifice hits—Milan, Johnson. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Washington, 5. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Washington, 1. Bases on balls—Off Boehling, 2. Hits—Off Boehling, 5 in eleven innings, (none out in twelfth;) off Johnson, 2 in two innings. Struck out—By Russell, 5; by Boehling, 6; by Johnson, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and Dineen.

Lowly Athletics Lose Again.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—St. Louis pounded Bressler for thirteen hits in five innings today, while Koob was invincible, and the locals were victorious, 10 to 1, making a clean sweep of the series with Philadelphia. The visitors' sole run came in the sixth on two singles and an error by Pratt. In the fifth inning Lajoie struck out with the bases full. Pillion, a semi-professional from Philadelphia, replaced Bressler in the sixth and pitched in good style. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Austin, 3b.	5	1	1	1	2
Pratt, 2b.	4	2	1	4	5
W'ker, cf.	5	1	3	1	0
Ja'bson, rf.	3	2	1	3	0
H'ard, 1b.	3	2	2	11	0
Lavan, ss.	4	1	3	0	5
S'reid, c.	4	1	1	6	0
Koob, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Total	34	10	14	27	12

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kopf, ss.	2	0	0	1	3
Strunk, 1b.	2	0	0	12	0
Sch'ng, 3b.	3	0	1	1	4
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
Oldring, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Walsh, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Davies, cf.	4	1	1	3	1
McAvoy, c.	4	0	1	2	3
Bressler, p.	1	0	0	0	1
*Malone	1	0	0	0	0
Pillion, p.	0	0	0	0	1
†Lapp	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	3	24	15

*Batted for Bressler in sixth inning.
†Batted for Pillion in ninth inning.

Errors—Strunk, Lajoie, Bressler, Pratt.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
St. Louis	0	2	1	0	7	0	0	0	.	—10

Two-base hits—Jacobson, Lavan, Pratt. Earned runs—St. Louis, 7. Sacrifice hit—Koob. Double plays—Kopf, Lajoie, and Strunk; Schang and Strunk; Pratt and Howard. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Bressler, 4; off Pillion, 1; off Koob, 7. Hits—Off Bressler, 13 in 5 innings; off Pillion, 1 in 3 innings. Struck out—By Bressler, 1; by Koob, 5. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Chill. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Wortman Afraid to Jump.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 26.—Hearing of the injunction suit brought by the Kansas City American Association Baseball Company to restrain certain Federal League officials from making offers to Association players, opened in the circuit court here today. William Wortman, an infielder on the local Association team, said he told Hap Meyers of the Brooklyn Federals when that club was in Kansas City last, that he would jump for a $3,000-a-year contract and a bonus of $1,000 for signing. Later he said he told Meyers he did not believe he could jump because of his iron-bound contract with the Association team. That was all that came of the negotiations, he said. A decision in the case was expected late today.

Baseball Kills Boy.

WHITESBURG, Ky., Aug. 26.—Forester Adams, 13 years old, was almost instantly killed yesterday when he was struck by a thrown ball. The lad was watching a game between playmates. His death is said to be the first in Kentucky this year as a result of baseball playing.

Browns Buy a Catcher.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—Announcement was made today that the St. Louis Americans had signed George Hale, catcher of the Birmingham Southern team.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Richmond.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3	10	2
Richmond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1	3	1

Batteries—Bader and Onslow; Cottrell and Sweeney.

Only game scheduled.

YANKEES' VICTORY COMES IN NINTH

New Yorkers Hit Ball Hard and Win from Cleveland in Close Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—If Rip Hagerman had not been wild in the first inning, if the same Rip had been effective in the seventh round, had Steve O'Neill nipped Doc Cook stealing in the ninth, Cleveland might have won from New York at Somers Park today. Unfortunately for Cleveland, however, Rip had two lapses and Steve did not prevent Cook from stealing and New York was returned the victor by a 6 to 5 score.

All along it has been said that Bobby Roth, the outfielder obtained from Chicago in the Jackson deal, could hit. A few Clevelanders became skeptical when Bobby went three games without getting even a single. Today Bobby demonstrated that he could hit when he smote the ball with much vigor and energy, making a single and two triples in four times up. His three sackers helped Ray Chapman to score three runs. Had it not been for Bobby, Cleveland would not have cut much figure in the ball game, for the remainder of the Indians were mystified by Carroll Brown, the Yankee hurler, and that former resident of Dayton, Cy Pieh, who succeeded Brown on the firing line.

Bobby, however, was not the only athlete to gather his hits in packages. Roger Peckinpaugh, who generally hits the ball hard at Somers Park, again wielded his bludgeon with effect. He banged out three singles and two of them came in innings when the Yanks scored.

New York sent eight men to bat in the first inning. With one out, Peck singled and Maisel walked. Pipp fouled to Kirke, after which Shelton and High walked, Peck being forced in. Boone's single over second scored two more. Cleveland came right back with one on Chapman's pass and Roth's triple, and then Brown tightened up and kept Roth sticking to third when the inning ended. Chapman, however, scored again in the third. Another pass, Roth's infield out and Graney's infield hit pushed him across the plate.

The count stood 3 to 2 in New York's favor until the seventh was reached. Then singles by Krueger, Cook, Peck, and Maisel resulted in two runs. The Indians, however, did not give up, tying the score in the eighth on Chapman's single, Roth's triple, Kirke's double and Smith's single. Cy Pieh then came to the rescue, and the Indians were unable to score again.

Not so with the Yankees. Cook began the ninth with a single off Harstad and, after Peck had fanned, stole second and took third on O'Neill's bad throw, scoring the winning run on Maisel's single over first. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cook, rf.	5	2	2	2	0
Peck, ss.	5	1	3	0	4
Maisel, 3b.	4	1	2	0	4
Pipp, 1b.	5	0	0	13	2
Shelton, cf.	4	1	0	2	0
High, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
Boone, 2b.	3	0	1	3	2
Kruger, c.	3	1	1	4	2
Brown, p.	4	0	1	1	2
Pieh, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Total	35	6	10	27	16

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
C'man, ss.	2	3	1	1	5
Roth, cf.	4	1	3	4	0
Graney, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Kirke, 1b.	4	1	1	13	0
Smith, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
B'bare, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
W'g's, 2b.	2	0	0	2	5
O'Neill, c.	4	0	0	6	2
Ha'man, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Harstad, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Wille	1	0	0	0	0
†Evans	1	0	0	0	0
‡S'worth	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	7	27	16

*Batted for Hagerman in seventh inning.
†Batted for Wambsganss in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Harstad in ninth inning.

Error—O'Neill.

Cleveland	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	—5
New York	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	—6

Earned runs—Cleveland, 5; New York, 5. Two-base hits—Kirke. Three-base hits—Roth, 2. Sacrifice hit—Graney. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, 2; Maisel. Hits—Off Hagerman, 8 in 7 innings; off Harstad, 2 in 2 innings; off Brown, 7 in 7 1-3 innings; off Pieh, none in 1 2-3 innings. First base on balls—By Hagerman, 4; by Harstad, 1; by Brown, 4. Hit by pitcher—Hagerman, (Kruger.) Struck out—By Hagerman, 5; by Harstad, 1; by Brown, 2. Wild pitches—Hagerman, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; New York, 8. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Wallace and Connolly.

Cobb Scores Winning Run.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26.—Detroit and Boston today played the third hair-raising ball game of their crucial series, and the Tigers won it in the twelfth inning, 7 to 6. Muffs by Burns and Cobb in the ninth enabled the league leaders to score four tallies and enjoy a one-run lead. Cobb opened the twelfth with a single to left, took second on Crawford's sacrifice, and walked home when Veach hit to the left field wall.

The Tigers bunched five hits for four runs off Foster in the fourth inning. Extra-base hits gave Boston a run in the sixth and another in the seventh. After Cobb was called out trying to steal second in the fifth inning, he twice caught Umpire O'Loughlin by the arm but was allowed to remain in the game. President Johnson of the American League saw the incident. Cobb celebrated the tenth anniversary of his debut as a Detroit player, and was presented with a bouquet of roses. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt, 3b.	5	0	2	0	5
Bush, ss.	6	1	2	0	8
Cobb, cf.	4	2	2	4	0
C'ford, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Veach, lf.	5	1	3	1	0
Burns, 1b.	5	1	1	25	0
Young, 2b.	5	0	0	1	8
St'ge, c.	4	1	0	3	0
Dauss, p.	2	0	1	0	3
Cov'e, p.	1	0	0	0	2
§Kav'gh	0	1	0	0	0
Total	41	7	12	36	26

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'p'er, rf.	5	1	2	1	0
Scott, ss.	6	0	0	0	7
Sp'ker, cf.	6	0	2	6	1
H'lit'l, 1b.	4	0	2	12	0
G'ner, 1b.	1	0	0	3	0
Lewis, lf.	5	1	1	3	0
Gard'r, 3b.	6	1	1	0	1
Barry, 2b.	3	0	0	3	[illegible]
W'g'r, 2b.	1	0	0	0	1
Thomas, c.	2	0	0	5	2
C'gan, c.	1	0	1	1	1
Foster, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Leon'd, p.	1	0	0	0	1
*H'ksen	1	1	1	0	0
†Janvrin	0	1	0	0	0
‡Ruth	1	1	0	0	0
Total	46	6	10	¶34	19

*Batted for Barry in ninth inning.
†Ran for Thomas in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Foster in ninth inning.
¶One out when winning run scored.
§Batted for Dauss in ninth inning.

Errors—Scott, Bush, Cobb, Burns.

Detroit	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Dauss, Veach, (2,) Bush. Three-base hits—Hoblitzel, (2,) Hooper, Gardner. Stolen bases—Cobb, Crawford. Earned runs—Boston, 2; Detroit, 6. Sacrifice hits—Crawford, (2,) Vitt, Gainer. Double plays—Bush to Young to Burns. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Detroit, 9. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Detroit, 1. Bases on balls—Off Foster, 3; off Dauss, 2; off Leonard, 2. Hits—Off Foster, 9 in 8 innings; off Leonard, 3 in 3 1-3 innings; off Dauss, 8 in 9 innings; off Coveleskie, 2 in 3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Foster (Stanage.) Struck out—By Foster, 1; by Dauss, 2; by Leonard 1. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-four minutes.

Planning New Yankee Park.

The same firm that built the Boston Braves' new stadium may secure the contract for the new baseball park of the Yankees. Colonel Ruppert and Captain Huston are now in Cleveland going over the plans with this concern. The promise is that the American League Park in this city will rank as one of the finest in the country.

Louisville Sells Catcher Clemons.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 26.—Vernon Clemons, for the last three years catcher for the Louisville American Association Club, has been traded to the St. Louis Americans for five players, President O. H. Wathen of the Louisville Club announced last night. Clemons will report to the St. Louis Club at the close of the association season. Four of the players to be secured from St. Louis will be named at the opening of the association season next year. They are to be two pitchers, a catcher, and an outfielder.

Cleveland A. A. Club on Road.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 26.—The Cleveland American Association Baseball Club, until two years ago the Toledo Club in the same league, will be kept on the road for the balance of the 1915 season owing to a message received here late last night from Charles Somers, owner.

The message came to local promoters who have been trying for several months to buy the club, but without avail because of what was considered an exorbitant price.

The statement from the Cleveland magnate read to the effect that the Spiders will never play another game in Cleveland.

New York Clubs Buy Outfielders.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 26.—The Norfolk Club of the Virginia League announced today the sale of Outfielder Frank Thrasher to the New York Nationals for $2,500, and Outfielder Flynn to the New York Americans for $1,500. Thrasher has a batting average of [illegible] so far this season.

FRASER CAPTURES RUN.

Junior Half-Mile Champion Wins Handicap at Alpha Games.

Eddie Fraser of the Irish-American A. C., junior half-mile champion, yesterday won the 1,000-yards handicap which featured the games of the Alpha Physical Culture Club at Ulmer Park. Starting with a handicap of five yards on the scratch man, Fraser ran through his field in great style, and triumphed easily by fifteen yards, with William Goode, of the Alpha Club, off 40 yards, the runner up. Louis Granger, carrying the colors of the St. Christopher Club, finished a few yards back of Goode.

Colored athletes were victors in the majority of the events, the Smart Set A. C. and Salem Crescent A. C. dividing the spoils. In the medley relay handicap, in which seven teams faced the starter, the Salem Crescent quartet won in hollow fashion. Their team composed of Pendleton, Foster, Adamson, and Brunson, ran the mile route in 3:37 4-5. They were pressed by the Smart Set A. C. squad, Murray, Thompson, Powe, and Bailey, with the Prudential A. C. and Bronx Church House teams next to cross the finish line.

Reginald Austin, unattached, a tyro of no mean ability, captured the 75-yard dash for novices in 8 2-5 seconds, with so much to spare that he turned round to look at the second man as he flashed by the judges. Second prize went to Sidney Greenberg of the Trinity Club, with Fred Jurgens of the Prudential A. A. taking third laurels.

Again in the 100-yard dash handicap, a colored sprinter demonstrated superior ability when A. Pendleton Jr., Salem Crescent A. C., with 4 yards, led home the field in 10 2-5 seconds. J. P. Moonan, unattached, with 7 yards allowance, and W. J. Gray of the Orange High School, with 5½ yards, were second and third respectively.

The running high jump handicap went to Louis Conrad, unattached, with a total leap of 5 feet 10⅛ inches. Henry Ludtke, of St. George's Club, who had three inches handicap, jumped 5 feet 6½ inches and took second place. James C. Smith, a rangy colored boy of the Manhattan A. C., had plenty of speed left near the finish of the novice mile, and triumphed by a big margin in 5:04.

B. T. Harvey, of the St. Christopher A. C., found little difficulty in landing the 300-yard handicap, in which he started from the 6-yard mark.

LIFT BAN ON ATHLETES.

Men Who Competed in 'Phone Club Games Reinstated by A. A. U.

All the registered athletes who were suspended for competing in the closed games of the Telephone Club several weeks ago were reinstated by the Registration Committee, A. A. U., at a meeting held last night in the clubrooms of the American Express Company, Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street. Eddie Emes of the Bronx Church House, national junior indoor jumping champion, and J. Ryan of the Knights of St. Anthony, a junior metropolitan title holder, are the most important of the men reinstated.

The Registration Committee decided that a mistake had been made in this case by an official. The Telephone Club applied for a sanction, and it was granted in one quarter and denied in another. At the time the Registration Committee refused a sanction all of the men who wanted to compete in the games were not registered and could not have taken out A. A. U. cards in time for the meet. Emes and Ryan can keep whatever prizes they have won since they automatically suspended themselves by competing in the unsanctioned sports.

Fred Kaiser of the New York A. C., former champion distance walker, was ordered to apologize to William Parry, judge of the walk in the senior metropolitan championships, and failure to do so within ten days will mean his suspension for thirty days. Kaiser appeared before the committee and agreed to put his apology, for alleged ungentlemanly conduct, in writing.

New Record for Woman Swimmer.

Miss Claire Galligan of the National Women's Life Saving League established a new record at Steeplechase Park last night when she swam 84 yards in 1:06 3-5. Miss Galligan's feat lowers by 7 2-5 seconds the record made for that distance by Miss Elaine Golding, who is regarded as one of the foremost woman swimmers in the country. Miss Galligan started from scratch in the 84-yard handicap swim, and Miss Daisy Greenhall, who finished second in the event, started with a three-seconds handicap. Miss Galligan overhauled Miss Greenhall after she had gone about fifty yards and made fast time to the finish mark, winning by several yards. Miss Josephine Bartlett of the National Women's Life Saving League won the fancy diving contest with 138.2 points, while Miss Lucy Freeman was second with 136.5. The 50-yard novice swim went to Miss Charlotte Boyle.

Caledonian Club's Annual Games.

The fifty-ninth annual games of the New York Caledonian Club will be held at Washington Park, Grand Street, Maspeth, L. I., on Labor Day. The program consists of thirty events, of which twenty-five are open to all. In addition to the usual field and track events, there are Highland dress, Highland dancing, and bagpipe competitions.

Bronx Church House Pays Dues.

That the Bronx Church House will remain a member of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union for another year at least became assured yesterday, when the annual dues of the club were turned over to Secretary-Treasurer Andrew F. Tully.

Ex-Racer Speedway's President.

Harry S. Harkness has been elected President of the Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation in place of Carl G. Fisher, who resigned owing to the demands of his business interests in Indianapolis and Miami, Fla. Mr. Harkness is the only son of the late L. V. Harkness.

It was natural that the Sheepshead Bay Speedway project should have appealed to Mr. Harkness, for in the early days of motor racing, from 1900 to 1906, he was one of its most conspicuous figures. In those days he was a frequent contender against Alexander Winton and the late Albert C. Bostwick in track races. Later, on road and hill, he made records that have never since been beaten.

Starting from the Boston Athletic Club on June 6, 1909, in the early hours of the morning, in his big Mercedes car, he made the 237½-mile run to the Central Bridge at the beginning of Jerome Avenue in 5 hours 38 minutes. This still stands as the Boston-to-New York record.

New England Wheelmen's Race.

The ten-mile handicap road race of the New England Wheelmen of New York will be run at Floral Park, L. I., Sept. 12. Thirty-one place prizes will be awarded. A silver loving cup will be awarded to the club with the largest number of entries. The race will be started at 10 A. M. The handicapping for this race will be done by the Handicapping Committee of the Interclub Amateur Cycle Roadracing League.

Kelly May Coach Maine University.

Jack Kelly, the Bronx Church House trainer, whose resignation will take effect on Oct. 1, may be engaged to coach the athletes of Maine University. Kelly has put in his application for the position, which is vacant at present. The Bronx trainer has had success with his athletes, turning out a number of good distance runners and dozens of winning cross-country teams.

Notre Dame to Play at West Point.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Aug. 26.—Jesse Harper, athletic director of Notre Dame University, today announced the football schedule for the coming season. It follows: Alma at Notre Dame, Oct. 2; Haskell Indians at Notre Dame, Oct. 9; University of Dakota at Notre Dame, Oct. 23; University of Nebraska at Lincoln, Oct. 30; Army at West Point, Nov. 6; Creighton University at Omaha, Nov. 13; University of Texas at Austin, Nov. 25; Rice Institute at Houston, Nov. 27.

CELESTINS
VICHY
Relieves DYSPEPSIA and HEARTBURN
Ask your Physician

Swimming And Diving Taught Privately to Both Sexes
Dalton Swimming School, 19 West 44th

SPORTING EVENTS.
BASEBALL, Polo Grounds today, 3:30 P.M.
GIANTS vs. PITTSBURGH.

GOLFERS PRACTICE OVER DETROIT LINKS

Fownes Makes Best Score in Preparation for National Amateur Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26.—Two special carloads of New York and other Eastern golf enthusiasts arrived here this afternoon on the Wolverine and signalized the fact that all is in readiness for the inauguration here at the Detroit Country Club of the national amateur golf championships.

While these do not begin until Saturday, the contest tomorrow for the American Golfers' Cup monopolizes immediate attention on the visitors' part, and speculation is rife whether or not some new star will be uncovered in this preliminary play. It is a club pair contest, four balls, best ball for the trophy. Entries and pairings will be made up to teeing-off time tomorrow afternoon. Meanwhile, the crack players who have been late arrivals will enjoy the morning getting themselves into shape over the tricky Grosse Point course. Announcement of the additional entries to the championship play means that the links will be a veritable swarm of golfers Saturday from sun-up to late in the evening.

Official pairings show that it will be necessary to start and maintain the match with expedition Saturday. At 9 o'clock the first pair will tee off, and pairs will start every five minutes thereafter until 2:40 P. M.

Sunday will be devoted to entertainment features, both the Country Club and the Pontchartrain Hotel, where United States Grand Army headquarters are being maintained, being the scenes of many reservations for dinners and other social events.

East played West in a ten-pair doubles today, and the West was returned victor, 3 to 2. Southerners, who were not included in the match, meanwhile went after individual records, and some fine cards were turned in as a result.

Of the "dark horses" talked about in preliminary speculation—and there is the usual quota—Jerome Schlotman of Detroit is expected to show up in surprisingly good fashion. In his match play in East vs. West he made the creditable score of 74, just one over par. He went out in 39 and in in 35. W. C. Fownes, Jr., star of the Oakmont Club, made the day's best score, a card of 73, in his play with the East-West contestants. He had as his partner Jesse Guilford of the Bellevue Country Club and they won their match against T. P. Allis 3d, and Alden Swift, representing the West, 6 up and 5 to play. Fownes's performance, in view of the cold weather and prevalent high winds, was little short of sensational. It was the first chance for Francis Ouimet to get the full round since his arrival, and he holed 81, which didn't satisfy him. The complete result of the East-West doubles follows:

Jerome D. Travers and Hamilton K. Kerr lost to J. K. Bole and Ned Sawyer, 6 and 4. Francis Ouimet and D. Clark Corkran lost to Chick Evans and Howard Lee, 2 and 1. Lee's card of 79 was an exceptionally good one. Frank Marston and T. Sherman lost to Standish and Schlotman, 2 and 1, and Anderson and Eben Byers won from Bankard and Paul Hunter. W. C. Fownes and Jesse Guilford defeated E. P. Allis, 3d, and Alden Swift, 6 and 5.

East and West singles took up the rest of the day. The pairings were with neither side going after records. Ouimet vs. Evans; Fownes vs. Sawyer; Marston vs. Standish; Anderson vs. Hunter; Travers vs. Allis; Sherman vs. Bankard; Corkran vs. Bole; Byers vs. Lee, and Kerr vs. Swift.

Special street car service direct to the links was arranged today, and this, with the fleet of automobiles provided for the visitors by the local club members, and the assignment of motor cars for the individual use of the officials, means that the transportation problem will be handled in better shape than for many previous amateur championships. It also assures a big gallery, and this doubtless will be the longest remembered feature of this year's play.

Reuben Push of the Audubon Club, Southern runner-up this year, equaled the work of Chick Evans of 76 for the round, and thereby earned a lot of the praise that the partisans of Bush have been predicting for him when the actual match play starts. Stiff northwest breezes swept the course, and the fact that today was the coldest August day in many years here made the visitors marvel at the change from Eastern weather. That it will have its reflex in competitive scores there seems no doubt, unless a change for more summerlike conditions should set in.

George V. Rotan of the Pine Valley Golf Club, Waco, Texas, is another Southerner who showed good form today, getting in with 78. Gilbert Waldo, Dan Altland, Paul Deming, and Raymond Russell, all Detroiters, furnished the best individual showings of the local talent. All of them were a trifle off their game, however.

What has featured all this preliminary play so far is the clever putting displayed. Visitors are loud in their praises of the Grosse Pointe greens, and this branch of the performances of all has been easy and at times spectacular.

"Chick" Evans, whose desire to get out on the greens before sun-up surprised the local contingent, confided tonight that he is in training for the championships, as he has been in all that he has played. "I have a set diet and regular routines of exercise," says Evans, and the Edgewater star makes no secret that he expects to be one of the big three at the finish, and that his chances look vastly better this year than in 1912, when he was runner-up to Travers at Chicago. Pairings for the American Golfers four-ball, best ball club pair match, were announced tonight as follows:

C. T. Dexter and J. F. Kendall, Dallas, versus F. W. Hunter and Hugh Vaughn, Bloomfield Hills; Walter Hagen and J. W. Herron, Exmoor, versus Chick Evans and Ned Sawyer, Edgewater; H. R. Louden and W. E. Fitch, Exmoor, versus J. B. Schlotman and Gilbert Waldo, Detroit; J. D. Cady and W. Velie, Jr., Rock Island, versus J. Thayer McMillan and Wylie Carhart, Detroit; J. D. Standish, Jr., and A. B. Lee, Detroit, versus E. H. Brown and L. L. Bredin, Detroit; J. M. Stearns, 3d, and J. W. Maxwell, Jr., Nassau, versus W. C. Fownes and D. Herron, Oakmont; D. Corkran and B. W. Corkran, Baltimore, versus J. C. Dillworth and H. A. Oliver, Allegheny; E. M. Byers and Max Beher, National, versus Paul Hunter and E. H. Bankard, Midlothian; Tom Sherman and Sherrill Sherman, Utica, versus C. Beach and J. H. Slaton, Park Hills; J. M. Rhett and W. B. Rhett, Garden City, versus Lee Maxwell and C. Comstock, Jr., Sleepy Hollow; W. Groesbeck and Dewitt Balch, Cincinnati, versus Roy Russell and Paul Deming, Detroit; Albert Seckel and A. Reed, Riverside, versus J. K. Bole and George Rotan, Pine Valley; J. Davidson and G. Jones, Colonial, (Washington,) versus R. C. Long and J. F. Byers, Allegheny.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
"Greatest Men's Specialty Store"
AUGUST CLEARANCE
Athletic Underwear
19c Garment—
Fine Nainsook—worth 50c
35c Socks at 19c
of silk & fibre, in 12 colors
Duck Trousers, $1.00
Khaki Trousers, $1.00
Flannel Trousers, $2.98 to $3.50
Wool Bathing Suits, 1.98
Pure Silk Shirts, $2.98
50c Leather Belts at 29c
$1.50 Tennis Shirts for 98c
Large Collar—Half Sleeves

FAST RIDING BY LUTHER.

Western Motor Cycle Rider Wins Match Race with Sperl.

Fred Luther, the Western rider, gave a splendid exhibition last night at the Brighton Beach Motordrome, in the two-mile special match race, in which he beat George Sperl handily, in straight heats. The time for the heats was 1:29 2-5 and 1:28 2-5 respectively. This race incidentally earned for him an opportunity to race Arthur Chapple tomorrow night.

George Mercier took first place in both the six mile open professional and the unlimited pursuit races. In the former he registered 13 points, according to the French point system; George Hamilton taking second place, with 11 points. In the pursuit race Mercier overhauled George Hamilton, who took second place, after riding 4:45.

Unfavorable weather conditions again spoiled whatever chances Arthur Chapple had of lowering the track record for two miles. Notwithstanding a brisk wind he covered the distance in 1:19 1-5. Chapple had to do his utmost to win the handicap event, which proved to be one of the most stirring races of the evening. He conceded the field one and one-half laps in six miles and overhauled all but Sperl at the fifth mile. Sperl he caught a few hundred feet from the finish line. Chapple covered the distance in 5:18, Sperl capturing second place, and Mercier third place.

Mulford May Drive Lozier Again.

Ralph Mulford may again drive Lozier cars in contests for 1916. He went through the plant of the Lozier Motor Company at Detroit with Louis Chevrolet a few days ago, and the pair speculated upon the possibility of manufacturing a Lozier that would again win the trophies on the speedways. Mulford won more cups for the Lozier than did any other driver. His victories included the stock car championship at Elgin in 1910, second place in the first 500-mile race at Indianapolis, and first in the 1911 Vanderbilt Cup race at Savannah. Mulford was a winner and a holder of many records in the twenty-four-hour races, at the Brighton Beach track, where his Lozier ran first and second two years in succession.

Three Tie for Quincy Cup.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Aug. 26.—By winning contests in the Quincy Cup series for sonder yachts today the Ellen and the Spring squared accounts with the Cima, each of the three boats now having two victories to its credit. The cup will be awarded to the boat winning tomorrow. In the forenoon race today the Ellen defeated the Sprig by 17 seconds, and the Cima was third. The Sprig led at the finish by 2 minutes in the afternoon race, with the Cima second and the Ellen third.

Westmoreland Polo Team Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

ALEXANDRIA BAY, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Semi-finals for the St. Lawrence River Challenge Cup were played in the polo tournament today at the Thousand Island polo field between Thousand Islands and Westmoreland County Polo Clubs. The Westmorelands won with a score of 11½ to 2¼ goals. J. B. Huff and Little each made four goals. McNary and Burrel Huff made two goals each, and McNary made a foul of one-half goal. There were safeties of one-quarter of a goal by Vilas, Wiser, and Clausen, and not a single goal for Thousand Islands team.

Morse Wins Dorset Golf Medal.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Aug. 26.—After playing the first nine holes in thirty-five strokes, Archibald G. McIlwaine, 2d, of Hartford took eight strokes on the fourteenth hole and finished in third place with a card of seventy-five in the qualifying round of the first annual invitation golf tournament of the Dorset Field Club at Dorset this morning. George E. Morse of Rutland Country Club was medalist with a card of 73, and W. V. Booth, Jr., of Apawamis was second at 74. In the afternoon round McIlwaine and Booth were drawn together, and the former won by two up and one to play.

Putting Contest at Maplewood.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., Aug. 26.—Mrs. Guy Metcalf of Providence won the women's approaching and putting contest today. The score of 9 from distances of 25, 50, and 75 yards was lower than the tally of Miss H. E. Brigham of Brookline, Mass. Miss Laura Rice of Houston, Texas, and Miss Ethel Hockmeyer of Lowell by one stroke.

Notes for the Golfers.

Although it was expected that many additional names would be placed on the list of entries for the national amateur championship, only four have made their appearance. These are entirely Westerners. They ar S. S. Jackson of Windsor, near Chicago; H. Valle, Jr., Rock Island Arsenal; D. W. Hunter, Bloomfield Hills, and W. B. Langford, Glen Oak.

Incidentally, Howard F. Whitney, Secretary of the United States Golf Association, called attention to th fact that next Monday at 5 o'clock would be the closing time for entries for the women's national championship at Onwentsia. Because Whitney and his assistants are at Detroit, the list of women's entries will not be given out until next Wednesday.

The New York Golf Club has finished the qualifying rounds for its September tournament. The first sixteen will play on a scratch basis for the club championship, and the qualifiers and their scores are as follows: P. L. Thompson, 76; Harry A. Linton, 78; H. Scharff, 79; Walter F. Purcell, 80; D. G. McConnell, 80; W. G. Mullock, 81; R. H. Keener, 82; P. F. Gilmartin, 83; Charles Bartell, 83; W. J. Whitted, Jr., 83; Henry S. Tilley, 84; Max Lange, 84; J. R. Fraser, 86; F. R. Ingle, 86; J. Ogden Davidson, 87; G. H. Weller, 87. Match play will begin at the end of the week.

ZING
BANG
BLANG

Some noise!
We shoot our men's neglige shirts to-day.
4751 were $1.50 to $2.50.
75 cents now.

2114 were $3.50.
$1.15 now.

"Solos" still lower!
8000 pairs of our regular 50 cent silk socks in a Sale.
35 cents.
3 for $1.

All stiff straw hats.
55c.

Men's Summer suits.
$15, $20 and $25 are bargain prices now.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"The Four Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

McLOUGHLIN AND WILLIAMS DEFAULT IN TENNIS TOURNEY—SARATOGA RACES—ATHLETICS

JOHNSTON DEFEATS CHURCH AT TENNIS

Californian Wins Match from Intercollegiate Champion on Southampton Courts.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Four of the top-rating lawn tennis players reached the semi-final round of the Meadow Club singles here today, with William M. Johnston, the youthful Californian, outshining all others with the clever control and brilliancy of his game. Johnston, who is hailed as a likely successor to Maurice E. McLoughlin as the leader of the forces from across the continent, conquered George M. Church, the Princeton Captain, who was a member of the Eastern team that invaded California courts last month. The score was 6—3, 5—7, 6—1.

Church fought a sensational battle. He was outplayed, but not beaten. There are few of the Eastern players who could have stood against the bombardment of terrific drives which came from Johnston's side of the net and handled the ball successfully without flinching. The pace that the young Californian maintained, with so little effort that it appeared as if he were simply smoothly driving through, furnished one of the amazing features of the match.

Finding himself mastered by a blending of strategy and pace, which compelled the openings through which to shoot the ball despite all he could do, the Princeton Captain made a plucky stand in the second set, with the games against him at 4—1. Church plunged for the net, overhanding the drives from the opposite side as he made brilliant recoveries.

Johnston vainly tried to bring off his passing shots that previously had been so profitable. Church blocked them all. He lifted [illegible] game to supreme flights and by sheer compelling force of desperation he won the points by tremendous cannon shots to carry the set.

Church, having risen to a great effort, receded as his energy died away. Johnston from his side continued to force with relentless fury for the openings and the Princeton player could not longer block them. It was a great battle of power, endurance and skill and in each Johnston came forth with newer and fresher laurels than had been expected of him. Johnson by his victory is coupled with Pell, who gained the semi-final round by defeating Leonard Beekman, the national interscholastic champion, at 6—3, 8—6.

Washburn and Hall came through in the upper half. The Harvard player, defeated G. Colket Caner, also of Harvard, after three lively sets at 6—0, 6—8, 6—2. Depending entirely upon his favorite short volleys Washburn reeled off nine games in a row before Caner won a game. Caner so mixed up lobbying and smashing that he checked Washburn long enough to win the second set. That was the best he could do as Washburn steadied for an easy march through the third set. Wlater Merrill Hall was never extended by Edward H. Whitney, former Harvard Captain, in the other match, winning it 6—1, 6—1.

The progress of the doubles centred attention upon Clarence J. Griffin and William M. Johnston, the Pacific Coast champions and challengers for the national title. The pair closed the day on the courts with a breezy match against Frederick T. Frelinghuysen and Eric S. Winston, to win at 6—4, 6—3. Taking all kinds of chances Frelinghuysen and Winston, the latter the national squash champion, forced some sharp rallies. Often they were fanning futilly at the ripping drives which the Californians sped through their court or in collision as each tried to gather in the same shots.

There is a rumor about the courts here that Thomas C. Bundy may not come East to play in the doubles match at Forest Hills next week.

Ward Dawson, the Californian, paired with young Harold A. Throckmorton gained a place in the semi-final of the doubles. The strong overhead strokes of the two carried them through a brisk match against L. Oakley and Karl Smith with the loss of only four games. The summary:

Meadow Club Cup, Men's Singles, Fifth Round—Walter Merrill Hall defeated Edward H. Whitney, 6—1, 6—1; Watson M. Washburn defeated G. Colket Caner, 6—0, 6—8, 6—2; T. R. Pell defeated Leonard Beekman, 6—3, 8—6; William M. Johnston defeated George M. Church, 6—3, 5—7, 6—1.

Meadow Club, Men's Doubles, Second Round—William Compton and I. Riker defeated Maurice E. McLoughlin and Thomas C. Bundy by default; Clarence J. Griffin and William M. Johnston defeated G. Garland and W. Blair, 6—3, 6—0.

Third Round—L. Oakley and Karl Smith defeated William Compton and I. Riker, 6—2, 7—5; Ward Dawson and Harold A. Throckmorton defeated L. Du Pont Irving and H. Auchincloss, 6—2, 6—2; George M. Church and Walter Merrill Hall defeated W. P. Snyder and J. G. K. Lawrence, 6—0, 6—2; Clarence J. Griffin and William M. Johnston defeated Frederick T. Frelinghuysen and Eric Winston, 6—4, 6—3.

Fourth Round—Ward Dawson and Harold A. Throckmorton defeated L. Oakley and Karl Smith, 6—2, 6—2.

NILES TO PLAY ALEXANDER.

Special Match to Feature First Day's National Tennis Play.

Officials of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association have practically decided upon Frederick B. Alexander, former national champion in the doubles and Davis Cup player, opening the thirty-fifth annual national championship tournament against Nathaniel W. Niles, the famous player of the Longwood Club, when the meeting begins Monday on the turf of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, L. I. As a secondary match on the stretch of turf between the big grand stands, on which four courts have been pitched, the boy, Harold A. Throckmorton, and Edward H. Whitney, the former Harvard Captain, are likely to have a place of honor.

Robert D. Wrenn, as the referee of the tournament, and the others of the committee decided that no further subscriptions for season tickets for the entire tournament would be accepted after Saturday, Aug. 28. After that date such tickets as remain in the hands of Harry Parker, Treasurer of the committee, will be placed on sale only for the matches of each day. No advance date tickets or tickets for special days will be sold, and for such seats as remain the sale will be limited to the box office at the gate to the grounds.

It has also been decided to double the prices for the special events and days of the tournament, such as the deciding of the challenge match in the national doubles, in which Maurice E. McLoughlin and Thomas C. Bundy, the champions, will defend against William M. Johnston and Clarence J. Griffin, the Pacific Coast winners. This match will probably be played Tuesday morning.

The additional price will also apply on the day of the semi-finals of the singles and the final of the tournament for the championship, as well as on Saturday and on Labor Day, irrespective of whether the finals fall upon those days or otherwise. Parker is making arrangements to close his office in the Forty-second Street Building at the end of the business day net Saturday, and to transfer such tickets as may be left over direct to the clubhouse on the field. field.

New Yorkers in Tennis Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PROFILE, N. H., Aug. 26.—New York players competed in the tennis tournament today on the Profile tennis courts. Mrs. Irwin Cornell and Mrs. Berneh Evans defeated Miss Gross and Miss C. Jones in women's doubles by default, and in men's doubles H. R. Paige and L. Fowler won from J. Keogh and Louis Watjen, 10—8, 6—2. In the semi-finals M. Mercur and Henry Davenuort defeated A. H. Bradshaw and E. Trowbridge, 8—6, 8—6, 6—3. In the final round Mercur and Davenport triumphed over Paige and Fowler, 6—3, 6—3. Henry Davenport defeated T. P. Fowler, Jr., in men's singles, 6—3, 6—2. Miss E. Sawyer, in women's singles, won from Miss Gross, 6—3, 6—2. In mixed doubles the final round was reached when Mrs. L. Watjen and E. Trowbridge eliminated Mrs. W. B. Symes, Jr., and T. P. Fowler, Jr. 6—2, 6—2.

Stearns Takes Hard Tennis Match.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., Aug. 26.—R. H. Stearns of Boston gained possession of the Challenge Cup here today, the result of a 6—2, 2—6, 8—6, 10—8 victory over A. C. Gould. H. R. Burroughs of the Crescent A. C., New York, failed to defend his title.

Harris and Nelson Retain Title.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Aug. 26.—Fred H. Harris of this city and J. G. Nelson of Concord, N. H., successfully defended their title of doubles champions of Vermont in the final round of the State tennis tournament today. They defeated C. J. Dexter of Philadelphia and A. A. Wilder of New Haven, Conn., 6—3, 6—4, 6—2.

Today's Saratoga Entries.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; five and a half furlongs. Dakota, 107 pounds; Huntress, 110; Beverly James, 100; Malabar, Harry, 105 each; Gloaming, 108; Ancon, 112; Sinai, Voluspa, 98 each; San Vega, 110; Mamie K., Santo, Rey Oakwood, 103 each; Jesse, Jr., 105.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Hidden Star, 110 pounds; Startling, 111; Fernrock, 113; Socony, 95; Rochester, 112; Blume, 98; Sir Vivian, 116; Scottish Knight, 100; Landslide, 108.

THIRD RACE.—For mares and geldings, three years old and upward; selling; one mile. Wanda Pitzer, 106 pounds; Donald MacDonald, 109; Ambrose, 107; Ella Bryson, 110; Mars Cassidy, 98; Duke of Dunbar, 90; Easter Star, 104; Lahore, 112; Napier, 102; Little Nearer, 113; Polly H., 106.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; one mile. Pullux, 102 pounds; Grumpy, 100; Superintendent, 105; Montressor, 109; Sam McMeekin, 106; Easter Star, 92; Charter Maid, 95; Reybourn, 108.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Early Morn, 108 pounds; Orotund, 104; Dartworth, 100; G. M. Miller, 112; Goldcrest Boy, 106; Counterpart, 105; Robinetta, 107; Thoughtreader, 105; Alhena, 94; Tewton Field, 103; Jesse, Jr., 105; Borgo, 106.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old; selling; six furlongs. Miss Philbin, 105 pounds; Rifle Shooter, 110; Venture, 105; Madame Herrmann, 102; In and Out, 107; Belle of the Kitchen, 102; Tatiana, 102; Walloon, 114; Holli, 112; Spangle Duchess, 105.

LADY ROTHA WINS AMSTERDAM STAKES

Andrew Miller's Speedy Filly Captures Saratoga Feature in Blanket Finish.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Andrew Miller's 3-year-old filly, Lady Rotha, won the Amsterdam Selling Stakes in a close and exciting finish. The race was at one mile and only four went to the post. From a good start Yankee Notions and Pomette Bleu set a hot pace and for the first half of the journey these two were out in front closely lapped, with Harry Shaw about an open length away, and Lady Rotha nearly half a dozen lengths away looking to be out of it.

In the third quarter Harry Shaw moved up to the leaders and appeared dangerous as they swung around the far turn, but as they came into the stretch the leaders went wide, while Garner, on Lady Ratha, holding close to the rail, saved so much ground that he was close up as the horses straightened out for home.

Meanwhile, as Yankee Notions was racing neck and neck with Pomette Bleu through the last sixteenth, both bore outward. This cost them only a little ground, but it was just enough to enable Garner on Lady Rotha, which was running straight and true, to cross the finish line, winning by a nose. Yankee Notions was second, a short head before Pomette Bleu, and Harry Shaw, finishing fourth, had his nose at Pomette Bleu's saddle skirts.

The steeplechase was a tame affair. After Tighe fell off Thomas Hitchcock's Swish, Old Salt came on alone and won without an effort. Tighe's fall robbed the race of all interest.

Before the races today Andrew Miller's champion Roamer worked a mile and a half in preparation for the Saratoga Cup, to be run Saturday. The trial was a decidedly impressive one, and he finished out the distance going strongly in 2:40 4-5. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; highweight handicap; purse, $500 added; six furlongs. Time 1:14 4-5.

Conning Tower, Mrs. J. Shilling's br. g., by Yankee-Okitan, 128 pounds, 7 to 2, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, (Garner)..........1^{2}
Grumpy, 113, 18 to 5, 7 to 5 and 1 to 2, (Butwell)..........2^{4}
Leo Skolny, 130, 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 1 to 3, (Loftus)..........3^{1}
Adelbaran, Superintendent, and Lady Barbary also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600 added; about two miles. Time 4:31.

Old Salt, E. A. Burke's b. g. by Seahorse II.—Sallie Thompson, 155 pounds, 3 to 2, 1 to 2 and out, (Tuckey)..........1^{10}
Rockfish, 140, 8 to 1, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, (Haynes)..........2
Coswine, 136, 20 to 1, 5 to 1 and 8 to 5, (Turneburge)..........3
Swish lost rider and Indian Arrow ran out.

THIRD RACE.—For fillies and geldings, two-year-olds; purse $400 added; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:09 2-5.

Hidden Star, G. F. Johnson, Jr.'s, blk. f., by Burgomaster-Black Venus, 112 pounds, 8 to 5, 1 to 2 and out, (Buxton)1^{2}
Favour, 112, 8 to 5, 1 to 2, and out, (McCahey)..........2½
Bob Redfield, 112, 7 to 1, 3 to 1, and 7 to 10, (Lilley)..........3$^{1\frac{1}{2}}$
Ildiko, Bet, and Bonnie Carrie also ran. Smoothbore scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; the Amsterdam Stakes; purse $1,200; one mile. Time—1:42.

Lady Rotha, A. Miller's b. f., by Golden Maxim or Fayette-Sandybar, 110 pounds, 5 to 1, 7 to 5, and out, (Garner)..........1^{n}
Yankee Notions, 105, 11 to 10, 2 to 5, and out, (Byrne)..........2^{h}
Pomette Bleu, 101, 5 to 1, 7 to 5, and out, (McAtee)..........3¾
Harry Shaw also ran. G. M. Miller and Borgo scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $400 added; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:09 2-5.

High Horse, August Belmont's b. c., by Hastings-Hautesse II., 102 pounds, 10 to 1, 4 to 1, and 2 to 1, (J. McTaggart).1^{2}
Tralee, 104, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, (McAtee)..........2^{2}
Servia, 97, 6 to 1, 5 to 2, and 7 to 5, (Collins)..........3$^{1\frac{1}{4}}$
Edna Kenna, Sal Vanity, Plumose, Important, and Harry Gardner also ran. Walloon and Good Counsel scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens all ages; purse $400; seven furlongs. Time—1:31 2-5.

Kris Kringle, J. Livingston's ch. g., by Dorante-Rubus, 109 pounds, 16 to 5, even, and 1 to 2, (T. McTaggart)..........1^{2}
Badinage, 107, 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, (McCabe)..........2^{1}
Lou Blue, 107, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, (J. McTaggart)..........3^{1}
Prime Mover, Belle of the Kitchen, Chivator, and Senator Casey also ran.

Horse Show at Mineola.

The Agricultural Society of Queens and Nassau Counties will hold its fourteenth annual Horse Show at Mineola, Sept. 23, 24, and 25. Entries for the event close Sept. 8.

"POPULAR PRICE" IN BOXING.

"Novice" Promoter Recognizes Advantage of "Movies" in Big Bout.

To the layman, that boxing bout between Packey McFarland and Mike Gibbons at Brighton Beach on Sept. 11 is a delightful study in possibilities. These two exponents of self-defense are to be in a ring on that Saturday night of high finance in sport for thirty-nine minutes. There are to be ten rounds of boxing, with intervals of one minute. Together they are to receive $833.33 1-3 a minute, with Packey McFarland receiving the major part whether he wins or loses—$148.71 7-39 a minute.

What right has Mary Pickford, or any movie star, to go around with head high in the air, proud that she is the best paid public entertainer? Back seats in the upper gallery will be reserved for the movie heroes and heroines after this boxing match. No wonder Sarah Bernhardt is scurrying for these shores after such lavish distribution of wealth for a half-hour of public entertainment!

Englishmen writing to their sports papers after Americans have overcome them at one of the games where they boast super-excellence, have said that Americans are "not a sport-loving people." They pointed to the crowds at Lord's Court for a cricket and tea-fest, or to the mobs at certain soccer football matches on certain playing fields, and asked triumphantly, "Where has there ever been anything in America demonstrating such a love of sport?" English sport is cheap, as a rule—a shilling a head. The instance is yet to be recorded, as far as recollection goes, where the British promoter has nonchalantly "chucked" a purse of $82,500 into a ring and said to the representatives of any sport, "Go for it; it costs me only $833.33 a minute, and about $25,600 for other expenses; but I want to see you sport lovers enjoy yourselves."

Is this commercialization of sport, is a question. It is for a man who is apparently so reckless with his money that he expects to realize about $1,000 a minute for those thirty-nine minutes of boxing, and has a chance to make a profit near $50,000. This man merely applies the "ten-twenty-thirty cent" theory of the theatrical manager to a sport that appeals to every youngster who loves to see a "mill," just as it appeals to Thackeray's Englishman who "dearly loves a lord."

The business man who attempts to gratify that love runs little risk in giving the public the best, at prices within the reach of any of the body politic. This apparently reckless scattering of money is marvellous only because no promoter has seen the possibilities of the "popular price" demonstrated by the "movies." It remained for a man whose business was running a popular-priced bath house to how those promoters the way.

Weinert and Savage in Shape.

Charley Weinert, the Newark heavyweight, has scored seven knockouts in twenty bouts, with fond hopes of making his eighth when he boxes Jim Savage at the Garden next Tuesday night. Since outpointing Jim Coffey in Philadelphia, Weinert has beaten Gunboat Smith twice, Battling Levinsky, and Porky Flynn. In his knockout record can be found the names of Sailor White, Howard Morrow, Jack Driscoll, Johnny Howard, and a few lesser lights. Both Savage and Weinert are fast rounding into form at their Jersey training camps.

Broadway and Fairmont Bouts.

Soldier Kearns of Brooklyn, heavyweight champion of the United States Army, has trained faithfully for his ring engagement with Battling Levinsky at the Broadway Sporting Club tomorrow night. Kearns realizes that if he defeats Levinsky he can get a watch with Frank Moran or Jim Coffey.

"Frankie" Notter of the east side will return to the ring tomorrow night after an absence of many months to box Tommy Robson in the star bout of ten rounds at the Fairmont Athletic Club in the Bronx. There will be other ten-round bouts at the same club, Marty Cross, a brother of Leach Cross, is matched with Johnny Baker and Jack Sayles and "Red" Mack will make up th other ten-rounder.

Judges Drive in Trotting Race.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Eudora Spier won the three-year-old trot in two straight heats here today in the third day's events of the Metropolitan Circuit meeting. Pettie Grimm finished in second place. Belle Stanford, owned by W. M. Halstead, New York, with Pitman driving, took the 2:20 trot in three straight heats. Kitty More took second money. All Direct, owned by James Bell, captured the 2:18 pace in three straight. The feature was the special event between Supreme Court Justice Tompkins, driving Gritz, and County Judge A. H. F. Zeger, behind Amasis. Justice Tompkins easily won the two-in-three match in straight heats.

Postpone Grand Circuit Races.

MONTREAL, Aug. 26.—A wet and heavy track led to the postponement of the Grand Circuit races at Dorval again today. The final heat between William and Directum for the $5,000 purse will be run tomorrow.

ALICE CAPTURES THOMPSON TROPHY

Gherardi Davis Wins Cup Outright with Yacht Alice in Atlantic Y. C. Regatta.

Series racing in connection with the annual race week of the Atlantic Yacht Club came to an end yesterday afternoon on the lower bay. The weather conditions were the poorest that the Corinthians have experienced so far during the classic. Not that it was a flat calm, but the breeze was light and as all the divisions had to buck a strong ebb tide on their weather leg, the finishes were decidedly later than on any other day of the week.

When the Regatta Committee took their station at the starting line the wind was light and fickle, coming principally from the west by north. There was a postponement of fifteen minutes to see if a southwest breeze would not set in. Finally it was decided to send the larger craft over a course that took them from the starting line to Buoy 12, a beat to Can Buoy 13, a reach to Bensonhurst, and another reach home.

Interest centred principally in the work of Q division, as the finishing of Alice meant that Captain Gherardi Davis would be the owner of the $2,500 Thompson trophy that has been in existence since 1908. Although Skipper Davis took no chances, Alice had no great trouble in winning in the class. She, however, did not beat the thirty-footers boat for boat over the 12.27-mile course. The win gave Alice her third and last leg on the costly prize.

Okee was the winner among the thirty-footers and scored enough points to land the series prize. By winning in the Larchmont interclub class Barbara won the series prize of that division. Although Frances captured the handicap class, second division, the point trophy went to May. Bug II. won the prize yesterday and also the point trophy in the third division of the same class. Chico, although she finished third yesterday, is the series winner among the knockabouts and Curlew won among the Birds.

The Star class, the largest division of the regatta, was captured by Hydra, the property of C. E. Hyde. The yacht finished second to Twinkle yesterday. Although it was not originally scheduled there will be a race for all classes in addition to the Childs race today. Last night there was a big minstrel show at Sea Gate that was voted by all hands to have been the very best entertainment of race week.

Cowler to Get Another Chance.

Tom Cowler, Jim Corbett's heavyweight, will get another chance to make good next Wednesday evening at the St. Nicholas Rink, when he boxes Jack Hemple, the Californian heavyweight. Both Hemple and Cowler have boxed Gunboat Smith, and each of them fared about the same with Jim Buckley's star, and the coming match will show just which one of the two is to be considered in the heavyweight class.

No Other Road so Honored.
At the Panama-Pacific Exposition the
Southern Pacific
"THE EXPOSITION LINE"
received GRAND PRIZE for general excellence both in management and equipment—official recognition of the "SAFETY FIRST" policy which has made the Southern Pacific a favored route of intelligent travellers.

$94.30
OUT AND BACK FROM NEW YORK

Southern Pacific-Sunset Route
SAN FRANCISCO to NEW ORLEANS
The scenic route through the glorious southwest—perfect in every detail of equipment.

Southern Pacific Steamships
(Morgan Line)
NEW ORLEANS to NEW YORK
Luxurious steamships giving a restful end to a glorious trip.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC SERVICE IS THE STANDARD
For full information and interesting literature, phone, write or call
1158 Broadway Cor. 27th St.
366 Broadway Cor. Franklin St.
39 Broadway Near Wall St.
Phone, Franklin 3925

HE'S TRIED BOTH OF EM
BOLIVER HEDGE SAYS IF YOU WANT TO LEARN TO SWIM IN ONE LESSON—TRY PADDLING A YOUNG AND GIDDY CANOE. HE ALSO SAYS IF YOU DON'T WANT TO SMOKE, DON'T TRY A
Piedmont
BEST VIRGINIA LEAF
THE CIGARETTE OF QUALITY
Piedmont Cigarettes
Manufactured by Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
10 FOR 5¢
VALUABLE COUPON IN EACH PACKAGE
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

It's easy to learn the new dances with the music of the Victrola.

Victrola VI, $25
Oak

The Fox Trot, Castle Polka, and all the other new dances—all played loud and clear and in perfect time.

There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety of styles from $10 to $350—at all Victor dealers.

Victor Talking Machine Co
Camden, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle dancing the Castle Polka

© Ira L. Hill's Studio, N. Y. C.

NUMBER FIFTY-ONE OF
The New York Times
Mid-Week Pictorial
On All News Stands

THE ILL-FATED ARABIC

Photographs of the Arabic as she headed down the Hudson for her last trip from New York; photographs of the officers of the Arabic on deck before sailing; the Arabic docking; and a deck scene.

The Erection and Destruction of Bridges—Pontoon bridge built over the River Niemen by Germans. Libau bridge blown up by Russians. Ligny Chorigny bridge blown up by French. Soissons bridge destroyed by Germans.

Austro-Italian Conflict—Unusual photo taken from a high peak in the Alps of Austrian shell exploding among the Italians. Panoramic view of Isonzo district from an Austrian camp.

Three Views from Gallipoli—A camp of the Allies' Army. A war-time view of Constantinople harbor with war vessels at anchor. Clearing deck of French battleship for action.

Men of Many Types—French Army doctors as exchange prisoners. Five types of Russian prisoners in one camp. French, Belgian, English, and Russian prisoners. Hungarian officers of noble birth.

Full-Page Subjects
The Kaiser in Eastern War Zone.
Blasting a Stockade.
German Dead in a Trench.
Uhlans Reconnoitring in Russia.
Hungarian Camp on the Danube.
The Battle of Monte Tofana.
French Troops on Way to Trenches.
British Recruiting Station.
Stretch of Shore on Gallipoli Peninsula.

Editorial Features
A Weekly Review of the War.
Comments by a Trained Observer on Illustrations in This Issue.
A Page Devoted to "The War as Viewed in Various Lights."

Where Teuton Expelled Russian—German artillery passing a commissariat post, back of the battlefront, near Warsaw. A Teuton division halts on the road from Rawa. Germans at rest in Russian village. Russians awaiting orders to march.

"Love Gifts" for German Soldiers—One corner in a central stock room in Berlin where gifts for the soldiers are received and sorted. Gifts being received at the front.

Caring for Wounded Mohammedans—High official visiting and honoring his wounded countrymen. President Poincare visits Mohammedan hospital at Neuilly-sur-Seine. Wounded Mussulman awaiting an opportunity to speak to the French President.

THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL
Binder for the Mid-Week Pictorial, to hold complete file for one year, sent postpaid. Full cloth, $1.25; half leather, gold trimmed, $2.
PRICE 10 CENTS
Ten numbers of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial, bound in book form, $1.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."
PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.
Address: THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..........Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown..........7 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........2 Rector Street
Harlem..........263 West 125th Street
Bronx..........2,960 Third Avenue
Brooklyn.....Room 605, 367 Fulton Street
Staten Island..93 Stuyv. Pl., N. Brighton
Queens...317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Jersey City..........538 Jersey Avenue
Hoboken..........61 Second Street
Paterson..........13 Park Avenue
Elizabeth..........50 Broad Street
Washington..........Post Building
Philadelphia..........Public Ledger Building
Chicago..........1,202 Tribune Building
Boston..........7 Water Street, Room 316
St. Louis.......409 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit..........826 Ford Building
San Francisco..........742 Market Street
London..........Marconi House, Strand W. C.
Paris..........32 Rue Louis le Grand
ONE CENT New York, Jersey City, Newark.
Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates:

Postage free in United States, Canada, Mexico, Panama, Canal Zone, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippines, Guam, Samoa, Shanghai.

	1 Yr.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY	$8.50	$0.75
DAILY, without Sunday	6.00	.50
SUNDAY, with Picture and Magazine Sections and Review of Books	2.50	.25
Binder for Picture Section, $1.75.		
Binder for Magazine Section and Review of Books, $1.25		
Canada, Sunday only	5.50	.45
Other countries, postpaid:		
Daily and Sunday	24.00	2.00
Daily, without Sunday	15.60	1.30
Sunday only	8.40	.70

THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4. Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW. (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) three months, $1.25; six months, $2.50; one year, $5. Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25. Bound volumes, ten numbers, Cloth, $1.

THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY. Illustrated Monthly Magazine, three months, 75c.; six months, $1.50; one year, $3. Per copy, 25c. Bound volumes, six monthly issues, Cloth, $2.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them to any part of the country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 60c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers, directly to the Publication Office, or telephone Bryant 1000.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUG. 27, 1915.

HAITI.

The proposed protectorate over Haiti was inevitable. Since the downfall of Toussaint L'Ouverture, disorder has been the rule in that country. From the massacre of the whites under Dessalines in 1804 until the recent massacre at Port au Prince, Haiti has rarely been for any considerable time at peace. Most of its rulers have met violent deaths. Dartiguenave, the new President, is the first to be elected in many years in an orderly way, but the presence of a body of American marines was perhaps more influential in preventing disorder than the disposition of the successful candidate's rivals to accept the result. Haiti is clearly incapable of self-government without assistance and the assistance the United States will render may tend to restore order and develop the administrative capacity among the citizens. Our modified protectorate has worked very well in Cuba. In Santo Domingo, where the authority claimed by the United States Government is much less than it will be in Haiti, there would have been much less trouble if the Washington authorities had been more careful in the selection of their representatives. In such countries revolution is a regular profession. Plausible rascals live by stirring up strife. The arrangements the United States now proposes to make in regard to the customs receipts in Haiti, however, will destroy the revolutionist's profession. These moneys will be applied not only to the payment of interest on foreign debts, but also to the expenses of the Government.

The treaty which has been outlined and which must be submitted to the United States Senate is susceptible of improvement. The specification of the term of ten years as a time limit to the protectorate might well be omitted, or an equivalent of the Platt amendment, which keeps our influence always active in Cuba, might be incorporated. But the plan as a whole cannot arouse serious objection. It is not open to the objection some of the Middle Western members of Congress think they see in the pending treaties with Nicaragua, Honduras, and Costa Rica, that "Wall Street" can derive profits from it. The objections to those Central American treaties are puerile. Politicians, however, can find profits in the Haiti arrangement if they are permitted to. If the various collectors are not carefully selected, if our diplomatic officials are to be men of the Sullivan type, there will be scandals and our hold on the respect of the Haitians will be materially diminished.

At the outset the conditions are promising. There may be delays, that is natural; the Haitians must thoroughly comprehend the advantages they will derive from the arrangement; but there is no likelihood that the plan will be defeated. Thereafter, as much will depend upon the discretion with which the matter is treated at Washington as upon the traditional indisposition of Haitians to do things in an orderly way.

MR. DANIELS AND THE GOVERNORS

Since Secretary Daniels saw a great light, at the time of the visit of the Atlantic Fleet to these waters, he has developed into an enthusiastic big navy man. He put the case for an increased navy before the Governors of the States assembled at Boston so eloquently that he cannot have failed to impress upon them the need of inducing the people of their States to support his policy. The people make the navy, Mr. Daniels told the Governors, and the people of the interior must do their share if our water defenses are to be adequate. The visit to the dreadnought Wyoming was a happy thought and the spectacle of the tactical manoeuvres of the battle fleet was an excellent object lesson for the Governors of States which have no seacoast, but depend for safety on the efficiency of the navy as surely as the Atlantic and Pacific States.

It is in the middle of the country that the most dangerous opposition to the plans for strengthening our defenses is expected to develop. If our outstanding international differences seem to be in the way of an amicable settlement, there may be hard work to get many of the members of Congress to vote for the new appropriation bills. The methods of agitators will certainly not prevail with the people who are not convinced by other means that the permanent safety of the country demands some reasonable enlargement of the army and the rapid upbuilding of the navy. The facts must be forced upon their minds plainly, gravely, without screaming. The influence of the Governors, however, will count most if it is exerted for the development of the National Guard. This is one of the most important of the matters to be attended to. The organized militia in many of the States is absurdly small in comparison with the population and has not yet profited much by the advantages of Federal supervision provided for in the Dick law. The War Department requires that the militia regiments shall be organized under the rules of the department before army officers can take them in hand. In our land defense the National Guard must play a part second only in importance to that of the regular army, and all the energy the Governors can command will be needed in the near future to bring the Guard in all the States relatively on a footing with the citizen soldiery of New York, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts. It is well, though, to have the Governors interested in the development of the navy. A nation like ours cannot be prepared for defense without the intelligent co-operation of all its people.

THE MORAL OF A WITTY SPEECH.

Mr. De Lancey Nicoll's witty speech on "Ancestors' Day" in the Constitutional Convention cleared the air of the chamber with wholesome and needed laughter. Correcting some singular mistakes in his official genealogy as compiled by the Secretary of State, Mr. Nicoll threw cold water on the heat and fury of ancestral pride that was irritating the members. Some unwise speeches had been made, glorifying one strain of descent and jeering at another. So far as Albany have the hands of the assassins at Serajevo reached. Wars, horrid wars, have vexed millions of once peaceful bosoms in the United States. Just as the paladins, in the romances of Charlemagne with the blooming beard, make their gibes, their boasts, exalting their horn and magnifying their prowess, so the scion and champion of this or that blood, "race," and origin extols it. A harmless, unnecessary bit of ethnological exultation at any other time, but mischievous at this, and ludicrously out of place in the Constitutional Convention. The anagogical intention, the moral which Mr. Nicoll would draw from the Secretary of State's genealogical fable, was, in the language of one of Mr. Thackeray's characters, to "sink the pedigree." In America of many races let each of us be proud of his own without throwing brickbats at somebody else's; and above all and before all let us all remember that we must be all Americans, no group of envious, hostile nationalities, snarling at one another, but one nation, one people, one mighty river begotten by a hundred streams and springs.

In calmer, happier days—swift be their coming—these tumescences of temper and by-products of war will disappear. At some dinner of, say, the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick shall we not see representatives of associations of many "races," mingling in good-fellowship, "mixing affably—everything but their drinks"? Parthian, Mede and Elamite, Jew and Gentile, Celt, Anglo-Saxon, German, Italian, Dutchman, Scandinavian, Frenchman, and all the rest, diverse of lineage, but Americans all. Meanwhile, upon these fervors of ancestry sprinkle cool patience.

PREPARING FOR THE PRIMARIES.

If the chief men of Tammany will recall the names of the thorough-going Tammany men who have held the office of District Attorney in the last twenty-five years they will be able to determine whether the organization gains or loses by having a man of its own kind in that office. The last Tammany District Attorney, although he was an amiable gentleman of many attainments, did not exactly make the name of Tammany loved in the community by his official works and his personal utterances. It is an office from which political advantage can be had only when the incumbent rises above all politics, permits no party interest or influence to guide him in the performance of his duty, and takes no orders from the boss. To attempt to use the office for politics is a most dangerous undertaking.

That is one of the reasons why District Attorney Perkins is commended to the voters for nomination at the primaries by men of the character and standing of those who signed the letter published yesterday urging his candidacy. The writers of the letter say to Mr. Perkins that he represents "no organization, influence, or interest other than the "people of the community for whom "as District Attorney" it is his duty to act. Independence of organization control is one of the high qualifications for the office. For that reason Tammany would do well to choose Magistrate Corrigan as its candidate. Whatever may be said of Justice Swann of the General Sessions Court, he is known as an organization man and that would ill qualify him for a contest against District Attorney Perkins, who will be nominated by Republicans and Independents. Magistrate Corrigan is a man of too much force of character to be subservient to any organization. He has had a long experience in the District Attorney's office and his service upon the Bench has increased his fitness and capacity for the duties of public prosecutor. The appeal in his behalf would be addressed not so much to the better nature of Tammany as to its common sense and political sagacity. With two first-rate candidates in the field, like District Attorney Perkins and Magistrate Corrigan, the electors could make no mistake. Both are thoroughly familiar with the work of the office, they are experienced, they are able, they are above the petty strife of organization politics. The voters would be assured that whichever was elected the office would be well administered.

The curtain has risen this week upon the first act of the venerable farce of "electing" Supreme Court Judges. It is put upon the boards every year. We know that it is silly, we know that it is a lie from beginning to end, we know that the people do not elect their Judges, they merely ratify the appointments made by the political leaders. Yet the gallant gentlemen now sitting in the Constitutional Convention at Albany, though we have no doubt that the majority of them are fully alive to the folly of pretending to elect Judges, cringed and dodged when it came to the question of boldly proposing an amendment providing for the appointment of Judges. They feared that the people would not consent to vote away a power they have never really possessed.

However, we must make the best of the bad old plan by trying to persuade the real appointing power to make the best possible selections. As for the vacancies upon the Bench of the Supreme Court which will be created by the expiration of the terms of Justices Clarke and Greenbaum, there is no room for question. Both should be renominated. The soundness of the principle of renominating Judges who have already served one term with success and credit has been many times demonstrated. Judge Clarke and Judge Greenbaum have served fourteen years, their fitness has been proved. By reason of their long experience they are more fit than when they first took office, and in no quarter has any reason worth a moment's consideration been advanced against their renomination. Members of the Bar who well know the service they have rendered speak of them in terms of high praise. As a matter of course they should be designated and nominated.

THE FIGHT AGAINST THE SHORTER BALLOT.

The short ballot, as Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler wrote in yesterday's Times, "is the one outstanding and "substantial advance upon which the "people of the State have confidently "counted." Have they counted too confidently? Were they overcredulous in believing that the Republican and Democratic platforms were honest and truthful in favoring the short ballot? Certainly the people were duped by some of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention who were for the short ballot last Fall and are now directly against it, or seeking to emasculate it by substitutes and illusory proposals. The joint statement of the Citizens' Union, the Citizens' Constitutional Convention Committee, and the Short Ballot Organization prods these turncoats. When they were anxious to get the support of all good citizens they went on record without hesitation as believing that the short ballot was a good thing. Now they are loudly proclaiming that the proposal which they advocated last Fall is "a step toward monarchy."

Public opinion in their districts will take care of these promise-breakers. They are emitting insincere and specious phrases; and, as Dr. Butler says, "a main obstacle to advance in "simplicity, effectiveness and economy "of democratic government is the "power of phrases," such as "election by the people." The delegates who are eating their words of last Fall seek to hide in sonorous commonplaces their undying attachment to patronage and their dread of responsible government. Controller Travis and his fellow officeholders and machinists have just forced the Committee on Governor and Other State Officers to a compromise which not only restores his pruned patronage but gives him more, while divesting him of his proper functions. So it goes. The real short ballot has given way to the shorter ballot. This in turn will give way to the long ballot, if the old school politicians of both parties can bring it about.

By direction or indirection this necessary step toward a genuine popular Democratic State Government will be halted or prevented, if there is any means of doing it. The friends of the reform have got to fight for it; and it is better to be beaten honorably than to consent to fatal compromises and excisions.

At every Presidential election the voters of New York use the true short ballot. They vote for President and Vice-President. Why are even the friends of the true short ballot so timid in the convention. The partisans of "Venezuelan" Government are taking advantage of that timidity. If any more concessions and surrenders are made to them, the so-called short ballot will be a failure and a fraud.

BREST-LITOVSK.

The fall of Brest-Litovsk is in the nature of a sequential event. That may be said, not because it is unimportant but because it was foregone. The Russians in their baffling progressive retirement had already disclosed their intention to abandon the "second line of defense." Brest-Litovsk was the most important bulwark on that line. It has been abandoned as untenable, as Warsaw on the first line was abandoned three weeks ago, as Kovno was last week. The great Russian Army, though considerably eroded, is still intact, and Grand Duke Nicholas continues to decline a decisive action.

The railways of Russia lie east and west. Four important lines rise in the spaces of the east, in the regions of Petrograd, Moscow, Kharkov, and Kiev, and converge upon Warsaw, like the spokes of the segment of a wheel upon its hub. They were so built for military purposes, in order that the resources of the whole empire could be transported swiftly to the western frontier. The east and west lines are connected by short north and south lines, and these correspond to the successive military lines of defense. Thus, after the abandonment of Warsaw, the next, or "second line of defense," 125 miles to the east, was the north and south railway passing through Grodno, Bialystok, Brest-Litovsk, and Kovel. Brest-Litovsk and Kovel have both fallen. The "second line," therefore, is lost. The Russians now fall back upon a "third line of defense," 150 to 200 miles further east, which is another north and south railway passing through Vilna, Lida, Slonim, Baronovitshi, and Rovno.

As the Russians retreat, the east and west railway lines spread further apart, and the connections between them become longer and less efficient. So far the Germans have been unable to break the railway system at any vital point in the rear of the retiring forces. That is to say, Grand Duke Nicholas so far has never lost control of his means of exit. That is apparently the strong point of his strategy. In a great triangle between Warsaw and the second line the Germans hoped to trap him, by reaching the north and south railway before he had got his army east of it. They failed. Now they hope in a much greater area to trap him between the second and third lines. Their immediate objective is Vilna, on the third line. But the further the pursuit is pushed, the greater and more bewildering are the areas to be covered, and the greater the possibility that the receding Russians will become inaccessible to the German purpose—namely, to obtain a decision. It is now more likely that the army that escaped the Germans in Poland will become incohesive than that it will be captured at all.

CLEVER SUFFRAGE POLITICIANS.

Pro, anti, indifferent, or on the fence, the public has a real interest in the campaign plans and proceedings of the woman suffragists. Adopted in so many States, urged so insistently in, and to be accepted or rejected by, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, and Massachusetts this Fall, woman suffrage is now a momentous question in the East, whether the East is going to wake up to the fact or not. Win or lose, irrespective of individual opinion on the merits, the ways in which the canvass is conducted invite the attention of the philosophic mind, albeit only a bumptious observer would venture into rash conclusions from insufficient and undigested data, or emit new theories as to the eternal-feminine. It may be permitted, however, to the student of politics of both genders to comment modestly on one suffrage plan of campaign.

At the pay stations conductors, motormen, and ticket sellers have seen since Monday posters on which appears this little masterpiece of humor and good humor, of clever confession and subtle appeal:

Conductors! Motormen!
Forget your grouch at us!
Give us the vote!
And we will try
Never to fall off the car backward,
Never to climb on in front while in motion,
Never to forget our transfers,
Never to say Johnnie is 8 when he is 10.
Vote for the woman suffrage amendment Nov. 2 and
Watch us learn.

This warms the cockles of the heart, if that organ has any part in politics. So clever, so adroit, so insinuating, so calculated, in connection with pay day, to please the car men. "We're going to oblige you," the suffragists seem to say, prettily acknowledging small faults; "now won't you oblige us?" Whatever the effect, supplemented by speeches, campaign documents, personal appeal, and feminine charm, of these posters of genius, they show a shrewdness, an adaptation of means to ends, and a geniality of temper that the trousered politicians can appreciate. Think as they may of the cause, the skill of the managers must stir professional sympathy.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Because the Danes Are Sailors. Evidently there was no failure in Denmark to realize the peculiar enormity of what the commanders of certain German torpedo boats did when they shelled the crew of the British submarine E-13, escaping with difficulty as she lay stranded, helpless, and hopeless on the coast of Saltholm Island. Fourteen of them were killed as they struggled toward the shore, and that any escaped death seems to have been due only to the fact that a Danish torpedo boat, happening on the scene, steamed directly in between the German craft and the wreck, and so protected the English sailors from further bombardment.

The Danish Government immediately sent to Berlin a vigorous and indignant protest against the gross violation of neutral rights as well as of humanity that had been committed, but an even more significant circumstance was revealed in yesterday's cable dispatches.

Even in times of peace, the non-commissioned members of the crews of warships, as of merchant craft, are sunk in the sea or buried on land with brief and simple ceremonies, when they die, and when war is in progress the disposition of sailors, as of soldiers who meet their ends in any of the ordinary military ways, is usually still more summary. But the death of these men was not in an ordinary way; it violated not only the laws of war, but it offended an old custom of all seafaring nations, which is to treat shipwrecked sailors with a particular kindness and their misfortune as one that for the time being ends all enmities and imposes an obligation to render assistance on all who are able to give it. This feeling is so deeply implanted in all of the nations of this sort that action based on it is for them instinctive and necessary, rather than virtuous and meritorious. Such peoples have been taught by immemorial experience that each of them may sooner or later be himself in need of rescue from death by drowning and of succor after he gets ashore from a wreck with nothing except the clothes in which he stands.

Hence is it that the Danes, always men of the sea, interposed to save such of the English sailors as they could, and hence is it, also, that high Danish officials attended the funeral of these humble victims, made it an occasion of much obsequial pomp, and that their coffins, covered with flags and wreaths, are on their way back to England, conveyed by a Danish steamer.

Bulletin Board Debaters. Agents of the Department of Justice, according to a dispatch from Philadelphia, are making there a careful investigation of the almost continuous oratory that goes on in front of the newspaper bulletin boards. Not a little of private investigation of this matter—perhaps observation of it would be more accurately descriptive—has already been done. Always most of the talking is done by friends of Germany, her cause being maintained day after day by the same men, evidently with nothing else to do and with no anxieties of an economic sort.

There is nothing intrinsically illegal or even improper in the work of these advocates. Their right to express their opinions is not appreciably diminished even though they are paid for the service they sincerely try to render. These orators, however, are often offensively disrespectful of the Government by whose leniency their activities are permitted. Thus not infrequently they lead to breaches of the peace. At times and in places this has become an intolerable nuisance. That the bulletin board debaters are engaged in any dark plots is not at all probable. "Hot air" is their specialty.

A Record Truly Remarkable. A striking feature of the statistics as to German war casualties up to June 1—statistics, by the way, of English compilation, and therefore not influenced by favorable prejudice—is that of deaths from disease among the Kaiser's soldiers. The number is computed as 15,808!

If accepted as approximately correct—and reasons for doubting it are not either abundant or strong—the figures make a showing for German efficiency which, considering the size of the German armies and the hardships they have undergone, is more than magnificent. It is nothing less than amazing.

Not many years ago it was taken for granted that in every war and every army the deaths by disease would far outnumber those caused by bullet and steel. There is now, however, a new science of sanitation and hygiene, applicable in war as in peace. The various enteric diseases, which are those from which soldiers in the field formerly suffered most, now are, or at any rate can be, easily controlled or altogether banished.

The conditions of military service, dangerous as they are to health for the negligent or unenlightened, also give the scientific sanitarian his very best chance to show what he can do. As an army surgeon he issues orders that are obeyed, not advice that is heeded or ignored as its recipients choose. His authority is recognized, that is, and his will enforced, as far as military necessities will allow, in armies under enlightened command.

There are others, still, and they are not all in the Balkans, either, but the old officers who sniff and sneer and call effeminate the precautions that keep soldiers well are fast disappearing. Presumably all the armies in the great war are making disease records which, whether as good as Germany's or not, are far better than those of other and not very remote days.

THE LITTLE BEAST.

Now, when He had established Him
Amid the Crystal Sea,
There rose among the seraphim
One who would equal be.

Then spake the Maker of the Beast,
In that far day and old:
"Thou who art mighty shall be least,
O thou, the overbold!

"I, who have wrought thee out of fire
And fashioned thee of flame,
Behold, I cast thee in the mire,
And take away thy name!

"Yet not from seraph or from star
Its deathless gifts I strip;
Nor doth the Master workman mar
His perfect workmanship.

"But slowly in long cadent stage
In all thy glory dressed,
Thou shalt diminish age by age
Until thou vanishest!"

* * * * * *

And here, behold, a dreamer sees
Upon the garden wall,
Blown lightly from the August trees,
A gorgeous insect fall;

In filaments of fire arrayed,
And hoof and tail and horn,
That made, perchance, a world afraid
Ten trillion years agone!

M. E. BUHLER.

MERRIE ENGLISH LABOR.

It Will Live by the Way, and Not Too Efficiently, Either.

Brooklyn, Aug. 25, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I realize the futility of contradicting the stupid generalities of letter writers to the press, but in loyalty to my fellow-workers in England, I, an English working woman, protest against the despicable slanders on my fellow-workers.

The working class of England is critical, and by this they demonstrate their intelligence. Where there is no criticism there is something amiss. The critical spirit is a healthy growth. We English never submitted to the extreme tyranny of feudalism as did Germany. Circumstances and other conditions have given us a long political education, and today, when Germany is obsessed with nationalism and State philosophy, we have outlived that narrower stage and have a more splendid vision. There is evolution in history. The grander, nobler developments of democracy will inevitably be worked out, although the cursed retrogressive, military paternalism may hinder for a time. What a dastardly serpent is militarism glossed with efficiency and paternalism when any one enjoying the benefits of democracy can think pessimistically of it in the face of all its wonderful achievements. Already there are Americans drawing invidious comparisons because Germany has beaten, for a time, the notoriously disorganized Russians, who have been the prey of German spies and agents for years. The magnificent silent achievements of France and England are overshadowed by spectacular displays.

Again the silly assertion that Germany has no poverty or crime. How comes it, then, that the "wretched poor" of England have had for years to support scores of cadging German bands who roam the country from one end to the other? Often I gave the miserable-looking wretches a penny to get rid of their infernal din. Then no English person could get a job in a hotel because the Germans were glad enough to give their services free for the sake of the tips. On the ocean liners German stokers replaced English because they worked for lower wages.

I should like the mystery explained as to why wretched England was so attractive to thousands of Germans, if they were so well treated at home.

Bernhardi in his book warns against allowing the workers shorter hours in Germany. We English, if we are poor, do not drudge all hours that God sends. Nobody works in England on a Saturday afternoon. I admit that we are thriftless according to some viewpoints. We refuse to scratch and save every penny and deprive ourselves. We certainly like fun and good living. Thrift societies have a poor time. The Lancashire people and the wretched people from the black country spend thousands of pounds every year at Blackpool. There is something in our old title, "Merry" England. We peasants of England dare take chances on life and enjoy it.

We do not look longingly to Germany. Good Heavens, is there nothing else in life but money? However, the "wretched poor" of England can joke still; they are not of the "Gott Strafe" type.

AN ENGLISH WORKING WOMAN.

The Registration Bureau Again.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am heartily in favor of the "Registration Bureau" referred to in a letter of Thomas N. Miranda, appearing in your valuable paper this date. There is no doubt in my mind but that such a bureau would supply a long felt want in this city. When I think that it might be possible that my friends coming to New York, with no idea as to where they will make their headquarters while in the city, yet with a desire to get in touch with their numerous friends or acquaintances, could for a small sum register their whereabouts while in the city, and that the matter of locating them would be no more of a task than calling up Central, and for the same charge made for a local call, receiving this information from the "Registration Bureau," I do not hesitate to indorse the idea. Let us have a trial of it anyhow. The idea looks like something big, and deserves careful consideration.

A. E. BISHOP.

New York, Aug. 24, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let us hope that the New York Telephone Company will at least listen to the knocking of opportunity and grasp the idea set forth in your valuable columns in a letter from a subscriber on "The Registration Bureau." New York City is incomplete without such a bureau, and it should be conducted by the parties best equipped for it, the telephone or the telegraph companies. Nothing could be of more service to me at times. I travel often to New York, and such a service as a "Registration Bureau" would prove a great convenience, at any price.

C. JOHNSON.

Springfield, Ohio, Aug. 22, 1915.

A Paradise of All Noises.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was quite interested in reading an article in last week's Times under the headline "Annoyed by Street Noises." I can go Mr. Francis Warrenten better on that subject. New York City is filled up by an element of mixed foreigners, and it is a very hard matter to educate them or their children to stop yelling or making unnecessary noises, outside of those linemen, old-clothes men, vegetable men, scissors grinders, and the like. I live on Fox Street, between Westchester Avenue and 163d Street, Bronx. There is the paradise of all noises. Wednesday morning is the start. Carpets, rugs, bedding, and mattresses are beaten out on the fire escapes and the noise is enough to give anybody nervous prostration. I have notified the Board of Health on several occasions, but it has too much to attend to in this great city. Then there are the doors in the basements that have very heavy springs on them, and as early as 5:15 these doors start to bang. I spoke to the owner about it and the answer was: "It's mine house, unt I can do as I like." Now, what are you going to do about it? I have a sick wife and am doing everything possible to suppress such noises.

New York, Aug. 23, 1915. A. J. B.

Immigrants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the morning of Friday, Aug. 20, I arrived at the Grand Central Station at 12 o'clock. While walking from the upper level I passed two telephone booths and opposite I noticed a crowd of men, women, and children of foreign extraction waiting to be transported to some other city or State. They seemed to have most of their worldly possessions with them. I stopped for a minute to view these poor souls. They looked tired and worn, no doubt having made a long journey. They seemed anything but comfortable, herded together like animals. I passed on, hoping they would be sent to their destination before many hours went by. The next day at the same hour I returned to take the train, and, much to my amazement, these poor people were still there. Exactly twenty-four hours these people were kept in this small space, with hardly any ventilation and little light. You can imagine the scene and odor—it was beyond description.

LINDA L. HEINECKLE.

New York, Aug. 22, 1915.

Divinities in Uniform.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Wednesday's paper you say, "A policeman is human." He is nothing of the sort; he is divine!

WOMAN-ON-STREET-CROSSING.

New York, Aug. 25, 1915.

THE SQUALID PATH TO CITIZENSHIP.

Disappointing Sensations of a Wistful Alien on Being Thrust Rudely Into the Great American Melting Pot.

By AUGUST STENDER.

New York, Aug. 25, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

America dawned for me on the day I arrived in New York many years ago. It was a beautiful Indian Summer day. New York looked its best. The awe-inspiring skyscrapers, the liberty-proclaiming Statue of Liberty, the tooting tugs, the in and out going steamers, the noisy and discordant ship band playing "Yankee Doodle," the excitement of the home-coming Americans, waving their flags, could not fail to impress me. Again the majesty of the country was brought home to me at the edge of the Grand Canyon, and later still while watching the glorious sunset within the Golden Gate. This was the America of my dreams, the America of Cooper's tales, the America of Lincoln and Walt Whitman, the America of unlimited possibilities. The dormant spirit of democracy was set afire by the overpowering emotions instilled by nature's grandeur. A speech by William Jennings Bryan, heard in Boston, and another by Theodore Roosevelt, heard in New York, stirred the flame skyhigh. The resolution to embrace the Stars and Stripes was the only natural sequence.

Nothing could shake my conviction that my conscience dictated the adoption of my new country. I went through the preliminary steps necessary to realize my wish to become an American citizen. I expected the keenest realization of the nation to reach me on the day when my final oath was to be taken; but oh, the disappointment! Just as the immense Hunyadi Janos sign mars the beauty of New York's Harbor, so did the indescribable conditions under which the sacred oath of allegiance was taken mar the loftiness of the occasion. Many years have since elapsed. The incident had passed from my mind, only to be revived in all its vividness a few days ago when I assisted a friend to get his final papers.

We were summoned to the New York State Supreme Court for 9 o'clock on this day of days. Upon our arrival we found the first balcony of the rotunda well crowded. The doors of two opposite courtrooms were jealously guarded by what seemed to be the Cerberuses of the law—well fed, rotund, ridiculously important looking attendants in civilian attire. Authority was represented by a superannuated policeman, almost bent under the weight of the responsibilities which caricatured his otherwise jovial Irish face. Orthodox Russian Jews with their flowing beards, Italian fruit vendors and bootblacks, Greek flower peddlers, German grocers, Irish saloon keepers, here and there a forlorn-looking, well-dressed clerk, a scattering of women—altogether 300 persons, made up the Babylonian congregation. The language of all nations could be heard; the smells of all nations were discernible. From time to time an excited Italian raised his stentorian voice. A few east siders enlivened the noise with incomprehensible Yiddish exclamations until a new figure arrived upon the scene. Adorned with the golden badge of an under Sheriff and equipped with a long list of names, the newcomer ordered the crowd into one of the empty courtrooms. The "huh" and "hoh" of a cattle driver compared favorably with the tactics employed in forcing 300 persons into a room which 100 would have comfortably filled. No sooner had everybody expectantly followed the order than all were summoned out into the rotunda again, presumably to listen to the roll call, evidently to while the time away, for it was fully 10 o'clock when, among fifteen others, we also were called and directed into the opposite courtroom. This was not as easy as it appeared; it required the assistance of the lonely policeman to force, with outstretched arms, a passage through the crowd.

No sooner did we enter the room than an elderly attendant, possibly the Clerk of the court, bade us raise our hands to be sworn. This was done with such a bewildering rapidity that we are yet wonderingly asking what it was all about. We were then lined up in rows of three along the inner side of a railing which inclosed the platform upon which his Honor was to take his place. A sigh of relief greeted his appearance at a few minutes before 11 o'clock. As rapidly as I am writing the candidates and their witnesses passed his scrutinizing glances, answered the stereotyped questions of the Clerk, and were unceremoniously discharged. While the witnesses left the room the newly made citizen swore anew, this time before another Clerk, who then admitted him to suffrage in the grandest country in the world.

These, then, are the auspices under which the new citizen begins his citizenship. Unimpressed by the sanctity of the oath taken in an atmosphere devoid of decorum, one wonders when America will dawn for the aliens and whether the fire necessary to make the melting pot melt will ever be breathed on in them.

AUGUST STENDER.

THE PLATTSBURG ROOKIES.

How Their Sudden Enthusiasm Provokes the Guardsman's Scorn.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having read your article, "The Guardsman with a Grouch," I wish to say, as a veteran of the National Guard, that the attitude of the average Guard member toward the Plattsburg "rookies" is that of quizzical amusement mixed with indignation. They heartily approve of the encampments for college students, but fail to see why men, able-bodied and who are so situated that they can take a month's vacation, have avoided the five years' service in the Guard, where they would have received the training they seem to be after so keenly just now, through hard and often irksome work, but who now rush together under novel, easy, and somewhat spectacular conditions. Perhaps it is because the average citizen in New York does not "look up" to a Guardsman nor "appreciate the work he is doing." Many of them look upon him as a sort of scab strikebreaker, and this condition of affairs will never be entirely remedied until all young men are compelled to serve for a specified time.

I greatly enjoyed my service for New York State and want my boys to have this experience when they are old enough. You say that the Guardsmen form a part of the first line of defense. True, and with our inadequate army system, they would, in case of sudden war, be decimated, perhaps wiped out.

Why should not the men at Plattsburg, of whom it is said only one failed to pass the physical examinations, not be in this first line of defense? They are the sort of men the Guard needs. And why not give former Guard members more consideration in the forming of any reserve? At present they drop out of sight after their honorable discharges. There should be some arrangement made by which they would be enabled to keep up their rifle, revolver, and machine gun practice, and also keep in touch with the newest regulations of the service without being compelled to make the sacrifices which were required of them during their regular terms of enlistment.

VETERAN GUARDSMAN.

Ridgewood, N. J., Aug. 25, 1915.

Our Rights in the War Zone.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me unequivocally to indorse the attitude of C. M. Ripley as expressed in The Times. Like his, my family—originally English—has been American for generations, and I, myself, am neither pro-German nor a "peace-at-any-price" man. Not for a moment do I deny my entire right to sail on a British ship in that infinitesimal portion of the earth's surface called the "war zone"; but the question is, Am I ready to die for that right? I certainly am not.

H. F. BAKER.

New York, Aug. 24, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having read the statement of Charles Ripley in The Times, I want to say that I am an American born and have not a particle of German blood in my veins. I have served in the National Guard, State of New York, and agree in every way with the sentiments which are expressed in his statement that Americans should not travel on ships of a belligerent nation, and if they do so it is at their own risk. If they were thorough Americans they would not place their country in an embarrassing position and run the risk of bringing us into this horrible war.

GEORGE CLINTON.

New York, Aug. 24, 1915.

The Junior Police.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article appearing in The Sunday Times of Aug. 22, attributing the origination and organization of the "Junior Police" to Captain Sweeny of the Fifteenth Precinct, is unfair to Harry M. Schlacht, Superintendent of the East Side Protective Association. The article states that Captain Sweeny organized the junior police just one year ago. I know of my own knowledge that I have read with deep interest in The New York Times for about five years of Harry Schlacht's active interest in the juvenile police work. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, William S. Bennet, Frank Moss, and others will bear me out that Schlacht is the originator of the "Juvenile Police," even though the police Captain has changed the name to "Junior."

HAROLD SHLEY.

New York, Aug. 23, 1915.

The Suffragist's Monopoly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Miss Janet Gilder says in The Times: "It is a bigger feather in a woman's cap—a brighter jewel in her crown—to be the mother of a George Washington than to be a member of Congress from the Thirty-second District." Obviously. But Miss Gilder overlooks the fact that the suffragist would be both! Why not?

JOHN W. KELLER.

New York, Aug. 24, 1915.

SANS FOOD OR ALCOHOL.

On Stomachs Four Days Empty Men May Yet Be Keen to Charge.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why this interminable squabble over what Miss Jane Addams said, and what it may or may not have meant? She denies, through an agent, that she said that the fighting courage of the men in war rises from the stimulus of alcohol and drugs. So much the better. And she adds that she is sure there are men in every country who feel "that way"—that the use of steel reduces them to the level of the savage with the spear, and that it is unthinkable. Of course, for there are cowards and pacifists everywhere.

If Miss Addams had been eating soldiers' food during five months at the front, as I did, instead of talking with the "peace-at-any-price" people of several nations, (for there is no nation uncursed with them to a greater or less degree,) she would never have got into the controversy. I have seen them go to a charge. Their officers could hardly hold them back until the appointed moment. And not only were they empty of alcohol, but in one poignant case they had been foodless—cut off from their supplies—for four terrible days. Of course every one who knows the France of today knows that absinthe can't be bought—there isn't any. And these same soldiers—the "beasts"—are fighting, they believe, for civilization and to spare the future mothers of their nation.

Military preparedness certainly does not prevent war. Nothing short of Heaven will prevent war. And even there—we have it on authority—there was a quarrel, after which the head of one faction was evacuated by superior force. But preparedness will prevent wholesale murder such as we can see today. And preparedness will make for the wholesale respect of an honest desire for peace by those who now and always will ridicule and impose on weakness.

DALLAS D. L. McGREW.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 18, 1915.

A Shark Off Horton's Point.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reading the communication of F. A. Lucas, Director American Museum of Natural History, under head of "Shark Slander" in The Times of the 11th inst., and some other contributions in reference to sharks, impels me to suggest that Mr. Lucas and the others might have cited an instance in home waters of a shark attacking a man. About 1870 a schooner bound from some Eastern port to New York became becalmed off Horton's Point on Long Island Sound, and while the vessel lay waiting for a breeze one of the crew went swimming from her. While he was enjoying himself at some distance from the schooner his fellow shipmates descried a shark making for him. Shouting warning to him they got out a boat for his rescue, but before they reached him the shark grabbed him by the hip. He endeavored to blind the fish, and either did, or the approaching boat frightened it off, for his shipmates took him in the boat and by rowing two miles brought him ashore, where they obtained a wagon and, after a drive at least as far, obtained a doctor, who attended to the wounded man. He was taken to Greenport, where he received necessary care for several weeks and finally was able to be taken to his home. I did not see the boat, man, or shark, but heard about the case at Greenport while the sailor was there and I suppose there are some of the older Greenport people that remember about it.

With the many motor boats that are everywhere in our waters sharks are doubtless wary about making attacks, but I do not think it advisable to cultivate their acquaintance.

B. G. DAVIS.

Glen Cove, N. Y., Aug. 25, 1915.

Bottle Up War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If America is to keep her place as leader among nations in virtue of a freer form of government let us not add to the horrors of this war by destroying more lives in European fashion. Can we not use brains, inventive genius, and, above all, brotherly human sympathy, to extinguish the frightful conflagration that threatens all civilization? In addition coercive methods of the police sort could be used, such as bottling up war-mad soldiers, deflecting the torpedo's course, checking the ambition of the leaders by a commercial boycott, and always plotting and planning for the autonomy of the small nations, where often the highest type of civilization can be best nursed.

ANNIE W. GOULD.

Tarrytown, N. Y., Aug. 23, 1915.

How to Insult a Street Band.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Today I offered a German street band a dime to play the "Marseillaise." By taking a zigzag course I escaped before the torpedo exploded. They are not out for cash, it seems.

W. J. L.

New York, Aug. 25, 1915.

GREAT INTEREST IN 'COMMON CLAY'

Powerful Play with a Weak Conclusion Shown at the Republic.

INTRODUCING MR. KINKEAD

A Harvard Playwright of Splendid Promise Sees His First Work Given by an Exceptional Company.

COMMON CLAY.—A new play in three acts and an epilogue, by Cleves Kinkead, with John Mason and Jane Cowl, in the Republic Theatre.

Mrs. Fullerton	Ida Darling
Richard Fullerton	Russ Whytall
Edwards	Roy Cochrane
Anne Fullerton	Marguerite Anderson
Ellen Neal	Jane Cowl
Arthur Coakley	Dudley Hawley
Hugh Fullerton	Orme Caldara
Judge Samuel Filson	John Mason
Miss Warren	Lela Lee
W. P. Yates	Robert McWade
Judge of Police Court	John Ravold
Clerk of Police Court	Andrew Bennison
Bailiff of Police Court	James Gaylor
Mrs. Neal	Mabel Colcord

Guests, Police Court Officials, and Attendants.

"Common Clay," the long and loudly heralded Harvard prize play, was brought to this city last evening and presented here for the first time at the Republic Theatre. It is the work of Cleves Kinkead, a Kentucky lawyer, who wrote it after he had journeyed to Cambridge and sat for a time at the feet of Professor Baker. This fresh product from that interesting dramatic laboratory proves, upon inspection, to be a keen, if quite familiar and somewhat obvious, social criticism, implicit in a powerful and absorbing human story.

That story reaches its natural climax in the middle of the third act, and thereafter, for some three-quarters of an hour, the play rapidly deteriorates and comes to an end in an unnecessary, weak, and singularly inept epilogue. But before that decline begins, Mr. Kinkead has done some extremely effective dramatic writing, and thereby has presented himself as the most promising new American playwright who has come to New York in many seasons.

An Admirable Company.

As a newcomer among the dramatists he must be profoundly grateful to Manager Woods, who has assembled for his play a company of exceptional merit. Beautiful Jane Cowl does some effective work in the leading feminine rôle and, after years in the round of stock companies, Dudley Hawley marks his first appearance on Broadway by giving the most striking and altogether the most satisfactory performance of the evening.

Little heed may be paid to the vague social philosophy implied in the title of the play, and further suggested by a quotation on the program where the author has taken those lines from the great Mr. Kipling which refer to the Colonel's Lady and Judy O'Grady. But this is just so much dramatic varnish and matters little. Mr. Kinkead seems to forget about it after he has settled down to work and what he has really given us is a graphic illustration of the injustice and cruel irony in society's immemorial attitude toward the woman with a child born out of wedlock—particularly when the man and the woman come from different walks of life.

This is an unlovely subject and indeed, the new play at the Republic is not a pretty piece. There are plenty who will find it distasteful and even malodorous and who will rush forth proclaiming "Common Clay" to be common dirt. But, what with its subject matter having served for discussion at every other sociological luncheon and in every other 15-cent magazine, its production is hardly the cue for uproar in a city that has fairly wallowed in Brieux. Indeed, "Common Clay" contains much of the same sort of social criticism that has made famous the works of the French playwright with the interesting difference that Mr. Kinkead—up to 10:30—has not scorned to write a good play. It must be said, too, that this criticism is not obtrusive save at the start, where, to an extent rather greater than can be naturally accounted for, the people of the play all seem very socially self-conscious. And it must also be said that no part of what may offend many in "Common Clay" ever seems meretricious in that species of masquerade candor sometimes indulged in with an eye to the box office.

The Story of the Play.

"Common Clay" is the story of Ellen Neal, a housemaid in the home of a rich family in the Middle West, who is led into an adventure with the son on his vacation from a college in the East. The play develops from the comic and ghastly efforts of the family to suppress the case when a baby is born to her. They seek to prove that she is a dance-hall graduate of unsavory history and succeed, in the process, in confronting their unhappy star witness with the peril of a criminal prosecution for seduction.

The unconsciously brutal conversation between the men seeking to adjust the case behind closed doors is Mr. Kinkead's best work. Much of the text of his play has genuine salt, and, though occasionally his pen has slipped to betray a character into unnatural eloquence or pungency, the bulk of the dialogue is immeasurably better than the stuff that is so often spouted month in and month out on the New York stage.

The climax comes when, with Mrs. Neal on the witness stand, the lawyer for the defense seeks to draw out some damaging material concerning the girl's earlier story and stumbles on the fact that the girl is his own child, the hapless legacy of just another such adventure, one that he had thought was written only on the pages of a book closed and sealed twenty years before.

A Painful Epilogue.

There is very little left to tell after that, but Mr. Kinkead goes on and on. He is rewarded by a nice bit of irony when the girl sees in the harrowed father's solicitude only the advances of another lecherous old man; but aside from this one spark of interest, the act falters along in distinctly maudlin fashion to a belated conclusion. This is bad enough, but the epilogue is unpardonable, a preposterously timid, false and unworthy afterthought that shows Ellen become a great opera singer and respectably reunited, at last, with the man of her early adventure. It might have been written by Laura Jean Libbey; it is reminiscent of nothing so much as the last act of "Zaza" and it seems to have no excuse whatever except the opportunity it provides for Miss Cowl to appear radiant in an evening gown. Reports have had it that on its way to New York, "Common Clay" was being tinkered with. If the tinker wrote the epilogue, he should be shot at sunrise.

There is so much of the resentful Mary Turner in Ellen Neal that Jane Cowl, who has not played here since the long run of "Within the Law," was an obvious and happy choice for the rôle. She satisfies the emotional demands of the part, which are considerable. Mr. Mason, as the lawyer, is effective in the quieter scenes, but, though he keeps the soft pedal on in welcome fashion, he surrenders completely to some of the mannerisms which have marked and marred his work in recent seasons. Russ Whytall is admirable as the boy's father, but the surprise of the production lies in the contribution of Dudley Hawley, a graduate of the stock companies, whose performance is strikingly skillful. It is bound to remain as one of the most satisfying memories of this theatrical season and of this entertainment called "Common Clay."

New Burlesque Circuit Formed.

A new burlesque circuit has been organized in New York to compete with the Columbia and American circuits, the two organizations which have controlled all the burlesque houses in the country. It is known as the Metropolitan Amusement Company and its offices will be in New York. At present the circuit is made up of Daly's and the Union Square Theatres in New York, the National in Philadelphia, the Star in Scranton, Penn., and theatres in Washington, D. C., and Wilmington, Del.

MOVIES SEEK MARY GARDEN.

An Offer of $150,000 to Act in Four Operas, Manager Says.

Mary Garden may be the next of the opera singers to play voiceless parts before the moving-picture camera. Her local manager, R. E. Johnston, yesterday cabled to the singer, who is in France, that a moving-picture concern had made an offer of $150,000 for her appearance before the camera in four plays out of her operatic répertoire, one of which would be "Thaïs." Mr. Johnston cabled that a "highly responsible firm" had made the offer, and would not say which one it was when he was questioned.

Miss Garden's previously announced plans call for her to be in this country next season, so that the making of the pictures would be easy.

T. A. HAVEMEYER, 2D, WEDS.

Former Fiance of Miss Bispham Marries Miss MacLean in Vancouver

The mariage of Theodore A. Havemeyer, 2d, a son of the late Charles F. Havemeyer, and a grandson of the late Mr. and Mrs. Theodore A. Havemeyer, and Miss Jeannotte Aileen MacLean, a daughter of Ewen Wainwright MacLean of Vancouver, B. C., took place in St. Paul's Church, Vancouver, on Aug. 11. The engagement was never published here but was announced sometime ago in Vancouver, where Mr. Havemeyer, who is in the lumber business, had spent the last three years.

Mr. Havemeyer inherited a fortune from his father, who divided his estate between his son and his widow, who sometime after his death married Frederick O. Beach.

Mr. Havemeyer was formerly engaged to Miss Vida Bispham, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Bispham. The engagement announced in October, 1912, was broken in January of the following year, and on June 16 last Miss Bispham became the bride of Riccardo Alessandro Daddi-Berkheri, a banker of Florence.

SOCIETY CIRCUS FOR CHARITY.

Big Event Is to be Held at West End, N. J., on Saturday.

A society circus is to be held Saturday afternoon and evening on the Monmouth County Horse Show Grounds, West End, N. J. Prominent people summering along the Jersey coast expect to make the affair, for charity, a big success.

There are to be fifteen amateur acts and eight professional, including a three-round bout between Leach Cross and Johnnie Dundee.

Harry Content, a new York broker, is President of the circus. J. J. O'Donohue is Vice President, and Harold Content, Assistant United States District Attorney, is Secretary and Treasurer.

Among the 150 members who attended the meeting last night to perfect the final arrangements were P. J. Casey, Paul Block, Charles Trusttum, J. J. O'Donohue, Jr., Schuyler Casey, Walter Lewisohn, Henry Stoddard, S. S. McClure, Byron Newcomb, Victor Dowling, William Duval, William Levy, Benjamin Morris, William P. Ahnelt, Peter Hauck, Adolph Lewisohn, and Charles Guggenheim.

Tickets are on sale at the leading clubs and hotels in Long Branch, West End, Deal, Seabright, Asbury Park, and Spring Lake.

Society Folk to View Auto Race.

A large number of boxes have been sold to society people for the opening on Oct. 2 of the Sheepshead Bay Speedway for the 350-mile automobile race for the Vincent Astor Cup. Mr. and Mrs. Astor and the Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel have accepted the invitation of Percy R. Pyne, 2d, to view the race from one of his boxes. Others who have taken boxes are M. Orme Wilson, William Payne Thompson, Aymar Johnson, Moses Taylor Pyne, Jr., Thornton Wilson, W. Redmond Cross, James Speyer, Sherman Day, Thomas B. Clarke, George T. Brokaw, Bayard Dominick, Harry Harkness, Wadsworth R. Lewis, and Irving M. Day.

Miss Clay to Wed D. T. Ackerly.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Clay of 1 West Eighty-first Street, formerly of Long Island City, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edna Clay, to Dana T. Ackerly, the son of Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Ackerly. Mr. Ackerly was graduated from Williams College in the class of 1901 and from the Harvard University Law School in 1904. He is a member of the law firm of Breed, Abbott & Morgan of 32 Liberty Street. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Romeyn-Pittman Engagement.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Estelle Young Romeyn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Romeyn of 63 East Sixty-fourth Street, to Ernest Wetmore Pittman, son of Mrs. Homer Wise of Flushing, L. I., and the late Stewart Lansing Pittman of Detroit. Mr. Pittman is a graduate of Yale, class of 1912. Miss Romeyn is spending the Summer with her parents at their country place at Watch Hill, R. I. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mme. Alda Promises to Pay Fine.

George Fitzgerald of Great Neck, chauffeur for Mme. Alda, the singer, who was fined $25 in the Flushing Police Court several days ago for speeding, and was to pay on Wednesday, failed to appear and attachés of the court called Mme. Alda by telephone to inquire about him.

"It's my fault," said Mme. Alda. "I sent him out of town. I will send the money to court at once."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Louis Calvert, the English actor who was last seen here at the New Theatre, has returned to New York to appear in Herman Scheffauer's play, "The Bargain," which A. H. Woods will produce. Mr. Calvert has been touring England in the play. The American company will include Dorothy Donnelly, Josephine Victor, Forrest Winant, Eugene O'Brien, and John Flood.

Ferdinand Gottschalk has been engaged by the Charles Frohman Company for his original role of Henry Pitt-Welby in "The Duke of Killicrankie," to be revived in the Lyceum Sept. 6.

W. Perceval-Monger, a member of Granville Barker's company at Wallack's last season, will have a part in "Victory," a play by Ruth Helen Davis and Ella Wheeler Wilcox that will be acted at Long Branch next month.

At the opening of the new McKinley Square Theatre at Boston Road and 169th Street tonight Judge John M. Tierney will make the inaugural address. Numbers arranged for the occasion will be given by A. Baldwin Sloane and Harry Carroll.

MUSIC NOTES.

The soloists for the Russian Symphony Concert at Madison Square Garden tonight will be Henri Beaugard, tenor, and Baroness von Rottenthal, classic dancer. Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Scheherazade" will be played.

Josef Hofmann will give a recital at the Building of Arts, Bar Harbor, on Saturday afternoon. His program will include, among other numbers, a group of pieces from Schumann and another from Chopin, including the latter's sonata in B flat minor.

McCall Lanham, baritone, and head of the voice department of the American Institute of Applied Music, was operated on for appendicitis Wednesday at Dr. Hennen's private hospital in West Seventy-fifth Street.

Ocean Travelers.

Among those sailing today on the Tuscania for Liverpool and Glasgow are:

Mr. and Mrs. David Anderson, Miss E. Anderson, H. T. Almond, Miss Isabel Beverley, Mrs. E. Burgess, Mrs. C. E. Bent, Mrs. C. Billington, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Berch, Miss E. Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. A. Dempter, Robert Hall, C. D. Johnstone, Hubert Lloyd, H. N. Moore, Mrs. M. Perry, E. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Tomlinson, W. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. R. Williams.

BOY WITH CAST DIES FOR A STRAIGHT EYE

Chokes to Death Under Ether on Operating Table as Mother Waits in Hospital.

SQUINT HIS LIFE HANDICAP

Had Hoped for Years and Pleaded Long for Operation to Make Him as Other Boys.

"It's my eye, mamma," fifteen-year-old Francis Mullen used to complain. "If it was right like other boys', I could get a job, too. Please have it fixed, won't you?"

And Mrs. Margaret Mullen, whose husband, Charles, is a carpenter, gave in at last, for the little family at 122 East 127th Street couldn't afford to support young Francis in idleness forever! The boy had been struck in the right eye by a stone thrown by a playmate when he was 9 years old, and, though his sight had been saved, the eye was turned in its socket so that it gave a strange look to the boy's face.

From the day he was graduated from public school, more than a year ago, the youngster had sought in vain for a job and had become convinced at last that his disfigurement was in the way. Mrs. Mullen urged him to keep trying for a place and meantime to wait until he was older before he had his eye treated by a surgeon.

But the boy was persistent, so a week ago Mrs. Mullen took him to the Harlem Eye and Ear Infirmary at 127th Street and Lexington Avenue. The surgeons told her the boy's eye could be set straight again, and at once performed a minor preliminary operation. Francis was delighted. He could scarcely wait for yesterday, when he was to return for the final operation.

The surgeons had cautioned the mother that Francis must not be allowed to eat before taking ether, as it might make him sick, so it was 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon before Mrs. Mullen, accompanied by her elder son, Edward, who is 17 years old, escorted Francis to the hospital, for in the morning the mother had insisted that he eat some breakfast. Mrs. Mullen and Edward sat in the reception room on the ground floor while Francis, all eagerness, accompanied a nurse upstairs, telling his mother how in a few minutes he would be like other boys and could get a job.

From 4 to 6 o'clock the mother and brother waited anxiously. At last, when a nurse stepped into the room and asked Mrs. Mullen to come upstairs, the mother followed eagerly. She was anxious to see Francis again.

Instead, several surgeons and nurses met her, talking of this and that, so obviously striving to conceal their own agitation, that Mrs. Mullen was nervously prepared for the blow when the news was broken to her that Francis was dead.

"They told me he had died on the operating table," sobbed Mrs. Mullen, at her home last night. "They said he had become ill when they put him under the ether. He had choked, and when they could do nothing else for him, one of the surgeons opened his throat, hoping, they said, to prevent his choking to death until he should come from under the ether. But it didn't. He kept right on choking, and they couldn't do anything for him. And then, they tell me, he died right there, and me only a floor below, waiting for him to come downstairs, so happy that his eye would be straight again."

Mrs. Mullen didn't know who had performed the operation, who had given the ether, who had made the incision in her son's throat. They hadn't told her at the hospital, and she had been too grief-stricken to ask.

Nor, at the hospital, would they tell any one else. A woman nurse told a reporter that the Superintendent would not be back until this morning and that neither she nor any one else then in the hospital knew anything about the Francis Mullen case, and, anyway, it was against the rules to give out information.

Dr. C. B. Meding, who, according to the Charities Directory, is head surgeon of the hospital, lives at 111 West 121st Street, but he did not answer his telephone last night.

ITALIANS CHEER CONCERT.

Throng at Century Applauds Amato's Singing of a Patriotic Song.

A concert for the benefit of Italians to whom the war has brought suffering was given last night in the Century Opera House. As Italy was the last nation to enter the war and this was the first benefit for her sufferers there was a great outpouring of Italians that filled every seat of the big playhouse. It was estimated by those in charge that between $4,000 and $5,000 was realized.

Except for a dramatic recitation by Mimi Aguglia, the Sicilian actress, who was last seen here in repertoire in the Comedy Theatre two seasons ago, the program was made up of musical numbers. These were rendered by soloists, a chorus recruited largely from the chorus of the Metropolitan Opera House, and an orchestra made up of players from that institution and the symphony orchestras of the city. The program was a long one and was heartily applauded, but the greatest enthusiasm of the evening was elicited by Pasquale Amato's singing of a patriotic song by Rotoli, entitled "La Mia Bandiera."

The other soloists were Adele Dilli, Clem. de Vere-Sapio, Luisa Villani, Giuseppe Ansalone, Luca Botta, and Dante Del Papa. Gino Nastrucci, first violin of the Metropolitan Orchestra, occupied a similar position last night, and Alberto Bimboni, Cherubino Raffaeli, Giuseppe Aldo Randegger, and Romualdo Sapio took turns conducting. Giuseppe Raffaeli organized both orchestra and choir.

A large American and an Italian flag, entwined, hung above the musicians, and flags of the two nations were draped on the parapets of the boxes. A flying squadron of young women gowned in white carrying bags of tri-colored silk for coin receptacles and with tri-colored sashes across their shoulders sold flowers and programs, collecting a cubic foot of bills and coins.

ASSAILS RESERVE LAW.

It Has Two Flaws, Ex-Controller Dawes Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26.—Unless the Federal reserve law was amended in two particulars the United States was likely to experience the worst panic in its history, Charles G. Dawes, Controller of the Currency from 1897 to 1902 and since then President of the Central Trust Company of Chicago, said in an address before a meeting of the International Association of Casualty and Surety Underwriters in the Hotel Statler today.

Mr. Dawes said that the reserve law should be amended to prevent Directors of national banks which compete with Federal Reserve banks from becoming Directors of Federal Reserve banks, and to take from the Secretary of the Treasury the control of the prosperity of the country, which was now in his hands, because he could deposit the cash reserve of the Federal Treasury in the Federal Reserve banks at his own discretion.

Mgr. John Edwards Much Better.

Mgr. John Edwards, Senior Vicar General of the Roman Catholic Diocese of New York, who has been ill in St. Vincent's Hospital for the last week, was reported last night to be much better and it was believed that he would be able to return to his duties as pastor of St. Joseph's Church, 61 Sixth Avenue, within a few days. He is in his eighty-third year. His condition was so improved yesterday that he was able to walk about the hospital garden for several hours.

SAVES BOY THOUGHT DEAD.

Tube Forced Into Lungs of Lad Whose Throat Had Swollen Shut.

Frank Caruso, 4 years old, was thought to have died in St. Vincent's Hospital yesterday, when Dr. Philip F. O'Hanlon by heroic methods saved his life.

His mother was in another room in their home, at 118 Thompson Street, when the little boy ran into the kitchen and pulled a kettle of boiling water over on to himself. He inhaled some of the steam, and his tender throat immediately swelled up so that he could not breathe. Dr. McElvary removed him to the hospital, where efforts were made to force an instrument down his throat without success.

The throat was too much swollen, and soon the little boy was motionless and to all intents dead. A nurse left the room and remarked to Dr. O'Hanlon, who was passing, that the child was dead. The doctor quickly examined the boy, and then asked for a pair of forceps. He seized the tongue with them and pulled it out so far that it was possible to slip an oiled rubber tube down the throat into the lungs, and then artificial respiration was resorted to.

Within half an hour Frank was breathing naturally and had recovered consciousness, and then bandages were arranged to hold the tubs in place, and he was sent to a ward. Dr. Cox began treating the scalded throat, and it was said late last night that Frank would live.

WAR BLINDS AMBASSADORS.

Spring-Rice and Bernstorff in Proximity, but Indifferent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—At luncheon at the Shoreham today were Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, Lady Spring-Rice, Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, and Oswald Garrison Villard of New York. Count von Bernstorff was the guest of Mr. Villard. The table at which they sat was not far from that of the British Envoy and Lady Spring-Rice.

Of course, the two Ambassadors did not speak. While their Governments are at war they are supposed not to know each other.

At another table in the restaurant were two Attachés of the Belgian Legation. They are not on speaking terms with the members of the German Embassy staff. A friend of both Ambassadors shook hands with Sir Cecil and Lady Spring-Rice and after a short wait went over to Count von Bernstorff's table and spoke with him. The only embarrassment that the presence of the two Ambassadors caused in the restaurant was centred in the head waiter. He saw to it that the German and the British representatives did not come face to face.

WON'T GIVE POLICEWOMEN.

Woods Refuses to Appoint Special Guards for Tailors' Strike.

The 12,000 women members of the Ladies' Tailors and Dressmakers' Union who have announced that they will go on strike on Sept. 20, with the 8,000 men workers in that trade, will have to conduct their fight without the protection of the 200 women police whom they asked Police Commissioner Woods to appoint. In a letter to the Strike Committee Mr. Woods said:

"In the case of strikes the instructions which the police have are to see that the law is observed by both parties. Both parties to a strike may count upon police protection so long as they obey the law."

The committee had complained that there was danger of attacks by guards or by gunmen and gunwomen in the employ of strikebreaking agencies.

The strike will be called at a mass meeting on Sept. 20 in Cooper Union, when Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and other labor leaders will be present.

PRAISE EDISON BATTERIES.

Invention for Submarines to be Put in More Undersea Boats.

It was announced at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday that tests which have been made there of the new batteries for undersea boats invented by Thomas A. Edison have been so far highly successful. The batteries were installed on the submarine K-6, and many experiments made under the direction of Lieutenant Bailey. These experiments have worked so well that Lieutenant Bailey has recommended that the batteries be placed on the other boats, the K-1, the K-2, and the K-5. These boats will leave the yard shortly to attend the manoeuvres to be held off Newport.

The new batteries are made of nickel and will not generate the poisonous chlorine gas, as the ones made of lead do.

CAPTURE SPEED BOAT THIEF

Woman and Two Sons Tie Man in Hermann Oelrichs's Reliance.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 26.—Hermann Oelrichs's speed boat Reliance was missed from its moorings this morning, and Mr. Oelrichs and Chief of Police Crowley began a search.

Tonight Chief Crowley received word from Beach Park, ten miles west of the mouth of the Connecticut River, near the town of Clinton, that late today the boat came to the wharf out of order, the man in it asking for assistance. Mrs. Leland, who was on shore became suspicious of the occupant of the boat, and with her two sons made the man a prisoner.

They tied him to a post on a piazza of a house near by and summoned the Sheriff at Clinton. He came quickly, iwth a description of the vessel, and placed the man under arrest.

COLLEGE LIFE IS LOAFING.

Dean Balliet's Idea of the Present Higher Education.

OAKLAND, Cal., Aug. 26.—Delegates to the National Education Association Convention attended a series of departmental congresses today. Thomas M. Balliet, Dean of the School of Pedagogy of New York University, who spoke on "Vocational Education and Practical Arts," said that the present college system meant four years of loafing. College students, he said, lacked definite aim, and without this the mere prolongation of general education was a waste of time.

He suggested that the four-year period be divided into two two-year periods, the first two years to be devoted to general training and the last two years to training in professional schools.

AERO CLUB WINS A POINT.

Gets Two Members on Inventions Board by Organizing Engineers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The Aero Club of America, which was not invited by Secretary Daniels to nominate two members of the new Naval Advisory Board on Inventions, has organized the Society of Aeronautical Engineers, and asked the Navy Department to accept two of its members for service on the board. The department has consented.

In deciding that the Aero Club was not entitled to representation on the board, the Navy Department held that the nomination should be confined to members of scientific and engineering associations. The Aero Club overcame the difficulty by organizing the Aeronautical Engineers' branch.

WOMEN WIN PLEDGE OF CAR MEN'S HELP

Swap Promises to be Docile Passengers for Support of Suffrage at Polls.

PRETTY BUGLERS AID CAUSE

Pay Cars and Barns Decorated for Their Visits—Only One Man Runs Away from Argument.

Two dozen suffragists in four automobiles, with two sweet and pretty young woman buglers, called on 25,000 motormen, conductors and other street railway men yesterday to do their share toward getting the women the right to vote.

"The boys are all with you," was the answer, and a permanent bond was established between the women and the street car men that may even help to facilitate traffic.

It was Car Barn Day with the suffragists, for this is Street Railway Week and the six working days of it are being devoted to the 240,000 railway men of the city. Yesterday being pay day for a large part of them, 25,000 were reached in bunches.

The women got a cordial reception and the men put in their buttonholes the sprays of golden rod, the nasturtiums and black-eyed susans in suffrage yellow that the women gave them. They were enthusiastic about suffrage map calendars that were given out, accepted suffrage buttons with gratitude and even took suffrage literature and promised to read it.

Only one man was reported up to late yesterday afternoon as not being amenable to arguments, and he was an elderly German. He fled as soon as the women came in sight, waving them back as he called: "Nothing doing! Nothing doing!" while little Doc Dock, who braved the subway trenches in the interest of the cause, pursued him with literature.

"Woman's place is the home!" cried another, repeating the argument that the antis do not use.

"How many hours does it take to go to the polls?" a suffragist answered scornfully. "Go together, take the baby with you and you hold it while your wife votes."

"Well, I suppose it will come to that," he answered resignedly.

The women had a direct invitation to visit the railroad men from a conductor in a car yesterday morning. "Hope you ladies are coming to see us today," he said, noticing the suffrage button she wore. "Don't forget it." Then confidentially: "One thing I notice about the suffragettes is that they don't wear fur 'round their necks in Summer."

At some of the barns the women found that the men had waited until noon to draw their pay so that they might be on hand when the suffragists arrived. The women were allowed to decorate the Third Avenue pay car where 9,000 men receive their money. They covered it with suffrage flags and a new suffrage poster, brought out especially for the railroad men. The poster tells what the women will do in the way of being agreeable travelers on the cars if the conductors and motormen will only vote for them. The men were greatly pleased with these promises and cheered and shouted with laughter.

"That is pretty good," said one. "The only thing you have forgotten is not to give the conductor pennies."

Miss Portia Willis pleased the Fifth Avenue bus men when she told them at their barn that they were the "car men de luxe," for it took a double fare to ride with them.

Miss Adaline Sterling made a threat which the men took in good part. "Women are not going to take men's places in the world," she said. "They couldn't take the places of the politicians. There would not be enough to go around, and then the men have them already. And one thing you never have heard of was a woman trying to get a job as conductor or motorman. If you vote for us on November 2, we won't do it, either. But if you don't—well, on November 3 I'll send in my application."

Miss Ida Craft—Colonel Craft of the Pilgrim Army—coming with the others of her party upon a band of the men eating luncheon, was afraid of disturbing them. "We don't want to annoy you," she said. "We would merely like to give you a little literature and ask you to talk suffrage among yourselves."

"Why, we do nothing but talk suffrage," was the answer.

The suffragists received friendly greetings from the Little Sisters of the Poor whom they found at the different pay stations and the sisters wished them good luck, took buttons to wear and one took a number to give to the men in the Home for the Destitute who are voters.

"I never have a chance to go to evening suffrage meetings, so I am glad to be able to be at this afternoon meeting," she said.

Among the women who took part in the suffrage demonstration were Mrs. Malcolm Clephane, the Misses Rosina and Fanny Flanly, Miss Agnes Mayo, Mrs. M. B. Morgan, Mrs. K. B. Withrow, Miss Margaret White, Mrs. F. Kennet Drisler, Miss Virginia Thoburn, Mrs. George Wheelock, Mrs. O. F. Ellington, Mrs. T. T. Cotnam, Mrs. Mable Keep, Mrs. Ella O. Guilford, Miss Elinor Byrnes, Miss Eleanor Garrison, and Miss Rose Livingston. The buglers were Miss Erminie Kahn and Miss Rose Bower.

About a dozen pay stations were covered and the Men's Recreation Home, Eighth Avenue and 158th Street, and the Lost Article Depositary, 820 Eighth Avenue, were visited. They did not attempt to have meetings in many places, but pinned the new motormen's and conductors's suffrage posters to the fronts of their gowns so that they could be read as they distributed the buttons, flowers and literature.

MRS. MILBANK HURT BY FALL

Steps Into Open Elevator Door and Drops Ten Feet.

Mrs. J. Hungerford Milbank, who recently organized the International Order of MBilitary Women, fell into the elevator shaft at her home, 20 West Thirtieth Street, last Friday night. Since the accident Mrs. Milbank has been treated for partial paralysis. She has improved considerably, and although still unable to walk about without aid, her friends hope for complete recovery.

Mrs. Milbank on the night of the accident returned home late and forgot that the elevator was not in operation at that hour. She walked to the rear of the hall and found the levator door open, though the elevator was locked for the night at the second floor, and she stepped in and fell ten feet.

Another tenant summoned the Superintendent and the two carried Mrs. Milbank to her apartment.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED ON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

MONEY FOR THE SHAPIROS.

New Friends Aid Head of Family, Who Was Penniless.

The story of the pathetic fight a penniless father was making to regain the custody of his little fifteen-year-old daughter after she had been taken from him on the ground of improper guardianship aroused the sympathy of at least twelve persons yesterday. As a consequence two contributions amounting to $12 were received at the office of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to help Louis Shapiro, the father, take care of his daughter Flora, and the following contributions were sent to THE TIMES for the same purpose:

E. T. C.	$10	Mrs. M. B. Malthy	$2
L. C.	5	F. A. Mathews	2
A. D. Adam	5	R. H. B.	2
Mrs. R. Butler	5	H. MacCauley	1
Anonymous	5	Carrie Banke	5

The last contribution listed above was sent in "for a helpless old man." Ten dollars of the amount received by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children was sent by a woman who said in her letter that she would contribute $10 a month toward the support of the girl for the next six months. The other contribution, for $2, was sent by W. S. Kingsley.

Justice Ryan, in the Children's Court, is expected to dispose of the Shapiro case today. The case came before him originally a little over three weeks ago, after Shapiro's wife had been removed to Manhattan State Hospital for the Insane and little Flora and her brother Adolph, 11 years old, had been taken charge of by the Children's Society. The father was out of work, but borrowed a little money from relatives and furnished two rooms at 363 Cherry Street—with a piece of oilcloth, a bed, and a box—to prove to the society that he was adequately able to take care of his children, and Justice Ryan allowed the eleven-year-old boy to return to his father. But Dr. Max Schlapp of the Children's Society declared that the little girl was feeble-minded, and urged that she be sent to Randall's Island. Dr. M. S. Gregory of Bellevue examined her later, however, and reported that, while she was not fully developed mentally, it would be safe for her to be with her father.

LONDON THEATRE CO. FAILS.

Money Due to Victor Herbert and Others Amounts to $38,378.

The London Theatre Company, Inc., of 1,476 Broadway, which was engaged in producing and staging plays and entertainments, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy yesterday. Liabilities were $38,378, and probably no assets. Annexed to the petition was an affidavit made by F. L. Sample, Secretary and Vice President of the company, in which he stated that it was without funds to pay the customary fees of the court in the bankruptcy proceedings.

Among the creditors and the amount of their claims were Victor Herbert, $2,764 for royalties, and H. B. and Robert Smith, $2,844, also for royalties. There are numerous claims for salaries, the principal ones being Hazel Dawn, $4,643; Raymond Tullis, $8,913; J. C. Fisher, $1,754; Maude Odell, $458; Carl Gantvoort, $289; Frank Doane, $278; Will West, $852, and Frank W. Sheridan, $858. There were thirty other claims for salaries, all small amounts, most of the claimants being girls. Some other claims were: Brooklyn Academy of Music, for rent, $210; Longacre Land Company, $1,145 for rent; Matt Grau, $200 for loans; White Studios, $216 for photos, and The Morning Telegraph, $125 for advertising.

The only asset was a play, with copyright, entitled "What Happened at 22," the rights of which it was stated have probably reverted to the author for nonpayment of royalties. The company was incorporated on Oct. 8, 1913, with capital stock of $50,000, which was afterward increased to $100,000, and John C. Fisher became President. He was one of the producers of "Florodora" some years ago, which made a profit of $500,000.

Obituary Notes.

BLANCHE LESLIE, vaudeville actress, who was Mrs. E. C. Seligman of 355 West Fifty-first Street in private life, died yesterday at the Misericordia Sisters' Hospital from appendicitis. She was operated upon Wednesday afternoon, but failed to survive the shock. Miss Leslie had recently returned from a transcontinental tour. Her body will be sent to her brother's home in Philadelphia. Before entering vaudeville, Miss Leslie had been on the legitimate stage for a number of years, and in 1909 was a member of the "Buster Brown" company.

Mrs. THEODORA SEWARD BOLLES, wife of Thomas Gilbert Bolles, is dead at her home, 11 Webster Place, East Orange, N. J. Mrs. Bolles was a prominent worker in Christian Science. For years she had been a healer with the First Church of Christ Scientist, Orange, of which she had been a Trustee for the last two years. Born in Paris, Mrs. Bolles had been a resident of the Oranges for the last thirty-seven years.

GEORGE F. MOTT, a civil war veteran and a lifelong resident of Babylon, L. I., died at his home on Wednesday in his seventy-seventh year. Mr. Mott served throughout the war with the 127th New York Volunteer Regiment. He left a widow and three sons.

RODERICK G. MACKENZIE, a floor manager for Oppenheim, Collins & Co., died on Tuesday at his home, 432 East Ninth Street, Brooklyn, aged 25 years.

JOHN T. DAVISON, a pioneer builder and for several terms the village trustee of Rockville Centre, L. I., died at his home on Park Avenue and Merrick Road yesterday in his sixty-eighth year. Mr. Davison was a leading member of St. Mark's Methodist Episcopal Church and formerly a Director of the Rockville Centre Bank. He is survived by his wife and three daughters.

Mrs. ELMIRA CROSS, 65 years old, wife of Joseph A. Cross, died yesterday at her home, 84 Crooke Avenue, Flatbush, from heart disease.

ALBERT F. CHADWICK, formerly a school teacher in Paterson, N. J., died on Wednesday at his home there in his sixty-sixth year.

J. HENRY COWMAN, formerly prominent in business in Baltimore, died on Wednesday at his home in Sykesville, Md., in his eighty-fifth year.

NATHAN BARRETT, in the dyeing business for forty years at Englewood, N. J., died at his home there on Wednesday in his seventy-third year.

JACOB FROMAN, a wholesale glove merchant, died on Wednesday at his home, 157 East Eighty-first Street, in his sixty-third year.

GEORGE DE WITT SEYMOUR, paying teller of the Pacific Bank of this city, died yesterday at his home, 399 Broadway, Long Branch, N. J., in his sixty-fifth year.

RICHARD JACOBUS, a veteran of the civil war, died yesterday at his home, 213 Ashland Avenue, Bloomfield, N. J., in his seventy-sixth year.

PATRICK VERDON, until five years ago a contractor's foreman, died yesterday at his home, 339 West Twenty-eighth Street, in his sixty-ninth year.

EDWARD O'HARA, known as "the Village Blacksmith," and the father of Councilman O'Hara of Belleville, N. J., died yesterday at his home on Rover Road, Arlington, N. J., in his sixty-seventh year.

GEORGE F. LOTT, a veteran of the civil war, died on Wednesday at his home in Babylon, L. I., in his seventy-eighth year.

ADVERTISEMENT.

CARE FOR CHILDREN'S Hair and Skin With Cuticura. Nothing Easier. Trial Free.

The Soap to cleanse and purify the skin and scalp, the Ointment to soothe and heal rashes, itchings, redness, roughness, dandruff, etc. Nothing better.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With full directions. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. 5, Boston. Sold throughout the world.

Equitable rentals

Personally, we would call Equitable rentals neither high nor low, but a happy medium; yet if a life insurance actuary were to compute the value of the Equitable location and advantages by mathematical processes, it is very probable that he would advocate an increase in rents.

Certainly there is no space anywhere to touch the Equitable for the money.

Equitable Building Corporation
120 Broadway

SUFFRAGE LEADER DEAD.

Mrs. I. M. Christie's Funeral Services to be Held by Dr. Shaw.

Mrs. Isabella M. Christie, a worker for woman suffrage for the last thirty years, who prayed that she might be spared until the special election on the suffrage question on Oct. 19, died on Wednesday night at her home, 802 Avenue C, Bayonne, N. J., in her seventy-fifth year. She was the wife of Alexander H. Christie, a former Park Commissioner of that city, and was born in Glasgow, Scotland. Mrs. Christie came to this country while a girl, and was married in 1860, and lived here until 1869, when the family removed to Bayonne. She was one of the founders of the Athena Club and the Women's Political Study Club of Bayonne, of which she was President for many years. Mrs. Christie was also an honorary Vice President of the New Jersey State Woman Suffrage Association.

In addition to her husband, she is survived by seven children, sixteen grandchildren, and two great-grandchildren, and her death is the first to occur in the family.

Dr. Anna Shaw, President of the National Suffrage Association, will conduct her funeral services at her home on Saturday at 4 o'clock. The interment will be in the Sleepy Hollow Cemetery at Tarrytown, N. Y.

Samuel J. Freeman.

Samuel J. Freeman, editor of The New York Observer for the last ten years, died yesterday at his home in Congers, N. Y., in his fifty-eighth year. He had been connected with The Observer for thirty-four years and was also for many years editor of The Congers Record. His widow survives him.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married

KLEIN—HOFFMANN.—Aug. 22, Jeanette Hoffmann to Jacob J. Klein.

Brooklyn.

HAMSHAR—BOGULAR.—Aug. 25, Irma E. Bogular to Robert W. Hamshar.

JOHNSON—FREEMAN.—Aug. 23, Lilla Freeman to J. Robert Johnson.

SKILLINGS—ROBB.—Aug. 25, Ethel J. Robb to Robert J. Skillings, Jr.

Died

BARNES.—At Hotel New Weston, 49th St. and Madison Av., New York City, on Wednesday, Aug. 25, 1915, Mrs. Harriette S. Barnes, in her 86th year. Funeral and interment in Buffalo, N. Y.

BENEDICT.—At Briarcliff, N. Y., Aug. 25, Marie Nellis, wife of Henry Harper Benedict and mother of Mrs. Archibald Alexander Forrest. Funeral services at her late residence, 5 East 75th St., New York City, Friday, Aug. 27, at 4 o'clock P. M. Interment at Fort Plain, N. Y.

BOLLES.—On Aug. 25, 1915, at her residence, 11 Webster Place, East Orange, N. J., Theodora Seward, wife of Thomas Gilbert Bolles and daughter of Mrs. Theodore F. Seward. Funeral private.

BRINKMANN.—Aug. 25, John C. Brinkmann, aged 56 years 6 months, beloved husband of Helen Brinkmann, (nee Schmetzer,) and beloved father of Henry, Christopher, and Lillie Brinkmann. Funeral services Friday, 7:30 P. M., at late residence, 860 East 161st St. Relatives and friends and members of Herman Lodge No. 268, F. and A. M., are requested to attend. Funeral Saturday, 1 P. M. Interment, Woodlawn.

CHRISTIE.—On Aug. 25, Isabella M., wife of Alexander Christie, in the 75th year of her age. Funeral services on Saturday, 28th inst., at 4 P. M., from her late residence, 802 Avenue C, Bayonne, N. J. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

COWAN.—Margaret. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Campbell Building, Saturday, 9 o'clock.

CROSBY.—At San Rafael, Cal., on Aug. 24, 1915, in the 67th year of his age, Arthur Crosby, D. D., son of the late William Henry and Josepha M. Crosby.

CROSBY.—New York State Society of the Cincinnati, Secretary's Office, General Order.—The President, with deep regret, announces to the society the death of the Rev. Arthur Crosby, D. D., a hereditary member of this society, at his home at San Rafael, Cal., on Tuesday, Aug. 24, 1915, in the sixty-seventh year of his age.
TALBOT OLYPHANT, President.
FRANCIS BURRALL HOFFMAN, Secretary.

FERNBACH.—On Aug. 25, Nina, beloved sister of Helen, Felix, Leo, Henry, and Edward. Services Friday, 27th, 10 A. M., Millheiser Funeral Parlor, 1,227 Lexington Av.

GRANDIN.—Aug. 25, Frances Throckmorton, beloved wife of Egbert H. Grandin, M. D. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 2 o'clock, Friday, Aug. 27. Interment private. Jersey City papers please copy.

HOWELL.—On Thursday, Aug. 26, 1915, near Morristown, N. J., Nettie Lee, wife of Edward Howell and daughter of the late Theodore F. and Mary Bernett French of Plainfield, N. J. Funeral services Monday, Aug. 30, at 2:30 P. M., at her late residence, Whatnong Terrace, Morris Plains, N. J.

KAVANAGH.—James E., fireman of Engine Company 67, beloved husband of Grace Jackson Spencer, Aug. 24. Funeral at 9:30 A. M. Friday from his late residence, 94 Brandt Place, Bronx. Thence to the Church of Holy Spirit, University and Burnside Av., Bronx.

LEHMANN.—Suddenly, Emmiline Lehmann, at her late residence, 111 East 69th St. Funeral notice hereafter.

LEVY.—On Aug. 25, in her 63d year, Elise, (born Alsace,) dearly beloved wife of Charles and devoted mother of Emma Stern, Hortense Weil, Julius, Morris, and Bernard Levy. Relatives, friends, and members of Ladies' Society of Communaute Israelite Française respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 301 West 121st St., Friday, Aug. 27, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—Albert E., beloved husband of Katie Trost Levy and father of Ray and Otto, suddenly, on Aug. 25, at his residence, in his 52d year. Funeral services from his late residence, 2,390 Amsterdam Av., Sunday, Aug. 29, 10 A. M.

LEVY.—Thursday, Aug. 26, Moses Levy, in his 77th year, beloved husband of Bessie Levy, father of Rebbeca Brown, Annie Roth, Libbie Goldsmith, Sallie Shiman, and Rose Bach. Funeral notice later.

LIVINGSTON.—Dora, beloved wife of Isaac Livingston, mother of Mrs. David Weinstein. Funeral Friday, Aug. 27, 10 A. M., from residence, 35 West 110th St.

MACDERMID.—Aug. 25, 1915, Matthew R. MacDermid. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 597 Bramhall Av., Jersey City, on Friday evening, Aug. 27, at 8 P. M.

MILLER.—At Newark, N. J., on Aug. 25, 1915, Isabelle McClave, widow of the late Lemuel B. Miller. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 61 Elizabeth Av., Newark, N. J., on Friday evening, Aug. 27, at 8 o'clock. Interment, Greenwood Cemetery, at convenience of the family.

MUNOZ.—At Montreux, Switzerland, on Aug. 25, Leontine C., widow of Jose M. Munoz and daughter of the late Ferdinand and Mathilde Marie Thieriot.

REED.—Sextus Louis, born in New York, Nov. 22, 1868, died in Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 22, 1915. Remains to be interred in New York.

ROCKWELL.—At Worcester, on Aug. 24, Anna, daughter of the late Charles W. and Emeline Rockwell, in her 82d year, was long a resident of Tarrytown, N. Y. Funeral private. Burial at Norwich, Conn.

Died

RUNSHEIM.—At her late residence, 159 East 61st St., Wednesday, Aug. 25, in her 75th year, Mollie Runsheim, beloved mother of Joseph. Funeral private.

TILTON.—At Oceanport, N. J., on Wednesday, Aug. 25, 1915, William Tilton in his 80th year. Funeral services at the M. E. Church, Oceanport, at 2:30 o'clock Saturday.

TYSON.—Suddenly, on Aug. 25, 1915, Dorothy Storm, wife of John H. Tyson, aged 25 years. Funeral services at her late residence, Riverside, Conn., on Saturday, Aug. 28, at 3 P. M. Autos will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot 1:43 P. M.

UNANGST.—Suddenly, at Loon Lake, N. Y., Charles Unangst. Notice of funeral hereafter.

VERDON.—Thursday, Aug. 26, 1915, Patrick Verdon. Funeral from his late residence, 339 West 28th St., Saturday, Aug. 28, 1915, at 9:15 A. M., thence to St. Michael's R. C. Church, 34th St., between 9th and 10th Avs.

WHITE.—At North Hudson Hospital, Aug. 26, 1915, Charles A. White, real estate agent. Remains can be seen at Undertaker W. G. Quinn's funeral parlors, at 654 Park Av., Weehawken, N. J. Funeral notice later. Connecticut, Rochester, and Chicago papers please copy.

WOODWARD.—On Wednesday morning, Aug. 25, 1915, Susie Odell, beloved wife of E. B. Woodward. Funeral services at her late residence, Hillside Av., South Nyack, N. Y., Friday, Aug. 27, at 3 P. M. Carriages in waiting at South Nyack Depot, arrival of train leaving Jersey City 1:29 P. M., via Northern Railroad of New Jersey.

ADLER.—Rose, 154 East 122d St., Aug. 25, aged 53.

BARNES.—Harriette S., Hotel New Weston, Aug. 25, aged 86.

BROWN.—Annie, Aug. 25, aged 52. Funeral 92d St. and Columbus Av. today, 10:15 A. M.

COREY.—Mary A., 150 West 13th St., Aug. 25, aged 81.

FERBER.—Max, 410 East 173d St., Aug. 25, aged 43. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FLANAGAN.—Thomas A., 555 West 160th St., Aug. 24. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FROMAN.—Jacob, 157 East 81st St., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

HAYES.—Mary, 252 East 128th St., Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HUGHES.—James J., 318 East 184th St., Aug. 24, aged 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KENNEY.—Ethel, 233 East 26th St., Aug. 25.

LANGAN.—Estelle, 2,146 Belmont Av., Bronx, Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

LEWIS.—Wallace D., 608 West 138th St., Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

McGRATH.—Owen, Aug. 25. Funeral, 733 East 159th St., today, 9 A. M.

McMAHON.—Thomas F., 517 East 234th St., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MOLEY.—Ann, 1,820 Madison Av., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

NODINE.—Richard, 225 West 143d St., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

O'NEILL.—Mary, 530 West 46th St., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 6:30 A. M.

RECHNITZER.—Caesar, Aug. 25, aged 38. Funeral, 120th St. and Lenox Av., today.

SIEDENBURG.—Diederich, 379 1st Av., Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

STRAUB.—Mary C., 452 West 17th St., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

WALSH.—Patrick J., 820 3d Av., Aug. 24. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WHITE.—Catherine, 412 West 50th St., Aug. 24. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BARTLEY.—Catherine, 715 Gates Av., aged 59.

BOLLE.—Henry, 568 14th St., Aug. 24, aged 79.

BONHARD.—Catherine, 436 Knickerbocker Av., Aug. 25, aged 31.

BOOS.—Loretta, 1,350 Willoughby Av., Aug. 24, aged 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BYRNES.—Thomas J., 5,220 4th Av., Aug. 25, aged 33. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

CLARK.—George H., 146 Willow St., Aug. 24, aged 61.

CONLON.—Mary, 650 President St., Aug. 24, aged 65. Funeral today.

CROSS.—Elmira T., 84 Crooke Av., Aug. 26. Funeral notice later.

DOLAN.—Mary A., 76 Somers St., Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow.

FINUCANE.—Elizabeth, 148 Washington Av., Aug. 25. Funeral private.

FREEL.—Hugh M., 551 Grand Av., Aug. 26. Funeral tomorrow.

GOODKIND.—Thomas, 222 Himrod St., Aug. 24, aged 36.

HAMMEL.—Mary, 341 20th St., Aug. 24, aged 59. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KETNER.—Lizzie, 128 Bergen St., Aug. 26. Funeral Aug. 29, 2 P. M.

KUHSE.—Bertha, 207 Clinton St., Aug. 25, aged 52. Funeral Aug. 29, 10:30 A. M.

LYNCH.—Margaret L., 86 Pioneer St., Aug. 24. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MACKENZIE.—Roderick G., 432 East 9th St., Aug. 24.

NAEGELE.—John, St. Catharine's Hospital, Aug. 25, aged 49. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

OSSMAN.—Mannie, 665 Knickerbocker Av., Aug. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

PANTEN.—Margaret, German Hospital, Aug. 25, aged 57.

RIORDAN.—James J., 54 3d St., Aug. 24. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

RUFFINO.—Marianno, 589 Gates Av., Aug. 24, aged 70.

STUMPF.—Andrew, 146 Hill St., Aug. 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

TELL.—Louise, 275 Homecrest Av., Aug. 24, aged 75.

WILLS.—Anna, 213 Hull St., Aug. 25.

WILLS.—Ida E., 68 Linden St., Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

Jersey City and Newark.

GRAF.—Louisa, 357 West Side Av., Jersey City, Aug. 25, aged 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HAID.—John, 22 Ferdon St., Newark, Aug. 26, aged 71.

RUTAN.—Abraham, Newark, Aug. 25, aged 51. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

SMINER.—Harry D., 75 Railroad Av., Jersey City, Aug. 25. Funeral today.

VAN CLIVE.—Henry H., Newark, Aug. 24. Funeral service today.

WARD.—Cecelia, 61 Oak St., Jersey City, Aug. 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

Long Island.

ARNOLD.—William E., Ridgewood, Aug. 23, aged 5 months.

BLUM.—Florence M., Jamaica, Aug. 23, aged 24.

BOWL.—Elwyn B., Belle Harbor, Aug. 24, aged 4.

BRECHTER.—Carolina, Evergreen, Aug. 24. Funeral today.

BUND.—Rosina, Ridgewood, Aug. 24, aged 65.

CHAPLIN.—Vivian, Ravenswood, Aug. 23, aged 3 months.

CLERNAND.—Ralph, Rockaway Beach, Aug. 24, aged 19.

DAVIS.—Edward H., Woodhaven, Aug. 23, aged 23.

DIAMOND.—Mary E., Far Rockaway, Aug. 25. Funeral notice later.

ELDERT.—Lloyd J., Jamaica, Aug. 25, aged 14. Funeral service today.

FINLEY.—Alice, Ridgewood, Aug. 23, aged 50.

GROTHOSEN.—Mary, Woodhaven, Aug. 24, aged 61.

HENNELLY.—Honora, Rockaway Beach, Aug. 23, aged 56.

HOPF.—Eleanor M., Ridgewood, Aug. 24, aged 2.

KELLER.—Anna, 415 Crescent St., Astoria, Aug. 23, aged 29.

KESTEL.—Bertha, Ridgewood, Aug. 24, aged 3 months.

KLEIN.—Henry H., Long Island City, Aug. 24, aged 1.

McCABEL.—William E., Edgemere, Aug. 23, aged 47.

McGUINESS.—George, Woodside, Aug. 24, aged 4.

MICKEL.—John, Rockaway Park, Aug. 23, aged 2 months.

MINDHEIM.—Mary, Long Island City, Aug. 24, aged 22.

MORRIS.—George W., Ramblersville, Aug. 24, aged 15.

OBST.—Ida, Winfield, Aug. 23.

ROGERS.—Margaret M., Jamaica, Aug. 24.

SCHWARZ.—Louise, Ridgewood, Aug. 24, aged 71.

SCOTTO.—Charles, Woodhaven, Aug. 24, aged 12.

SPILLETT.—John, College Point, Aug. 24, aged 38.

WAGNER.—John, Ridgewood Heights, Aug. 23, aged 3 months.

In Memoriam.

KEARNEY.—Rev. James J., mass St. Martin of Tours Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 10 A. M.

LYONS.—Sarah A., mass St. Michael's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys.
Lots of small size for sale.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.

RECRUITS BEGIN WAR GAME TODAY

Start on March for Rouses Point to Attack Invaders—"Blue" Army Against "Red."

MITCHEL WINS PROMOTION

Mayor Now a Second Lieutenant, T. Roosevelt, Jr., a First—Many Other Promotions Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 26.—In the camp of the Business and Professional Men's Regiment, south of Plattsburg, 1,400 men are spending their last night of the training period under the shelter of the big conical tents. Tomorrow morning they go to war, theoretically speaking, and for the next nine days they will sleep under shelter tents, two to a tent, cook their own meals, wash their own dishes, dig trenches, build hasty fortifications, bridge streams, fight rear and advance guard actions, work out problems involving frontal attacks, and engage in other warlike exercises.

The theoretical war that these recruits are to engage in started ten days ago tonight, but nobody in the camp knows it yet, and they will not know it until after reveillé tomorrow morning, when they will shoulder their packs and other equipment and march forth to fight and dig in. The war is with a "European power." In the battles to come the enemy will be known as the "Red Army," the loyal forces, the "Blue Army."

Here is the theoretical situation that exists tonight, on the eve of the beginning of hostilities.

A certain European power recalled its Ambassador on Aug. 16, and the United States Government ordered the concentration of the greater part of the regular troops at Albany, at which point one brigade of the organized militia of New York State also was ordered to mobilize. The remaining troops of the New York militia and the militia of all the other coast States were concentrated for the immediate defense of the harbor forts. The border States were directed to assemble their troops at strategic points along the frontier, where they were to be reinforced by detachments of regular cavalry and field artillery and by the militia of the other States as promptly as possible.

The first detachment of the troops previously stationed at the Mexican border began to arrive on Aug. 25 at Albany, where they had been preceded by scattered regular troops from the Eastern States and by the First Brigade, N. G. N. Y.

First Objective Rouse's Point.

War was declared by the "Red" power on Aug. 26. Information of the rapid concentration of her military forces at A and B had been received. On the afternoon of Aug. 26 a message from Rouse's Point was received by the commander of the First Brigade, First Division, at Plattsburg, that a detachment of the Red cavalry had crossed the border and was approaching, after which communication ceased. Later a message reported that the railroad junction at Rouse's Point was occupied by a small Red force of all arms, and a message from near Malone reported the seizure of that junction by an enemy force, strength and composition not stated. The Blue commander decided to advance against the enemy at Rouse's Point before he could be reinforced from Malone.

The regiment will break camp shortly after 7 o'clock tomorrow morning and proceed north in the direction of Rouse's Point, which place it is scheduled to reach Sunday. In addition to the civilian command the manoeuvre will call into action more than 4,000 regular troops, made up of the Third and Thirtieth Regiments of infantry, the Second Cavalry, a battery of the Third Field Artillery, and detachments of engineers and signal corps. The Third Infantry and the artillery arrived this morning. Between 5,500 and 6,000 men, including the Business Men's Regiment, will figure in the manoeuvres.

At retreat this afternoon the "permanent makes" were announced. Mayor Mitchel was among those to receive a commission; he is now Second Lieutenant of Company A. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is one of the First Lieutenants, as is Robert S. Bacon. Lieutenant Bacon's father, ex-Ambassador Robert Bacon, was named a Sergeant of Company C. During the "war" it will be his duty to salute first when he has anything to say to his son.

The other members of the regiment to win commissions were Charles Elliott Warren, Rhinelander Waldo, Charles E. McKie, J. P. Drouillard, Charles E. Schofield, R. L. C. De Rubio, F. R. Phipps, and G. L. Slocum, all of whom were made First Lieutenants. The Second Lieutenants appointed, in addition to Mayor Mitchel, are Willard D. Straight, E. M. Dillon, F. A. Snyder, F. R. Appleton, Jr., Landon Thomas, T. H. Barber, G. H. Gaston, A. C. Buttrick, M. S. Hall, and R. B. McClure.

George Wharton Pepper of Philadelphia was appointed Regimental Color Sergeant; J. F. L. Jeffries, Regimental Sergeant Major, and E. D. Hall, Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

The non-commissioned officers assigned to companies as announced tonight follow:

A COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—Harry B. Kirtland, Alfred R. Allen, Henry C. Bate, Jr., G. D. Snyder, Pancoast Kidder, William B. Meloney, E. H. Sleeper, M. L. Goodwin.

CORPORALS—C. Stilson, Evelyn A. Harrison, E. H. Sanders, Freeman A. Smith, J. Wright Taussig, Boyd Van Benthuysen, F. Mauran, Jr., Patrick J. Graham, Lester H. Monks, D. H. Dewar, R. H. Brennan, Roger Griswold, Elliott S. Benedict, Q. S. Mills, Hugh A. Bayne, R. C. Foster.

B COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—F. W. Peory, J. Gotch, J. W. Alexander, L. H. Butt, G. B. Hoppin, J. H. Wilson, H. F. Fuller, W. H. Dowd, Jr.

CORPORALS—G. F. Parsons, Jr., C. S. Guthrie, B. E. Schlesinger, O. McFerly, W. J. Clothier, H. H. Curren, R. Williamson, K. Budd, T. F. Troxell, B. Moore, O'Donnell Iselin, Philip Roosevelt, R. Stockton, J. W. Hollowell, A. Dohm, W. R. M. Sevilliam.

C COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—J. H. Preston, O. G. S. Simonstad, F. F. Munroe, R. Bacon, E. P. Hughes, B. F. Pepper, W. P. Burn, R. G. Park.

CORPORALS.—G. Macdonald, E. W. R. Moore, E. J. Madill, D. R. Hawkins, J. P. Cahen, A. L. Daniels, L. King, I. C. Holm, W. W. Woolsey, C. J. Biddle, R. Ernst, E. D. Morgan, Jr., A. B. Jaeger, A. S. Cochran, W. C. Bowers 2d.

D COMPANY.

SERGEANTS.—J. Van N. Philip, H. W. Berdie, R. J. Sprague, A. N. Volkhardt, E. A. Daly, Van S. Merle-Smith, J. C. Thornton, S. Frothingham.

CORPORALS.—H. Bangs, L. C. White, G. V. Hogan, E. E. Wheeler, A. B. Proctor, F. H. Wilson, W. N. Smith, G. H. Passmore, O. D. Iselin, M. K. Petty, W. M. Geer, J. H. Dubarry, T. S. Bradlee, P. Brown, J. R. Niles, T. L. Pierce.

E COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—Charles H. McKinney, K. A. L. Blake, R. Douglass, T. McIlvaine, L. Dominick, C. A. Dall, C. Fahnestock.

CORPORALS—J. H. Boyd, C. D. Miller, N. A. Hill, J. A. Sullivan, D. P. Rogers, W. N. Taylor, C. F. H. Miller, C. Jackson, R. Semmes, F. N. Weld, T. E. Merriell, C. H. Floyd, J. W. Keller, J. S. McCloy, W. N. Eastman, J. H. Proctor, A. M. White.

F COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—J. R. Vanhorne, H. W. Handy, H. A. Taylor, F. E. Frothingham, H. Nickerson, H. U. Longwell, J. M. Mitheson.

CORPORALS—J. B. Pitney, W. R. Glasgow, J. A. McKenna, Jr., P. P. Crosbie, W. H. Rettalick, J. S. Parker, G. H. Crocker, E. B. Nellis, J. C. Fargo, O. Palmer, H. McK. B. Parker, J. C. Rochester, B. Tuckerman, G. A. Roeder, G. W. L. Prettyman.

G COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—G. E. Buxton, Jr.; C. S. Ferrin, S. P. Jocelyn, Jr.; W. A. Powers, B. Martin, J. G. Wolcott, R. E. French, D. J. Goss.

CORPORALS—R. N. Whitelaw, D. W. Gibbs, R. M. Ferry, W. D. Kelley, 3d; T. Evans, G. D. Jackson, Jr.; D. F. Malone, G. H. Gregory, Jr.; R. Tunis, H. R. Southall, G. I. Scott, J. Hartigan, M. A. Noonan, J. Marshall, M. Stevenson, J. S. Bolan.

H COMPANY.

SERGEANTS—W. J. Freas, W. T. Odell, C. C. Bachelor, C. Drechsel, D. Nelson, J. L. McNulty, H. R. Latimer, C. O. McCauley.

CORPORALS—C. C. Lund, C. P. Brown, L. H. Gorton, B. H. Kellogg, W. M. Hauck, J. E. Stern, W. L. Sheppard, E. I. Shepard, C. M. Robertson, W. S. Sloan, C. K. MacSherry, C. A. Loble, W. W. Daly, T. H. Skinner, E. Robertson, G. S. Silsbee.

Each man who won a commission or a promotion to noncommissioned rank was cheered as his name was read out. The cheering was especially hearty following the announcement of Mayor Mitchel's promotion.

CRUSH VENEZUELA REVOLT.

Government Forces Defeat Revolutionists and Kill Their Leader.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, Aug. 26.—Advices reaching this point from Venezuela state that the revolution begun last September in the eastern part of Venezuela has been crushed. The revolutionists were defeated by Government forces and their leader, Horatio du Charme, was killed.

At the outset of the revolt du Charme met with success and was reported to be well supported in the region in which the movement was inaugurated.

HOLD ARMED MERCHANTMAN

Norfolk Officials Detain British Vessel Which Carries a Gun.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Aug. 26.—Because she was carrying a four-inch gun mounted on her after deck, customs officials here today refused to grant clearance papers to the British steamer Waimana pending instructions from Washington. The Waimana, which is of 10,000 tons gross, carries a New Zealand registry.

The vessel arrived here today from Marseilles and is en route to Buenos Aires in ballast. Her arrival caused surprise in shipping circles because she was the first armed merchantman to enter this or any port in the United States, it was said, since Germany issued the war zone decree last February.

PRISON POPULATION GROWS.

Marked Increase in Five Years Shown by the Census.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—There were 4,593 more inmates in the penal institutions of this State on June 1 last than there were on the corresponding date in 1910, according to the census returns made to Secretary of State Hugo. The total in 1910 was 14,502 inmates, and the total last June, 19,095. These figures do not include those persons who were incarcerated in county jails and minor institutions. The comparative figures are:

	1910.	1915.	Inc.
State prisons	6,092	6,904	812
Penitentiaries	2,356	3,208	852
N. Y. City institutions	3,854	6,499	2,645
Reformatories	2,200	2,484	284
Total	14,502	19,095	4,593

Sing Sing had the largest population of the State prisons in June, the total being 1,741, but this number was reduced to 1,400 later by transfer to other prisons. Matteawan hospital had 845 insane criminals, and Dannemora 516.

In 1910 the New York city prison, familiarly known as "The Tombs," had 508 prisoners. On June 1, 1915, the number had increased by 248. The city prison of Brooklyn had 395 inmates, as compared with 267 five years ago. The total number of inmates at all the New York City institutions of correction on June 1 was 6,499, of whom 899 were women. On June 1, 1910, the same institutions sheltered 3,854 inmates, of whom 745 were women.

WANTS MORE SCHOOL POLLS

Citizens' Union and Board of Elections at Odds.

The Citizens' Union in a letter yesterday to President Edward F. Boyle of the Board of Elections urged that more than ten school houses be used as polling places on registration days and for the primary and general elections this year.

"If your board has adopted a policy of only designating ten school houses as polling places this year," the letter said, "we respectfully submit that the reasons for your action should immediately be given to the public."

In reply President Boyle wrote that while he was in favor of using school houses wherever practicable, the Board of Elections should go slow in the matter. Fire hazard has still to be considered, he said, while it would cost more to equip a large number of schools for polling places than the board cares to pay.

O'LOUGHLIN HAS A CHANCE.

Kings Register Told How He Can Get Democratic Nomination.

Democratic politicians in Brooklyn said yesterday that if Register E. T. O'Loughlin could assure the leaders that William Randolph Hearst will support the county ticket he can have the Democratic nomination for Register. Mr. O'Loughlin issued a long statement yesterday, in which he denied that he attempted to secure a Republican indorsement for County Judge John F. Hylan.

New Phillips Business Directory.

The Phillips New York Business Directory for 1915 has just been published for the forty-fifth year. It contains 1,286 pages and the names of all firms, persons and corporations in business in the city, regardless of financial ratings; also representative firms of Long Island, Brooklyn, Jersey City and Hoboken. The book is larger than ever, with an index alphabetically arranged, and so simplified, that the name of any firm, persons or corporations can be found at a glance. The price remains the same as in 1870, which is $3. John F. White of 5 Beekman Street, New York, is the publisher.

Plans for Neutral Strike Meeting.

William Bijur, of the Bijur Motor Lighting Company, of Hoboken, with Edward Kocher, Superintendent of the company's plant, called on Mayor Patrick Griffing of Hoboken yesterday and arranged for the use of the City Council chamber for a meeting of the employes of the concern, who are on strike, today. Mr. Bijur wishes them to meet at a neutral place and he will address them giving the company's side of the case.

CITY BREVITIES.

Louis Pasquale, 9 years old, of 2,113 Belmont Avenue, Bronx, was struck by an auto truck at 180th Street and Hughes Avenue yesterday afternoon, and died of his injuries in Fordham Hospital. The driver of the truck was Jacob Isaacson of 250 East 125th Street.

While at work on the second floor of a building in course of construction at 111th Street and Lenox Avenue yesterday afternoon, Louis Johnson of 39 West Sixtieth Street, a carpenter, fell to the pavement and was killed.

The agents of the Transatlantica Italiana Line announced yesterday that the new 14,000 ton steamer Dante Alighieri would sail from New York for Mediterranean ports on Sept. 11.

Francesco de Canto, 7 years old, who lived with his parents on a barge moored at the foot of Broome Street and the Hudson River, fell from the deck yesterday afternoon and was crushed to death between its side and the pier.

A meeting of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis, called for last night at Ohab Zedek Synagogue, 171 Norfolk Street, to inaugurate a campaign to aid Jewish war sufferers, was postponed until Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock in Beth Hamidrash Hagodel, 64 Norfolk Street. The reason for postponement was insufficient attendance.

A blazing awning on a second story room on the Thirty-third Street side of the Hotel McAlpin caused considerable excitement yesterday afternoon. A fire alarm was sent in, but the blaze had been put out before the apparatus arrived.

STRIKERS JAILED IN BRIDGEPORT ROW

Sentence Suspended on Woman, but Four Men Are Fined and Imprisoned.

HAD RESISTED THE POLICE

Two Hundred Machinists Go Out for Eight-Hour Day — More Freight Handlers Quit.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 26.—Four men and one woman were sentenced to fines or short terms in jail today by City Judge F. L. Wilder as the result of the clashes between the police and the strikers at the Salts Textile Factory and the Crane Valve Company's West End plant.

Mrs. Julia Todd, who refused to move when ordered by a police Sergeant at the Salts factory and was arrested when she hit him in the neck with a book, was fined $5, but judgment was suspended. John Oras and Tony Delian were each fined $1 and costs and sentenced to jail for four months for throwing stones and interfering with the officers when arresting the woman. Paul Martin, a striker at the Crane Valve Company, pulled Joseph Coughlin off his bicycle last evening when he was leaving the factory. Martin was fined $20 and committed to jail for thirty days. John Anola, who attempted to assist Martin when he was placed under arrest, was fined $20 with costs.

Two hundred machinists at the Automatic Machine Company quit work this forenoon after filing a demand for a forty-eight-hour week and the recognition of the shop committee. This was the only new strike today, although more employes of the Crane Valve Company joined the strikers who went out yesterday.

A strike was planned at the Malleable Iron Works this forenoon, but it was averted when the men were told that they would lose their annual bonus.

Manager Henry Lee of the E. H. H. Smith Silver Company granted a forty-eight-hour week instead of the fifty-five, with a reduction of wages. This was done without any demand.

Strikers at the Holmes & Edwards Silver Company have accepted the offer of the company, which they rejected several days ago, and they returned to work this afternoon.

Two weeks ago the Bullard Machine Tool Company adopted the forty-eight-hour week, with three shifts, at its plant. The men had been working fifty-five hours a week. No reduction was made in wages. A committee visited the officials today and made a demand for a raise of wages. They were told to quit if they did not like conditions, but no strike has yet been made.

There was an adjustment of differences between the strikers and the Crown Corset, the La Resista, and the George C. Batcheller Corset Companies, and the girls will return to work tomorrow.

The Bias Narrow Fabric Company has granted its employes the eight-hour day, but they say that recognition of the union has been refused, and they are standing out for that.

Fifty freight handlers employed in the Water Street houses of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad walked out today, joining the 110 men from the Whiting Street freight houses who yesterday struck for increased wages.

The management of the Star Shirt Company, where 400 girls have been on strike for the eight-hour day, posted a notice closing the plant indefinitely.

It was announced that both the American Federation of Labor and the Connecticut Federation of Labor are rushing more organizers here to aid in handling the situation.

Three strikes in as many boiler shops were settled today by the managements granting the fifty-hour week in place of the fifty-five-hour schedule, effective in about a month, when contracts can be adjusted on that basis. The plants were the Bridgeport Boiler Works Company, thirty men; the McCathron Boiler Works Company, twenty men, and the Porcupine Boiler Company, forty men.

A fair estimate of the men and women on strike here at present is 3,600.

SPRINGFIELD TEAMSTERS OUT.

State Board of Arbitration Fails to Prevent a Strike.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 26.—Nearly 200 members of the Teamsters' Union and between sixty and seventy non-union sympathizers went out on a strike for higher wages today.

The strike was called at 7 o'clock this morning after the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration had failed to adjust the differences between the contending parties. Some of the team owners are now paying the wages demanded and the controversy is largely over the recognition of the union.

Strikebreakers were employed in a few instances, but no disorder was reported.

JEWISH STUDENTS STRIKE.

Chicago Hebrew Institute Barred a Labor Defense Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Because Jacob M. Loeb, President of the Chicago Hebrew Institute, would not allow union carpenters to hold a meeting at the institute to raise money for the defense fund of Mathew Schmidt and David Caplan, under indictment in Los Angeles in connection with the MacNamara case, 500 students of the institute struck today for what they call the principle of free speech.

Professor Loeb would not allow the students to hold a protest meeting in the institute, so it was held elsewhere.

Professor Loeb has discharged Assistant Supt. A. I. Margolis, who refused to break the institute's contract with the carpenters for the hall and Nathan Gould and Arthur Epstein, instructors.

The students have plans for organizing a workers' institute, self-supporting and self-governing, which will grant the advantages afforded by the Hebrew Institute, together with freedom of speech.

The students say they will not go back until Professor Loeb is discharged, free speech on all subjects granted and the three ousted officials reinstated.

TAFT CAUTIONS LABOR.

Says Unions Have Done Good, but Need Better Leaders.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—Ex-President Taft argued for reasonable regulation of capital and cautioned labor against seeking discriminatory legislation in an address here today before the San Francisco Commercial Club.

He said it took the railroads twenty years to find out that the Interstate Commerce act really meant something, but that the lesson had been learned.

"Now," he continued, "we have reached a time when we ought to have reaction and not bind and harass the enterprise and ingenuity of our American business communities."

Labor unions, he said, had done good for workingmen, and therefore for society, but he hoped for better leaders.

"Men like Gompers and others are lobbying for legislation which is discriminatory," Mr. Taft explained. "Like the capitalists, they are beset with the evil of being intoxicated with power. I hope for leaders who will do away with this dead leveling and give greater reward for greater efficiency in the worker."

TAGGART MAN MAKES PLEA.

Seven Have Now Admitted Guilt—Mayor Bell on Trial Sept. 7.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 26.—Three developments came today in the election conspiracy case, in which Democratic National Committeeman Thomas Taggart, Mayor Bell, Chief of Police Perrott, and more than 100 others are defendants, without warning and created considerable surprise, not only among the public, but also among some of the defendants, it was said.

James H. Gibson, one of the defendants, changed his plea to guilty and was remanded to jail under $5,000 bonds by Special Judge Eichhorn of Bluffton, Ind., who was chosen some time ago to hear the case. Gibson was to have gone to trial next Monday.

Judge Eichhorn, after the State had expressed a willingness to leave the case of Mayor Bell to the judge without a jury, ordered a special venire of 200 to be drawn tomorrow for the selection of a jury to try the Mayor on the conspiracy charge. The trial was set for Sept. 7. Judge Eichhorn declined to assume the resonsibility and the defense also favored a jury trial.

The attorneys for Gibson, who also are appearing for Taggart and the majority of the defendants, said they had no further interest in Gibson when they were informed that he desired to plead guilty.

Gibson is the seventh to plead guilty to the indictment, six having entered similar pleas when they were arraigned in July. Sentence in each case has been withheld.

NO CLUE TO PASTOR'S SLAYER

Pro-German Utterances May Have Caused Kayser's Death.

GARY, Ind., Aug. 26.—The Federal and State officials who are investigating the murder of the Rev. Edmund A. J. Kayser of Tolleston, a suburb of this city, admitted tonight that there is no clue to the slayer or slayers or an acceptable motive for the killing.

The belief that the pastor was slain for his pro-German utterances has been strengthened by the statement this afternoon of a Gary woman that she was in the pastor's home an hour before he was killed and overheard a conversation between Kayser and a prominent Gary attorney. She declared they were discussing in German plans to frustrate shipments of arms to the Allies.

Earlier in the day detectives, said to be in the employ of the German alliance, of which Kayser was President, declared that they had found evidence of a conspiracy to murder the minister. Chief of Police Heintz of Gary was inclined to discredit this report and reiterated his disbelief in the reports that the pastor was the victim of race prejudice, incited by war issues.

George Schneider, a member of the Gary Saxon Verein, who was questioned early this morning by Chief Heintz, was released from custody as soon as he had told his story and it had been verified. Although the police still were working on the theory that a woman was involved in the killing, the one who first was pointed as a principal figure in Kayser's affairs apparently has eliminated herself from consideration.

Tonight four men who are said to have been enemies of the pastor were being sought.

DI SIMONE'S FORTUNE LOST.

Italian Depositors in Private Bank Will Lose Their Savings.

Hundreds of Italian wage earners who deposited their savings in the banking concern of Di Simone & Son in Astoria, saw the last chance of regaining any of their money disappear yesterday when under a mortgage of $4,567, held by the Italian Savings Bank of Manhattan, property owned by Captain Michael Di Simone at 139 Broadway, Astoria, was sold. In addition to the mortgage there was also a lien of $242 against the property, together with back taxes of $166, and the property was bought in by the bank for $4,500, thus leaving a deficit.

Captain Di Simone, who once served as an officer in the Italian Army, and was for several years a court interpreter, is out on bail on a charge of grand larceny, while his son, Ralph Di Simone, who conducted the business, has been locked up in jail since his arrest last February. Captain Di Simone blames the failure of the bank on his son's gambling habits. Once before, he says, he gave up property to help his son out of financial difficulties, and he has been ruined by this last failure. The depositors will lose about $13,000, and owing to the spirit manifested by some of them Ralph Di Simone has made no effort to obtain his release on bail.

SEE BRIGHT TRADE SKIES.

Prosperous Fall Business the Prediction of Manufacturers.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The country's business men are looking forward to prosperity this Fall, if a poll of 163 manufacturers, taken by the Factory Magazine, is a criterion.

The poll was made among manufacturers of New York, Chicago, Boston, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and Worcester. They were asked:

"Will you state candidly your opinion of probable business conditions in your line this Fall?" The answers, tabulated, were as follows:

Exceptional	40
Fine, or above normal	23
Good	60
Normal	7
Fair and fairly good	18
Nearly normal	8
Doubtful and watchfully waiting	4
Dull and poor	7
Much below normal and very poor	1

Put in another way, 24.5 per cent. of those who answered the inquiry look upon business prospects as exceptional, 14.1 per cent. as above normal, 36.8 per cent. as good, 4.3 per cent. as normal, and the rest varied in their answers.

NEW DESTROYER LAUNCHED.

The Porter Is 315 Feet Long and Will Make Over 29 Knots.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26. — Miss Georgiana Porter B. Cusachs, the 11-year-old granddaughter of Rear Admiral Porter, who achieved fame in the Mexican and civil wars, named the torpedo-boat destroyer Porter, which was launched at the Cramps Shipyard today. The sponsor is the daughter of Professor Carlo Z. Cusachs of the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis.

The Porter, when put to the trial test, is expected to exceed the contract speed of twenty-nine and one-half knots an hour. The boat's length is 315 feet and her displacement 1,090 tons.

MRS. SPRECKELS WEDS AGAIN

Former Wife of Sugar Man Marries a San Francisco Lawyer.

HONOLULU, Aug. 26.—Mrs. Edith Spreckels, who recently received a final decree of divorce from John D. Spreckels, Jr., of San Francisco, was married here last night to Frank W. Wakefield, also of San Francisco.

The ceremony was performed at a hotel where Mrs. Spreckels has been living. Gilbert Walter, Presiding Elder of the Reorganized Mormon Church, officiated and Governor Pinkham was one of the witnesses.

The couple will tour the Orient and Australia before returning to San Francisco.

Bunker Hill's Captain Suspended.

BOSTON Aug. 26.—The license of Captain William T. Holmes, former commander of the Metropolitan Line steamer Bunker Hill, was suspended today for forty-five days, as the result of an investigation by Federal Steamboat Inspectors of a collision between the Bunker Hill and the schooner Abbie Bowker in Vineyard Sound on July 4. The Inspectors found that the steamer was proceeding at full speed through a fog at the time of the accident.

COUNTESS OF ESSEX INHERITS $591,000

R. Suydam Grant Also Bequeaths Same Amount to Vicomtesse de Breteuil of Paris.

NET ESTATE IS $1,325,000

Gifts Made by the Broker to Several Friends Before His Death Escape Inheritance Tax.

R. Suydam Grant, who was one of the oldest members of the New York Stock Exchange and a member of the brokerage house of Grant & Co. at 71 Broadway, now dissolved, left a net estate of $1,325,049 when he died, on Dec. 16, 1912, according to the appraisal filed in the office of the State Controller yesterday by Transfer Tax Appraiser Anthony P. Ludden.

Mr. Grant's nieces, Adele, the Countess of Essex, who makes her home in London, and Edythe de Breteuil, Vicomtesse de Breteuil, of Paris, receive $591,024 each. Other bequests include $6,000 in cash and a life income from $100,000 to Douglas S. Grant, a nephew of the testator.

The following gifts, made a short time before Mr. Grant's death, are not placed among the assets of the estate and are therefore not subject to the transfer tax: Stocks and bonds valued at $50,000 to S. Holland, a friend; $5,000 worth of securities to another friend, John F. O'Brien; $1,000 worth each to B. Maraudo and Earl O. Eriksen, friends.

The assets include stocks and bonds aggregating $1,002,780; an interest in the copartnership of Grant & Co., $233,660; a seat on the New York Stock Exchange, $48,000; an interest in the trust fund created for the benefit of Marion Wallis, $14,500; bank deposits, $12,593; and an interest in a pew in Grace Church, $291.

Among the largest items of securities were; Notes of the Grant Land Association of Chicago, $220,300; stock in the Big Muddy Coal and Iron Company, $200,000; stock in the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, $82,800; stock of the St. Vrain Coal Company, $66,667; stock of the Passaic Metal Ware Company, $60,000; five shares of stock in the St. Vrain Realty Company, the owner of 11 Gramercy Park, $49,000.

CASTREE ESTATE DIVIDED.

Residue Incorporated for $1,440,000 and Stock Distributed.

An accounting of the estate of John Castree, who was President of the Irving Savings Institution at the time of his death, some twenty years ago, has been filed in the Surrogate's Court and shows that the income from the estate was $1,751,614 for the period extending from Jan. 1, 1895, to Dec. 31, 1914.

The report, filed by Ezekiel C. Williams and John Castree as surviving executors and trustees, shows that $1,602,989 of the total income was from real estate. It is further shown that $1,246,588 of this income was paid to legatees, and that $459,204 was expended in handling the estate.

It is shown that under an order of the court in November, 1914, the trustees formed the corporation known as the "Estate of John Castree, Inc.," which took over all the realty, consisting of downtown properties in Washington, Varick, Dominick, and Commerce Streets, and on Eighth Avenue.

The corporation then issued 1,440 shares of stock at $1,000 a share in order to own and manage the $1,550,000 worth of realty. In this way, the property was divided by shares and not by partition, thus avoiding depreciation by forced sales.

These shares were then distributed to the surviving heirs partly as follows: To Louise Castree of 58 West Eighty-second Street, $360,000; to Alice Castree of 249 West Seventy-second Street, $360,000; to Clarissa C. Kennedy and Annie E. Totten of 150 West Ninety-fourth Street, $110,000 each; a similar amount to Elsie T. Bradley of 801 West End Avenue, and her granddaughter, and to Sallie C. Totten of Trenton, N. J., (widow of Willard R. Totten,) $30,000.

Beating Made Sister Insane.

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 26.—Joseph Silvestro of Grey Street was held without bail today for the Grand Jury on the charge of having beaten his sister, Mrs. Jennie Chulla of 13 Mechanic Street, so badly that it caused her mind to become unbalanced. The woman was committed today to the Essex County Hospital for the Insane at Overbrook, after physicians had examined her.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Superintendents propose that provision should be made in the 1916 budget for the employment of substitute teachers as proctors at examinations conducted by the Board of Examiners and to assist in tabulating the results of the more important examinations. The regular work of the office, the Superintendents point out, has been impeded by the assignment of clerks to act as proctors and the number of candidates to a proctor has been more than they could handle with due regard to promptness and efficiency.

The scope of the first American Industrial Training Exposition has been enlarged, owing to the extensive plans made for the exhibits of the Board of Education. Madison Square Garden has now been secured from Sept. 23 to Oct. 24, and the education exhibits will include the work of the Manhattan Trade School for Girls, as well as that of evening trade and high schools, the Brooklyn Vocational School for Boys, the Murray Hill Vocational School, and the Gary System. The exhibits will include a collection of moving pictures, many of which will be shown for the first time.

The local boards of Districts 25 and 26 are not satisfied with the reorganization of twelve Bronx schools under the Gary plan and additions to buildings, and have made urgent representation that the Board of Education proceed at once with the construction of two new school buildings.

The following teachers' examinations have been scheduled: Sept. 20-21, high school; Sept. 27, promotion license, elementary schools; Oct. 4, ungraded classes, elementary schools, and Oct. 4-5, freehand drawing in high schools.

The Topic Uppermost

The war in Europe hangs over the world like a cloud. Life is permeated with its influence.
Every intelligent person is under obligation to know its history accurately and thoroughly. No publication is treating this profoundly important subject so authoritatively, interestingly, impartially, and fully as

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

204 Pages—Illustrated
On Sale at All News Stands
25c a Copy—$3.00 a Year

DIGS UP ANCIENT HOMES.

Prof. Nelson Finds Many Relics in the Ruins of the Taos.

SANTA FE, N. M., Aug. 26.—Professor Nels O. Nelson, of the American Museum of Natural History, excavating the ruins of the Taos, near Santa Fe, this Summer has cleared out 470 rooms and one kiva in six pueblos ranging in age from the time of the cliff dwellers to late Spanish dates.

In San Marcos, Pueblo, he has outlined forty-three separate stone building with a total of 3,000 ground floor rooms. Sixteen skeletons have been taken out whole and forty-five more re-interred, while Professor Nelson has recovered and classified thousands of implements, pieces of pottery, bones of various animals and perfectly preserved corn, beans, squash and pumpkins.

He also has outlined immense irrigation or water storage works built by the prehistoric dwellers in these villages.

TOOK HIS LIFE IN FIELD.

Unidentified Man Discharged Shotgun Into His Head.

The body of an unidentified man about 40 years old, with the top of his head blown off, and a double-barreled shotgun with one barrel empty were found yesterday in a field beside the Merrick Road near Franklin Boulevard, Laurelton, by Irving W. Henderson of Speonk, L. I., who was picking clover. The man had apparently been dead about two days. Nothing was found on the body to identify it. Eighty-eight cents was found in one of the pockets.

From indications, the man was of German descent and a suicide. The body was clothed in a gray mixed coat, gray striped trousers, blue socks, black laced shoes, and a brown fedora hat. The underclothing was white and of ordinary quality. The body was sent to Moran's morgue in Queens.

AMERICANS AID BLACK JEWS.

Give $6,000 for the Education of the Falashas of Abyssinia.

Dr. Jacques Faitlovitch, who has completed a successful mission in this country to raise funds for the education of a race of black Jews in Abyssinia known as the Falashas, will sail for Italy tomorrow on the Italian steamer Duca degli Abruzzi. The American Jewish Committee has contributed $5,000 toward the Falasha propaganda, and Dr. Faitlovitch has collected in addition to this sum more than a thousand dollars from other sources.

The money will be expended in spreading a knowledge of Hebrew among the Falashas in Abyssinia who have remained faithful to the Jewish religion. It is estimated that more than 50,000 of these black Jews still inhabit the mountains of Abyssinia.

INSTRUCTION.

The Barnard School of HOUSEHOLD ARTS 226 W. 79th St.
Decorative Art: Designing and harmonizing line and color for decorating the home. Arts and Crafts.
Practical courses in Dressmaking, Cooking, Millinery, Household Accounts, Conversational French, English, including Dramatic Art. Part time courses.

BARNARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
421, 423 W. 148 St. Tel. Aud. 1555. 20th Yr.
Kindergarten to College. Certificate privilege. The school co-operates with the home in seeking to keep the pupil a wholesome girl.

BARNARD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
177 St. & Ft. Wash. Av. Tel. 6831 Aud. Primary and Grammar Grades. Girls and Boys.

AT THE SCHOOL HOUSE ON THE HILL
W. 244th St., Opp. Van Cortlandt Park
The BARNARD SCHOOL BOYS are in close personal touch with their teachers in Class Room, Athletic Field, Gymnasium; the Small Classes assure this. They may remain all day, including Saturdays. Younger boys escorted to and from school. Half our boys who enter college next Fall prepared in three years, instead of the usual four—the result of our daily Study, Recite and Play Plan. The School Building is new. A healthy school life out-of-doors, amidst country surroundings, makes a sturdy boy. Catalog. 30th yr.

REGENTS
Fifteen years' experience in Regents' Work
Higher Accounting and Auditing
Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Spanish
AND
Secretarial Courses
Merchants and Bankers' Business School
MADISON AVE. & 58th STREET
S. C. ESTEY, Director. Plaza 2993.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Spanish, Civil Service & Stenotype Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Call or write for Catalogue
Eastman-Gaines
123d St. & Lenox Ave.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL,
174 Fulton St., N. Y. City.
Day School. "Dwight Method"
Evening School. of Instruction.
Near Fulton St. Subway Station, Hudson Terminal, and Elevated R. R. stations. Courts and lawyers' offices close at hand. Students can join A. M. or P. M. or Evening Classes. Three years' course, with degree of LL. B. Treatises used, with cases, lecture notes, etc. Send for Catalogue No. 10.
GEORGE CHASE, Dean.

LAW SCHOOL FORDHAM UNIVERSITY
140 NASSAU STREET
Near Federal and County Courts.
Brooklyn Bridge, Subway, Hudson Tunnel.
Afternoon Classes 4:15 to 6:15
Evening Classes 7:45 to 9:45
Term Begins Sept. 23. CASE SYSTEM.
Tuition Fee, One Hundred and Ten Dollars.
Catalogue sent on application to Registrar.

DRESSMAKING
Also Stenography, Typewriting, Languages, Music, Elocution, Art, Gymnasium.
HARLEM BRANCH Y. W. C. A.,
76 West 124th St.

New York Preparatory SCHOOL 27th Year.
15 WEST 43D ST., NEW YORK.
Cor. Franklin and Jefferson Aves., BROOKLYN.
REGENTS and COLLEGE
Send for Catalog & "Success in Regents' Exams."

Repton School Tarrytown-on-Hudson, Box C-12
Designed and equipped solely to train, develop and educate the younger boy. New buildings, in centre of large private park; 600 feet elevation. 25 miles from New York. Special attention to physical development.

Stamford Preparatory School
STAMFORD, CONN.
A school for boys on the cottage plan. Only six boys of high character received in each house. Individual instruction. All athletics.
ALFRED C. ROBJENT, Director.

DWIGHT SCHOOL 15 W 43 St. 36th YEAR
College and Regents' Exam's. Moderate fees. Makes a study of the individual student.

MACKENZIE SCHOOL
Monroe, Orange Co., N. Y.—Send for Catalog with 15 years' Patron List, Parents' Letters, College Record of Graduates.

EXCLUSIVE HOME SCHOOL
near Philadelphia, vacancies for several girls six to eighteen years. Exceptional educational advantages. Languages, music, art, $25 to $50 monthly. Y 264 Times Annex.

PRATT SCHOOL—64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship. Catalog free.

PENNINGTON SCHOOL prepares for college, technical school, business; reasonable rates. Pennington, N. J.

IRVING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
Tarrytown-on-Hudson.

Free catalogues of all schools. Amer. Sch. Ass'n. 1,013 Times Bldg. Bryant 6168.

TEACHERS WILL GET AUGUST PENSIONS

Controller Will Pay Those Retired Legally by Drawing on September Fund.

BLAMES EDUCATION BOARD

Prendergast Says It Has Always Been Notorious for Shifting Responsibility for Its Acts.

Controller William A. Prendergast issued a statement yesterday in reply to the criticisms of President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, regarding the condition of the teachers' pension fund. The Board of Education and not the Finance Department was to blame for the shortage in the fund, he said. The Controller asserted that the retired teachers, except those whose retirements may be held by the Corporation Counsel to be illegal, will receive the full amount of their annuities for the month of August.

This result, according to the Controller, will be made possible by the sacrifice of the September allowance which will be only $33,600—about one-third of the normal payroll. Should the Corporation Counsel decide that all the retirements have been made legally it will mean that there will be only 33 1-3 per cent. of each annuity paid in September.

"The President of the Board of Education," said Mr. Prendergast, "has seen fit to attempt to hold me responsible for the present deplorable condition of the teachers' retirement fund. The Board of Education has always been a most notorious offender in attempting to shift responsibility from its own shoulders to the Department of Finance. It was the case with my predecessors, and I presume it will continue to be the case until the present unwieldly, unworkable board of forty-six members is replaced by a small board of competent business men and genuine educators."

The Controller said it had always been understood that the Controller was merely the agent of the Board of Education in making these payments and handling the funds.

"The language of the charter it seems to me," he said, "specifically disposes of the contention of the President of the Board of Education that the Controller is officially responsible for what is done by the retirement board and by the Board of Education in acting upon retirements."

PRINCESS TO PUSH SUIT.

Wife of Prince Engalitcheff Has Not Abandoned Divorce Action.

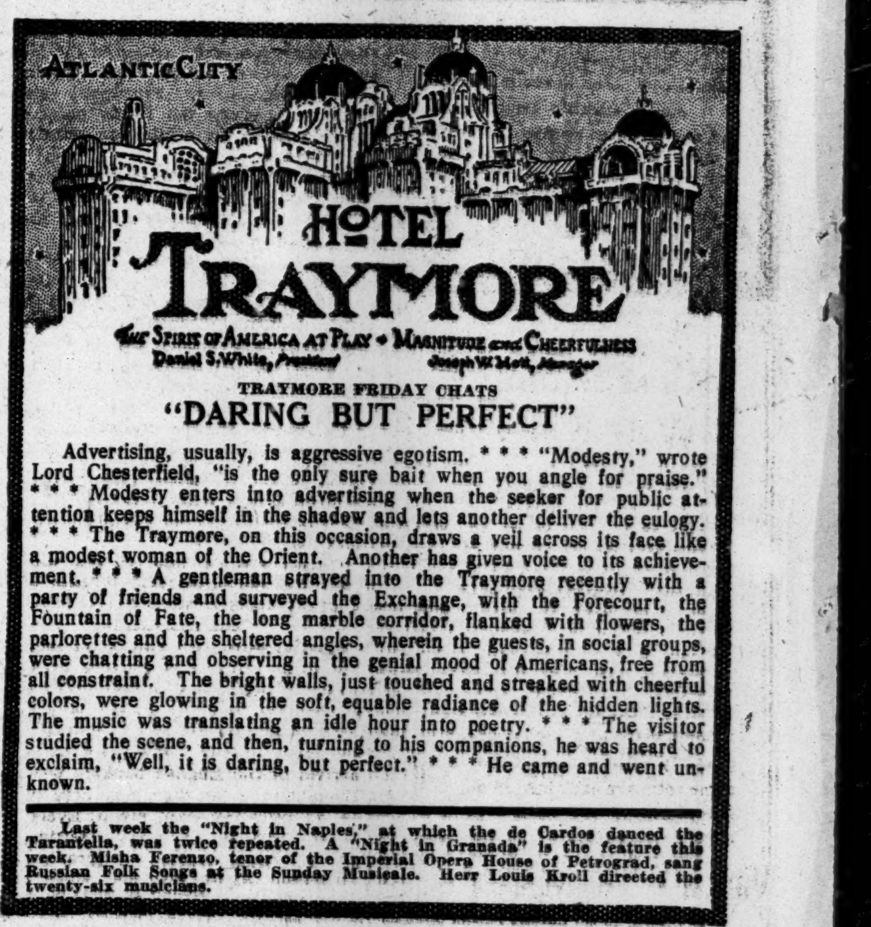
No reconciliation has been effected between the Princess Engalitcheff and her husband, the Prince Nicholas Vladimirovich Engalitcheff, against whom she has instituted a suit for divorce, according to a statement issued on behalf of the Princess yesterday by her counsel, O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver, of 37 Wall Street. The statement is as follows:

"The Princess Engalitcheff authorizes us to state that there is no truth in the published reports that a reconciliation has been effected between herself and her husband, the Prince Nicholas Vladimirovich Engalitcheff, against whom she has instituted suit for an absolute divorce. The action has not been discontinued and no discontinuance is contemplated at the present time."

The couple were married in 1898 and have a son, Nicholas Jr., 13 years old. Before her marriage to the Prince, the Princess was Mrs. Evelyn Partridge Clayton, of Philadelphia, the divorced wife of Samuel Clayton, and the daughter of the late Charles W. Partridge, a wealthy merchant of Chicago. The Prince is a blood relation of the royal family of Russia. Last June papers for an absolute divorce were filed against him while he was on the French liner Espagne en route to serve in the French Army. He was notified of his wife's action at sea and returned, being served with the divorce papers when he landed.

Gov. Brumbaugh Favors Suffrage.

DENVER, Aug. 26.—Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh of Pennsylvania approved woman suffrage in a speech here today. "I believe women in Pennsylvania will be given the right to vote after the next election," he said. "I believe they should be given the ballot."



RESORTS. RESORTS.

ATLANTIC CITY
HOTEL TRAYMORE
The Spirit of America at Play • Magnitude and Cheerfulness
Daniel S. White, President Joseph W. Mott, Manager

TRAYMORE FRIDAY CHATS
"DARING BUT PERFECT"

Advertising, usually, is aggressive egotism. * * * "Modesty," wrote Lord Chesterfield, "is the only sure bait when you angle for praise." * * * Modesty enters into advertising when the seeker for public attention keeps himself in the shadow and lets another deliver the eulogy. * * * The Traymore, on this occasion, draws a veil across its face like a modest woman of the Orient. Another has given voice to its achievement. * * * A gentleman strayed into the Traymore recently with a party of friends and surveyed the Exchange, with the Forecourt, the Fountain of Fate, the long marble corridor, flanked with flowers, the parlorettes and the sheltered angles, wherein the guests, in social groups, were chatting and observing in the genial mood of Americans, free from all constraint. The bright walls, just touched and streaked with cheerful colors, were glowing in the soft, equable radiance of the hidden lights. The music was translating an idle hour into poetry. * * * The visitor studied the scene, and then, turning to his companions, he was heard to exclaim, "Well, it is daring, but perfect." * * * He came and went unknown.

Last week the "Night in Naples," at which the de Cardos danced the Tarantella, was twice repeated. A "Night in Granada" is the feature this week. Misha Ferenzo, tenor of the Imperial Opera House of Petrograd, sang Russian Folk Songs at the Sunday Musicale. Herr Louis Kroll directed the twenty-six musicians.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
is particularly attractive, with its two blocks of ocean frontage facing south and cooled by the prevailing Southwest ocean breezes, during ATLANTIC'S
GREAT SUMMER SEASON
extending from
JUNE TO OCTOBER
inclusive
It has 400 private baths, each with sea water, and its exquisite music, every night throughout the year, with special solo week-end features, is justly celebrated. White service in both American and a la carte dining rooms. Theatres. Rolling-chairs. Golf and other amusements in full swing.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL AND COTTAGES, on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"A RESORT IN ITSELF."
SWIMMING POOL · TENNIS · SURF-BATHING
"ARBOR DANSANT"
FINEST CAFÉ AND DANCE FLOOR IN RESORT.
S. HANSTEIN, Propr.

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, heart of Atlantic City; Fireproof; open always. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. "Latz-keller"; grill, orchestra; dancing, garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

Hotel RUDOLF
On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra.
JOEL HILLMAN, Pres. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.

CHALFONTE, Atlantic City, New Jersey.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

Hotel Dennis.—Thoroughly modern; capacity 600. Recognized excellence. Walter J. Buzby.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
America's Famous All-Year Resort.

PENNSYLVANIA.

FOREST PARK HOTEL
FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
ON FOREST LAKE
Three hours from N. Y. on D., L. & W. Finest bathing, boating, fishing, tennis and baseball. Dancing and concerts daily. Cafe. Rooms with or without private bath. Bachelor's rates. Altitude 1,600 feet. Capacity 350.
Arthur Lederer, Owner, Forest Park, Pa. Or 170 Fifth Av., Tuesday Eleven to One. Phone Gramercy 4147.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE
Mount Pocono, Penna.
Catering to a clientele who appreciate the best. Private baths. Free garage. Open all year. Literature on request.
W. C. & H. M. LEECH.

BUCKWOOD INN, Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa. Open Until Oct. 15. Home of Shawnee Golf Course.

NEW YORK.

THE PARK INN
VAL. SCHMITT, INC.,
ROCKAWAY PARK, L. I.
Reserve your room NOW
—for—
LABOR DAY
Table d'hote A la Carte

Spend the Beautiful Fall in the Adirondacks
Positive Relief from Hay Fever.
SARANAC INN
A Pleasure Resort. Open Until November 1.
ON UPPER SARANAC LAKE.
Excellent Hunting, Music, Dancing, Fishing, Golf and Tennis.
No Tubercular People. Terms $21 week up.
Greatly Reduced Round Trip R. R. Fare Sept.
HARRINGTON MILLS, Mgr. Upper Saranac, N. Y.
Also THE GRAFTON, Washington, D. C.

THE THOMPSON HOTEL
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Finest location. Select. Excellent accommodations. Superior Cuisine. Unsurpassed Boating, Fishing, Golf, Tennis, etc. State Road Booklet. EMERSON CLARK, Prop.

CLARENDON HOTEL Virginia Avenue. Favorite House. For Spring and Summer guests. Free Booklet.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
LAWRENCE PARK, BRONXVILLE, N. Y.
Special Rates During Fall & Winter

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York. Private Beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, boating, bathing, fishing. Absolutely fireproof wing. Private baths. References. Tel. 256—Glen Cove.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS.
Folder & infor. at 1180 B'way., N.Y. F. H. Duffy, Rep.

Ulster & Delaware R. R. Send for Summer Resort Book, 6c.

NEW ENGLAND.

Tour New England
VIEW THE SCENERY OF THE MOUNTAINS, FOLLOW THE ROCK-BOUND SHORE, LINGER BY THE WATERS OF SOME DARK BLUE LAKE, TRAVEL THROUGH A PICTURESQUE VALLEY, OR ROLLING FARMING COUNTRY AS YOU WILL.
All forms of scenic beauty await you in this Vacation Land, with good roads everywhere, and attractive Wayside Inns, Palatial Resorts or magnificent City Hotels to provide for your comfort.
Send for free illustrated road map in colors, "NEW ENGLAND TOURS," published by the NEW ENGLAND HOTEL ASSOCIATION, comprising over two hundred of the best hotels and resorts.
WM. M. KIMBALL, Secretary,
Draper Hotel. Northampton, Mass.

The Ideal Tour
1,000 miles through New England's Scenic Wonderland. Route book and map on application. 1180 B'way, N. Y., or Hotel Elton, Waterbury, Ct.

"The White Mountains of New Hampshire."
For Booklets write 171 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To Western North Carolina Land of the Sky and California. Southern Railway, 264 5th Av.

"Berkshire Hills" booklet free. Address Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.
Resort Tourist Bureau. 1183 Broadway, New York.

Bonds Which Act Right

during periods of business depression are the ones which should be purchased by the careful investor.

We are offering a first and refunding bond, the earnings for which, both gross and net, have been increasing steadily for a long period of years. Present earnings 2¼ times interest.

Circular AG-63 on request

N. W. Halsey & Co
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston Chicago Baltimore San Francisco St. Louis

Current Offerings

—this Circular "T," free on request, describing Municipal and Public Utility Bonds yielding

4¼ to 7%

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

What Money Will Earn

should be gauged by the steady income that may be relied upon, irrespective of changing business conditions. Securities producing dependable income naturally offer safety for capital.

The elements which enable one class of securities to combine most effectively a high degree of safety with remunerative income rates are explained in our pamphlet No. 176, which will be sent on request.

William P. Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston Detroit
London William P. Bonbright & Co.
Paris Bonbright & Co.

Our Billion Dollar Trade Balance

and how Europe will settle its fast growing indebtedness to this country.

Ask for Booklet B-10

Knauth-Nachod & Kuhne
15 William St., New York

Convertible Bonds

Special Circular Describing 43 Issues

Write for Circular 907 "Convertible Bonds."

Spencer Trask & Co.
Investment Securities
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Municipal Bonds

Free From Income Tax
To Net 4.25% to 5.50%
List "T" sent on request

Sidney Spitzer & Co.
115 Broadway, New York

MUNICIPAL BONDS

Yielding from 4% to 6%.

Circular R on application

Estabrook & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / Boston Stock Exchange
24 Broad St. New York

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Hold Up in Spite of Realizing, Helped by Improvement in German Situation.

Unofficial confirmation from various sources of the attitude taken by Count von Bernstorff when he intimated that his government would meet this country's demands for a radical change in Germany's methods of carrying on submarine attacks, served yesterday to hold stock prices up, and in some cases to carry them well forward, in the face of a large amount of profit taking. Traders who bought stocks on Monday's break had profits that brought out a large amount of realizing sales yesterday, but the support furnished by outside buying stemmed the reaction that the professionals felt was due.

While there is still lacking anything in the nature of a disavowal from the German Government of the kind which it is believed President Wilson will now insist upon, news dispatches which reached this country from Berlin were so favorable in tone that yesterday's war cloud appeared very faint. Whether subsequent developments will prove these dispatches to have been inspired or not may not be known for a fortnight, but Wall Street accepted at its face value the statement from Berlin that, so far as obtaining satisfaction goes, the United States may regard the Arabic matter as a closed incident. As a result, the market opened with gains in the leading issues, and at no time weakened easily under the pressure of large selling orders. Trading was much more orderly than has been the case in the past few days, and the volume of sales was considerably smaller than for any other day this week.

A long looked for improvement in the copper situation was brought about yesterday, when under the influence of cables announcing an advance in prices of the metal on the London market some large sales were made here at 18 cents. Recent quotations have hung around 17 and 17½ cents. The improvement in the demand for the metal was quickly reflected in the leading copper issues, and at the close of the session Anaconda showed a net gain of 2⅝ points. Chino and Inspiration each gained 1⅛. Steel fluctuated between 75⅛ and 76¼, each advance bringing out large blocks of stock, and closed the day with a net gain of ¾.

Fluctuations in some of the industrials that have become known as war stocks were more sensational. Tennessee Copper, which has been in growing favor as preparations have gone forward for greatly increasing its output of sulphuric acid, began to jump shortly before the close of the market and in a short time had added 11¼ points to its final price on Wednesday. The advance was helped by a report that the Directors might have an important announcement to make after a meeting held yesterday afternoon, but no news to justify such an advance developed.

The foreign exchange situation again attracted attention yesterday when the offerings of demand sterling caused a break in the quotation to $4.63⅝, which is ¼ under the lowest price hitherto touched. The support which has been rendered by bankers acting for the British Government appeared to be entirely lacking and brokers felt that they would have a free hand in the market until the arrival of the English bankers who are thought to be on their way here to discuss the terms of a war credit. Every day that passes without some offsetting arrangement sees a further derangement in the trade balance, as exports of munitions are beginning to go out on a large scale. Yesterday's decline might have easily gone further but for an expectation that a large amount of gold will arrive unannounced in a few days.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	3	4	4	4	5
New York	3	4	4	4	5
Phila.	3	4	4	4	5
Cleveland	..	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	..	4	4	4½	5
Atlanta	..	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	..	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	3	4	4	4½	5
Minneap.	..	4	4	4½	5
Kan. City	..	4	4	5	5
Dallas	..	4	4	4½	5
San Fran.	3	3½	4	4½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days....2¼@2½
Ninety days....2½@2¾

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	1¾

ON TIME.

60 days	2¼@2½	5 mos.	3 @3¼
90 days	2⅝@3	6 mos.	3 @3¼
4 mos.	3		

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months......3¼@3½ | 6 months......3¼@3½
60 to 90 days......3 @3¼

Other Names.

4 months......3½@3¾ | 6 months......3¾@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.64¾	$4.63⅝	$4.63⅝
Cables	4.65½	4.65¼	4.65¼

Closing Rates.

	Demand, (or Check.)	Cable.
London	$4.63¾	$4.64¼
Paris	5.98	5.97
Switzerland	5.39	5.38
Scandinavia	25.65	25.75
Berlin	.81⅛	.81⅛
Austria	15.05	15.10
Russia	35.25	35.50
China—		
Hongkong	42.70	42.85
Shanghai	54.00	..
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	5.33	5.32
Holland	.39 15/16	.40 1/16
India—		
Bombay	33.00	..
Calcutta	33.00	..
Italy	6.49	6.48
Japan—		
Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.37	49.45
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—		
Buenos Aires	40.80	41.00
Rio	23.75	24.00
Spain	19.12½	19.25

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.—		—Commercial.—	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.59	$4.57	$4.58¼	$4.56½

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $308,929,494; balance, $22,926,689; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $583,065.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount, off 5c; St. Louis, par, unchanged; San Francisco, 40c premium, unchanged; Montreal, 31¼c premium, off 62½c.

Bar Silver.

London, 22 13-16d, unchanged; New York, 46⅝c, down ⅛c.

LONDON TRADING DULL.

American Section Attracts Most Attention—War Loan Sags.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The recent concerted action of the banks has assisted to maintain rates in the money market, but the process is somewhat difficult in the face of Government disbursements and the maturing of £10,000,000 Treasury bills tomorrow.

The stock market continued dull but cheerful with most of the business in the American section, where the strength in Wall Street caused a higher opening. Prices improved later under the lead of United States Steel. The closing was steady. Several American bonds were sold and Argentine rails, and copper and oil shares were occasionally higher. The war loan sagged after a firm opening.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£330,000
Circulation decreased	155,000
Bullion increased	175,064
Other securities decreased	4,046,000
Other deposits decreased	35,171,000
Public deposits increased	31,390,000
Notes reserve increased	369,000
Government securities increased	40,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 24.13 per cent.; last week it was 23.59 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

Prices Lower on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Prices were lower on the Bourse today.

Three per cent. rentes 68 francs 50 centimes for cash.

Exchange on London 27 francs 70 centimes.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand decreased	126,042,000
Silver in hand decreased	1,160,000
Notes in circulation increased	50,918,000
Treasury deposits decreased	42,236,000
General deposits increased	10,906,000
Bills discounted decreased	2,745,000
Advances decreased	1,815,000

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, AUG. 26, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	713,897
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	94,382,252
Same period last year	45,989,158
Average price and change 50 stocks	77.46 + .43
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	78.79	Aug. 17	58.99	Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

*Closing average July 30, 57.77.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of those two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Railroads	72.10	71.70	71.86	....
Industrials	83.37	82.54	83.07	....

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Aug. 14	77.11	76.04	76.66	+.12
Aug. 16	78.25	76.54	77.65	+.99
Aug. 17	78.79	77.32	77.87	+.22
Aug. 18	78.50	77.19	77.92	+.05
Aug. 19	78.22	76.47	76.71	−1.21
Aug. 20	76.68	75.80	76.44	−.27
Aug. 21	75.85	74.24	74.39	−2.05
Aug. 23	75.29	73.18	74.58	+.19
Aug. 24	76.11	74.67	75.82	+1.24
Aug. 25	77.86	76.44	77.03	+1.21
Aug. 26	77.98	77.19	77.46	+.43

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*Aug., 1915	78.79 Aug. 17	73.49 Aug. 2	74.39
Aug., 1914	Exchange closed.		
Aug., 1913	71.65 Aug. 18	68.88 Aug. 2	71.11
Aug., 1912	84.65 Aug. 14	81.92 Aug. 1	83.47
Aug., 1911	82.34 Aug. 1	73.40 Aug. 30	78.77
*Year, 1915	78.79 Aug. 17	58.99 Feb. 24	[illegible]
Year, 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.47 July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10 Jan. 2	63.09 Feb. 1	68.04
Year, 1912	85.32 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.60

*To date.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
American Cigar	110	112	107	110
American Cigar pf.	97	99	97	99
Am. Mach. & F'dry	80	90	80	90
Conley Foil	320	350	320	350
J. S. Young	165	175	165	175
J. S. Young pf.	106	109	106	109
MacAndrews & F.	160	170	160	170
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	101	99¼	100¼
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	185	198	185	198
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	355	365	355	365
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	119	121	119	121

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

International Mercantile Marine.

There are no indications that the two stockholders' committees of the International Mercantile Marine are traveling on common ground. The Van Tuyl Committee, representing about 200,000 shares of preferred and common stock, has not formally asserted its position regarding the plan of reorganization furthered by the Bondholders' Protective Committee, but individual members of the committee, it was said yesterday, have expressed satisfaction with the plan. Not a single stockholder represented by the Van Tuyl Committee, it is said, has offered any objections to the plan. Under these conditions, it is contended, there is no reason for believing that the Van Tuyl Committee will join in the protests of the De Forest Committee, which represents about 100,000 shares. It appears that the great bulk of the International Mercantile Marine stock, approximately 700,000 shares, is represented by no committee, and what this stock will do remains to be seen. On Sept. 15 there will be a general conference with reference to the reorganization plan, where all factions will be represented. A compromise may be effected then.

⁂

No Extra Holiday Wanted.

A petition has started the round among the Stock Exchange brokers for an extra holiday next Saturday. The question will probably come before the Board of Governors next week. It is a foregone conclusion, according to some of the Governors, that the request for a day off will not be granted. "It doesn't make any difference what was done in the past," said one of the Governors. "There was no war going on then. We can't afford to take a day off in a war market. The same question came up for the Saturday following Good Friday and, if you remember, we worked on that Saturday."

⁂

Union Pacific Shows Progress.

Union Pacific's July gross was $7,846,866, an increase of $287,629 and a healthy sign of better times in the West. The net income, after taxes, was $2,849,317, an increase of $172,981. It is the latter figure which makes the stockholder feel better, and he should be particularly happy because the net increase was not the result of a trimming of expenses. There was an increase, in fact, in maintenance of way and transportation expenses and also in taxes. Like Southern Pacific, the Union Pacific benefited by the Exposition travel, and passenger earnings showed an increase of $224,000. Freight earnings, while they showed a falling off of $47,000 compared with July, 1914, showed an increase over recent months. On a percentage basis Union Pacific made an increase in July of about 4 per cent. in gross and 6.5 per cent. in net.

⁂

Another Football of Speculation.

A number of people awakened to a sudden realization of great possibilities in Tennessee Copper yesterday afternoon, and in their scramble to accumulate the company's stock the price was jumped up at a rate which overlooked the customary fractional steps. Most of the day's advance occurred in the last few minutes of trading, and resulted in a closing price of 65, a net gain of 11¼ points for the day. The desires of the bidders were stimulated by a report that the Directors might have an important announcement to make at the close of a meeting to be called at 3:30 o'clock. The only announcement that was forthcoming was a statement by Utley Wedge, President of the company to the effect that "I deprecate very much that the stock has been made the football of speculation." Directors have said that the company has so many needs for its working capital that there is no prospect of an early increase in the dividend, but the sulphuric acid contracts made with the explosive companies are expected to be very profitable and the stock is now selling at 260 per cent. of its par value.

⁂

The Prevailing "If."

It is popularly supposed in the rural districts that the closer a man is to the Stock Exchange the greater his opportunities for getting rich through speculation. In Wall Street the prevailing belief is that the people who make money in the market are those who only get quotations from their morning newspaper. Judging from the exchange of confidences that follows a meeting of friends in the financial district, proximity to a ticker is a fatal handicap to the ordinary investor. Having made up his mind that there are sufficient reasons for a big advance in the shares of some company the ordinary mortal puts in his buying order and then races for the ticker to see how much he has profited. Five minutes later he looks again, and if at the end of an hour his stock has not moved up at least two points he begins to doubt his judgment. At the end of two days without a profit he is convinced that he picked the one stock on the board that is not going up, and he ends by selling out on the first advance that allows him to make his commission. Two weeks later his stock may be up from ten to twenty points, and he joins the doleful chorus of "I had some twenty points lower. If I had only held it." There were six men lunching together yesterday, and the conversation brought out the fact that five of them had bought Tennessee Copper in the early 30s. Four had sold out with from two to three points' gain, and the fifth had taken a small loss.

⁂

Playing With Foreign Exchange.

If the speculator in exchange could be assured that nothing unexpected in the way of artificial stimulation of the market would take place he could sell short on the known factors with almost absolute certainty of being able to cover his commitments many points down. At the rate that exports are going forward from this port, without the usual offsetting items of imports nearly as large and heavy expenditures by American tourists abroad, the balance of trade against Europe is growing by leaps and bounds, and exchange on European centres declines accordingly. The risk in selling exchange short lies in the measures that may be taken to restore the parity of exchange either through gold imports or the placing of huge credits here. It was reported after 3 o'clock yesterday that sterling had been offered at $4.63, but the lowest price reported by brokers for an actual transaction was $4.63⅝.

EXCHANGE SEAT AT $59,000.

Million-Share Days Enhance Value of Memberships.

A succession of million-share days has increased the value of Stock Exchange memberships. Announcement was made yesterday of the sale of the seat belonging to the late George I. London to Walter Dreyfus for $59,000, an advance of $1,000 over the previous sale. This establishes the record high price for several years.

Three other seats have been sold for $58,000 each. They were those of Richard T. Wilson, Jr., to Irvin F. Westheimer; Walter J. Curry, deceased, to Roy C. Megargel, and Hamilton F. Kean to Edward J. Duffy.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Aug. 26	$2,612,500
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	$513,903,700
Same period last year	425,061,100
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.21 — .05
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42	Feb. 4	82.73	July 30
Year 1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

*Closing average July 30, 82.73.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97	..
3s, r, 1918	100	..
3s, c, 1918	100	..
4s, r, 1925	109	..
4s, c, 1925	109	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

SHORT TERM NOTES.

A Modern Investment

One which is safeguarded by a combination of ample assets and earnings is selling on a 6% basis.

Send for circular No. G-145, which gives details.

A. B. Leach & Co
Investment Securities
149 Broadway, New York
Chicago Boston Philadelphia Baltimore Buffalo London

Write for Circular No. 12069 Describing

City of Newburgh, NEW YORK **4½s**

These bonds are exempt from all taxation in New York State.

Exempt from Federal Income Tax.

A legal investment for Savings Banks in New York State.

Eligible to secure Postal Savings Bank Deposits.

Farson, Son & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City.

Municipal Bonds

Yielding from 4¼% to 5%

Send for "Circular T-102"

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York

City of Chattanooga, Tenn. 4½% Bonds

Due June 2d, 1943

Price 98½ and Interest

Circular on Application

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO

We are inaugurating a NEW SERVICE FOR INVESTORS

This service will be found of value in two connections, viz.: The readjustment of present holdings to increase safety and income; and the making of new investments to yield safely from 4¾% to 7%

Write for "Investors' Service T 15."

HARVEY FISK & SONS
62 Cedar Street New York

CANADIAN ISSUES

PRIVATE WIRE TO MONTREAL

CAN. CAR & F'D'Y
STEEL CO. OF CAN.

JENKS, GWYNNE & Co
15 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

BONDS

Legal For Trustees In New York State

Send for Circular "J"

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange,
14 Wall St., New York
Correspondents:
R. L. Day & Co. Boston

Kansas City Ry. & Lt. Reorganization

Correspondence Invited.

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
Investment Bank
51 Pine Street. Telephone John.

Listed Securities

Bought and sold for investment or conservative margin account.

Correspondence invited.

B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
12 Broadway, N

STEEL
The New Industrial Epoch
Send for Our Special Letter "901"

Renskorf, Lyon & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
33 New St. (GROUND FLOOR) New York

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
CARBON STEEL
2nd Pfd.
ESTABLISHED 1873
TOBEY & KIRK

A Dependable Income
Have you an income, regular and dependable, aside from the earnings accruing from your personal efforts?
If not, why not invest your money in good bonds, thereby providing an income against the day of retirement?
Write us for investment suggestions.
F. S. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857
44 Exchange Place
MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Henry Clews & Co.
11, 13, 15, 17 and 19 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission. Also carried on conservative terms. Deposit Accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
TRAVELERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT
DRAFTS ON LONDON AND PARIS
BRANCH OFFICES
500 Fifth Ave. 953 Third Ave.
1122 Broadway 96 Warren St.
50 Union Square 16 Court St., B'klyn

The Growth In Population
of the Pacific Gas & Electric Company's territory from 1900 to 1910 was 45%. The First Preferred Stock yields 7%.
Send for Description "T"
JOHN NICKERSON, JR.
60 Broadway, New York, N. Y. 300 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

A Chartered Institution
of Acknowledged Merit,
now being operated successfully, will receive subscriptions to a Special Promotion Fund up to $25,000, preferably in sums of $3,000 and $5,000. Subscribers must be men of exemplary habits and financially sound. Industrially secure. Active participation in management if desired. Inspection invited. References required. W., Room 805, 60 Broadway.

Du Pont Powder
Hercules Powder
Atlas Powder
Josephthal, Louchheim & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Phone 9300 Rector. 61 Broadway, N. Y.

Cinn., Ind. & West. 1st 4s
Ind., Dec. & West. 1st 5s
MEGARGEL & CO.
35 Pine Street New York

W. C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 Broadway, New York City

For Permanent Investment
Ask us about the bonds and preferred stocks of
Bread Baking Companies
Max Oscher Company, Inc.
60 BROADWAY, N. Y. Tel. 8580 Rector.

W. N. Coler & Co.
INVESTMENTS
43 Cedar Street, N. Y.
New York City and Other Municipal Bonds.

COTTON ADVANCES ON HEAVY BUYING

Concentrated Support, Though Not General, Puts Price Up from 19 to 21 Points.

DEFINITE RISING TENDENCY

Too Much Moisture, Feature of the Weather Reports—Crop Finance Outlook Good.

Cotton broke out of its rut yesterday and showed a definite advancing tendency. Trading was characterized by a buoyancy that has been absent for several weeks. Buying was not at all general, but several interests were unusually active, and their concentrated support resulted in forcing an advance of 19 to 21 points for the day.

There was no especial feature in the weather, as crop news was somewhat mixed. There was complaint of too much rain in parts of the Central and Western belts, and some Texas points reported precipitation of more than two inches. The forecast called for showers over a large area. Although there is a tendency to believe that some injury is going to result from these rains, it would be the first time on record that August moisture was considered unfavorable for the crop. The plant is too large to be damaged, and the only injury that could result would be to the grade of open cotton, and this would be more than offset by new growth, provided the late season is open.

It seems, therefore, that other influences must have been at work to cause the apparently radical change in sentiment. Yesterday's buying was largely for the account of one or two houses usually identified with German interests. Whether they were employed to conceal buying operations for others is a matter of conjecture. At any rate their purchases were on a very large scale and caused general covering of shorts.

The reassuring statements of W. P. G. Harding of the Federal Reserve Board in his speech at Birmingham on Wednesday night in regard to preparations under way for taking care of the crop during the marketing period may have been an influence, but only in a sentimental way.

The improved outlook in relation to the Arabic incident was also a factor.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged, 7 to 15 points advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 20 points advance; 9.50 for middling. Futures closed steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	9.51	9.32	9.48@ 9.49	9.28@ 9.29
Dec.	9.80	9.63	9.76@ 9.77	9.57@ 9.58
Jan.	9.94	9.77	9.91@ 9.92	9.70@ 9.71
Mar.	10.15	9.99	10.12@10.14	9.92@ 9.93
May	10.36	10.25	10.34@10.35	10.15@10.17
July	10.48	10.47	10.54@10.55	10.35 Bid

Total port receipts, 4,649 bales; last week, 3,830 bales; last year, 1,410 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
New Orleans	1,336	984	52
Galveston	...	...	973
Mobile	34	1	60
Charleston	74	...	131
Savannah	1,400	1,181	193
Wilmington	4	329	...
Norfolk	202	1,431	1

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

Augusta	472	55	195
Memphis	10	662	66
St. Louis	8	527	521
Houston	2,631	...	3,770

Exports, 1,939 bales; total thus far this season, 131,970 bales; total last season, 9,923 bales.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		So. Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
50	Galveston	9.25	103,385	37,516
2,625	New Orleans	8.94	118,911	52,387
—	Mobile	8.69	12,011	1,988
1,369	Savannah	8½	60,279	10,434
—	Charleston	....	42,483	1,288
—	Wilmington	..	27,845	7,753
657	Norfolk	8.75	39,752	14,776
—	Augusta	8.50	61,317	8,687
950	Memphis	9.00	64,497	14,759
—	St. Louis	8⅞	12,166	14,178
1,307	Houston	9.20	56,152	32,221

The Liverpool market opened dull. There was a good business in spot cotton, with middling one point advance, at 5.50d. Sales, 8,000 bales; receipts, 1,000 bales; American, 100 bales. Market closed steady.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	324	328
American Light & Traction pf.	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power	14	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	52	56
*American Gas & Electric	104	107
*American Gas & Electric pf.	48	50
American Power & Light	58	62
American Power & Light pf.	80	83
American Public Utilities	30	35
American Public Utilities pf.	63	66
Am. Waterworks & Electric	5	8
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	15	19
American W. W. & E. 1st pf.	56	62
Cities Service	44	47
Cities Service pf.	52	55
Colorado Power	17	19
Colorado Power pf.	93	97
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	49	52
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	77	80
Consumers' Power Co. 5s, 1929	90	91
Consumers' Power Co. (Me.) pf.	90	94
Dayton Power & Light	30	35
Dayton Power & Light pf.	85	90
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	90	93
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	60	65
Electric Bond & Share pf.	99	100
Empire District Electric 5s	72	77
Empire District Electric pf.	60	70
Federal Light & Traction	14	18
Federal Light & Traction pf.	50	60
Gas & Electric Securities	50	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	50	70
Great West. P. 5s, 1946	79½	81
Lincoln Gas & Electric	10	20
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	13
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf.	47	52
Northern States Power	28½	29½
Northern States Power pf.	85	86
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	44¼	45¼
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	84½	86
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	10	13
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	40	46
Southern California Edison	70	73
Southern California Edison pf.	93	97
*Standard Gas & Electric	4	6
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	23	24½
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power	4	6
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power pf.	20	25
United Light & Rys.	36	40
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	67	70
Utah Securities	12	14
Western Power	14	16
Western Power pf.	47	50

*Par value, $50.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
6s	—Sep.,	1915	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
6s	—Sep.,	1916	102⅛	102⅝	102¼	102¾
6s	—Sep.,	1917	103⅝	103⅞	103⅝	103⅞
4½s	—June,	1965	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4½s	—Mch.,	1963	101⅝	102	101⅝	102
4½s	—Nov.,	1957	101½	101⅞	101½	101⅞
4½s	—May,	1957	101¼	101⅞	101¼	101⅞
4½s	—Nov.,	1917	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101¼
4½s	—May,	1917	100½	100⅞	100½	101
4¼s	—Mch.,	1964	97⅞	98⅛	97⅞	98⅛
4¼s	—Mch.,	1962	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
4¼s	—Sep.,	1960	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
4¼s	—Mch.,	1930-60	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼
4s	—May,	1959	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	—Nov.,	1958	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	—May,	1957	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	—Nov.,	1956	93¾	94⅛	93¾	94⅛
4s	—Nov.,	1955	93¾	94⅛	93¾	94⅛
4s	—Nov.,	1936	94½	..	94½	..
4s	—May,	1917	99¾	..	99¾	..
4s	—Nov.,	1918	99⅜	..	99⅜	..
4s	—May,	1919	99½	..	99½	..
3½s	—Nov.,	1955	84¾	..	84¾	..
3½s	—Nov.,	1954	85¼	86½	85¼	86½
3½s	—May,	1954	85¼	86½	85¼	86½

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Tin	34.75	35.25	34.00	34.50
Lead	4.65	4.75	4.55	4.65
Spelter	*15.00	..	*13.50	..
Antimony	28.50	29.50	28.00	29.00
Quicksilver	$90.00	..	$90.00	..
Aluminium	†34.00	35.00	33.00	34.00
Iron, No. 2 X f'dry	15.50	16.00	15.50	16.50

*Sales. †Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted at 17½@18¼c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	70	17	6	68	5	0
Copper, futures	72	0	0	69	10	0
Tin, spot	155	0	0	153	5	0
Tin, futures	156	5	0	154	10	0
Spelter	66	0	0	62	10	0
Lead	22	7	6	22	1	3

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Com'l Credit	37½	37½	37½	37½
70	Cons. Coal	95	95	95	95
33	Merch.-M. Bk.	28	28	28	28
10	Nat. Bk. of C.	34	34	34	34
45	Penn. W. & P.	68	68	68	68
2	Un. Rys. & El.	23½	23½	23½	23½
430	W'y'l'd O. & G.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛

BONDS.

$1,000	Balt. Elec. 5s, stamped	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
5,000	Cons. Gas 4½s.	92	92	92	92
1,000	Davison Ch. 6s.	100	100	100	100
1,000	Elkh'n Fuel 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 1st 4s	18	18	18	18
1,000	State Md. 4s, 1926	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	Un. Rys. & El. 1st 4s	80⅝	80⅝	80½	80½
300	Un. Rys. & El. fdg. 5s	82	82	82	82

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
171	Ahmeek	98	99	98	98
660	Alaska	33	33	32½	32½
570	Algomah	2½	2⅝	2½	2½
300	Allouez	53¾	55	53¾	55
4,565	Am. Zinc	53	54⅝	53	53⅞
779	Anaconda	71¼	72½	70¾	72½
4,830	Ariz. Com	9	9⅛	8⅞	9
50	Arnold	60c	60c	60c	60c
1,689	Butte & Super.	65¼	66½	64¼	65
561	Calumet & Ariz	63	64½	63	64½
23	Cal. & Hecla.	560	570	560	565
115	Centennial	19	19½	19	19½
1,005	Copper Range.	54⅝	56¼	54⅝	55¾
25	Daly West	3	3	3	3
385	East Butte	12¼	12⅝	12¼	12⅝
270	Franklin	9¼	9½	9¼	9⅝
803	Granby	80½	83	80½	83
565	Greene-Cananea	38	40¼	38	40¼
75	Hancock	15½	15¾	15½	15¾
10	Helvetia	15c	15c	15c	15c
75	Indiana	4½	4½	4½	4½
50	Island Creek	49	49	48½	48½
120	Isle Royale	27½	27½	27½	27½
50	Kerr Lake	4	4	4	4
150	Keweenaw	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
200	Lake	14	14⅞	14	14⅞
30	La Salle	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
100	Mason Valley	2	2	2	2
150	Mass. Consol	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
5	Miami	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
50	Michigan	2½	2½	2½	2½
435	Mohawk	72¾	74½	72¾	74
420	New Arcadian	11	11	10¾	10⅞
1,260	North Butte	29¾	30⅜	29½	30¼
115	Old Colony	3	3⅜	3	3⅜
62	Old Dominion	52	54	51½	51½
20	Osceola	82	83½	82	82½
25	Pond Creek	17⅞	17⅞	17⅛	17⅛
45	Santa Fe	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
500	Shannon	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
200	Shattuck	26	26½	26	26½
200	South Utah	20c	20c	20c	20c
195	St. Mary's	54½	56½	54½	55½
420	Superior & Bos.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
15	Superior Copper	27	27	27	27
625	Tamarack	54¾	55⅞	54¾	55½
1,477	U. S. Smelting.	41½	42¼	41⅝	42
50	U. S. Smelt, pf.	46¼	46¾	46¼	46½
450	Utah Apex	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
42	Utah Consol	11½	12½	11½	12½
185	Utah Copper	66⅝	67⅞	66⅝	67⅞
160	Wolverine	60	62	60	62

RAILROADS.

10	At., T. & S. F.	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
133	Bos. & Albany.	182½	183	182	182
93	Bos. & Maine	23½	23½	23½	23½
5	Bos. & Me. pf.	38	38	38	38
1	Fitchburg pf.	62	62	62	62
36	Maine Central.	97	97	97	97
89	Mass. Elec. pf.	33½	33½	33½	33½
12	N.Y.,N.H. & H.	63	63	63	63

MISCELLANEOUS.

183	Amoskeag pf.	98½	98½	98½	98½
280	Am. Agr. Chem	57¾	58	57¾	58
55	Am. A. Ch. pf.	91¾	92	91½	91¾
100	Am. Pneu. Serv	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
25	Am. P. S. pf.	15½	15¾	15½	15¾
25	Am. Sugar	110½	110½	110½	110½
11	Am. Sugar pf.	116	116	116	116
140	Am. T. & T.	122¾	123½	122¾	123½
25	Am. Woolen pf.	91	91½	91	91½
224	A., G. & W. I.	12	12	11	12
40	Gen. Electric	178	178	175¾	176
100	Gt. Nor. Ore	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
165	Mass. Gas	90	90½	90	90½
8	McElwain pf.	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
91	Pullman	160	160	160	160
65	Reece Folding	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
67	Swift & Co.	116½	118½	116½	118
55	Torrington	32	32	32	32
45	United Fruit	132½	133	132½	133
586	Un. Shoe Mach.	49	49½	48¾	49
1,917	U. S. Steel	76	76¼	75¼	76¼
10	U. S. Steel pf.	112	112½	112	112½
1,225	Ventura Oil	11⅞	12	11½	11⅝
25	West. Union	71¼	71¼	71	71

BONDS.

$2,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	88	88	88	88
100	A. T. & T. 4½s.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
3,000	Mass. Gas 4½s,	96	96	96	96
3,000	Swift 5s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid	Asked.		Bid.	Asked
Alvarado	.50	.80	Iron Blos.	.70	.74
Bay S G.	.10	.11	La Rose	.47	.50
Eego..	1	1½	McK Dar.	.22	.26
Bingham	8¼	8½	M of Am.	2¼	2½
Bost Ely	.20	.26	Majestic	50	.52
Butte & L.	.33	.35	Mex Met.	.24	.26
Calaveras	1¾	1⅞	Nev Doug.	60	.64
Cal Cor.	4	7	New Balt.	2	2¼
Chief Con.	90	.97	New Corn.	7	7½
Cons Ariz.	.75	.85	Ohio Cop.	10	.15
Cons Cop.	1½	1¾	Old Dom.	7	7¾
Cortez	.40	.50	Oneco	1	1¼
Cr Res.	.32	.40	Riker & H	6	6¼
Davis-D.	[illegible]	1⅛	SW Miami	[illegible]	1½
Eagle and Bluebell	1½	1⅝	Stew't M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
			Tonop M.	3¼	5½
1st N Cop.	2¼	2½	Utah Met.	8⅜	8½
G'field C.	1¼	1⅜	C V Ext.	5⅜	5½
Houghton	3	3½	Yukon G.	2¼	2½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
115	Chi. Pn. Tool.	78¾	79	77½	78¼
165	Chi. Ry., Ser. 2	19	19	18½	18½
20	Chi. Tl. & Tr.	205	205	205	205
50	Harvest. N. J.	109	109	109	109
10	Goodrich	63½	63½	63½	63½
5	Ill. Brick	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼
110	Mont. W. pf.	112	112⅝	112	112⅝
85	People's Gas	115½	115½	115½	115½
3	Pub. Serv. pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½
20	Quak. Oats pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½
385	Sears-Roebuck	153	154	153	154
190	Stew. Warner	64⅝	65⅝	64⅝	65⅛
713	Swift & Co.	116⅛	118⅜	116⅛	117½
145	Union Carbide	163	163	160¾	162

BONDS.

$8,000	Ch. Cy. Ry. 5s.	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
19,000	Ch. Ry. 1st 5s	95	95	95	95
1,000	Chi. Tel. 5s.	100½	100½	100½	100½
4,000	Di. M. deb. 6s	102	102	101¾	101¾
1,000	Swift 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Anaconda	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼
4	Am. Milling	6	6	6	6
200	American Can.	61⅞	61⅞	61⅝	61⅝
10	Am. Railways.	24½	24½	24½	24½
10	Am. Fire	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜
185	Baldwin Loco.	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜
400	Bell Telephone.	65½	65½	65½	65½
2,489	Cambria Steel.	54⅞	55½	54½	54¾
10	Colo. Fuel	42	42	42	42
6,330	El Stor. Bat.	62½	66¼	62½	66¼
200	Insp. Copper	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
1,749	Lake Superior.	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
2	Lehigh Nav.	73⅜	73⅜	73⅜	73⅜
32	Lehigh Val.	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
100	L. V. Transit.	15	15	15	15
97	Penn. R. R.	54½	54⅝	54⅝	54½
680	Phila. Co.	43	44	43	44
65	Phila. Electric	24½	24½	24½	24½
50	Phil. R. T. ctfs.	10	10	10	10
725	Tono.-Belmont.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,005	Tono. Mining.	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
41	Un. Gas. Imp.	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
9,047	U. S. Steel.	75¾	76¼	75¾	76
3	W. Jer. & Sea.	48	48	48	48
11	W'morel'd Coal	63	63	63	63
381	W. Cramp & S.	86	87	85	85
200	Utah Copper	67	67	67	67

BONDS.

$9,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
5,000	City 4s, 1941, registered	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
5,200	City 4s, 1941, reg., small	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
100	El. & Peo. 4s.	81	81	81	81
1,000	Leh. Nav. gen. 4½s	102	102	102	102
1,000	L. V. gen. 4s.	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
1,000	L. V. Coal 5s.	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
12,000	L. Schuylkill 4s	57	57	57	57
8,000	Penn. R. R. g. 4½s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	Phila. El. 4s.	80	80	80	80
1,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s	83½	83½	83½	83½
45,000	U. Rys. inv. 5s.	68½	69¼	68½	69¼

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Sewer P.	17	17	17	17
840	Am. W. G. Ma	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	15¼
650	Col. G. & Elec.	14¼	14½	14¼	14½
50	Cruc. St. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½
25	Ind. Brewing	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
980	La Belle Iron.	36	40	36	40
10	Lone Star Gas.	93	93	93	93
145	Mfrs. L. & H.	49½	49½	49	49
50	Nat. Fireproof.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	Nat. Fire. pf.	18½	18½	18½	18½
150	Pitts. Brew	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
655	Pitts. Coal	82½	82⅞	82	82⅞
1,860	Pure Oil	17	17	17	17
1,000	San Toy	14	14	14	14
10	Un. Nat. Gas.	130½	130½	130½	130½
830	Un. S. & S.	105½	106	105½	106
210	U. S. Steel	76	76	75	75½
320	West. A. B.	141	141½	140¾	141
210	West. Electric.	58½	58½	58½	58½
100	West. Elec. pf.	70	70	70	70

BOND.

$2,000	Ind. Brew. 6s.	49	49	49	49

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Aug. 25.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$845,684	$13,225,427	$28,211,070
Int. rev., ord.	639,063	23,779,074	53,033,351
Cor. & in. tax	39,008	1,461,117	9,846,282
Miscellaneous	240,437	3,089,240	7,753,871
Total	$1,764,193	$41,554,861	$98,844,576
Expenditures	1,942,560	53,708,063	126,979,532
Deficit	178,365	12,153,202	28,134,954

$14,451,000 ISSUE PLANNED BY D. & H.

Twenty-Year 5 Per Cent. Bonds Convertible Into Stock at 150.

WILL PAY OFF 1916 FOURS

Stockholders' Meeting Called for Sept. 30 So That New Issue May Be Sold in Favorable Market.

The Board of Directors of the Delaware & Hudson Company has called a special meeting of stockholders for Sept. 30 to authorize an issue of $14,451,000 5 per cent. twenty-year convertible bonds, convertible into the stock of the company for ten years, beginning Oct. 1, 1917. The basis of the conversion privilege is to be $1,500 face value of the bonds for ten shares of stock.

Under the plan, as announced, stockholders, subject to their approval and that of the Public Service Commission, will be permitted to subscribe to the new bonds at par and accrued interest to the extent of 34 per cent. of their holdings. Stockholders of record as of Sept. 9 will be eligible to subscribe on or before Oct. 6. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the First National Bank are underwriting the subscription by the shareholders.

The proceeds of the new issue will be used to pay off the $13,337,000 4 per cent. bonds of the Delaware & Hudson, due June 1, 1916, with a small balance left for other corporate purposes.

Delaware & Hudson stock has been selling around $140 a share, having dropped about ten points since the announcement of the Interstate Commerce Commission's decision lowering anthracite transportation rates. This decision, effective Oct. 1, it is estimated, will cut the company's earnings more than $2,000,000 a year. To make the conversion provision generally operative, naturally the stock will have to rise to or above $150 a share.

It was regarded as significant that the special stockholders' meeting should be held on Sept. 30, just a day before the new coal rates will go into effect. The bonds, which the proceeds of the new issue are to retire, moreover, are not due for ten months.

A Director of the Delaware & Hudson, when asked about these circumstances, said that there was no significance in holding the meeting so early beyond a desire to sell the bonds in the most favorable market. Worse times might be ahead, he said, and in that event a delay would prove expensive. The stockholders, he added, would have no authority at the special meeting to consider the Delaware & Hudson's course of action with reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission's coal rate decision. The question of taking the rate decision into the courts or before the commission for a rehearing is now under consideration by all of the nine railroads affected.

The new convertible bonds were traded in yesterday on the Curb on a when-issued basis to the extent of $20,000, selling at 102½ to 102¾. Rights to the amount of 625 were sold at ⅝ to ¾.

RUMELY PLAN IS AGREED ON.

C. D. Barney & Co. to Underwrite Securities of New Company.

Plans long debated for a thorough reorganization of the M. Rumely Company have been agreed upon, and interests identified with the property have arranged with Charles D. Barney & Co. to underwrite the new security issues put out under the plan. Various committees representing the creditors and security holders have reached an agreement on terms and have named the following a joint reorganization committee: J. W. Platten, Chairman; M. M. Buckner, L. L. Clarke, F. N. B. Close, Allen Curtis, C. E. Elliot, Maurice Hely-Hutchinson, S. S. Strattan, Elisha Walker, and H. H. Wehrhane.

A new company will be formed to take over the existing business and provide the funds necessary for its continuance and for the reorganization requirements with an authorized capitalization as follows: $3,500,000 ten-year 6 per cent. sinking fund debentures; $12,500,000 6 per cent preferred stock, cumulative after Jan. 1, 1919, and $13,750,000 common stock.

The plan provides that creditor interests of the old company, whose claims approximate $14,500,000, shall receive securities in the new company on substantially the following basis: Three per cent. of their claims in debentures, representing unpaid interest to March 1, 1915; 85 per cent. in new preferred stock, and 40 per cent. in new common stock.

Holders of the $9,750,000 preferred stock and $11,780,000 common stock of the old company will be entitled to participate in the plan on the following basis: Preferred stockholders, on payment of an assessment of $17 a share, will receive $17.89 in debentures and $50 in common stock; common stockholders, on payment of an assessment of $9 a share, will receive $9.47 in debentures and $25 in new common stock.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.03	Justice	.04
Alpha Con.	.02	Kentucky Con.	.02
Andes	.12	Mexican	.56
Best & Belcher	.08	Occidental Con.	.79
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.48
Caledonia	.65	Overman	.12
Challenge Con.	.02	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.07
Confidence	.18	Seg. Belcher	.04
Con. Cal. & Va.	.20	Sierra Nevada	.25
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.59
Gould & Curry	.04	Utah Con.	.04
Hale & Norcross	.05	Yellow Jacket	.17
Julia	.03	Silver Bars	.46¾

TONOPAH.

Belmont	3.70	C. O. D.	.03
Jim Butler	.81	Comb. Fraction	.08
McNamara	.02	D'field Daisy	.03
Midway	.10	D'field Black B.	.01
Mizpah Exten.	.18	Florence	.45
Montana	.27	G'field Con. M.	1.25
North Star	.11	G'field Merger	.19
Rescue Eula	.06	Jumbo Exten.	1.47½
Tonopah Exten.	2.32½	Lone Star	.03
Tonopah Merger	.32	Silver Pick	.08
Victor	.26	Vernal	.03
West End	.56	Nevada Hills	.18
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester Mines	.25
Atlanta	.30	Round Mountain	.39
Booth	.42	MANHATTAN.	
		Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	9¾	10¼	Isabella	14¾	14⅞
Elkton	25	27	[illegible]	6¾	7½
El Paso	80	95	McKinney	37¾	38⅛
Findlay		4½	Vindicator	156½	165
Golden C.	177¼	178	Rav. B. H.	2	4
Gold Dol.	..	4			
Gold Sov.	..	4			

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

There was good buying of wheat yesterday, at first on frost news from the Northwest and, after a reaction, on private reports of rains in the Northwest and a firm cash position in Spring wheat. Final prices were ⅝@¾c net higher, although a little off from the best of the day, which was 98⅝c for December. Cash wheat here was unsettled, closing as follows: No. 2 red, $1.12, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, prompt; No. 2 hard, $1.15½, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, to arrive, lake and rail; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.03, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 98½c, both cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	....	..	1.08½	1.08½	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	1.00⅛	.98⅝	.99⅞	.99⅛	1.07½
December	.98⅝	.97⅛	.98⅛	.97⅛	1.13
May	1.02¾	1.01¼	1.02⅝	1.01⅝	1.19¼

CORN.

This market was generally firm all day and closed ⅜ to 1c net higher. It was estimated that Argentine shipments this week would be 3,825,000 bushels, against 4,072,000 last week and 578,000 last year. No. 2 yellow corn here was quoted 89c prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	74⅞	74	74¾	73¾	81⅛
December	64½	64	64⅝	63⅝	72⅝
May	66	65⅛	65⅝	64⅞	74⅝

OATS.

While steady all day, oats did not share the activity in other markets, and because of the increasing movement and generally favorable weather had little demand outside of shorts, who were influenced by the strength elsewhere. Final prices were ⅜ to ½c net higher.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	38⅛	37⅝	38	37⅝	47⅞
December	37¼	36⅝	37⅛	36⅝	50⅝
May	40	39½	39⅞	39⅜	53¼

COFFEE.

The coffee market was somewhat more active yesterday and prices ruled higher on the bullish view of the Brazilian valorization plans, and apprehensions that the renewed wet weather in Sao Paulo might be followed by the predicted cold snap, with consequent damage to prospects for the coming crop. The market closed at a net advance of 4 to 10 points. Sales, including switches, were 62,750 bags. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	6.20@6.21	6.16
September	6.22	6.16	6.20@6.21	6.16
October	..	..	6.27@6.28	6.22
November	..	..	6.34@6.35	6.28
December	6.45	6.38	6.41@6.42	6.35
January	..	..	6.47@6.48	6.40
February	..	..	6.53@6.54	6.43
March	6.62	6.51	6.59@6.60	6.50
April	..	..	6.64@6.65	6.55
May	6.71	6.71	6.70@6.71	6.60
June	..	..	6.74@6.75	6.65
July	..	..	6.79@6.80	6.69

COTTONSEED OIL.

The early market for cottonseed oil was firm, and at one time showed an advance of 9 to 10 points on a good class of buying, part of which was assumed to be for Southern account. After this demand had been supplied, however, the market reacted, and in the late afternoon was rather easy under profit-taking and some selling supposed to be for refiners against crude. The latter was quoted 33½@34c in the Southeast, according to delivery. Final prices were 1 point net lower to 2 higher, with sales of 23,900 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.57@ ..	5.54
August	..	..	5.57@6.15	5.54
September	5.62	5.55	5.59@5.62	5.58
October	5.62	5.56	5.58@5.61	5.59
November	5.66	5.62	5.62@5.63	5.63
December	5.79	5.67	5.70@5.72	5.69
January	5.88	5.78	5.81@5.83	5.79
February	..	..	5.88@5.91	5.90
March	5.96	5.93	5.95@5.97	5.95

PROVISIONS.

The provision list acted a little firmer early in the session on account of firm hogs, light offerings, and some demand from packers, but later reacted under profit-taking and closed no more than steady. At Chicago the receipts were 15,000 hogs, and 13,000 were expected on Friday. Kansas City had 4,500 and Omaha 7,800.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
September	8.10	8.02	8.05	8.07	10.00
October	8.22	8.15	8.17	8.20	10.17
Ribs—					
September	8.50	8.45	8.50	8.47	12.47
October	8.62	8.57	8.62	8.60	12.02
Pork—					
September	13.67	13.55	13.67	13.55	20.45
Octotber	13.82	13.72	13.80	13.70	....

SUGAR.

Futures opened steady, 1 point higher to a decline of 2 points, with sales on the call 100 tons. There was considerable trade buying at the close, and the market closed 2 points lower to 12 points higher, with sales for the day 3,700 tons. Range of prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	..	3.69@3.70	3.57
September	3.57	3.69	3.57	3.69@3.70	3.57
October	3.56	3.60	3.56	3.58@3.59	3.54
November	..	..	..	3.46@3.48	3.43
December	..	..	..	3.21@3.24	3.22
January	..	..	..	3.00@3.02	3.01
February	..	..	..	3.00@3.02	3.01
March	..	..	..	3.03@3.05	3.05
April	..	..	..	3.05@3.07	3.07
May	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.09@3.11	3.10
June	..	..	..	3.11@3.13	3.12
July	..	..	..	3.13@3.15	3.14

BUTTER AND EGG MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,266 packages. The general market is barely steady. Indeed, buyers have a little more advantage than they did earlier in the week. This is true of all grades of creamery except the very fanciest, and these comprise only a small part of current offerings. Renovated tending in sellers' favor. Ladles fairly active and firmer. Packing stock selling well. Creamery extras, (92 score,) 25¾@26c; higher scoring, 26½@27c; firsts, 24@25½c; seconds, 22½@23¼c; thirds, 21@22c; State dairy, finest, 25½c; good to prime, 23¼@25c; common to fair, 20@23c; renovated, extras, 23½c; firsts, 22@23c; lower grades, 20@21c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22@22½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 20½@21c; seconds, 19½c; lower grades, 18@19c; packing stock, June make, fine, 20c; current make, fine, 19½c; No. 2, 19c; lower grades, 16@18½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 12,349 cases. Arrivals continue comparatively light, and Western advices are strong. The market here is steady to firm, but the trading is not active, a good deal of the demand having been diverted to storage stock. The range of prices is without material change. Storage eggs going out of the warehouses are chiefly from dealers' own holdings; not much trading on the open market, and there is a free offering in the range of quotations. Near-by white eggs accumulating; most of the stock is more or less defective, and has to be sold at comparatively low figures; only a very small proportion of the finest goods command top quotation. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 26@27c; extra firsts, 24@25½c; firsts, 22½@23½c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds and poorer, 18@20c; dirties, No. 1, 19½@20c; No. 2 and poorer, 16@19c; checks, good to choice, dry, 17@17½c; culls and inferior, 12@16½c; refrigerator, firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 21@22½c; thirds and poorer, 18@20c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 33@35c; ordinary to good, 27@32c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 26@32c; Western, gathered whites, 24@28c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 27@30c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 23@26c; near by, refrigerator whites, 26½@28c.

On the Strength of our ample resources we solicit, and shall be pleased to fully consider, new business propositions, whether domestic or foreign. Our aim is to serve our clients acceptably and efficiently.
The Mechanics & Metals National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
20 NASSAU STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $14,000,000
Deposits, $112,000,000

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

$40,000
State of Louisiana
Port Commission Serial
5% Gold Bonds
Acceptable at par to secure a like amount Postal Savings Deposits. A popular and high class investment.
Price to yield 4.60%
William R. Compton Company
Investment Bonds
Pine St., Cor. William
ST. LOUIS NEW YORK CHICAGO

Reorganization of International Steam Pump Company Henry R. Worthington AND Holly Manufacturing Company.

TO HOLDERS OF
First Lien Twenty-Year Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds,
Preferred Stock and Common Stock of International Steam Pump Company,
Preferred Stock of Henry R. Worthington,
and
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of Holly Manufacturing Company:

Notice is hereby given that the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of International Steam Pump Company (including Henry R. Worthington and Holly Manufacturing Company), dated August 5, 1915, which has been approved and adopted by the Bondholders' Protective Committee, of which Charles H. Sabin is Chairman, by the Stockholders' Protective Committee, of which Lewis L. Clarke is Chairman, by the Protective Committee representing Preferred Stock of Henry R. Worthington, of which Robert B. Woodward is Chairman, and by the Protective Committee representing First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of Holly Manufacturing Company, of which G. Hermann Kinnicutt is Chairman, has been approved and adopted by the undersigned, who have been constituted a Joint Reorganization Committee thereunder. Copies thereof have been lodged with Guaranty Trust Company of New York, the Depositary under the Plan.

Holders of First Lien Twenty-Year Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of International Steam Pump Company, who have not already deposited their bonds with said Bondholders' Protective Committee and who desire to participate in said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization and to become entitled to its benefits, must deposit their bonds, on or before September 13, 1915, in negotiable form (and, if coupon bonds, bearing the September 1, 1914, and all subsequent coupons) with the Depositary of said Protective Committee, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, or at its office in London, or with one of its following agents: St. Louis Union Trust Company, of St. Louis, Mo., Commonwealth Trust Company, of Boston, Mass., Associatie Cassa, of Amsterdam, Holland, or Aktiengesellschaft Leu & Co., of Zurich, Switzerland.

Holders of Preferred or Common Stock of International Steam Pump Company, who have not already deposited their stock with said Stockholders' Protective Committee and who desire to participate in said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization and to become entitled to its benefits, must deposit their certificates of stock in negotiable form on or before September 13, 1915, with Columbia Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York City, the Depositary of said Stockholders' Protective Committee.

Holders of Preferred Stock of Henry R. Worthington who have not already deposited their stock with the above Protective Committee representing said Preferred Stock, and who desire to participate in said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization and to become entitled to its benefits, must deposit their certificates of stock in negotiable form on or before September 13, 1915, with Franklin Trust Company, the Depositary of said Protective Committee, at its office at 46 Wall Street, New York City, or at 166 Montague Street or 569 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Holders of First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of Holly Manufacturing Company, who desire to participate in said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization and to become entitled to its benefits, must deposit their bonds on or before September 13, 1915, in negotiable form and bearing the July 1, 1915, and all subsequent coupons, with Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, or Commonwealth Trust Company of Buffalo, N. Y., the depositaries of the above Protective Committee representing said bonds.

For all bonds and shares of stock deposited in accordance with this notice, transferable certificates of deposit will be issued by or on behalf of the proper Depositary.

Holders of said bonds of International Steam Pump Company and of Holly Manufacturing Company and of said stock of International Steam Pump Company and of Henry R. Worthington who have not already deposited the same with the Protective Committee above mentioned formed to receive such securities, and who do not deposit the same as permitted by this notice, shall have no right to participate under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization. Deposits will be received after September 13, 1915, only on such terms and conditions as shall be imposed by the Joint Reorganization Committee.

Dated, New York, August 14, 1915.

CHARLES H. SABIN, Chairman,
LEWIS L. CLARKE,
THOMAS B. GANNETT,
L. T. HAGGIN,
GEORGE G. HENRY,
PERCY JACKSON,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
H. J. de LANOY MEIJER,
ALLEN T. WEST,
Joint Reorganization Committee.

CRAVATH & HENDERSON, Counsel for Committee.
ARTHUR B. HATCHER,
Secretary, 140 Broadway, New York.

The undersigned Committee, constituted under the Deposit Agreement dated August 26, 1914, for the protection of the First Lien Twenty-Year Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of International Steam Pump Company, has approved and adopted the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization mentioned in the foregoing notice, and has filed a copy thereof with Guaranty Trust Company of New York, its Depositary. Holders of certificates of deposit of said Depositary for bonds of said issue deposited under the above Deposit Agreement shall conclusively be deemed to have assented to the said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization unless, on or before September 13, 1915, they shall withdraw the bonds represented thereby from the above Deposit Agreement in accordance with the provisions thereof, by surrendering to the Depositary their certificates of deposit in negotiable form and by paying to the Depositary therewith the sum of $15 per $1,000 deposited bond, which sum has been fixed by the Committee as a fair contribution towards its compensation and expenses.

Dated, New York, August 14, 1915.

CHARLES H. SABIN, Chairman,
THOMAS B. GANNETT,
GEORGE G. HENRY,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
H. J. de LANOY MEIJER,
ALLEN T. WEST,
Committee.

CRAVATH & HENDERSON, Counsel for Committee.
ARTHUR B. HATCHER, Secretary, 140 Broadway, New York.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 140 Broadway, New York,
Depositary.

The undersigned Committee constituted under the Deposit Agreement dated September 15, 1914, for the protection of the Preferred and Common Stock of International Steam Pump Company has approved and adopted the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization mentioned in the foregoing notice, and has deposited a signed original thereof with Columbia Trust Company, its Depositary. Holders of certificates of deposit of said Depositary for stock deposited under the above Deposit Agreement shall be conclusively held to have assented to and ratified said Plan and Agreement unless on or before September 13, 1915, they shall file with said Depositary written notice of their dissent and of their withdrawal from said Plan and Agreement and shall withdraw the certificates of stock represented by their respective certificates of deposit in accordance with the provisions of Article Fourth of said Deposit Agreement, by surrendering to said Depositary their certificates of deposit in negotiable form, and by paying to said Depositary therewith the sum of fifty-four cents (54c.) upon each share of preferred stock, and twenty-seven cents (27c.) upon each share of common stock so withdrawn, which said sums have been fixed by the Committee as the pro rata share of the obligations, expenses and compensation of the Committee as audited by said Depositary.

Dated, New York, August 14, 1915.

LEWIS L. CLARKE, Chairman,
WILLARD V. KING,
L. T. HAGGIN,
ALBERT N. PARLIN,
OTTO MARX,
Committee.

GEORGE E. WARREN, Secretary of Committee, 60 Broadway, New York City.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Depositary, 60 Broadway, New York City.
ALEXANDER & GREEN, Counsel, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The undersigned Committee constituted under the Deposit Agreement dated October 15, 1914, for the protection of the Preferred Stock of Henry R. Worthington has approved and adopted the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization mentioned in the foregoing notice and has deposited the same with Franklin Trust Company, its Depositary. Holders of certificates of deposit of said Depositary for said Preferred Stock deposited under the above Deposit Agreement shall conclusively be deemed to have assented to the said Plan and Agreement, unless on or before September 13, 1915, they shall file with said Depositary written notice of their dissent therefrom and of their desire to withdraw from the above Deposit Agreement. Upon filing of such notice they may withdraw the stock represented by their certificates of deposit from said Deposit Agreement in accordance with the provisions thereof, by surrendering to said Depositary their certificates of deposit in negotiable form and by paying to said Depositary therewith the sum of $1.50 for every deposited share of stock, which sum has been determined by the Committee as the pro rata share, payable by each depositor, of the obligations, expenses and compensation of the Committee. Assessments already paid on the call of the Committee will be credited on this amount. Depositors who assent to the Plan, and who have paid their assessments already called for by the Committee, will be refunded the amount of their assessments at the time when they receive their new securities issued under the Plan.

Dated, New York, August 14, 1915.

ROBERT B. WOODWARD, Chairman,
JONATHAN BULKLEY,
PERCY JACKSON,
WILLIAM A. PERRY,
ALIX W. STANLEY,
HOSEA WEBSTER,
Committee.

STIRLING BIRMINGHAM, Secretary, 80 Maiden Lane, New York.
FRANKLIN TRUST COMPANY, Depositary, 46 Wall Street, New York,
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn, 569 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

To Holders of

Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal

1st Mortgage 4%
Bonds and Certificates:—

In view of the widespread dissatisfaction with the assessment plan of the Reorganization Committee you are requested to attend a meeting in your interest to be held on Monday, August 30th, at 2 P. M., in Room 719 Broad Exchange Building, 25 Broad Street, New York City.

THE WAR STOCKS AGAIN
Those who accepted our opinions on the war stocks of May last have made profits of from 25% to 150% since that time in the issues which we passed judgment on.
We have now issued a further analysis of this group, from the standpoint of present conditions. This analysis is of vital importance, especially as the time to sell is distinctly pointed out.
A few extra copies of this new analysis are available.
Moody's Investors Service
35 Nassau St. New York
Tel. 1299 Cortlandt.

5½%
Re-invest your interest money in our Guaranteed Mortgages netting 5½%. We are under the supervision of the Banking Department of the State of New York. Booklet "A" gives details.
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $625,000
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

Pacific Gas & Elec.
How rapidly the business of the Pacific Gas & Electric Co. has expanded is told in the current issue of The Financial World by W. M. Evans, whose series of reviews of America's leading public service corporations has aroused international interest.
Send for Copy.
The Financial World
18 Broadway New York

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

FINANCIAL

Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co.,
71 Broadway, New York, July 15th, 1915.

In accordance with the terms of the Mortgage of the Pensacola Division of this Company, the following Twenty-five (25) bonds have this day been drawn for the Sinking Fund, viz.:

26	119	202	264	427
30	133	245	271	467
37	142	248	325	493
74	144	249	350	520
94	178	263	387	572

The interest on the same will cease September 1st, 1915, and the principal of the bonds, plus five per cent. premium, will be redeemed at this office on and after that date.

E. L. SMITHERS, Assistant Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MONTANA POWER COMPANY
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 12.

A regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock has been declared, payable October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1915.

Common Stock Dividend No. 12.

A dividend of one-half of one per cent. (½%) on the Common Stock has been declared, payable October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record, entitled to share in such dividend, at the close of business September 15, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER DUTTON, Treasurer.
71 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

THE AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING COMPANY.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 95.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 96.

Jersey City, N. J., August 10, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the following dividends, payable October 2nd, 1915, to the stockholders of record on September 1st, 1915, to wit:

On the Preferred stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent., being the 95th consecutive dividend thereon. On the Common stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent., being the 96th consecutive dividend thereon.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.

JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL COMPANY
Dividend No. 48

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republic Iron & Steel Company held August 16th, 1915, the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock was declared payable October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record September 15th, 1915, and there was also declared an extra dividend of ¼ of 1% on account of the cumulative preferred dividends as of July 1st, 1915, payable October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record September 15th, 1915. Books remain open.

RICHARD JONES, JR., Secretary.

CHILDS COMPANY,
200 Fifth Avenue.

New York, August 25, 1915.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable Sept. 10, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 2, 1915.

The transfer books will be closed from Sept. 3, 1915, to Sept. 10, 1915, both days inclusive.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.

AMERICAN CHICLE COMPANY.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND.

New York, August 26, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one per cent., payable Sept. 20th next, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., on Sept. 13th, 1915.

F. C. ROWLEY, Secretary.

AMERICAN CHICLE COMPANY.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

New York, August 26, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one and one-half per cent., payable Oct. 1st next, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Sept. 24, 1915.

F. C. ROWLEY, Secretary.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

New York, August 24th, 1915.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its Preferred Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record September 10th, 1915.

H. RAPHAEL, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

New York, August 26, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the General Office of the Company, Room 3,712, Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, the 29th day of September, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon.

The Transfer Books will be closed September 15th at 3 o'clock P. M. and reopened September 30th at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

R. D. RICKARD, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of Stockholders of THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held on FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1915, at the office of the Company in Jersey City, at 12 oclock Noon; for purpose of said meeting the Stock Transfer Book will be closed from 3 P. M. on August 30, 1915, until 10 A. M. on September 27th following.

G. O. WATERMAN, Secretary.

Ordnance Stocks

We Will Buy

100 American & British Mfg.
25 Aetna Explosives.
100 Carbon Steel Com.
25 Canadian Explosives.
10 Colts Arms.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
100 Midvale Steel Com.
5 Remington Arms.
5 Winchester Arms.
100 Wright Aeroplane.

We Will Sell

25 Atlas Powder.
100 Carbon Steel 2nd Pfd.
100 Driggs Seabury.
25 Du Pont Powder.
100 Hopkins Allen Arms.
100 Lake Torpedo Boat.
100 Niles-Bement-Pond.
20 Savage Arms.
100 Submarine Boat.
50 Western Cartridge Co.

Gilbert Eliott & Co
SPECIALISTS
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

Bids Wanted

100 Crocker-Wheeler Com.
50 Schieffelin Co. Pfd.
50 Biograph Co.
40 Direct-Line Tele. Co.
$10,000 Milliken Brothers 6s

Will Buy

50 Celluloid Co.
50 General Baking Pfd.
10 Standard Assets
25 Tidewater Oil
100 Am. Tube & Stam. Com.

DIDRICHSEN & Co
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

War Time Opportunities

Guantanamo Sugar

Descriptive Booklet on Request.

Slattery & Co.
Specialists
40 Exchange Place New York
Telephone 4361 Broad.

Du Pont Powder
Atlas Powder
Hercules Powder
Aetna Explosives

Dealt In

We have good markets in Ordnance Stocks

HOSMER & WEBB
Tel. 6962-6 Broad. 35 BROAD ST., N. Y.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Am. Chicle Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Comput.-Tab.-Recording Stock
25 Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
25 Hercules Powder Com. Stock
100 Int. St. Pump Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 New Jersey Zinc Stock
5 Winchester Repeating Arms Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

25 Am. Dist. Tel. of N. J. Stock
25 American Chicle Com. Stock
100 Comput.-Tab.-Recording Stock
25 Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
25 Hercules Powder Com. Stock
100 New Jersey Zinc Stock
5 Winchester Repeating Arms Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

American Graphophone

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Am. & Brit. Mfg. Co.
Lake Torpedo Boat

GWYNNE BROTHERS
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad.

HENDEE MFG. CO.
Common Stock

This corporation is the largest producer of motor cycles in the world. Plants covering 19 acres now operating at capacity on domestic orders and war contracts. Present market, $38-$39. WE BELIEVE HIGHER PRICES WILL SOON PREVAIL.

Special Descriptive Circular on Request.

E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad St. Phones 6951-6 Broad. New York

STANDARD OIL

WE WILL BUY	WE WILL SELL
25 Eureka Pipe L.	15 Colonial Oil
50 Galena Sig. Com.	25 Indiana P. L.
25 Prairie Oil & Gas	50 Prairie P. L.
25 So. Penn. Oil	25 So. W. Pa. P. L.
25 S. O. of Cal.	25 S. O. of Indiana
25 S. O. of Ky.	25 Vacuum Oil

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phone 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 BROAD ST., N. Y.

Morgan & Finlay

Gulf States Steel
Bucyrus Co.
Hale & Kilburn

115 Broadway Tel. Rector 9273

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Wide Fluctuation in Prices in the Curb Market, with Advances More General.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 257,546 shares of stocks and $216,125 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 84,428; oils, 3,553; railroads, 1,115; and mining, 168,450. The range of price of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
225	‡Aetna Expl...	132	134	132	133
600	Amer. Zinc....	53⅝	54½	53½	54
600	‡Can. C. & F.	108	110	107	108
500	‡Can. Car & F'dry pf.....	122	123	121	121
3,500	‡Canada Steel.	33	35⅝	33	35¼
3,000	‡Car. Lt. & P.	9¼	9⅝	8⅞	9
1,750	‡Cramp Shipb..	84	86	84	85
880	Gr.-Seab., w. i.	98	98	94	97
125	Electric Boat..	480	480	471	475
100	Elec. Boat pf.	469	469	469	469
28,000	‡Electric Boat, new, w. i....	47	47⅞	46⅝	47¼
150	Emerson Phon.	13¼	13⅞	13¼	13¼
358	‡Hall Signal...	20	20	19	19⅞
4,625	‡Hendee Mfg..	38¼	41½	38	38
800	H. & A. Arms.	60	78	60	73
350	‡H. & A. Arms pf......	102	102½	101½	101½
10,000	‡Int. Mer. M..	3¼	3½	2⅞	3⅜
7,000	‡Int. Mer. M. pf......	9¼	10	9¼	9⅝
100	Int. Mer. M., new, w. i...	64½	64½	64½	64½
600	‡Int. Motors...	26	26	25	25½
10	‡Int. Motors pf.	53	53	53	53
425	‡Inter. Nickel.	180	180	177	179
1,275	Kathod. Br. pf.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
30	Kelly Sp. Tire.	177	177	176	177
600	‡Lake T. Boat.	14	14	11	11½
1,075	Marconi of A..	4¼	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
200	Corp. of R.&H.	6	6	6	6
1,500	‡Stand. Mot...	11½	12	11¼	11½
600	‡St. Jos. Lead	12	12¼	12	12¼
3,900	Tri. Philm. cfs.	6⅝	6½	6¼	6½
4,000	Un. Cigar St., new	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
2,500	Unit. Pr. Sh...	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
1,500	U. S. Lt. & Ht.	3	3	2½	2⅝
200	U. S. Lt. & Ht. pf......	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½
150	Ventura Oil...	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼
1,500	Wayl. O. & G..	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
1,000	‡World Film...	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
10	Buckeye P. L.	102	101	101	−1
20	Illinois P. L..	148	148	148	..
10	Indiana P. L..	99	99	99	..
2,500	Inter. Petrol...	10	9⅞	10	−⅛
25	Nat. Transit...	34	34	34	..
60	Ohio Oil......	156	154	156	+2
225	Pierce Oil.....	13	12½	13	+½
145	Prairie O. & G.	400	398	400	+4
85	Prairie P. L..	180	177	177	−1
3	So. Penn Oil...	338	338	338	−1
10	St. Oil of Cal.	304	304	304	..
80	St. Oil of Ind.	451	450	451	+6
215	St. Oil of N. J.	450	448	449	+1
70	St. Oil of N. Y.	193	190	193	+3
15	St. Oil of O...	475	455	475	..
80	Union Tank L.	85	85	85	−1

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	‡Wabash, w. i.	11⅝	11⅝	11½	11½
405	‡W'bash pf. (a)	41½	42	41½	42
310	‡W'bash pf. (b)	22	22	22	22

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	‡Alaska Jun..	12⅞	13⅝	12⅞	13¼
10,000	‡Alta-Consol. Mining Co...	42	48	32	34
8,500	†‡Am. Com'r..	11	13	11½	12
8,700	†‡Ariz. Duq's.	43	43	41	42
2,500	†‡Atlanta	28	29	28	29
3,000	†‡Big Cot'd...	6½	7	6½	6½
1,200	Big Ledge Developm't Co..	2¼	2⅝	2⅝	2¾
1,600	Braden Cop..	8	8½	8	8½
3,700	†‡Booth	42	42	41	41
5,000	†Caledonia	92	94	92	92
5,700	†Cashboy	3½	6½	3¼	6
1,100	‡Chile Copper.	18⅝	19	18⅝	18⅝
300	Consol. Arizona Smelting ...	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
15,000	†‡Emma Cop..	42	42	34	38
250	Goldf'ld Cons..	1¼	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
600	Howe Sound..	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
3,700	Jumbo Exten.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
25,500	Kenn't Copper.	47½	48⅝	47¼	48½
509	†‡Kewanas ...	11	11	11	11
1,000	†Lone Star...	4	4	4	4
2,800	Magma Copper	13⅝	14⅝	13⅝	14
3,100	McIntyre	50	51	50	50½
200	McKinley Dar.	24	24	24	24
100	Mines of Am..	28	28	28	28
15,000	†‡Mother Lode	26	27	25	26
3,600	†‡Nat. Z. & L.	36	37	36	36
580	New Ut. Bing.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
500	Nip'g Mi's Co.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,000	†‡Oro	7	7	7	7
13,650	†‡Rex. Consol. Mining	55	56	53	54
500	†‡Silver Pick..	9	9	9	9
850	St'd Sil.-Lead.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,500	Stewart	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
13,300	†‡Success Min.	94	97	94	96
4,600	†Sup'n Min.Co.	24	24	24	24
500	‡Wasatch	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,500	†W. E. Con...	59	59	57	57
400	‡White Knob Copper, pf...	2⅝	2½	2⅝	2½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$30,000	Del. & Hud. con. 5s, w.i.	102½	102⅝	102½	102⅝
625	D. & H. rts..	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
100,500	‡Inter. Mer. Mare, n., 5s	76½	77	76½	77
85,000	Ken. Cop. 6s.	146	149¼	146	148½

†Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in, compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Aug. 26. Bid.	Aug. 26. Asked.	Aug. 25. Bid.	Aug. 25. Asked.
Alliance Film	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
B.-Am. Tob. Co., ord.	15	15⅝	15	15⅝
Central Foundry	10	12	10	11½
Kelly S. T., n. 1st pf.	86	87	86	87
Mutual Prof. Sharing	9	9¼	9	9¼
N. Y. Transportation.	16	17¼	16	17¼
Pyrene Mfg. Co.....	13	13¼	13	13⅝
Sherman Carbide	8	10	8	10
Sherman Carbide pf..	10	14	10	14
Sterling Gum	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Un. C. S. Co. of Am..	99	102	99	102

MINING STOCKS.

	Aug. 26. Bid.	Aug. 26. Asked.	Aug. 25. Bid.	Aug. 25. Asked.
Albion Mining	36	40	36	40
Florence	45	48	44	46
Genessee Copper	37	39	37	39
Goldfield Merger ...	18½	20	19	20
Greene-Cananea	37	38	37	38
Kerr Lake	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
La Rose Cons........	7-16	½	7-16	½
McKinley Darragh ..	24	25	23	25
Majestic Mines	45	55	40	60
Nevada Hills........	17	19	17	19
Tonopah Extension ..	2⅝	3⅝	2⅝	2⅞
Tonopah Mining	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5⅝

BONDS.

	Aug. 26. Bid.	Aug. 26. Asked.	Aug. 25. Bid.	Aug. 25. Asked.
Calaveras 6s	190	210	190	210
Pierce Oil 6s........	77	79	77	79

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Aetna Explosives.....	132	135	130	140
Aetna Explosives pf.	79	84	79	84
Am. & British Mfg...	13	16	11	15
Am. & Brit. Mfg. pf..	35	45	40	50
Atlas Powder	220	230	218	225
Atlas Powder pf	95	100	95	98
Bliss (E. W.)........	340	360	340	360
Bliss (E. W.) pf.....	135	145	130	140
Canadian Explosives..	325	375	325	375
Canadian Explos. pf..	101	110	101	110
Carbon Steel	26	30	22	26
Carbon Steel 1st pf...	50	60	48	52
Carbon Steel 2d pf..	27	33	28	33
Colts Arms	575	590	575	595
Driggs-Seabury	94	..	91	..
Du Pont Powder.....	690	715	675	690
Du Pont Powder pf...	96	100	95	100
Hercules Powder.....	355	375	355	370
Hercules Powder pf..	111	115	111	115
Hopkins Allen	50	..	50	75
Hopkins Allen pf.....	95	105	95	100
Niles-Bement-Pond...	114	117	113	115
Niles-Bement-P. pf...	97	104	97	104
Savage Arms	300	325	300	325
Winch. Repeat. Arms	2,200	2,500	2,200	2,400

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Anglo-American	16⅝	17	16⅝	17
Atlantic Refining	585	590	585	590
Borne-Scrymser	272	278	270	280
Buckeye Pipe Line...	101	103	101	103
Chesebrough Mfg	730	750	730	740
Colonial Oil	135	140	135	140
Continental Oil	235	240	235	240
Crescent Pipe Line..	46	49	46	48
Cumberland Pipe L..	49	52	49	52
Eureka Pipe Line...	245	250	245	250
Galena Signal Oil....	168	170	168	170
Galena Signal Oil pf.	140	142	137	140
Illinois Pipe Line....	147	149	147	149
Indiana Pipe Line....	98	100	98	101
Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd..	9⅝	10	9⅝	10
National Transit....	33½	34½	33	34½
New York Transit....	225	230	228	230
Northern Pipe Line..	98	100	99	100
Ohio Oil............	154	156	153	154
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	58	62	58	62
Pierce Oil	12½	13	12½	13
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24.	77	80	77	81
Prairie Oil & Gas....	398	402	395	397
Prairie Pipe Line....	177	179	176	178
Solar Refining.......	242	247	240	245
Southern Pipe Line..	212	215	210	215
South Penn Oil......	335	338	334	338
So. W. Penn.........	125	130	128	133
Stand. Oil of Cal.....	303	305	302	305
Stand. Oil of Ind.....	448	452	442	447
Stand. Oil of Kan....	385	390	380	390
Stand. Oil of Ky.....	275	280	275	280
Stand. Oil of Neb....	330	340	330	340
Stand. Oil of N. J....	448	450	446	448
Stand. Oil of N. Y....	191	192	187	189
Stand. Oil of Ohio....	479	480	450	460
Swan & Finch.......	125	128	122	127
Union Tank	84	86	85	86
Vacuum Oil	217	218	215	217
Washington Oil......	35	38	35	37

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tennessee Copper's remarkable advance was the closing feature of the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. It sold there at its highest price touched in Wall Street, namely, 65½, that being its closing quotation. The copper shares generally were favorably affected by the announcement of a large advance in the price of the copper metal at London and by reports of increased buying of copper by consumers here. So far as the general market was concerned, the opening reflected an overnight change in trading attitude, prices early making a substantial recovery from the reactionary levels established at the close on Wednesday. As the session progressed, the effect of realizing sales was felt and prices tended to run off from their best.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
360	Allis Chal.....	39½	40	38½	38½
320	Am. B. Sugar.	66¼	66⅝	64⅝	65
6,210	Am. Can.	62⅝	63⅞	61½	61¼
150	Am. Car. & F.	69⅝	69⅝	69	69
20	Am. Ice Sec...	24	24	24	24
20	Am. Lin. Oil.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
120	Am. Locom....	54½	54½	54½	54½
1,520	Am. Smelting.	79⅞	82	79⅝	81⅝
30	Am. Sugar....	109⅝	110¼	109⅝	110¼
3,170	Anacon. ($50).	70⅝	72⅝	70⅝	72⅝
10	Atchison	101½	101½	101½	101½
60	Baldwin Loco.	78⅞	78⅞	78	78⅞
20	Balto. & Ohio.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
260	Cal. Petroleum	17⅝	19	17⅝	18⅝
90	Cent. Lea.....	44	44½	43⅝	44½
30	Ches. & Ohio..	45¼	45⅝	45¼	45⅝
30	C., M. & S. P.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
350	C., R. I. & P..	22½	23	22½	22⅝
60	Chino Copper..	45⅝	46⅝	45⅝	46⅝
380	Col. Fuel & I..	42½	42⅝	41½	42
160	Corn Products.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛
1,190	Crucible Steel.	76½	77	75½	75½
40	Distillers' Sec.	28	28¼	28	28¼
780	Erie	28½	28¾	28	28¼
450	Goodrich Co...	63	64¼	62½	63¼
150	Gt. Nor. Ore..	43	43	42⅝	42½
10	Guggenheim ...	65⅛	65⅛	65⅛	65⅛
120	Int. Cons.	20⅞	21⅝	20⅞	21⅝
710	Interborough ..	20⅝	21½	20⅝	21⅝
10	Interboro. pf..	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞
660	Insp. Cop.....	35	36	35	35⅝
10	Lack. Steel....	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞
420	Mex. Petrol....	82½	85½	82½	83⅞
160	Mo. Pac.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
50	N.Y., N.H.&H.	63⅝	64	63⅝	63⅝
150	Pitts. Coal ...	32⅝	32⅝	32	32¼
120	Pressed Stl. C.	61¼	61⅝	60⅝	60⅝
340	Reading	148⅝	149⅝	148	148⅝
130	Rep. I. & S...	44¼	44½	43¼	44
30	Rumely	9⅝	10⅛	9	10
110	So. Pac.	89⅝	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝
50	So. Ry.	16	16	16	16
10	Studebaker ...	114	114	114	114
4,440	Ten. Cop......	53⅞	65½	53⅞	65½
50	Third Av.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
1,410	Union Pac. ...	130⅝	131¼	130⅝	130⅝
40	U. S. Rubber..	52⅛	52⅛	51¼	51¼
28,600	U. S. Steel...	75⅝	76¼	75	75⅝
360	Utah Copper..	66½	67⅝	66¼	66⅝
10	Va.-Car. Chm.	36	36	36	36
3,790	W'house Elec.	116¾	117½	115⅞	115⅞
56,650					

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Best & B.....	.09	.09	.09	.09
2,500	Cash Boy	.06	.06	.05½	.06
200	Cons. Va.	.17	.17	.17	.17
200	Horn Silver...	.20	.20	.20	.20
400	Iron Blossom.	.70	.70	.69	.69
300	Jumbo Ext.	1.42½	1.42½	1.42½	1.42½
500	Montana	.27	.27	.27	.27
400	Ophir	.40	.40	.39	.40
800	Portland	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43
400	Sierra Nev....	.18	.18	.18	.18
600	Tonopah Ex..	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.35
6,000					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the third week of August show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Four roads	$1,841,197	+$143,135
Eight roads.........	5,567,795	−642,836
Total (12 roads).....	7,408,992	−499,701

UNION PACIFIC for July—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Freight rev...	$4,932,312	$4,979,508	*$47,196
Passenger rev.	2,107,763	1,883,653	224,110
Total op. rev..	7,846,866	7,559,237	287,629
Maint. of way	1,151,300	1,082,931	68,360
Main. of equip.	945,191	891,854	53,847
Transport. exp.	1,928,817	1,925,536	3,281
Total op. exp..	4,063,237	3,970,232	93,005
Taxes	403,444	391,567	11,877
Net after taxes	2,849,817	2,676,836	172,981

*Decrease.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH for July—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Gross	961,396	881,454	1,074,791
Net after taxes	277,060	249,479	308,132
Other income..	47,978	56,630	65,760
Total income..	305,038	286,105	373,892
Sur. aft chg..	127,938	108,909	211,590

DETROIT & MACKINAC for July—

	1915.	1914.	Decrease.
Gross	93,344	103,658	10,314
Net after taxes	22,545	24,292	1,747

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for July—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Rwy. op. rev.	$5,211,634	$5,705,118	*$493,484
Rwy. op. exp..	3,663,807	4,310,327	*646,520
Net rev. from rwy. oper...	1,547,827	1,394,791	153,036
Taxes	228,326	224,792	3,534
Total	1,319,500	1,169,998	149,501
Uncol. ry. rev.	1,853	527	1,326
Rwy. op. inc..	1,317,646	1,169,471	148,175

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

PACIFIC LIGHT & POWER CORPORATION for July and 7 months—

	1915.	1914.	Inc.
Gross	$259,322	$222,191	$37,131
Net after taxes..	178,409	123,831	54,578
Other income ...	9,382	14,966	*5,584
Total income ...	187,791	138,797	48,994
Sur. aft. charges	80,329	30,555	49,774
Seven mos. gross	1,643,025	1,497,005	146,017
Net after taxes..	1,092,533	862,049	230,484
Other income ...	74,195	104,713	*30,518
Total income ...	1,166,727	966,763	199,964
Sur. aft. charges	412,831	252,752	160,079

NORTHERN STATES POWER for July, 7 and 12 months—

	1915.	1914.	Inc.
Gross	369,903	327,405	42,498
Net after taxes..	191,888	168,304	23,584
7 months gross..	2,827,560	2,525,303	302,257
Net after taxes..	1,550,510	1,321,246	229,264
12 months gross.	4,807,594	......	......
Net after taxes..	2,661,255	......	......
Sur. aft. charges.	1,177,686	......	......
Bal. aft. pfd. divs.	590,617	......	......

*Decrease.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line...	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.55	4.40
Baltimore & Ohio..	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P..	1914-'30	4½@5	4.65	4.45
Canadian Pacific..	1915-'28	4½	4.95	4.75
Car., Clinch. & O..	1915-'24	5	5.20	4.80
Ches. & Ohio......	1914-'24	4½	4.90	4.60
Chi. & Northwest.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.30
Chi., Ind. & L....	1914-'23	4½	5.25	4.75
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1915-'25	4½@5	8.00	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O..	1915-'24	5	4.85	4.55
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'29	5	5.15	4.90
Del. & Hudson...	1922	4½	4.55	4.45
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.10	4.80
Hocking Valley ..	1914-'23	4 @5	4.88	4.62
Illinois Central ...	1914-'23	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Louis. & Nash.....	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.30
Mo., Kan. & Tex..	1914-'23	5	6.45	5.25
Missouri Pacific..	1914-'22	5	7.50	5.75
N. Y. Cent. Lines.	1915-'28	4½@5	5.00	4.75
Norf. & Western..	1915-'24	4½	4.55	4.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.00	4.75
Penn. Gen. Frgt..	1914-'23	4@4½	4.40	4.20
St. L., I. M. & So.	1914-'24	5	6.25	5.00
Seaboard Air Line.	1914-'23	5	5.05	4.80
Southern Railway.	1914-'24	4½@5	5.00	4.75
Southern Pacific..	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.40
Virginian Ry.	1914-'19	5	5.12	4.75

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Showers Fri., except fair near the coast. Sat., showers; mod. n. e. winds.

S. Car.—Showers Fri. and probably Sat.; gentle to mod. winds, becoming n. e.

Ga.—Thunder showers Fri. and Sat.; gentle shifting winds.

Fla.—Thunder showers Fri. and Sat., except fair in s.; gentle, shifting winds, mostly e. over s.

Ala.—Thunder showers Fri. and Sat.; gentle to mod. s. to s. w. winds on the coast.

Miss.—Thunder showers Fri. Sat., cloudy; warmer in n.; gentle to mod. s. and s. w. winds on the coast.

La.—Cloudy Fri.; thunder showers in n. Sat., probably fair; gentle to mod. s. winds.

Tex.—Cloudy Fri. Sat., fair; mod. s. e. to s. winds.

Okla.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Ark.—Thunder showers Fri.; Sat. probably fair and warmer.

Tenn.—Thunder showers Fri.; Sat. cloudy and warmer in w.; showers in e.

Ky.—Showers Fri., and probably Sat.

Ohio and Ind.—Showers Fri., and probably Sat.; mod. n. e. winds.

Lower Mich.—Fair in n.; cloudy in s. Fri.; Sat. warmer and probably fair; gentle to mod. n. e. to e. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair, slightly warmer Fri.; Sat. cloudy and warmer; mod. e. to s. e. winds.

Ill. and Mo.—Cloudy and cool Fri.; Sat. fair and warmer.

Wis.—Fair and cool Fri.; Sat. fair and warmer.

Minn., N. Dak., and S. Dak.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer Fri.

Iowa, Kan., and Neb.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, August 23, 1915. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 509, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M. September 7, 1915, for heating, plumbing and electric work for 16-room School Building, No. 175, Square 3,083, Warder Street, N. W., between Newton and Otis Streets, Washington, D. C.

Blank forms of proposal, specifications and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. Deposit of $5 required for plans.

Oliver P. Newman, Louis Brownlow, C. W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

We Deal in

Winchester Arms
Savage Arms
Aetna Explosives
Atlas Powder
E. W. Bliss
Du Pont Powder
Hercules Powder
New Jersey Zinc
Eastern Steel
American Brass
Phelps, Dodge & Co.
Internat. Nickel

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140, 30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Savage Arms
Winchester Arms
Du Pont Powder
Hercules Powder
Atlas Powder
Aetna Explosives

GWYNNE BROTHERS
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad.

Winchester Arms
Savage Arms
Hopkins & Allen Arms

Dealt In

We have good markets in Ordnance Stocks.

Hosmer & Webb
Tel. 6962-6 Broad. 35 Broad St., N. Y.

Central Petroleum Preferred

Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall St. Tel. 4220 John.

International Motor
Common and Preferred.
Electric Boat
Common and Preferred.
Submarine Boat.
Standard Oils.

George M. L. La Branche,
50 Broad Street. Tel. 6985-1274 Broad.

Continental Gas & Elec. 5s
Detroit & Port Huron Shore Line 5s
Syracuse Rapid Transit Second 5s
Carolina Power & Light 5s

GEO. REITH & CO
50 BROAD ST. N. Y. PHONE BROAD 3666

National Surety Co.
By-Products Coke Corp.
Sulzberger & Sons Co. Pfd.
Amer. Type Founders Com. & Pfd.

John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

WANTED

Du Pont Powder Common
Hercules Powder Common
Atlas Powder Common

WHEATLEY, MATCHETT & CO.
Phone 9710 Rector. 120 Broadway.

American Light & Traction Com. & Scrip.
American Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Cities Service Com. & Pfd.
Denver Gas & Elec. 5s, 1949.
Empire District Elec. 5s, 1949.

Williams, Dunbar & Coleman
60 Wall St. Phone 5980 Hanover, N. Y.

Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Republic Ry. & Light Com. & Pfd.
Central States Elec. Com. & Pfd.
American Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Illinois Traction Com. & Pfd.
Federal Light & Traction Com. & Pfd.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140, 30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

SAVE—AND BE SAFE

For your savings the great consideration should be Safety First.

The old reliable Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings operates under New York's revised Banking Law, which provides the strictest known system of supervision. Thrifty thousands have found the Society a help and a blessing during more than a quarter of a century.

On sums of $10 or over (up to $5,000) the Society has always paid dividends as large, and usually larger, than are paid by the best savings banks. The usual rate has been 4½% per annum. Payments made before Sept. 1st earn from that date.

Begin NOW. Join the savers. Easy mailing system. A dollar will do to start. Anyhow, ask for Booklet A.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK

KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY

REORGANIZATION

OF THE

Street Railway and Electric Light Systems at Kansas City

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Metropolitan Street Railway Company Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds due May 1, 1913, and Certificates of Deposit therefor issued by the Old Colony Trust Company as Depositary and its Agents under the Agreement dated June 8, 1911;

Kansas City Railway and Light Company First Lien Refunding Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds due May 15, 1913, and Certificates of Deposit therefor issued by The New York Trust Company as Depositary and its Agents under the Agreement dated April 3, 1913;

Kansas City Railway and Light Company Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes due September 1, 1912, and Certificates of Deposit therefor issued by The New York Trust Company as Depositary and its Agent under the Agreement dated August 15, 1912;

Central Electric Railway Company Five Per Cent. Mortgage Gold Bonds due May 1, 1914, and Certificates of Deposit therefor issued by The New York Trust Company as Depositary and its Agent under the Agreement dated March 10, 1914;

Corrigan Consolidated Street Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds due July 1, 1916;

East Side Electric Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds;

Notes of the Kansas City Railway and Light Company to Kansas City Banks secured by stock of the Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company;

Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds due July 1, 1926;

Kansas City Elevated Railway Company General Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds due July 1, 1922;

Kansas City Elevated Railway Company General Mortgage Four Per Cent. Bonds due July 1, 1922:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned have at the request of the Honorable William C. Hook, United States Circuit Judge of the Eighth Judicial Circuit, consented to act as Reorganization Managers under a Plan dated July 30, 1915, prepared by him for the reorganization of the street railway and electric light systems at Kansas City owned by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, the Kansas City Elevated Railway Company, the Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company and the Kansas City Electric Light Company, all of which companies are controlled by the Kansas City Railway and Light Company, and, as authorized by said Plan, have prescribed the Terms of Participation in the Plan.

In order to become parties to said Plan holders of the above mentioned bonds and notes must deposit their securities with the Depositaries below named or their Agents **ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1915**, after which date no deposits will be received, unless such time shall be specifically extended by Judge Hook. With Corrigan Consolidated Street Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Kansas City & Westport Belt Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Kansas City Elevated Railway Company General Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds and Kansas City Elevated Railway Company General Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds there must be deposited the July 1, 1915, and all subsequent coupons.

Depositaries and Their Agents.

For Metropolitan Street Railway Company Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.	Under the Agreement dated June 8, 1911. **Old Colony Trust Company,** Boston, Depositary,	
	Bankers Trust Company, New York City, **Girard Trust Company,** Philadelphia, **London County and Westminster Bank,** London, England,	Agents of the Depositary.
For Kansas City Railway and Light Company First Lien Refunding Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.	Under the Agreement dated April 3, 1913. **The New York Trust Company,** New York City, Depositary,	
	Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, **Adolph Boissevain & Co.,** Amsterdam, Holland.	Agents of the Depositary.
For Kansas City Railway and Light Company Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes.	Under the Agreement dated August 15, 1912. **The New York Trust Company,** New York City, Depositary, **Old Colony Trust Company,** Boston, Agent of the Depositary.	
For Central Electric Railway Company Five Per Cent. Mortgage Gold Bonds.	Under the Agreement dated March 10, 1914. **The New York Trust Company,** New York City, Depositary, **Old Colony Trust Company,** Boston, Agent of the Depositary.	
For all of the foregoing securities and for Corrigan Consolidated Street Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds; East Side Electric Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds; Notes of Kansas City Railway and Light Company to Kansas City Banks; Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds; Kansas City Elevated Railway Company General Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds; and Kansas City Elevated Railway Company General Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds.	**The New York Trust Company,** New York, Depositary,	
	Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, **Illinois Trust & Savings Bank,** Chicago, **First National Bank,** Kansas City, **Commerce Trust Company,** Kansas City, and **Fidelity Trust Company,** Kansas City.	Agents of the Depositary.

Copies of the Plan and of the Terms of Participation have been filed with the Depositaries above named and their Agents, from whom copies may be obtained.

Dated, New York, August 20, 1915.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.,
LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.,
BLAIR & CO.,
Reorganization Managers.

H. L. STUART,
Judge Hook's Representative,
The Rookery, Chicago,
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
New York,
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS,
Boston,
Counsel.

Metropolitan Street Railway Company of Kansas City, Missouri

REORGANIZATION

To the holders of certificates of deposit issued by the Old Colony Trust Company as Depositary and its Agents, under the Bondholders' Protective Agreement dated June 8, 1911, for Metropolitan Street Railway Company Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds due May 1, 1913; and

To the holders of such Bonds who have not deposited the same:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Committee under the above-mentioned Agreement has approved the financial provisions of a Plan dated July 30, 1915, prepared by the Honorable William C. Hook, for the reorganization of the street railway and electric light systems at Kansas City, owned by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, Kansas City Electric Light Company, Kansas City Elevated Railway Company and Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company, all of which companies are controlled by the Kansas City Railway and Light Company, and the Terms of Participation in said Plan dated August 19, 1915, promulgated by the Managers thereunder, and has filed a copy of such Plan and of such Terms of Participation with Old Colony Trust Company, the Depositary under said Agreement.

Holders of the above-mentioned Bonds who have not already deposited their Bonds under said Agreement, are hereby notified that they may, without penalty, become parties to said Agreement and entitled to avail themselves of the benefit of said Plan as stated in said Terms of Participation by depositing their Bonds under said Agreement, with Old Colony Trust Company at its office, 17 Court Street, Boston, Massachusetts, or its Agents, Bankers Trust Company, of New York, Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia, or London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd., of London, ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1915. Such deposit will be deemed to constitute an express assent by depositors to said Plan and Terms of Participation.

Printed Copies of said Plan and of said Terms of Participation may be obtained upon application to the Depositary or to its Agents.

Dated August 20, 1915.

DANIEL G. WING,
FREDERICK W. STEVENS,
JAMES J. STORROW,
Committee.

JOHN B. PIERCE, Secretary.
60 State Street,
Boston, Massachusetts.
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS,
Boston, Massachusetts,
Counsel.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned and its Agents will receive deposits of the bonds mentioned therein until October 1, 1915. After that date no further deposits will be received.

Dated August 20, 1915.

OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY,
17 Court Street,
Boston, Massachusetts,
Depositary.

Kansas City Railway and Light Company

REORGANIZATION

To holders of certificates of deposit issued by The New York Trust Company as Depositary and its Agents for Kansas City Railway and Light Company First Lien Refunding Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due May 15, 1913, under the Agreement dated April 3, 1913, and

To holders of such Bonds who have not deposited the same:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Committee under the above-mentioned Agreement has approved the financial provisions of a Plan dated July 30, 1915, prepared by the Honorable William C. Hook, for the reorganization of the street railway and electric light systems at Kansas City, owned by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, Kansas City Electric Light Company, Kansas City Elevated Railway Company and Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company, all of which companies are controlled by the Kansas City Railway and Light Company, and the Terms of Participation in said Plan dated August 19, 1915, promulgated by the Managers thereunder, and has filed a copy of such Plan and of such Terms of Participation with The New York Trust Company, the Depositary under said Agreement.

Any depositor may within forty-five (45) days after the first publication of this notice withdraw from said Agreement, upon surrender to the Depositary or to either of its Agents of his certificate of deposit, with a properly executed transfer thereof, if registered, and payment to the Depositary or such Agent for the Committee of the sum of $10 for each $1,000, face amount, of Bonds withdrawn, which amount has been fixed by the Committee pursuant to the terms of said Agreement as the *pro rata* share of its compensation, expenses and liabilities to be paid by depositors withdrawing from the Agreement.

Depositors who do not withdraw from said Agreement in the manner aforesaid within forty-five (45) days after the first publication of this notice will, as provided in said Agreement, be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have assented to said Plan and said Terms of Participation and will be irrevocably bound thereby.

Holders of the above-mentioned Bonds who have not already deposited their Bonds under said Agreement, are hereby notified that they may, without penalty, become parties to said Agreement and entitled to avail themselves of the benefit of said Plan as stated in said Terms of Participation by depositing their Bonds under said Agreement with The New York Trust Company (of New York), the Depositary, or either of its Agents, Old Colony Trust Company (of Boston), and Adolph Boissevain & Co. (of Amsterdam, Holland) ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1915. Such deposit will be deemed to constitute an express assent by depositors to said Plan and Terms of Participation.

Printed Copies of said Plan and of said Terms of Participation may be obtained upon application to said Depositary or to either of its said Agents.

Dated August 20, 1915.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
JEROME J. HANAUER,
ACOSTA NICHOLS,
JAMES J. STORROW,
Committee.

LAWRENCE G. BENNETT,
Secretary,
24 Broad Street,
New York City.
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
New York City,
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS,
Boston, Mass.
Counsel.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned and its Agents will receive deposits of the bonds mentioned therein until October 1, 1915. After that date no further deposits will be received.

Dated August 20, 1915.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
New York City, Depositary.

Kansas City Railway and Light Company

REORGANIZATION

To holders of certificates of deposit issued by The New York Trust Company as Depositary and its Agent for Kansas City Railway and Light Company Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes due September 1, 1912, under the Agreement dated August 15, 1912, and

To holders of such Notes who have not deposited the same:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Committee under the above-mentioned Agreement has approved the financial provisions of a Plan dated July 30, 1915, prepared by the Honorable William C. Hook, for the reorganization of the street railway and electric light systems at Kansas City, owned by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, Kansas City Electric Light Company, Kansas City Elevated Railway Company and Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company, all of which companies are controlled by the Kansas City Railway and Light Company, and the Terms of Participation in said Plan dated August 19, 1915, promulgated by the Managers thereunder, and has filed a copy of such Plan and of such Terms of Participation with The New York Trust Company, the Depositary under said Agreement.

Any depositor may within forty-five (45) days after the first publication of this notice withdraw from said Agreement, under surrender to the Depositary or to its Agent of his certificate of deposit, with a properly executed transfer thereof, if registered, and payment to the Depositary or such Agent for the Committee of the sum of $10 for each $1,000, face amount, of notes withdrawn, which amount has been fixed by the Committee pursuant to the terms of said Agreement as the *pro rata* share of its compensation, expenses and liabilities to be paid by depositors withdrawing from the Agreement.

Depositors who do not withdraw from said Agreement in the manner aforesaid within forty-five (45) days after the first publication of this notice will, as provided in said Agreement, be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have assented to said Plan and said Terms of Participation and will be irrevocably bound thereby.

Holders of the above-mentioned Notes who have not already deposited their Notes under said Agreement, are hereby notified that they may, without penalty, become parties to said Agreement, and entitled to avail themselves of the benefit of said Plan as stated in said Terms of Participation by depositing their Notes under said Agreement with The New York Trust Company (of New York), the Depositary, or its Agent, Old Colony Trust Company (of Boston), ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1915. Such deposit will be deemed to constitute an express assent by depositors to said Plan and Terms of Participation.

Printed copies of said Plan and of said Terms of Participation may be obtained upon application to said Depositary or to its said Agent.

Dated August 20, 1915.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
SAMUEL L. FULLER,
JEROME J. HANAUER,
JAMES J. STORROW,
Committee.

LAWRENCE G. BENNETT,
Secretary,
24 Broad Street,
New York City.
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
New York City,
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS,
Boston, Mass.
Counsel.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned and its Agent will receive deposits of the notes mentioned therein until October 1, 1915. After that date no further deposits will be received.

Dated August 20, 1915.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
New York City, Depositary.

Kansas City Railway and Light Company

REORGANIZATION

To holders of certificates of deposit issued by The New York Trust Company as Depositary and its Agent for Central Electric Railway Company Five Per Cent. Mortgage Gold Bonds due May 1, 1914, under the Agreement dated March 10, 1914, and

To holders of such Bonds who have not deposited the same:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Committee under the above-mentioned Agreement has approved the financial provisions of a Plan dated July 30, 1915, prepared by the Honorable William C. Hook, for the reorganization of the street railway and electric light systems at Kansas City, owned by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, Kansas City Electric Light Company, Kansas City Elevated Railway Company and Kansas City and Westport Belt Railway Company, all of which companies are controlled by the Kansas City Railway and Light Company, and the Terms of Participation in said Plan dated August 19, 1915, promulgated by the Managers thereunder, and has filed a copy of such Plan and of such Terms of Participation with The New York Trust Company, the Depositary under said Agreement.

Any depositor may within forty-five (45) days after the first publication of this notice withdraw from said Agreement, upon surrender to the Depositary or its Agent of his certificate of deposit, with a properly executed transfer thereof, if registered, and payment to the Depositary or such Agent for the Committee of the sum of $10 for each $1,000 face amount, of Bonds withdrawn, which amount has been fixed by the Committee pursuant to the terms of said Agreement as the *pro rata* share of its compensation, expenses and liabilities to be paid by depositors withdrawing from the Agreement.

Depositors who do not withdraw from said Agreement in the manner aforesaid within forty-five (45) days after the first publication of this notice will, as provided in said Agreement, be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have assented to said Plan and said Terms of Participation and will be irrevocably bound thereby.

Holders of the above-mentioned Bonds who have not already deposited their Bonds under said Agreement, are hereby notified that they may, without penalty, become parties to said Agreement and entitled to avail themselves of the benefit of said Plan as stated in said Terms of Participation by depositing their Bonds under said Agreement with The New York Trust Company (of New York), the Depositary or its Agent, Old Colony Trust Company (of Boston), ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1915. Such deposit will be deemed to constitute an express assent by depositors to said Plan and Terms of Participation.

Printed copies of said Plan and of said Terms of Participation may be obtained upon application to said Depositary or to its said Agent.

Dated August 20, 1915.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
JEROME J. HANAUER,
JAMES J. STORROW,
W. K. WHIGHAM,
Committee.

LAWRENCE G. BENNETT,
Secretary,
24 Broad Street,
New York City.
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
New York City,
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS,
Boston, Mass.
Counsel.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned and its Agent will receive deposits of the bonds mentioned therein until October 1, 1915. After that date no further deposits will be received.

Dated August 20, 1915.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
New York City, Depositary.

HOPPER FOR MERGER OF COUNTY OFFICES

Economies Would Follow Centralization of Functions, Register Says.

TITLE WORK DUPLICATED

Recommends Abolition of Useless Offices and Enlargement of Register's Duties.

John J. Hopper, Register of New York County, went on record yesterday as being strongly in favor of centralizing the five county offices within New York City and placing them under the same control as are municipal offices today. In a letter to Chamberlain Bruere and Commissioner of Accounts Wallstein, Register Hopper sets forth what he considers the advantages of a changed method of conducting the county offices. He wrote in part:

"The principle that the functions of the five county offices should be centralized and placed under the same control as the municipal offices is today generally accepted by all, except those who are willing to sacrifice the public welfare for matters which are of temporary personal benefit to themselves. The working out of detailed specifications of reorganization is difficult, and in this respect I feel that your offices are greatly to be complimented for the thorough and courageous treatment which they have given to the details of the reorganization plans.

"I believe not only that the economies you show can be obtained with an actual increase in public convenience, but that in some respects you could go even farther than you have.

Title Work in Two Offices.

"My own experience and study of the work of the Register's office, as well as the backward example of the recent separation of Bronx County, has convinced me that if all of the work relating to all classes of instruments which affect title to real property were placed under one office management (with branch offices in the several centres of population) it would greatly add to the convenience of the public, decrease operating expenses, and increase the stability and safety of titles. At present there is a division of work in this respect.

"The Register's office contains the main portion of real property instruments, but in the County Clerk's office are notices of lis pendens and mechanics' liens, filed for the purpose of giving notice of claims against real property. The County Clerk is required to keep locality indexes for these instruments which are similar to the locality indexes kept in the Register's office. Notices of lis pendens and minor liens should be filed in the Register's office, and the block indexes of the County Clerk's office could then be consolidated with the block indexes in the Register's office, with a resulting economy in administration and an increase in public convenience.

Suggests an Immediate Economy.

"I suggest that all functions relating to real property instruments be transferred to the Register's office and other remaining duties united with the City Clerk's offce."

Mr. Hopper said he believed the office of Commissioner of Records should be abolished. The establishment of the Torrens system, he said, would not only centralize authority but would consolidate work by putting in the Register's office every paper that affects real property. From the point of view of revenue, he said, an effective Torrens law would place the Register's office on a profit-producing basis. He continued:

"If all the titles in Manhattan were registered and the scale of fees now charged by title companies were adopted, the income to the city for Manhattan alone would be $30,000,000, most of which would be profit. The scale of fees in use in Massachusetts would produce a revenue of $6,000,000 for Manhattan alone. I mention these figures to show the economic reason New York City has in favoring a true Torrens system, aside from the incalculable benefit accruing to land owners directly.

Urges Real Torrens Law.

"So, too, if we had a real Torrens law in the county our old records would become gradually of less and less importance as far as titles are concerned, and when the county is entirely under the Torrens law the records of this office would be valueless altogether as far as title searching is concerned."

Such a law, he said, would mean the elimination of the Bureau of Preservation of Public Records, which costs $18,460 to maintain, and also the Recording Bureau, which costs $27,000.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BRONNER, WILLIAM H., (Oct. 13, 1914;) net estate, $94,640; Mrs. Belle G. Bronner, widow, given $91,225; Mrs. Eliza Bronner, mother, annuity of $600; assets, deposits, $142; insurance, $9,861; watch, $50; on deposit with Julius Loewenthal & Co., including interest, $73,969; 180 shares preferred stock of Julius Loewenthal & Co., $18,000.

GRANT, R. SUYDAM, (details elsewhere.)

KLINGENSTEIN, JACOB, (Dec. 30, 1913;) net estate, $207,500; Mrs. Clara Klingenstein, widow, given $205,964; annuity of $150 for Leopold Klingenstein, brother; assets, equity $13,000 in 110 Cannon St., appraised at $47,000; 131-133 East 12 St., appraised at $27,000; equity $2,000 in 333-335 East 123 St., appraised at $33,500; equity $2,000 in 337-339 East 123d St., appraised at $33,500; equity $3,000 in 341 East 123d St., appraised at $24,000; equity $3,000 in 1,885 Third Av., appraised at $28,000; equity $3,000 in 1,887 Third Av., appraised at $28,000; equity $6,050 in 306-316 East 81 St., appraised at $35,000; equity $1,000 in 318 East 112 St., appraised at $21,000; equity $1,000 in 320 East 112 St., appraised at $21,000; equity $7,000 in 80-82 First St., appraised at $58,000; equity $5,000 in 338 East 9 St., appraised at $25,000; equity $22,000 in 102 East 79 St., appraised at $42,000; dower of widow placed at $18,474, and is allowed as a deduction against total realty; deposits, $15,580; personalty, $100; mortgages and notes, $56,946; stocks and bonds, $68,850; assets remaining in Klingenstein Brothers, $1,925; largest holding, New York City bonds, appraised at $64,925.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

MANUFACTURER open for good line of coats. Weinberg, 105 Madison Av., 18th floor.

JOBBER wants seconds and jobs in all kinds men's furnishings, pants, and raincoats for cash; bring samples at 2 and 3 P. M. M. Fine & Sons, 1 Greene St.

JOBBER looking at silk dresses below $6; call between 1 and 5 P. M.; also looking at children's dresses. 1,270 Broadway, Room 515.

Jobber placing orders on popular-priced serge and silk dresses call with samples between 10 and 12. Weinberg & Geist, 28-30 West 25th St.

JOBBER open for snappy line of coats. Seventh floor, 40 West 27th St.

BUYERS, ATTENTION!
SCHERR MFG. CO., NEW ORLEANS,
MFRS. OF SKIRTS EXCLUSIVELY,
HAVE NOW ESTABLISHED
A NEW YORK OFFICE AT 347 5TH AV.
C. A. FRANK, Southern Representative.

HAVE lot of white Chinchilla coats on hand to close out; all latest models in lengths from 32 to 40 inches; price $2.75 to $6.50; also have big variety of sport coats, which are at present in great demand, from $2.75 to $5. Rudinsky Bros., 27-35 West 24th St.

ATTENTION BUYERS
I have 500 suits in serges poplins &c., to close out at sacrifice; immediate delivery. Max Lacher, 158-164 W. 27th St.

Office and salesrooms to sub-lease 1,700 sq. ft. Elegant walnut show rooms. Ratner Bros., 220 Fifth Av.

Wanted for cash—Coats, suits, skirts, dresses, &c.; quantity no object. Gross, Franzblau & Co., 27 Greene. Tel. 886 Spring.

CASH FOR HIGH-GRADE women's suits, coats, dresses, skirts, waists, petticoats, and furs. Sumner, 8 Lispenard St. F'n 4343.

Spot cash for black taffeta silk, all grades. Schiller, 28 West 38th St.

CASH PAID for job lots of women's apparel. Frank Jacobovitz, 10 Lispenard St. Fn. 2950.

Help and Situations Wanted.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,

opening Pittsburgh office, desires to communicate with manufacturers who want local representation there and surrounding territory: commission basis; highest references. S 144 Times.

DESIGNER on coats and suits, capable of producing correct styles and well fitting patterns by out-of-town house. Address Y 334 Times Annex.

EXPERIENCED cloak salesman, acquainted in the city and surroundings. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.3¼@3¾ per cent. for the best names
Wed'sday.3¼@3¾ " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Worsteds for Men's Wear.

The present week has seen a good business in medium heavy worsteds for men's wear. Fabrics selling at somewhat over the dollar mark have been most in favor, while the market has continued slow on the higher-priced lines. Some agents report that the medium-priced goods have been taken to the capacity of the mills, with the result that the lines are being withdrawn from sale for the remainder of the season. Buyers continue to operate conservatively for the most part in the higher-priced lines of worsted.

⁂

How to Fit Children's Shoes.

One of the best-posted men in the shoe business gives the following advice about fitting shoes for children: "The best thing for your store now is being careful about the fitting of school shoes. Get your profit, but give the child comfort. Feel for rough edges on the insoles, sharp edges of counters, and lasting tacks. While fitting you should pay more attention to the child than to the parent, for no matter how great the value you give, if the child comes home with sore feet caused by poorly-fitting shoes the bargain is forgotten and you are branded as a dealer selling only that kind of shoes."

⁂

As to Carpet Auctions.

Speculation exists in many quarters whether one or more of the big carpet and rug manufacturing concerns are to hold auctions this Autumn. So far as could be learned yesterday no definite plans for cleaning up sales of this kind have been formed. As things stand at the moment, one guess appears to be as good as another. Those who figure out that auctions will take place point to the fact that some of the largest factors in the trade are running their plants full time, while others argue that the comparatively recent auctions, taken in conjunction with the present demand for goods, render a wholesale unloading of carpets and rugs in the near future unnecessary.

⁂

Quilt Demand Is Spotted.

Reports from local mill agents handling quilts indicate a rather mixed situation and a rather spotted demand. While duplicate orders are coming in from the jobbers to the sellers of the better class of these goods for immediate delivery, and the mills they represent are well sold up to Oct. 1, the poorer grades are being "peddled" without a great deal of success. The improvement in general conditions is said to be indicated in the increased call for the best merchandise, and the fact that buyers are willing to pay the prices asked for it instead of taking inferior stuff at the figures at which that is offered. The big dry goods stores that buy in wholesale quantities are also said to be in the market.

⁂

Japanese Raw Silk Higher.

The Yokohama raw silk market has advanced sharply during the last week on advices that the crop is expected to fall considerably short of previous estimates, and that the yield of cocoons is poor. Sales for the week amounted to 4,200 bales, with stocks at 7,500 bales. Business in the Canton market is practically suspended, and reelers are unwilling to make offers. Quotations are wide apart, indicating advances of 20 to 30 cents a pound, particularly for coarse sizes. Shanghai remains very firm, with a strong upward trend to prices. Reports from Italy indicate the Milan market firm, with a good demand for American account and higher prices being asked for forward deliveries. Local business continues good generally.

⁂

Yarns for Brazilian Hosiery.

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, 409 Custom House, has received an interesting report from the American Consul General at Rio de Janeiro in regard to Brazilian consumption of foreign cotton yarn. This states that the hosiery industry in Brazil is steadily expanding and that the industry makes use of imported cotton yarns to a larger degree. In 1914 the total importations of foreign yarn amounted to 1,485,655 pounds, which was valued at $534,060. The United Kingdom furnished the bulk of this yarn, with Germany and Italy running second and third. The United States has had practically no share in this market. The Bureau has received three samples of hosiery of Brazilian manufacture, showing the type of yarn that is used in the mills in Brazil.

⁂

Shorter Dress Goods Bolts.

Salesmen in from the road report hearing much discussion in different sections of the country regarding the agitation for shorter dress goods bolts. This subject was gone into at considerable length at the July meeting of the Jobbers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers held in this city. While many champions of shorter lengths gave their views at the meeting, there were those who maintained that the general run of thirty to forty yards per piece was not excessive. The traveling men heard many arguments in favor of the twenty-yard lengths, particularly in smaller towns. These arguments were based on the frequency of style changes and the fear of women purchasers that dresses may be duplicated by other buyers in the same locality. The matter will probably come up again at the January meeting of the jobbers.

⁂

Duties Raised on Laces.

Judge Cooper of the Board of General Appraisers, sitting yesterday as a reappraisement official, held that the local customs authorities were justified in exacting higher duty on Venetian laces shipped to this country by E. G. Heath of Florence. When the goods reached here, Appraiser Sague held them to be undervalued and recommended to Collector Malone that duty be taken on a basis much higher than the invoiced values. This was done, whereupon the local importer of the merchandise took an appeal to a member of the board. It is probable an appeal will be made to a board of three General Appraisers. The laces were described as Vestiti, Tavaglia, Centri, Copertine, Sottana and Poltocini. Women's blouses trimmed with Venetian lace were also advanced in value. The customs men refused to say what the value of the importation was.

⁂

Did Not Like Price List.

One of the local cotton goods brokers issued a gray goods price list to the trade yesterday that caused quite a little protest from the commission houses. One of the quotations was "3⅜ cents, asked," for 38½-inch 64-56s, which the commission houses thought was putting it pretty strong, or, rather, weak. The market, they said, was in as undesirable a condition at the moment as it could be, without attempts to "bear" it still further, which statement called to mind the more or less classic statement in the trade that the brokers are often "breakers." As an example of the present condition of printcloth prices, in reference to the price position of cotton, it was pointed out that 39-inch 68-72s are now held at 4¼ cents, with cotton around 9½ cents a pound. Last Fall, with cotton at 7½ cents a pound, the same price was quoted on this construction, it being the lowest in some time.

⁂

Gray Goods Situation Mixed.

The situation in the local gray goods market appeared to be quite mixed yesterday, with a flurry of activity near the close that seemed to augur something better for the immediate future. The business done in this flurry amounted, it was said, to well over 10,000 pieces of printcloths, for delivery during September, including 38½-inch 60-52s and 60-48s and 39-inch 54-44s. The prices at which the first two constructions moved are given below, and while the selling price of the 56-44s was not made known, it is understood that these goods can be had for nearby delivery at 3 1-16 cents. Sales of 38½-inch 64-56s, for delivery in the next six week, were put through during the day at 3 9-16 cents. Similar sales of 38½-inch 64-60s were made at 3⅝ cents, in spite of the fact that many of the commission houses held that no more of these goods were to be had at that price. Sales of 36-inch, 5.50 sheetings were reported for immediate delivery at 3 3-16 cents, while a good inquiry was told of for 3.95 and 4.20 drills at prices not given out. These goods are being offered, however, at 4¼ and 4⅛ cents, respectively. Fancies were again well sought. Nominally, staple printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	5⅜c	38½-inch, 64-56s	3⅝c
39-inch, 72-76s	5c	38½-inch, 60-52s	3⅜c
39-inch, 68-72s	4¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s	3⅛c
38½-inch, 64-64s	3¾c	27-inch, 64-60s	2⅝c
38½-inch, 64-60s	3⅝c	27-inch, 56-52s	2⅜c

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

MINNIE G. FRANK REALTY CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Minnie G. Frank Realty Co. of 315 and 317 West Ninety-eighth Street by these creditors: Louis Bernstein, $3,000; Martin Crivy, $3,000, and Max L. Bernstein, $2,000, all on notes. It was alleged that the company had made preferential payments of $3,000. The company was incorporated in August, 1909, with capital stock of $700. William Frank, a dry goods merchant, was former President, and Moe A. Isaac of Isaacs Bros., clothing manufacturers, was Treasurer. The company owned the Holland Court apartment house at 315 and 317 West Ninety-eighth Street. On June 14 last William Frank obtained a judgment against the company for $68,822. Isaacs Bros. were put into bankruptcy on Dec. 31, 1914, and their schedules showed that they had a half interest in the real estate at 315 West Ninety-eighth Street, valued at $325,000, and mortgaged for $203,500, and a half interest in the capital stock of the Minnie G. Frank Co., and these had been deeded to the St. Heliers Holding Co.

KRAMER BROS. & CO.—Abraham Kramer, Samuel Kramer, and Abraham J. Pearl, who compose the firm of Kramer Bros. & Co., manufacturers of lamp shades and domes at 213 to 217 Grand Street, have made an assignment to Harry Marcus. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against them by these creditors: Universal Metal Spinning and Stamping Co., $334; Charles Goodfarb, $122, and Sam Halper, $61. They began business in 1906.

FRANCIS J. RUE, salesman, of 420 Riverside Drive, formerly President of a silk company, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $22,829, and assets $1.76 cash in bank. Among the creditors are the Textile National Bank of Philadelphia, $6,134; estate of Henry Boettger, $6,450; John A. Bruner, Philadelphia, $3,500; Fleitman & Co., $2,250, and Charles Barker of Pelham, $100 for treating a dog.

DAVID ROSENZWEIG.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Rosenzweig, manufacturer of leather goods at 132 Greene Street, by these creditors: Bernard Segall, $136; Philip Sacks, $246, and Harris Siegel, $130. He made an assignment on Wednesday. Liabilities are $10,000 and assets $4,000.

GORDON L. SCHEFFER, dentist, of 191 Broadway and 74 Cortlandt Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,869 and assets of $563, consisting of office furniture, $200, covered by a chattel mortgage of $300; accounts, $238, and cash in a savings bank, $25.

THE LONDON THEATRE CO., INC., of 1,476 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $38,378 and probably no assets.

MAYER PAGET, salesman, of 98 Cannon Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,830 and assets of $319 in accounts.

M. TRACHTENBERG & SON.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on July 22 against Max Trachtenberg, surviving partner of M. Trachtenberg & Son, dry goods dealers at 198 Delancey Street, creditors having accepted a settlement at 50 cents on the dollar.

BERNARD NEWMARK.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of Bernard Newmark, jobber in muslin underwear, at 40 Walker Street, on a settlement with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar.

JACOB AUERBACH, wholesale dealer in cotton and woolen goods at 335 Canal Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $72,556 and assets of $23,500, consisting of stock, $5,000; accounts, $17,000 actual value, face value $46,000; fixtures, $200, and real estate equity, $1,300. The real estate consists of 686 Union Avenue, Bronx; one-half interest in 145 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn; 1,060 lots in Ocean County, N. J.; 780 lots in Burlington County, N. J.; 20 lots at East Asbury Park Heights, and a thirty-acre farm at Winsted, Conn. He also has 280 shares of stock of the Manchester Rubber Company, value nominal. Among the creditors are Lawrence & Co., $7,107; Columbia Bank, $1,750, and Harry Offin, $2,500.

JOSEPH M. BLEYER & SON, wholesale dealers in paper and twine at 243 West Seventeenth Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $64,783 and assets of unknown value. They made an assignment on April 14 of all their assets, including real estate at 461 West 153d Street. Among the creditors are Louis Bleyer, $6,000, and Simon & Bleyer, $3,000.

M. RAMBOW & CO., (corporation,) dealer in tiles at 28 West Twenty-fifth Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $40,487 and assets of $30,810, consisting of proceeds of sale of stock, $2,269; cash in bank, $129; accounts, $18,216, and notes, $10,196. Seven of the notes for $2,843 were made by George N. Vanderbilt. Among the creditors are the Trent Tile Company of Trenton, N. J., $13,784, and Cambridge Tile Manufacturing Company of Covington, Ky., $3,711.

Friedman & Koerner, trading as the Paris Fancy Feather Company at 713 Broadway, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $13,017, and assets of $3,293, consisting of stock, $200; fixtures, $400, and accounts, $893.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—H. A. Marshall, a salesman in employ of Fostoria Glass Co., voluntary petition; liabilities, $40,534; assets, $31,206. Marshall's interest in Purified Petroleum Products Co., declared bankrupt last December, is given as cause of his financial troubles.

J. B. Welch, clerk, voluntary petition; liabilities, $20,302; assets, $9,744.

C. D. and A. D. Natalby, owners of Natalby's Restaurant, involuntary petition; liabilities and assets not estimated.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 26.—Bankruptcy petitions:

United Pat. Co.; debts, $6,300; assets, $4,800.

Lincoln W. Pierce, rancher, Riverside; debts, $5,700; assets, $3,600.

A. F. and Sarah G. Kuencher; debts, $12,800; assets, $2,000.

D. L. Zimmerman & Co., Fresno; debts, $5,000; assets, $5,500.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Electric Mach. Co.—E. C. Atkins & Co.	$508.81
American Motorists' Pro. Ass'n—Ingram, Richardson Mfg. Co.	1,029.65
Brann, Henry A.—Lawyers' Mortgage Co.	1,117.44
Brush, Wm. D., and Chas. H. Wilson—R. C. Turnbull	197.97
Business Woman's Hotel Co., Inc.—N. Y. Tel. Co.	125.18
Booth, Isidor—T. E. Stutson et al.	414.56
Bellmer & Singer, Inc.—Ostrander Fire Brick Co.	150.37
Corkemaz Realty Co.—Seamen's Bank for Savings	14,843.64
Demarest, Warren G.—P. Livingston	230.15
Durggins, Jay—A. D. Currier	386.99
Fogarty, Wm. P.—C. A. Bertrand et al.	1,091.29
Freeman, Milas E.—J. A. Stuart	143.91
Goldfarb, Isaac—A. L. Kircheis et al.	148.31
Gewertz, M. Milton—C. Blueshstein	114.65
Gage, Wm. M.—Allied Underwriters, Inc.	319.67
Harlem, Isaac W.—G. Schmutz	723.03
Horn, Martin W.—H. Regensburg	453.21
Janpole & Werner Const. Co., Inc.—Anton Larsen & Co., Inc.	331.33
Janpole & Werner Const. Co., Inc., and Louis Werner—Anton Larsen & Son, Inc.	354.10
Komp, Frank S.—R. W. Brooks	320.33
Kumburis, Nicholas, or Combourie—H. Hellbrunn Co.	250.75
Kotrotsos, Demetrios—D. Kalogerakos	204.41
Kenny, Thomas—D. Segal	187.22
Leavy, Thomas—Frank Brewery	121.85
McCormick, Clarence K.—Geo. H. McFadden & Bro.	14,976.96
O'Brien, Frank—F. Goldberg	206.75
Nagle, Percival E., adm.—Broadway Savings Institution	1,246.13
Prince, Felix—J. B. Baum	8,902.80
Rosentover, Charles—G. A. Haskett	143.32
Raynor, Wm. H.—Claridge Co., Inc.	148.17
Reifsnider, Geo. H.—Manhattan Leasing Co.	132.71
Rappa, Francesca—S. Cucinella	1,178.31
Smith, Edw. J.—Stewart Distilling Co.	202.77
Staudter, Leo—V. Loewer's Gambrinus Brew. Co.	769.32
Silverman, Sam, Harry, and Yetta—E. E. Martin	584.32
Tyson, Frank L.—Vermont Marble Co.	334.45
Von Asten, Florence and Hugo—L. Audereith	9,065.84
Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.—R. Fine	200.00
Walton, Fritz—Van Cortlandt Oper. Co.	250.90
Woods, Wm. H.—R. Alexander	1,017.89

In Bronx County.

Glickman, William H.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	32.58
Gruper, Hyman, and Harry Goldberg—Same	22.30
George J. Sirico Association—Same	32.51
Hof, Henry—M. L. Aldrich	414.53
J. Glasgow & Co.—D. Gordon	53.29
Jackson, Frank C.—A. C. Hoermann	194.56
J. F. Walsh, Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	28.63
Loshinsky, Max—I. Linkoff	347.66
Steinmetz, Jacob—L. Koss et al.	48.04
Weisberg, Louis—N. Y. Telephone Co.	104.35

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Lenigan, Elizabeth, and John F. Lenigan—Harman Co., June 11, 1915	$10,389.99
Moore, Frank, and National Surety Co.—People, &c., Aug. 14, 1915	500.00
Pirie, Allen—S. Buchsbaum, Dec. 18, 1911	978.69
Rothschild, August S.—F. C. Coshland & Co., July 25, 1914	146.45
St. James Building, Inc.—J. R. Thompson, Dec. 17, 1914	900.90
Same—Same, July 20, 1915	108.58
Yellin, Hyman—M. L. Marcus et al., Jan. 10, 1912	174.91
Wishart, George—Weber & Heilbroner, Feb. 21, 1913	104.00
Reach, Malcolm A.—J. Nooney, Aug. 24, 1915. (vacated)	341.90

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

THE ENTIRE HIGH-GRADE STOCK OF

STERLING SILVERWARE

of one of the Leading Silversmiths of this city

INVENTORIED AT OVER $25,000

and consisting of Complete Coffee and Tea Sets, Fern Dishes, Bread Trays, Loving Cups, Vases, Bowls, Tea Pots, Vegetable Dishes, Sandwich Trays, Candlesticks, Ramekins, Military and Hand Brushes, Scissors, Razor Strops, Shoe Horns, Powder and Puff Boxes, Combs, Spoons and Forks and hundreds of other articles.

ALSO A STOCK OF THE FINEST

SILVERDEPOSITWARE

Large Stock of High Quality

CUT GLASS

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer,

Will Sell Today, Friday, Aug. 27th, '15,
commencing at 10:30 A. M., at salesroom
15-17 Mercer Street, Near Canal St., N. Y.

☞NOTICE:—This entire offering is of exceptionally high quality, the most exclusive designs, every piece a masterpiece of the Silversmith Art, and will be sold strictly without reserve. For further information you may Telephone Spring 4299.

DAVID W. BIOW CO.
520-522 Broadway,
Tel. 6680-6681 Spring. Near Spring St.
To-day, Friday, Aug. 27th, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
Large and Staple Retail Stock
DRY GOODS,
Cotton & Dress Goods, Notions, Cutlery, Laces, Embroideries, Blankets, Bedspreads,
Men's & Ladies' FURNISHINGS
Muslin Underwear,
Ladies' Dresses, Gowns,
Coat Suits, Coats, Skirts, Shirtwaists, Misses' and Children's Coats and Dresses.

DAVID W. BIOW CO.
520-522 Broadway,
Tel. 6680-6681 Spring. Near Spring St.
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
Monday, Aug. 30th, 10:30 A. M.,
Without limit or reserve, large and attractive offering
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Wearing Apparel
For Fall and Winter Wear. Also
500 Ladies' Fur Coats,
In Caracul, Pony, Near Seal, etc.
Fancy Furs and Fur Sets.

BANKRUPT STOCK
POSITIVELY 4 MONTHS OLD
The finest, most staple high-grade stock ever sold at public auction.
$20,000 WORTH
PEDDLERS' SUPPLIES
CURTAINS, PORTIERES, LINENES, TAPESTRY, BLANKETS
of the finest quality
UNDERWEAR and SWEATERS
Frank Jacobovits sells today, Friday, Aug. 27, 10:30 A. M., at 137 Essex St., near Rivington St.

GROSS FRANZBLAU & CO., INC.,
A. R. Gross Co., Inc.,
Large, Staple, High-grade Fall & Winter
Coats & Suits
Silk Taffeta Serge and Poplins
DRESSES
Sells Today, Aug. 27, 10:30 A. M.,
27 Greene St., near Grand St.
OUT-OF-TOWN BUYERS INVITED.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, August 31, 1915, for Contract 154, for furnishing and erecting water-pipe equipment for operating valves in the shafts of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, in New York City. The equipment consists of iron, copper and brass pipe, pumps, valves and fittings.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
RALPH T. STANTON, Assistant Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

25,000. BOOTS and SHOES

MORSE & ROGERS will sell at Public Auction through
VAN PRAAG & CO. & MAX KALTER, Auctioneers, To the highest bidders, The balance of the
CLARK HUTCHINSON (N. Y.) STORE
(These lines were not offered at previous sale.) And Morse & Rogers' Men's, Women's and Children's Fall Samples, and about 10,000 pairs of their Discontinued Lines.
Sale on former premises of Clark Hutchinson Co., 125 Duane St.,
Monday, Aug. 30th, 10:30 A. M. Exhibition Morning of Sale 8 A. M. to 10 A. M.
Terms: Cash. Deposit required of every buyer.
Purchases to be removed or shipping arranged for before Sept. 1st.
FIXTURES & FITTINGS
of the Clark Hutchinson Building, sold on premises Friday, Sept. 3rd.
VAN PRAAG & CO. & MAX KALTER, Auctioneers, MORSE & ROGERS.

WAR CHECKS IMMIGRATION.

Retards Movement of New Settlers to Canadian Provinces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A dispatch to the State Department from Consul Dreher, at Toronto, says that immigration into Canada has fallen off phenomenally this year owing to the war. Last year there came from Great Britain 142,622 immigrants, and this year only 43,276. The movement of settlers from the United States also has decreased. Only 59,779 went to Canada this year, as compared with 107,530 last year.

The Canadian authorities are preparing for heavy immigration after the war and are considering the enactment of a law giving homesteads on the public domain to war veterans. The same plan is contemplated in Australia and other overseas countries in the British Empire. Canada is expecting a very large increase of immigration from all European countries as soon as the war is over.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Women's Neckwear Salesmen's Association of New York City has been formed. Its aims are to promote social intercourse among the salesmen and advance their mutual interests. The officers chosen are: President, I. S. Phillips, with the Kisch Manufacturing Company; Vice President, J. H. Richman, with G. Sidenberg & Co.; Treasurer, Sam Sampson, of Sampson & Sherman; and Secretary, W. A. Ansley, with Engel & Kraus. The organization starts out with a membership of fifty.

The members of the sales force of Morse & Rogers, together with the various department heads, will have a dinner at the Arkwright Club tomorrow night, at which D. P. Morse will preside. J. F. McElwain, President of the W. H. McElwain Company, Boston, will be among those present. Covers for 102 will be laid. There will be an informal entertainment after the dinner, following which a brief business discussion will be held.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY.—Albany Bargain Co.; I. S. Fleishman, dry goods, women's ready-to-wear, 1,270 Broadway; Longacre.
ALTOONA—W. F. Gable & Co.; J. E. Miller, housefurnishing goods; 2 Walker.
ASHEVILLE—Asheville Dry Goods Co.; M. Swartberg, dry goods, &c.; 595 Broadway; Lathan.
AUBURN—Foster, Ross & Co.; W. A. McNamee, ready to wear; 69 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; N. D. Horning, dress goods, silks; 220 5 Av.
BALTIMORE—J. Gutman Co.; L. Gutman, gloves; Longacre.
BALTIMORE—Phoenix Mfg. Co.; L. Strauss, overalls, jackets, jumpers, &c.; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Grand.
BARTLESVILLE.—L. Brin Co.; L. Brin, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 170 5 Av.
BIRMINGHAM—G. A. Fuller, ladies' ready-to-wear; Woodward.
BLUEFIELD—H. A. Lilly & Co.; H. A. Lilly, dry goods, ladies', men's furnishing goods; Miss Penland, women's furnishing goods; Grand.
BOSTON—Magrane-Houston Co.; J. McElroy, shoes; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Lace Shop; C. Wolfarst, laces; Latham.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Mrs. M. F. Hirsch, waists, 470 4 Av.
BOSTON—Magrane, Houston Co.; Miss J. Gilligan, muslin underwear; great Northern.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; F. A. Fuller, furs; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss M. B. Grotjahn, ladies', misses' suits; 15 East 26.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss K. Haukap, neckwear, handkerchiefs; 470 4 Av.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; W. O. Ransley, notions; P. Bartholomy, rugs, furniture; 220 5th Av.
CANTON.—Feltner; D. Feltner, waists; 1,133 Broadway, Room 1,421.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; A. Strauss, skirts; 438 B'way.
CHICAGO.—F. A. Rauch & Co.; F. A. Rauch, upholstery goods, cabinet hardware; Albert.
CHICAGO—12th Street Store; Miss E. Herman, infants' wear, cloaks, suits, dresses, 1,261 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—Burkhardt-Seiter-Harding Co., I. G. Seiter, millinery; Breslin.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, silk dresses, chinchilla coats; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Kohn Bros. & Co.; H. Kohn, woolens; 690 B'way.
DANVILLE—L. Herman, dry goods, millinery, ready-to-wear, carpets, upholstery, china, glassware; 40 East 22; Netherland.
DANVILLE—Kaplan & Rippe; B. A. Rippe, clothing, furnishing goods; Imperial.
FLORENCE, S. C.—B. Fleishman & Bros.; B. F. Fleishman, men's, women's clothing; 1,161 B'way; Herald Square.
GRAHAM—Scott-Mebane Manufacturing Co.; H. W. Scott, manufactures overalls; Imperial.
GREENVILLE—Hobbs, Henderson Co.; C. O. Hobbs, retail dry goods, notions, women's garments; 43 West 27.
HARTFORD—Wise, Smith & Co.; A. Hutter, ladies' gloves, leather goods; 17 E. 22d; Navarre.
HARTFORD—S. Hart, furs; Navarre.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Zenner, Bradshaw Co.; G. D. Bradshaw, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
JACKSONVILLE—John Furchgott Co.; W. J. Webb, silks; 108 Worth St.; Collingwood.
LEWISTON—Cortell-Markson Co.; E. S. Cortell, men's, women's ready-to-wear; Broztell.
LEXINGTON—E. L. Marsh, carpets; Wallick.
LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; J. D. Stewart, dry goods; 118 W. 35th; Holland.
LOUISVILLE—G. W. Owens, women's ready-to-wear, dry goods; Imperial.
MACON—Union Dry Goods Co.; Mrs. M. R. Woodward, ready-to-wear, millinery; 69 5 Av.
MARION—Fleischman Brothers; E. Fleischman, men's, women's clothing; 1,161 Broadway; Herald Square.
MARYVILLE—S. S. Fox, carpets, furniture; Gerard.
MEMPHIS—John Gerber Co.; E. H. Gerber, dry goods; P. A. McPhillips, notions, leather goods, gloves, ribbons, trimmings; 1,150 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—Herbert Pearce Co.; H. Pearce, ready-to-wear; Navarre.
NASHVILLE—L. Jonas & Co.; A. Jonas, untrimmed hats; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
NEW HAVEN—Miss M. E. Kivlan, laces; Imperial.
NEW HAVEN—J. Weissman, pants, overalls; Wallick's.
NORFOLK—"Altschul's"; B. Altschul, dry goods, notions, millinery, ladies', men's furnishing goods; 1,133 B'way; Sherman Sq.
OMAHA—Hayden Bros.; J. Flynn, cloaks, waists, infants' wear; Holland House.
OKLAHOMA CITY—The Emporium; E. L. Tobias, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way; Wallick's.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; E. Goldman, general mdse.; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Krieger & Bros.; J. Krieger, millinery goods, silks, ribbons, feathers, &c.; Broztell.
PIEDMONT—S. G. Dixon Clothing Co.; F. E. Dixon, J. Hannan, clothing; Marlborough.
PITTSFIELD—A. Brown, dry goods; Collingwood.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Bros.; C. J. Blood, dry goods; 320 Church.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; I. Seder, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; A. Binswanger, house furn. goods, china; 470 4 Av.
PITTSBURGH.—Boggs & Buhl; A. C. Connor, flowers, fancy feathers, hat trimmings, millinery, basement; 37 West 26.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; B. Whitehead, men's clothing; 120 W. 32d; Marseilles.
POPULAR BLUFF—Lorenz Merc. Co.; J. B. Lorenz, general dry goods, mdse.; Latham.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; H. B. Lowell, men's furnishing goods, women's hosiery; Miss E. Sawyer, Miss J. Murry, notions, patterns; 1,270 B'way.
RALEIGH—Hudson Belk Co.; K. G. Hudson, dry goods, notions, women's ready-to-wear, men's, boys' clothing, shoes, &c.; Grand.
RICHMOND—J. Lewit & Son; J. C. Lewit, dry goods, notions, millinery, &c.; Navarre.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Co.; J. C. Tullock, furn. goods, 432 4 Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; D. Gradwohl, toys; 15 East 26th.
SHARON, Penn.—C. H. Yeager, dry goods; Miss Rudesell, ladies' wear; Imperial.
SPRINGFIELD—A. Steiger Co.; W. B. Wheeler, leather goods, jewelry, neckwear; 116 W. 32d; Wallick's.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; C. W. Eastman, ready-to-wear, basement; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; A. Fuller, representing; 71 W. 23d.
STERLING—J. K. Chester Co.; C. L. Stecker, dry goods, carpets, general merchandise; Flanders.
SYRACUSE—Syracuse Dry Goods Co.; J. L. Seeley, domestics, dress goods, silks, flannels, blankets; 320 B'way; Herald Sq.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; H. D. Wall, carpets; A. W. Bishop, representing; 23 East 26.
TOLEDO—J. Nast, plush coats; 470 4th Av.
UTICA—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; J. V. Clement, silks, laces, millinery; 320 5th Av.; Somerset.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; C. J. Osborne, toys, pictures, victrolas; 215 4th Av.; Hermitage.
WASHINGTON—Palais Royal; E. L. Etchinson, cotton, dress goods, linens, domestics, muslins, blankets; 4 West 23d; Albert.
WASHINGTON—Levingston & Co.; B. Levingston, S. Levingston, clothing, furnishing goods, shoes; Albert.
WASHINGTON—Mayer & Co.; L. Tobinger, dry goods, cloaks, suits, millinery, &c.; Netherland.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Mrs. M. Johnson, women's hosiery, marino underwear; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann & Sons Co.; L. Levy, domestics; 215 4th Av.; Netherlands.
WASHINGTON—Howar & Daavid; M. G. Daavid, waists; Latham.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; L. J. Jackson, carpets, furniture; Wallick's.
WORCESTER—A. S. Lowell Co.; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery, gloves; 432 4th Av.

NARROWING SEAMEN'S ACT.

Thurman Is Asked if It Applies to Foreign-Built Ships.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Solicitor Thurman of the Department of Commerce was asked today by the Bureau of Navigation to decide whether clauses in the new seamen's law prescribing the qualifications of crews and instituting the so-called language test could be applied to foreign-built vessels admitted to American registry under the act of 1914.

This registry law authorized the President to suspend the "provisions of the law requiring survey, inspection, and measurement by officers of the United States of foreign-built vessels admitted to American registry." In a proclamation on Sept. 4, 1914, the President suspended those provisions for two years. As practically all of the important sections of the seamen's law are in the form of amendments to the suspended statutes, department officials are inclined to hold that they cannot be applied before Sept. 4, 1916, to ships admitted to American registry under the President's proclamation.

An opinion by Attorney General Gregory now before the President is understood to sustain Solicitor Thurman's decision that vessels of nations whose navigation laws "approximated" those of the United States will not be subject to the seamen's law. This opinion would exempt from the operations of the new law the ships of practically all the big maritime nations. If, in addition, the foreign-built ships now under the American flag were to be exempted, the new restrictions would affect virtually only American-built ships.

GOMPERS RESENTS ATTACK.

Irritating Tactics of Socialists Cannot Hurt A. F. of L., He Says.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, yesterday made reply to the pamphlet issued by the Socialists attacking the federation, of which a million copies have been scattered throughout America. The pamphlet, while recommending the passage of laws to obtain the eight-hour day for labor, is in reality a blow at the Federation of Labor, declares Mr. Gompers, who holds that industrial questions must be settled by the employer and employe.

"The A. F. of L.," says Mr. Gompers in reply, "declares that the question of the regulation of wages and the hours of labor should be undertaken through trade union activity and not be made subjects of law except in so far as such regulations govern the employment of women and minors, health and morals, and employment by Federal, State, or municipal governments.

"Neither the irritating, pin-pricking tactics of the Socialist politicians' local assaults and disrupting methods, personal attacks upon and vilification of trades unionists nor vulturelike attacks upon the labor movement have prevented the growth and progress of the A. F. of L."

Ribbons Will Be Better.

Men who are keeping posted on the outlook for ribbons are growing more optimistic as the Fall season advances. Much use of these garnitures on hats and dresses is reported from Paris. Local houses are offering narrow black velvet ribbons, in 1½s and 2s, for use in graduated rows on dresses, as well as black velvet ribbons with white edges, in 7s, 9s, 12s and 16s, for use on hats. Quite a variety of ribbons is shown in the widths suitable for girdles, including glacé effects with satin borders, in which the six-inch width is doing best. Scotch and French plaid ribbons for girdles are also favored in widths ranging up to eight inches, being better than stripes. Eight and nine-inch flowered patterns are being used both for girdles and the manufacture of opera bags. Two-tone effects for girdles, in pleasing color combinations, are good, as are cherry blossom patterns on combination black and white and colored grounds. Novel pansy designs are being taken well.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—Thirty-four corporations were chartered today, with aggregate capital stocks of $1,014,000. They included:

Tietjen Bros., farm, dairy products, $210,000; Henry, John, and Diedrich Tietjen, 506 E. 118th St.

American Junkers Co., engines, vehicles, cars, motors, boats, $100,000; D. B. Luckey, W. H. Davis, F. E. Jungle, 242 Ward Av., Tompkinsville.

The R. E. Miller Corp'n, perfumes, chemists, druggists, $200,000; S. E. Collins, Rudolf Eberhardt, H. C. Ruedler, 230 W. 17th St.

Grace Minor, Inc., Buffalo, selling agent, mail order, wearing apparel, $105,000; L. H. Vogel, S. A. Lunghino, J. C. King, 423 Potomac Av., Buffalo.

The Transmission Ball Bearing Co., Buffalo, motors, trucks, engines, autos, $100,000; W. M. Wilson, J. P. Beatty, W. J. Murray, 347 Scrauren Av., Toronto, Can.

Buffalo Suburban Devel. Co., Buffalo, realty, $50,000; G. M. Rogers, F. C. Howard, M. W. Comstock, Buffalo.

Nature Products Chemical Co., chemists, $50,000; F. I. Connolly, J. C. Conklin, P. A. Schmitt, 87 Nassau St.

The Schuyler Co., chemicals, drugs, pharmaceutical compounds, $25,000; J. L. and S. V. Gibson, Schuyler Lestrade, 338 W. 71st St.

The A. G. K. Company, Lynbrook, merchandise, realty, construction, engineer, $25,000; S. A. Davison, C. E. Abrams, G. H. Kehr, Lynbrook.

Suffield Tobacco Corp'n, tobacco plantations, $25,000; Barnet Tillinger, Bernard Modell, Nathan Tolpin, 159 Water St.

H. Ward Leonard, Inc., Bronxville, realty, contracting, electrical work, merchandise, personal property, $10,000; A. R. Campbell, J. W. Good, Leonard Kebler, Wellington Circle, Bronxville.

Corporation Security Co., stocks, bonds, financial agent, realty, auditors, capital no par value; T. H. Joyce, S. A. Anderson, H. B. Coughlan, 36 Nassau St.

Lord Geoffney Ores Co., mine, quarry, smelt, minerals, ores, oils, metals, $20,000; Edward Harrah, Cleon Headley, W. S. Sawyer, 4,411 Sixth Av., B'klyn.

Realty Men's Protective Agency, mercantile, collection, printing, publishing, advertising, brokerage, $10,000; O. B. Ferris, I. G. and B. F. Herman, 110 W. 34th St.

Merchant Leaders of America, promoting, produce, advertising literature, publicity, $10,000; R. R. Sigsbee, R. B. Gardner, W. H. Wood, 380 Second Av.

Union Millinery Stores, millinery, wearing apparel, furs, trimmings, $10,000; B. A. Rosenblatt, Max Tachna, C. H. Simmons, 106 Treacy Av., Newark, N. J.

Atlantic Coast Land and Devel. Co., realty, brokerage, insurance, $10,000; L. N. Zoffer, W. H. Barratt, Irwin Schachne, 163 E. 94th St.

Indo Laboratories Corp'n, drugs, chemicals, groceries, foodstuffs, hair goods, beauty parlors, $10,000; W. H. Edmund, O. and Aletha Austin, 163 W. 136th St.

Ruth Earl, Inc., women's wearing apparel, capital no par value; Catherine Singley, Sigmund Pisinger, Theron McCampbell, 55 W. 44 Place.

The Harlem People's Steam & Hand Laundry System, $5,000; R. Miles, Elizabeth Woolridge, Anna C. Furbert, 217 W. 134 St.

W. H. Meyer & Co., Buffalo, candy, syrup, confectionery, $8,000; C. A. Kaiser, P. Mikos, W. H. Meyer, 756 B'way, Buffalo.

The Panama Knitting Mills, B'klyn, bathing suits, sweaters, $5,000; Daniel Starr, Herman and Max Simon, 99 Amboy St., B'klyn.

Copeland Hotel Co., Larchmont, $5,000; Edith W., F. W., and A. E. Copeland, Larchmont.

Wabash Realty Corp'n, $5,000; W. C. Daly, Josephine E. Dolan, F. G. Decaro, 402 S. 5th St., B'klyn.

Capital increase: Saratoga Sand & Gravel Co., Albany, $10,000 to $15,000.

Capital reduction: Singer Motor Company, New York, $175,000 to $50,000.

Voluntary dissolution: Thomson Avenue Land Company, Utica.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Aug. 26.—New concerns chartered:

Wilson Advertising Co., Camden, general advertising, $10,000; E. W. Wilson, C. B. Carruth, E. H. Warne, all of Camden.

Warren Piano Co., Inc., Camden, piano business, $5,000; F. R. Hansell, G. H. B. Martin, E. T. Vennel, all of Camden.

MORE GOODS RELEASED.

Method for Getting Belgian Ones Bought Before March 1.

Cables received in this city yesterday reported that the British authorities at London have issued additional permits for the shipment of merchandise purchased by American importers prior to March 1. The lines affected by the latest batch of permits include Barmen and Plauen laces, glassware, woolens, cotton goods and paper merchandise of various kinds, all manufactured in Germany or Austria-Hungary.

Carl W. Stern, of M. J. Corbett & Co., Custom House brokers, who are acting in behalf of many local importers, said yesterday that considerable credit should be given the firm's London representative, W. W. Bride, for his success in securing the permits. Mr. Stern is also interested in getting shipments of Belgian goods to this country. In reference to this he said:

"In the case of merchandise purchased prior to March 1 by American firms from Belgium or from those doing business in Luxemburg and now held at Rotterdam awaiting shipment, the British Government has applied a somewhat different rule to that applied to German and Austrian merchandise. It can be quickly released if a cash deposit is made with the British authorities in London for the value of the goods, and upon an undertaking given the British authorities, the conditions of which are that the money will not be turned over to the Belgian or Luxemburg seller until after the termination of the war."

A. G. Hays, of the local law firm of Hays, Kaufman & Lindhem, representing American importing interests in London, cabled yesterday that permits have been issued to the following local firms: R. H. Macy & Co., various lines of goods; Eimer & Amend, drugs and chemicals; Robert Chapman & Sons, photographic goods; Standard Finding Company, leather, and William Allendorf, linens. Permits were also granted releasing 427 cases of toys purchased by Louis Wolf & Co., Boston. All of the above goods were ordered before March 1, but not paid for.

SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO.
Will Hold An Exhibition of
Model Wraps, Suits, Coats, Sport Coats,
Middy Blouses, Waists, Hats, etc.
MADE OF
KAYSER ITALIAN SILK FABRICS
Created by
Hickson, Cole, Leo D. Greenfield & Co., Inc., Rosenfeld & Wolff,
United Fashion Company, Louise & Co., Phipps and others,
at their showrooms,
114 to 120 East 23rd Street,
TODAY, FRIDAY, AUG. 27, 1915, 2:30-4:30.

116-118-120 East 27th St.
Round the Corner from 4th Ave.
STORE AND LOFTS
An extremely high-class new fire-proof building, in the heart of the wholesale drygoods district. Size 66.8 x 100 ft. Three elevators. Complying with all new regulations, including smoke-proof fire tower. Approved sprinkler system—minimum fire insurance rates. Convenient to Subway, "L," Surface lines, Theatre and Hotel districts. Ready for occupancy Nov. 1st. Store, mezzanine and basement, $8,000 per annum. First and eleventh lofts, each $3,250 per annum. Second to tenth loft, each $3,000 per annum. Apply on premises, to your own broker, or
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Sons NEW YORK & CHICAGO

To open bag release handle and press back lock.
AUTOMATIC LOCKING BAG
ELKUS & OLIAN Inc., 640 Broadway, Brooklyn. Williamsburgh 4679

Century None Better Made. RUBBER STAMPS HIGHEST QUALITY EFFICIENT SERVICE Commercial Stationers Write for Agency To 318 B'WAY, N. Y.

M. M. Patent Petticoats Showing Fall Line. Silk $18 to $60. 38 West 25th St. Cotton $7 to $15. Meyer-Mayers, Inc. (Founder Mayers & Lester)

GUARANTEED WEAR PROOF.
MIDDYS Made of that wonderful fabric "Silkenfiel" Zee Ess
Z. & S. Middy & Waist Co. Showroom 39 W. 32d St. Factory, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Made IN U.S.A. Manufacturers' Offerings Made IN U.S.A.

150 new FALL MODELS ready for your inspection. PHIL GILL DRESS VALUE CREATOR 39 W. 32d St. In the Heart of the Trade

We have our Fall line ready to show from $8.50 up. Rose Dress Co. 25-29 West 31st

We have a Silk Crepe-de-Chine Dress, Latest Model, at $5.75. A Great Value. Immediate Delivery.

Sol. Shapiro Mfg. Co. Smart Dresses—Makers 116-118 W. 29th St. from $2.75 up.

APRONS
25¢ UP DEAN'S 1000 STYLES
MADE WITH Dean LOCK STITCH
LOCKSTITCHED
45 East 17th St.

Great Northern Hotel
118 W. 57TH ST.
Phone 1900 Circle.
Room & Bath, $2.00 Up
Suites, - $4.00 Up
Club Features in Restaurant.
Home Dinner, $1.00.
Friday Shore Dinner, $1.00

Permanent Merchandise Exhibition of
WOMEN'S WEAR
and 5c, 10c and 25c Goods.
WORLD'S MARKET CORPORATION
28 WEST 23RD ST.

"KAYSER" CLOTH
SECO SILK
☞ SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO. ☜
Exclusive Distributors.
The Silk Clearing House of America,
114-120 EAST 23D ST.

A Special Manicure Set
for the 25-cent trade is being offered by Ellis and Goltermann, 122 W. 27th St.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.
NOTICE.

On August 23, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named court on behalf of the United States against 1,088 cases of canned tomatoes upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on September 8, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

August 23, 1915.
THOS. D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.
NOTICE.

On August 23, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named court on behalf of the United States against 550 cases of canned tomatoes upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States Revised Statutes.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on September 8, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

August 23, 1915.
THOS. D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, by John Van Praag, auctioneer, on Friday, September 3d, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon on the 10th floor, U. S. Appraiser's Warehouse, No. 641 Washington Street, corner Christopher Street, New York City, New York, one refiner folder machine, one fancy cutting machine complete, and five stamps. The machine will be on exhibition Thursday, September 2, 1915. Catalogues mailed upon request as soon as issued.
Dated New York, August 12, 1915.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Take notice that the undersigned, Assignee for the benefit of creditors, by virtue of a deed of assignment executed by Max L. Stegman, will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, the assignor's assets, consisting of a high-grade stock of men's furnishings and store fixtures at the premises No. 219 Springfield Avenue, Newark, New Jersey. Max L. Stegman has only been in business for ten months, and the stock and fixtures are brand new. The assignee's right, title, and interest in and to a certain lease will be offered for sale.

The said sale will be conducted on Monday, August 30, 1915, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

EDWARD J. RYAN, Assignee.
DAVID BOBKER, Attorney for Assignee, 786 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of Creditors of JOHN J. WHITE to WILLIAM H. LYONS, Assignee.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at Public Auction, through Louis Weil, Auctioneer, all the assets of the above-named assignor, consisting of boots, shoes, rubbers, and findings, on the 7th day of September, 1915, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at No. 5,201 Third Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York.

Dated August 26th, 1915.
WILLIAM H. LYONS, Assignee.
SAMUEL J. RAWAK, Attorney for Assignee, 256 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

THE WEATHER

WASHINTON, Aug. 26.—High pressure prevails over central and northern districts east of the Rocky Mountains, with the crest over Lake Superior, and temperatures are considerably below the seasonal average over interior districts.

Frosts were reported Thursday in North Dakota and Northern Minnesota. In the South temperatures were seasonable, while in the West they have again risen and are considerably above the seasonal average, with general low pressure prevailing.

Showers were quite general in the Plains States, the Lower Missouri, and the Middle Mississippi Valleys, and there were local thunder showers in the Southern States, the Central Rocky Mountain region, Utah, and Southern Arizona. Over the remainder of the country the weather was fair.

There will be showers Friday and Saturday in the Ohio Valley, the Eastern Gulf, and the Southern Atlantic States Friday or Friday night, and probably Saturday in the lower lake region, and on Saturday or Saturday night in the Middle Atlantic States. In Arkansas and Louisiana local thunder showers Friday will be followed by generally fair weather Saturday, while in the upper lake region and New England the weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday.

It will be warmer Saturday in the upper lake region, but elsewhere east of the Mississippi River temperature changes will not be important.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate northwest; Middle and South Atlantic Coasts, moderate north and northeast, except east and southeast off the Florida Coast.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and Pennsylvania—Fair Friday; Saturday partly cloudy, probably showers by night.

Southern New England and New Jersey—Fair Friday; Saturday partly cloudy.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Friday; showers at night or Saturday.

Northern New England—Fair Friday and Saturday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	62	62	4 P. M.	73	75
6 A. M.	62	61	6 P. M.	67	72
9 A. M.	64	69	9 P. M.	64	65
12 M.	69	73	11 P. M.	64	63

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 68; for the corresponding date last year it was 67; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 68; maximum temperature, 76 degrees, at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 60 degrees, at 5 A. M. Humidity, 59 per cent., at 8 A. M.; 54 per cent., at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.97 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.05 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
3:40—506 11 Av.; August Ludwig....Slight
4:00—305 E. 100 St.; Isaac Weindfelt..Slight
6:50—527-529 E. 72; J. Walsh & others.$15,000
7:50—237 Cherry St.; Jennie Rathmaker..Slight
8:10—550 Broome St.; Isabella Dullmeyer.Slight
9:35—415 E. 71 St.; Amiel Cida.......None
9:30—208 E. 73 St.; Frederick Yudel..Not given
10:30—21-23 Pitt St.; B. Pollock.......Slight
10:50—55 2 Av.; Jennie Levine.........Slight
11:40—1,525 1 Av.; Rubin Lefkowitz...Slight
11:40—Sedgwick Av., near Fordham Road; D. S. C. wagon..........$50
P. M.
12:01—125 W. 133 St.; not given........None
1:20—12 Goerck St.; Mary Saviento..Slight
2:20—501 E. 116 St.; J. Clap..........Slight
2:25—227 E. 51 St.; M. O'Brien........Slight
2:45—437 E. 119 St.; J. Molasky.......Slight
4:00—53 W. 33 St.; Greeley Sq. Hotel Co.Slight
4:15—109 E. 125 St.; Harry Gilbert....$500
4:20—5 Av. & 26 St., (auto;) Reilly Electrotype Co. ....Slight
4:30—521 E. 88 St.; A. Brocker........Slight
6:05—416 St. Nicholas Av.; M. Laumley..Slight
7:04—557 W. 37 St.; Rohe Bros.......Slight
7:40—240 E. 110 St.; Sol Hecht........None
7:45—372 3 Av.; Aaron Weis...........Slight
7:45—2,652 3 Av.; Metropolitan Theatre.Slight
10:50—1,921 B'way; Nathan Lesser....Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments: To take effect 4 P. M., Aug. 27: Patrol. W. Seifert, 61 to 274; D. Murray, 274 to 61; T. E. Nelis, 3d I. D. to 35. Mutual—To take effect 4 P. M., Aug. 27: Patrol. L. Pettigrew, 68 to 69, mounted duty; R. F. Connolly, 69 to 68, mounted duty discon.

Temporary Assignments: Surg. D. J. Donovan, 5th S. D., in charge 7th S. D., in addition to his own, 20 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 2; Lt. P. Brady, 165 to 11th I. D., 16 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 27; Patrol. P. Gough, 33, to C. O., duty in City Hall corridors, 11 days, 9 A. M., Aug. 26; J. E. Bealler and W. W. Ruege, 153, to 11th I. D., 4 P. M., Aug. 28, to 8 A. M., Aug. 31; J. Powers, 165, to 11th I. D., 14 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 31; R. C. Nugent and J. F. Lorigan, 168, and G. C. Schlessinger and J. J. Crowley, 170, to 15th I. D., 1 day, from 2 P. M., Aug. 29; J. T. McGann, 169, S. E. Thompson, 171, and J. E. Cassidy, 174, to 15th I. D., 4 P. M., Aug. 28, to 8 A. M., Aug. 31; to 15th I. D. from precincts indicated, 10 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 29: C. Kellerman, 22; J. Cross, 170; J. Vitale, 43; J. C. Jagel, 171; to 15th I. D. from precincts indicated, 10 days, 4 P. M., Aug. 28: F. Rocklein, 149; J. J. Wilson, 169; W. T. Major, 169; G. W. Cook, 279; to 12th I. D. from precincts indicated, 4 P. M., Aug. 28, to 8 A. M., Aug. 31: T. M. Webster, 279; H. H. Marks, 283; H. Winters, 285; T. L. Connors, 281; P. Schappert, 283; T. V. Duffy, 285.

Assignments discontinued: Patrol., to C. O. from precincts indicated, (temporary, 8 A. M. Aug. 26: J. T. Carroll, 1; J. A. Arras, 2; W. J. Quinn, 4; O. W. Reich, 13; H. J. Smith, 25; G. Magee, 29; W. H. Long, 31; T. D. McClennand, 36; F. C. Kelly, 40; J. Ferguson, 61; E. C. Schoell, 63; P. Donovan, 65; C. Gutgsell, 146; W. Meyer, 149; W. C. Franke, 164; Mount. Patrol. T. J. Stephens, 69, to 61, (temporary,) 4 P. M. Aug. 27.

Leaves of absence, with full pay: Surg. Mark Williams, 7th S. D., 20 days, 8 A. M. Sept. 2, vacation. Without pay: Lt. S. C. Hauptman, 15, 1 day, 12:01 A. M. Sept. 9, and 1 day, 12:01 A. M. Sept. 18; Patrol. M. Pollack, 13, 1 day, 6 P. M. Sept. 17; E. S. Zadi, 16, 4 days, 8 A. M. Aug. 28; J. G. Davis, 26, 1 day, 4 P. M. Aug. 26; J. J. Bryan, 149, 1 day, 4 P. M. Aug. 29; E. A. Kearney, Bridge, 3 days, 12:01 A. M. Aug. 31.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. C. A. Motjenbacker, 18, 9:50 A. M. July 7 to noon July 12; J. F. Hayes, 39, 6:45 P. M. July 28 to 12 P. M. Aug. 5; F. X. Hilbert, 39, 7:45 P. M. July 28 to noon Aug. 6; G. R. Leonard, 161, 6:05 P. M. Aug. 18, during disability; W. J. Farrell, 278, 2 A. M. July 5 to 12:01 A. M. July 20.

Fire Department.

Advancements in grade, effective at 8 A. M. on dates specified: 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 1—M. A. Jessup, Eng. 4; T. J. Reilly, 4; O. Quinn, 5; H. Schwall, 6; C. Ptacek, 8; A. D. Gooddell, 10; G. W. Ruf, 10; S. S. Scrivani, 11; C. Nathan, 13; J. J. Walsh, No. 3, 14; P. A. Johnston, 16; J. W. Newnom, Jr., 16; V. Vojacek, 20; M. Comasky, 21; D. J. Shea, 22; A. F. Wargowitz, 23; F. A. Riegert 24; E. Egelhofer, 24; C. F. Stahlhut, 27; F. G. Franke, 28; M. M. Fox, 34; W. L. Cahill, 34; A. J. Devlin, 36; G. J. Osterman, 37; J. S. Foster, 38; C. A. Silbereisen, 42; J. J. Glynn, 46; C. R. Senner, H. & L. 28; J. F. Harrington, 35; C. M. Johnson, 76; G. A. Froese, 77; J. C. Morck, 78; J. Klein, Eng. 203; C. G. Paulding, Jr., 204; J. S. Dolan, 205; E. F. Driscoll, 207; R. N. Kassmann, 209; A. C. Xeller, 210; A. Joseph, 210; R. E. Stothard, 213; W. F. Hickey, 214; C. Gallagher, 214; C. T. Taylor, 214; J. B. Lavery, 220; J. H. Murray, 220; T. F. Starkey, Jr., 221; F. J. McArdle, 221; A. F. Ruoff, 222; W. A. Andrews, 224; T. J. Fearn, 225; P. Engel, 230; C. M. Deutsch, 238; A. C. Polsson, 239; M. M. Karkel, 251; D. O'Neill, 56; W. J. Mooney, 58; A. E. Jemm, 60; L. B. Large, 65; W. G. Mayer, 65; O. Debrenz, 71; J. W. Treubig, 82; J. J. McCarthy, No. 2, 88; M. T. Crowe, H. & L. 16; M. O'Connell, 20; E. Laffan, 20; F. Parks, 21; R. J. Egan, 22; F. E. Sullivan, 122; M. J. Nolan, Eng. 279; W. Anderson, Jr., 280; W. Seymour, 280; F. D. Budd, 288; J. J. Carey, H. & L. 102; E. J. Hartten, 104; C. A. Schaefer, 104; W. W. Slocum, 106; G. E. Mineur, 106; J. A. Schweickert, Jr., 108; W. L. Byrnes, 109; W. T. Hazrick, 114; J. Burns, 118; R. B. L. Power, 132; C. J. Franck, Jr., 143. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 6: G. J. Grimm, Eng. 8; C. R. Weidner, 32; T. C. Mitchell, 40; F. H. Ernst, 56; J. E. Oesau, Jr., 280; O. Burpeau, Jr., H. & L. 2. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 10: G. Schafer, Eng. 9; H. J. Murphy, 18; F. A. Gardella, H. & L. 15; M. Moran, Eng. 214; A. F. Crowley, 225; F. Zschorna, 234; G. Hoag, 237; W. Sandberg, H. & L. 119; A. W. G. Conmy, 143. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 15: L. S. J. Moran, Eng. 59. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 18: E. V. Jaycoxe, Eng. 7; J. Goertz, 11; W. E. Adams, 21; B. E. Wells, 21; J. J. Bronleben, 24; G. P. Hemme, 28; J. J. Boertlein, Jr., 35; E. V. Doherty, 40; L. M. Johnson, 59; M. T. Dowling, 83; G. P. Butler, 91; E. J. Eberly, Jr., 91; C. O. Diedrickson, 93; T. H. Maloy, 93; J. Harnett, H. & L. 7; H. F. Gray, 12; D. O'Leary, 21; J. J. Freund, 25; W. J. Hennessy, 76; J. A. Maine, Eng. 157; W. E. Papke, 215; B. Heaney, 219; J. H. Abrams, 226; J. L. Foley, 230; E. H. Werthmuller, 233; E. Schafer, 234; E. E. Jerolamon, 236; J. E. Seger, 252; L. Schneider, 258; J. H. Fleisch, H. & L. 108; F. B. Bender, 111; T. A. Michenfelder, 128. 4th to 3d grade, Sept. 21: W. E. Schalle, Eng. 16; P. C. Piatti, 19; G. Kohn, 34; C. M. Brown, 53, F. Collin, 89; J. F. Gorevin, 205; G. P. Schmidt, 231; J. H. Woodson, H. & L. 106; V. Hansen, 108; A. Krause, 110. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 23: M. A. Lukas, Eng. 212. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 25: W. F. Carlock, Eng. 25; F. W. Puck, 46; J. W. McCabe, 59; W. H. Moloney, H. & L. 20; G. Hanrahan, 25; P. J. T. O'Neill, 30; J. A. Morgan, 38; R. E. Fullis, 40; C. A. Hausmann, 44; F. J. Stevens, Eng. 204; H. J. Feeley, 207; J. A. Gildersleeve, 239; J. Burns, H. & L. 112; L. J. Sedelmeyer, 112. 4th to 3d grade, Sept. 25: H. H. Eichler, Eng. 5; J. J. Garrett, 20; J. W. Quehl, 212; F. A. Embeck, 218. 3d to 2d grade, Sept. 28: J. Bauschatz, Eng. 206.

Tried before W. Holden Weeks, Dep. and Act. Fire Commissioner, Aug. 26; Fire., 2d gr., W. J. Costello, H. & L. 5, neglect of duty, guilty, three regular leaves withheld; Fire., 2d gr., R. L. Montgomery, Eng. 18, neglect of duty, guilty, five regular leaves withheld; Prob. Fire., J. A. Shea, Eng. 13, absence without leave, decision reserved.

Commanding officers will note this correction in Fire Department pay table for months having 30 days: Fire., 2d gr., $1,200, ½ day, $1.67, instead of $1.17.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Capt. W. H. Cozine, H. & L. 24, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Aug. 30; Fire., 1st gr., J. E. Doran, Eng. 2, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Aug. 29; Fire., 1st gr., W. J. McGrath, No. 2, H. & L. 25, 24 hours, 8 P. M., Aug. 26; Fire., 1st gr., W. F. Holland, Eng. 76, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Aug. 29; Fire., 1st gr., J. W. Golden, H. & L. 41, 84 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 4; Fire., 1st gr., J. V. Bruton, Eng. 49, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Aug. 29; Eng. H. Conboy, Eng. 50, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 2; Eng. F. Olsen, Eng. 223, 12 hours, 8 P. M., Aug. 28; Fire., 1st gr., A. J. Kelly, H. & L. 147, 36 hours, 8 P. M., Aug. 27; Fire., 1st gr., J. F. Galligan, Eng. 262, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Aug. 29.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Motion days during the months of August and September, 1915, will be as follows:

Bankruptcy motions on Wednesday, Sept. 1, 8, 15, 22, and 29.

General motions on Sept. 2, 9, 15, 23, and 30, 1915.

Notes of issue for the bankruptcy motion calendar must be filed on the Monday preceding the motion day.

Notes of issue for the general motion calendar must be filed not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the motion day.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Gonsher<Spektorsky.
Re Underwood Comp Mach Co.
Baird<O'Rourke Eng, &c, Co.
Kain<Weeks.
Re Meyer, (Brittingham & Co.)
Hoisting Mach Co< Fed Ter Cotta Co.
Kirgan<Westinghouse, (2.)
J S Chem Co<Harrington.
Re Metropolitan Rty Co.
Kaufman<Reich.
G C Graham Const Co <Graham.
Tepper<Tepper.
Wallach<L I R R.
Duffy<Penn R R.
Thibaut & Walker Co <Dowse.
Kuperstein<Gottlieb.
Emig Ind Sav Bank< Solomon.
McGlinchy<Forsythe Bath Co.
Maynard<Gorey.
Gem Cutlery Co<Silverman.
Re 49th St and Madison Av Co.
Man Life Ins Co< Wilward Rty Corp.
Seeley<von Hagen.
Blessing<Graff.
Senechtman<Mellet.
Cohn<Cohn.
Grieco<Adams.
Re Lorenzo & Moreno Brothers.
A D Kneuper Spec Co <Kneuper.
McLaughlin<McLaughlin.
Ascher<Wolf.
Kaminetsky<Shapiro.
Re N Y, (Bronx Boulevard.)
Ex rel Zabriskie< Purdy.
Ex rel Pine St Co< same.
Ex rel Jones<same.
Ex rel Chas A Cox, Inc<same.
Ex rel Marshall<same.
Ex re. Hunnewell< same.
Schnurmacher< Lackin.
Langendorff<Lagen.
Moses<Moses.
Hecht<Burchell-Johnston Corp.
Brown<Mid-Crosstown Ry.
Schaefer<Schaefer.
Tepper<Tepper.
Siegel<Lechner.
Emig Ind Bank< Brooker.
Wood<Wilson.
Re Hornick, (Rothstein.)
Kernochan<Herzog.
Bolles<Herbert & Co.
Herdan<Navona.
Weinberger<Baff.
Solomon<Marks.
Kleinman<Tepfer.
Salvin<Salvin.
Strachstein<Strachstein.
Leggett & Co<Degnon Cont Co.
Penn<Mail & Express Co, (2.)
Strauss<Oppenheim, Collins & Co.
Morgan<Langer.
Silverberg Import Co< Bauman, (2.)
Pitofsky<Polonsky.
Baron de Hirsch Fund <Cooper.
Feuerstein<Feuerstein
Challa<Challa.
Re Levine.
Rosenfeld<Rosenfeld.
Hayes<Am Bridge Co.
Re Association of Auditors and Appraisers.
Carlsen<Carlsen.
Brugger<Cummings.
Walsh<Pernick.
Zittel<Weber.
Mondorf<Otten.
Maclay<Berliner & Greenberg.
B'klyn Sav Bank< Paterno Bros.
Furman<Herschkowitz.

PART II.—Shearn, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART IV.—Recess.

PARTS III., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Will for probate. Marie A Walters.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Sternberg<Silverberg.
Oppenheim, Collins & Co<Ranger.
Cameron<Salinsky.
Chem Realty Co<Neuman.
Greenberg<Siegel.
Clarke<Tumulty.
Turkeltaub<Leckowsky.
Bay<Stewart.
Melvin—Piscitelli.
Levine<Taylor Amuse. Co.
L'Araldo It Pub Co< Pennacchio.
Millington<Sayer.
Myers<Gray.
Fuerst<Rosenberg.
McGraw Pub Co< Leendorf E L Co.
Curtel<Jackson.
Goldstein<Kanefsky.
Graf Rty Holding Co< Schlieff & Grundwerg.
Fuerlicht<Cirker's S W Co.
Hickson<Ayer.
Minakakis<Korn.
Salkind<Gluck.
Chem Realty Co<Neuman.
Banker Cont Co<Callahan Cont Co.
Ridgeway<Mass Tool, &c, Co.
Bronx Leasing Co< Title G & T Co.
Dalaskinka<Green.
Stein<Wilking.
Saks & Co<Woods.
Packard M C Co< Blair.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Koss<Sandy—Joseph M. Edelson; N. Y. Trust Co.< Dininny—Wilbur Larremore.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Lockwood< Di Benedetto—Lewis J. Conlan; Marcotte< Realty Holding Co.—James Dunne.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—N. Y. Life Ins. and Trust Co.<George W. Godward—Martin F. Huberth; Louisa A. Downes<Emma A. Mayhew—Alfred Katz; Claribel F. Lawton<Margaret M. Mooney—Chester J. Byrne; Seymour Realty Co.<County Land & Mtg. Co.—Benjamin Bernstein.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Guy, J.—Ex parte business at 11 A. M. Motion calendar adjourned until Aug. 31.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Tiernan, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tiernan, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—Dorhmann< Merwin Realty Co.—Joseph I. Berry.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—Motions.

Re Wallace.
Mele<Waterbury Co.
Sheldon<Sheldon.
Rudnick<Hess.
Dorn<Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Benichasa<same.
Bergin<N E RR Co.
Seidenman<same.
Lambertson<C I & B RR Co.
Barber<N Y Cons RR.
Evers<same.
Spiegel<B H RR Co.
Rauchfuss<same.
Mittendorf<same.
Iraggi<same.
Martingono<same.
Clifton<same.
Whitmore<Scott.
Burke<Burke.
Henderson<Balz.
Amend<Mfrs-Cit Trust Co.
Haedrich<Haedrich.
Hicks<Cocks.
Kramer<Kramer.
Wetmore<Wetmore (3)
Black<Black.
Levin<Glickman.
Slackman<Kaufman.
Re Elite Rlty Co.
Murray<Silverman.
Rosenthal<Rosofsky.
Roes<McLaughlin.
Cavelli<Cavelli.
N Y Mtg & Sec Co< Stanley.
Lewis<May.
Steinberg<Steinberg.
Less<Brenton Const.
Re Wittschen.
Kramer<Kramer.
Chasins<Rosenthal.
O'Rourke<O'Rourke.
Schoenleber<Aron.
Wallace<Ditmar.
Crandall<Crandall.
Re Downs (Smith).

PART II.—Callaghan, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—No calendar.

TRIAL TERM—No calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—No calendar.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..5:21|Sun sets..6:42|Moon rises..7:50

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:15	9:32	3:08	3:30
Governors Island	9:55	10:09	3:48	4:12
Hell Gate	11:45	11:59	5:28	5:52

Arrived—Thursday, Aug. 26.

SS Lancastrian, London, Aug. 12.
SS Cheyenne, Barrow, Aug. 16.
SS Hathor, Havre, Aug. 12.
SS Stephano, St. John's, Aug. 21.
SS Trafalgar, Carbarien, Aug. 21.
SS Newburn, Newport, Aug. 13.
SS Monkburn, Liverpool, Aug. 8.
SS Greystok Castle, Balboa, Aug. 20.
SS El Sud, Galveston, Aug. 20.
SS Santa Marta, Colon, Aug. 18.
SS El Paso, Galveston, Aug. 20.
SS Rota, Cardiff, Aug. 13.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Bergensfjord	Bergen	Aug. 17
Gloughton	London	Aug. 7
Bayamo	Santiago	Aug. 16
Aldersgate	Buenos Aires	July 27
Philadelphian	London	Aug. 7
Taltac	Balboa	Aug. 16
Bankdale	Brest	Aug. 11
Magdalena	Rotterdam	Aug. 9
Capac	Balboa	Aug. 18
Lord Downshire	Havre	Aug. 15
Strathavon	Barcelona	Aug. 12
Francesco	Hull	Aug. 18
Campine	Rotterdam	Aug. 12
Overdale	Spezia	Aug. 15
Advance	Colon	Aug. 21
Maracaibo	San Juan	Aug. 21
Osterdyk	Rotterdam	Aug. 15
DUE TOMORROW.		
Magdala	Suez	Aug. 5
Chipana	Colon	Aug. 18
Ferio	Hull	Aug. 18
Hawaiian	Balboa	Aug. 19
Korona	Demerara	Aug. 16
Denis	Para	Aug. 15
DUE SUNDAY.		
Ancona	Palermo	Aug. 18
Eureka	Balboa	Aug. 20
Iowan	Cristobal	Aug. 22
Morro Castle	Vera Cruz	Aug. 20
Orion	Buenos Aires	July 29
Purus	New Orleans	Aug. 24
Lampasas	Mobile	Aug. 23
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Aug. 26
DUE MONDAY.		
Espagne	Bordeaux	Aug. 23
Georgie	Liverpool	Aug. 18
Roma	St. Michaels	Aug. 24
Nilas	Amsterdam	Aug. 21
Rossano	Cardiff	Aug. 18
Seguranca	London	Aug. 17
Santa Anna	Gibraltar	Aug. 21
Carolina	Mayaguez	Aug. 25
Metapan	Cristobal	Aug. 24
Turus	Buenos Aires	Aug. 18
Nueces	Tampa	Aug. 24
J. L. Luckenbach	Cristobal	Aug. 22

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Cymric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
California, Bahia	3:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Tuscania, Liverpool	———	5:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Philadelphia, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kroonland, Balboa	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Gregory, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Indian Transport, Montevideo	2:30 A.M.	5:00 A.M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
A. A. Ravn, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Medina, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Lancastrian, London	———	12:00 M.
Pinar del Rio, Havana	———	12:00 M.
Proteus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Rio, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Colorado, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Czar, Archangel	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Saramacca, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Bulgarian Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., AUG. 26.

SS Bergensfjord, Bergen to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 27th, afternoon. Norwegian-America Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS J. L. Luckenbach, Balboa to New York, was 737 miles N. of Colon at noon, 25th.
SS Brabant, Tampico to New York, was 21 miles S. E. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Nueces, Mobile to New York, was 70 miles S. of Jupiter at 7 P. M.
SS Morro Castle, left Nassau for New York at 1:30 P. M.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, passed Tybee at 5:40 P. M.
SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 123 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 210 miles W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.
SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 125 miles S. E. of Mobile Bay at 7 P. M.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 117 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 194 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 991 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Guantanamo, Plymouth, Me., to New York, was 140 miles E. at noon.
SS Maracaibo, San Juan to New York, was 137 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Europe, at Genoa, Aug. 20.
SS Madawoska, at Hongkong, Aug. 24.
SS St. Patrick, at Suez, Aug. 25.
SS Tanagra, at Piraeus, Aug. 12.
SS Iroquois, at London, Aug. 26.

Sailed.

SS St. Paul, from Liverpool, Aug. 25.
SS Adriatic, from Liverpool, Aug. 25.
SS Cymric, from Calcutta, Aug. 24.
SS Hypatia, from Barbados, Aug. 24.
SS Aladdin, from Port Talbot, Aug. 25.
SS Retlau, from Brexham, Aug. 25.
SS Santa Rosalia, from Santos, Aug. 25.
SS Tomaso di Savoia, from Genoa, Aug. 20.
SS Ioannis Vatis, from Oran, Aug. 20.

Passed.

SS Oscar II., Copenhagen for New York, passed Butt of Lewis.
SS Obi, New York for Glasgow, passed Kinsale.
SS City of Bristol, Manila for New York, passed Perim.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Aug. 28, SS Philadelphia.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Sept. 4, SS Espagne.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. Sept. 9, SS Cretic.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. Aug. 31, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 7, SS Noordam.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Aug. 28, SS Duca degli Abruzzi.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver)—Makura ....Aug. 27
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Panama Maru ....Aug. 28
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru ....Aug. 30
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Sado Maru ....Sept. 2
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ....Sept. 2
Hawaii and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Matsonia ....Sept. 3

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Shanghai, July 30; Kobe, Aug. 4, and Yokohama, Aug. 6—which arrived per steamer Panama, were dispatched east from Seattle on Aug. 22, and mails dated Manila, July 25; Hongkong, July 27; Shanghai, July 30; Yokohama, Aug. 7, and Honolulu, Aug. 17, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Shinyo Maru, were dispatched east on Aug. 23. These mails are due in New York today.

POST OFFICE NOTE.

Postmaster Morgan announces that on and after Sept. 1 the sender of an ordinary parcel of fourth-class mail may obtain a receipt therefor.

The purpose of this receipt, for which a fee of 1 cent is charged, is to provide senders, when desired, with a record evidencing their mailing. The issuance of the receipt does not in any way insure the parcel against loss while in the mails, and no receipt is obtained from the addressee upon delivery. Patrons who desire either of these latter facilities must insure their parcels.

Tags will be supplied upon application at the General Post Office or any regular station, upon which the name and address of the addressee of the parcel shall be written by the sender, who may also place his own name thereon if he desires, and affix on the tag a 1 cent postage stamp in the space provided. The tag is to be tied to the parcel before mailing. When the parcel is delivered to the Post Office the receipt will be detached by the postal employe and delivered to the sender.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Orders of July 26, relating to 2d Lts. J. A. Davies and J. A. Stevens, 27th Inf., amended, to transfer Lt. Davies to 17th Inf. and Lt. Stevens to 9th Inf.

Maj. W. M. Roberts, Med. Corps, on leave at Baltimore, Md., from duty at Fort Yellowstone, Wyo., proceed to Texas City, Texas, for duty with 2d Div., with station at Fort Reno, Okla.

Capt. J. B. Douglas, Sig. Corps, relieved from detail that corps, remaining on present duty until further orders.

Second Lt. C. B. King, 5th Cav., will proceed, on expiration of leave, to Fort Myer, Va., for temporary duty.

Leaves: Capt. E. W. Tanner, Q. M. C., 2 mos. and 7 days; Capt. H. S. Hathaway, recruiting officer, 1 mo.; Capt. L. Turtle, C. A. C., extended 1 mo.

Navy.

Capts. T. P. Magruder and N. C. Twining, commissioned.

Commanders: L. R. de Steiguer, command of receiving ship at New York, to command the Kearsarge; H. H. Christy, the Kearsarge, to command the Reina Mercedes; F. N. Freeman, the Colorado, to commander of torpedo flotilla, Pac. Fleet, and H. J. Ziegemeier, commander of torpedo flotilla, Pac. Fleet, to General Board, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Commander Z. E. Briggs, the Oregon, to the Colorado.

Lt. C. G. Davy, to Bureau of Nav., Navy Dept., Washington, Sept. 15.

Junior Grade Lts.: A. E. Bernhard, the Balch, to Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., Sept. 1; C. Culbranson, V. C. Griffin, W. J. Burtis, O. O. Hagen, D. B. Beary, H. P. Curley, J. H. Falge, A. B. Sanborn, E. Buckmaster, L. L. Hunter, H. E. Fisher, A. C. Bennett, W. D. Taylor, L. N. Linsley, G. C. Hitchcock, M. S. Tisdale, and G. H. Fort, all commissioned.

Ensigns: E. B. Hough, to the Sacramento; W. J. Shofner, W. H. A. Pike, and W. Granat to the San Diego, and N. M. Pigman to the Marietta.

P. A. Surg. J. O. Downey, to Mare Island Yard.

A. A. Surg. J. Harris, Navy Recruiting Sta., Hartford, Conn., to Navy Recruiting Sta., Portland, Me.

Movements Naval Vessels.

ARRIVED: Paul Jones, Perry, Preble, and Stewart at Seward, Alaska; Montana at Napeague Bay; Nashville at Port de Paix; Lamson and Hercules at Norfolk; Orion and Neptune at Lambert Point; Triton at Washington; McCall at Whitestone; Drayton at Rosebank; Lebanon at Lynnhaven Bay; Jason at Port au Prince; Lawrence at Mare Island; Tennessee at Philadelphia; Jupiter at Vera Cruz; San Francisco and Baltimore at Newport, and the Annapolis and Cleveland at San Diego.

SAILED: Jouett, Boston Yard for Boston Light; Wyoming, Yankton, and Dolphin, Boston Yard for Gloucester; Downes, Newport for Camden; Dixie, Newport for Hampton Roads; Sacramento, New Orleans for Alacran Reef; Princeton and Nanshan, Tutuca for San Francisco; Orion, Norfolk for New York; Wyoming, Boston for Hampton Roads, and the Hector, Acapulco for Balboa.

The Biddle, now at Philadelphia, has been ordered to proceed to Annapolis about Sept. 15 to resume duties at the Naval Acad.; the Barney, now at Washington, D. C., has been ordered to Annapolis about Sept. 1 for duty at the Naval Acad.; the Nicholson will proceed to Philadelphia for repairs about Sept. 15; the Marietta, now at Progreso, Mex., has been ordered to Santo Domingo City.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following examinations have been ordered by the commission: Fireman, (Fire Department,) $1,000 to $1,400, mental, Nov. 16; milk inspector, city and country, $1,200.

The commission has ordered these examinations: Engineer of steamer, (Fire Department,) applications still open, practical, probably Sept. 15, mental, probably in December; process server, male and female, $900 to $1,200; list expires May 23, 1916.

United States.

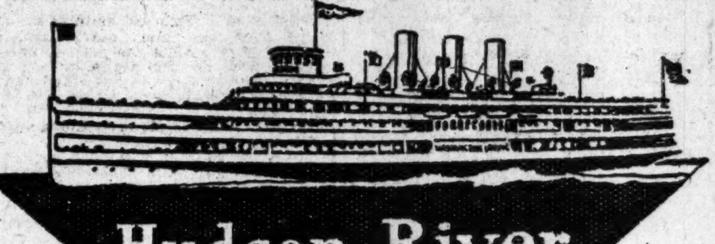
The commission announces an open competitive examination for petroleum engineer, for men only, Sept. 14, 1915. From register of eligibles certification will be made to fill vacancy in Bureau of Mines, for service in field, at salary ranging from $2,500 to $3,000 a year, and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications. The duties of this position will be to investigate technologic problems relating to storage and transportation of oil, with a view to obtaining uniformity and economy in design and construction, preventing waste, and standardizing methods and practices relating to storage and transportation of oils. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, experience, and thesis. At least three years' educational training in a college or university of recognized standing, and at least five years' experience in the designing, construction, and operation of oil pipe lines and construction of steel storage are prerequisites for consideration for this position. Additional credit will be given for experience in transporting oil and designing earthen concrete-lined reservoirs. Under the third subject the thesis must contain the following: Brief discussion of specifications for gas-tight 55,000-barrel steel tank, submitting copy of specifications; also stating measurements competitor considers adequate for computing contents of a 55,000-barrel vertical tank, with explanation; brief discussion of effect of temperature and viscosity of oil on capacity of pipe lines, and submission of empirical formula, based upon competitor's personal experience, with explanations; brief discussion of what determines the location of pump stations on oil pipe lines. Applicants must not have reached their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further particulars may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C., or the Secretary of the United States Civil Service Board, Custom House, this city.

Go to the Mountains
LABOR DAY
$1.50 Round Trip
Mauch Chunk
Glen Onoko
Excursions SUNDAY and MONDAY
(Return Same Day)
Bellewood Park
MONDAY
$1.00 Round Trip
(Return Same Day)
Lehigh Valley Railroad
"Black Diamond Express Route"

Sunday Outing
Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Return, $1
Str. Benj. B. Odell
Leaves Franklin St., 9:00; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M., for West Point, Beacon, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. Music, Restaurant, Lunch Room.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

A DAY'S PLEASURE
EXCURSIONS
HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT
New Jersey Central
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00
NEXT SUNDAY also every Sunday and Holiday
Lv. W. 23d St., 8.50; Liberty St., 9.00 a.m.
Lv. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.
Lv. Broad St., Newark, 8.30 a.m.
Mauch Chunk $1.50
NEXT SUNDAY
Lv. W. 23d St., 8.20; Liberty St., 8.30 a.m.
Lv. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8.47 a.m.
Lv. Broad St., Newark, 8.15 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

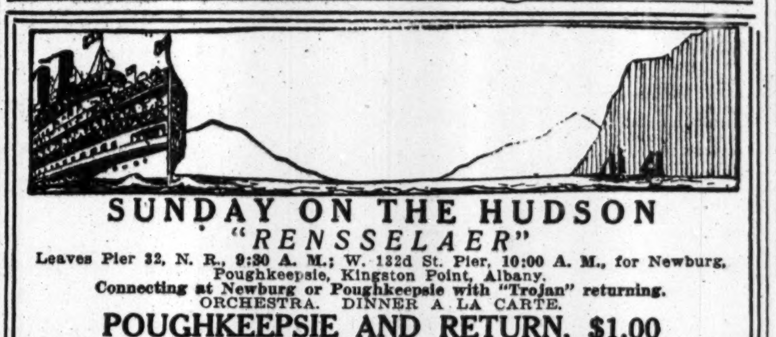
CONEY ISLAND
ROCKAWAY BEACH
STRS. ROSEDALE & CIMBRIA today leave West 129th St., 9:30; West 23d St., 10:15; Battery, 10:45; Coney Island, 6; Rockaway, 5. Excursion tickets, 50c.



Hudson River Day Line
The Finest River Steamers in the World.
"Albany" "Robert Fulton" "Hendrick Hudson" "Washington Irving"
New York and Albany
All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. Music. Restaurant.
Leave Desbrosses St., daily except Sunday, 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany.
Also Desbrosses St., 9:40; W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.
One Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, West Point or Bear Mountain.
Afternoon Boat
For Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outings to Bear Mountain and West Point, returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON."
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring. New York.

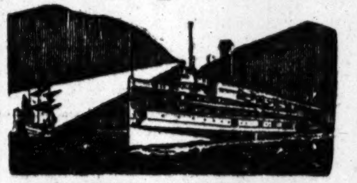
AFTERNOON SAIL
Str. "Albany" to WEST POINT $1 Round Trip
and BEAR MOUNTAIN
Leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45; W. 42d St., 2:00; W. 129th St., 2:20; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Returning, Str. "Robert Fulton" leaves West Point 5:50 P. M., due W. 42d St., 8:40 P. M. Service daily except Sunday.
Music. Restaurant.
Ideal Trip for Saturday Afternoon.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St., Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, New York.

To Boston
and New England Points
Fall River Line
Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA
Leave New York, Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton St., 5:30 P. M. Daily. Due Boston 8:24 A. M. Returning, leave Boston, South Station, 6:00 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M. Afternoon and Evening Concerts.
Providence Line
Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH
Leave New York, Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton St., Daily, except Sunday, 6:00 P. M. Due Boston 7:15 A. M. Returning, leave Boston, South Station, Daily, except Saturday, 6:06 P. M. On Sundays touches at Newport, leaving 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms. Inside Staterooms have outside ventilation and are always cool and comfortable.
Tickets, Staterooms and Information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway. General Office, Pier 14, North River.
The New England Steamship Company



SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON
"RENSSELAER"
Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; W. 132d St. Pier, 10:00 A. M., for Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany.
Connecting at Newburg or Poughkeepsie with "Trojan" returning.
ORCHESTRA. DINNER A LA CARTE.
POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, $1.00
Steamship "ADIRONDACK" will not sail this Sunday.
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

Searchlight Route



NEW YORK—ALBANY—TROY and the NORTH
Daily, including Sunday.
Capital City Line—Pier 32, N. R., foot of Canal St., 5:30 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:00 P. M. Leave Troy 6:00 P. M., Albany 8:00 P. M. Fare $1.00 one way, $1.50 round trip.
New Night Express—Pier 32, N. R., 9:00 P. M.; West 132d St., 10:00 P. M. Leave Troy (except Sunday) 9:00 P. M., Albany daily, including Sunday, 11:00 P. M. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 round trip.
People's Line—Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Leave Albany 8:00 P.M. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 round trip.
Sunday mornings boat for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, and Albany—Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; West 132d St., 10:00 A. M. Leaves Albany 10:00 A. M.
Tourist Automobile Rates, $5 and $10 one way; $7.50 and $15 round trip.
Extra service southbound Labor Day night, SS. Berkshire, Adirondack, Trojan, Rensselaer, and Frank Jones. Northbound Labor Day night, SS. Greenport at 5:30 P. M. and C. W. Morse at 8 P. M. No night express steamer this day from New York.
Tel. Spring 9400.
Hudson Navigation Co.

Iron Steamboat Co.
A Day ON THE OCEAN "TAURUS"
Deep Sea Fishing Str.
Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1 N. R. ONLY.
CONEY ISLAND
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET,
9:00, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.
LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER,
9:45, 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.
LVE. STEEPLECHASE, CONEY ISLAND,
10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Trip marked * does not go to 129th St.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Str. "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Lve. Yonkers 8:35 A. M.; W. 129th St. 9:40 A. M., *1:15 P. M.; Pier 1, N. R., 10:20 A. M., 2:15 P.M.; Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:30 P. M.
*Transfer to Str. "Grand Republic."
Full Time Tables are on INSIDE of back cover of Telephone Directories. Telephone Rector 872.

INTER-STATE PARK HIGHLAND LAKE
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES
UP THE BEAUTIFUL HUDSON
Str. "Highlander" Dancing Reg. Dinner 50c
Weekdays & Sundays Lvs. Battery 9.15, W. 23d St. 9:45, Yonkers 10:45 A. M.
Str. Mary Powell | Str. Newburgh
Weekdays Only | Sund'ys & Holid's
Lve W. 42d St. 10.20, W. 129th St. 10.40 A.M.
Round Trip, Daily, 50c Children, 25c. Sundays & Holidays, 75c. Children, 50c.
McALLISTER ST'B'T CO. Tel. Broad 952
& Mary Powell St'b't Co. Tel. Spring 4141

S. S. "MANDALAY"
Moonlight Sail Up-the-Hudson Every Evening.
Leaving Battery 7:30 P. M., West 131st St. 8:30 P. M. DANCING FREE.
DAY TRIPS Week Days and Sundays
To ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
New Route to Jersey Coast Resorts.
25 Cts. EACH WAY
Lvs. W. 131st St. 9:30 A. M.
" Battery Pier 10:30 A. M.
" Atlantic Highlands 5 PM
Ret. to Battery only 7 P. M.
EXTRA TRIP Saturday Afternoons. Leaves Battery 2 P.M.
Trains & Trolleys to all Coast Resorts.
Tels.: Pier, Morn. 439. Broad 179-3263.
Knights Columbus Day Highland Falls, Sept. 12

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Splendid Strs. lv. Pier 43, N. R. (ft. Christopher St.), 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M. (Daily except Sunday). For Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and way landings. Direct connection for Cairo, Palenville, Otis Summit, Haines Falls, Tannersville, and all points in the Catskill Mountains.
SATURDAY SPECIAL, to Malden ($1.00), Catskill and Hudson. FARE, $1.25. Lv. Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers, 1:45 P. M.
REDUCED FARE TO MALDEN $1.00 IN EACH DIRECTION
SPECIAL REDUCED RATES for AUTOMOBILES. Send for AUTO TOUR BOOK or phone 1097 Spring.

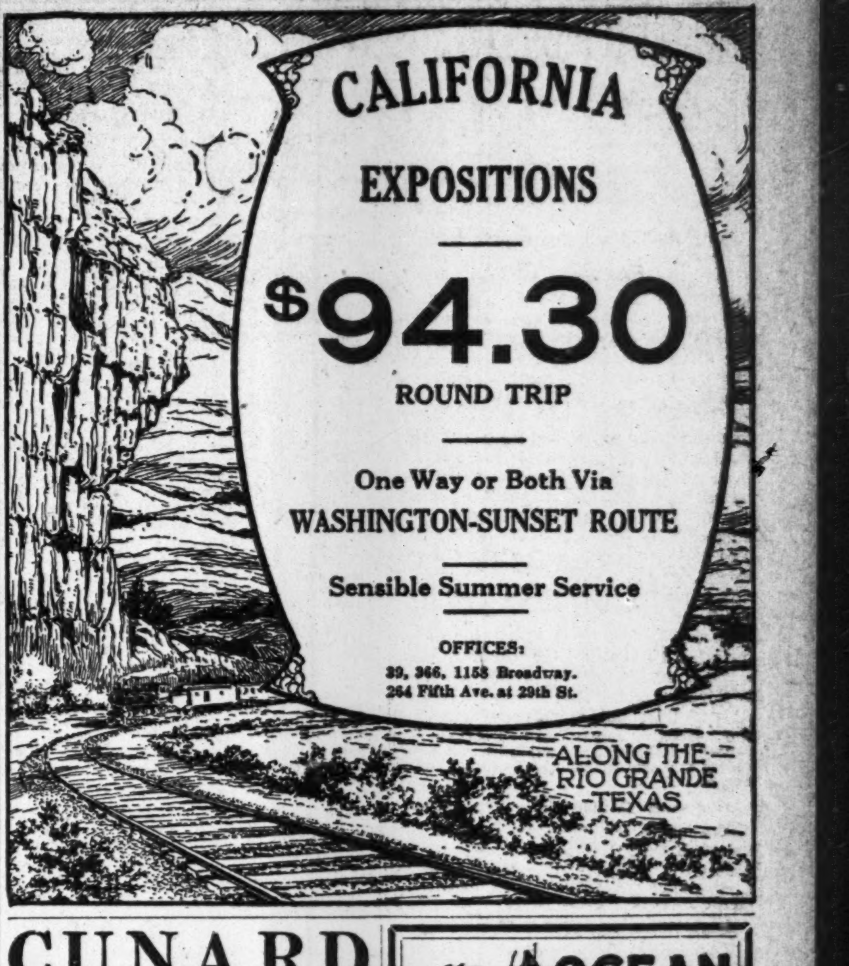
ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 60c CENTS
For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; Battery, 8:55 a. m., 2:55 p. m. Suns. & Hols. Franklin St., 8:30, 9:15; Battery, 8:55, 9:35 a. m.

BLOCK ISLAND, EVERY SUNDAY R. I. $1.50
Via Long Island R. R. Special Express train to Montauk, thence by steamer "Shinnecock" to Block Island. For full particulars see excursion column Sat. papers.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 p. m. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

TO NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
Sandy Hook Route. New Jersey Central.

"NIAGARA TO THE SEA" by Canada S. S. Lines, Ltd., 153 Victoria Sq., Montreal.



CALIFORNIA
EXPOSITIONS
$94.30
ROUND TRIP
One Way or Both Via
WASHINGTON-SUNSET ROUTE
Sensible Summer Service
OFFICES:
39, 366, 1158 Broadway.
264 Fifth Ave. at 29th St.
ALONG THE RIO GRANDE TEXAS

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL
*TUSCANIA, FRI., AUG. 27, 5 P.M.
SAXONIA, - - WED., SEPT. 8, 10 A. M.
ORDUNA, - - SAT., SEPT. 25, 10 A. M.
*TUSCANIA, - - FRI., OCT. 1, 5 P. M.
SAXONIA, - - SAT., OCT. 9, 10 A. M.
ORDUNA, - - SAT., OCT. 23, 10 A. M.
*En Route to Glasgow.
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS.
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 62, N.R., Noon
Philadelphia..Aug. 28 | St. Paul..Sept. 4
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
†Cymric.....Aug. 27 | Adriatic.....Sept. 8
†Cabin and 3rd class passengers only.
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa.
Cretic..Sept. 9, 3 P. M. | Canopic..Sept. 30
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

AUSTRALIA
Honolulu and South Seas
Shortest Line (19 days) Quickest Time
"VENTURA"—"SONOMA"—"SIERRA"
10,000-ton American Steamers—(Rated Lloyds 100 A1)
$130 Honolulu Round Trip First Class Sydney, $337.50
SAILING DATES
HONOLULU—Sept. 28, Oct. 26.
SYDNEY—Sept. 28, Oct. 26.
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
673 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.
Or H. E. Burnett, Agt., 17 Battery Place, N.Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX
ESPAGNE . . Sept. 4, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Sept. 11, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . Sept. 18, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Sept. 25, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900.

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water
BOSTON Metropolitan Line Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL
Lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., every day 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Same service returning. Unsurpassed facilities for expeditious handling of Automobiles, Horses, and Freight—Express Service.
Portland Maine Steamship Line Steamships
NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR.
Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tues., Thurs., and Sats., 5 P. M.; also Mons., 10:30 A. M.
Tkts. and information at Piers, also at all Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.

"The World's Pleasure Grounds"
GLEN ISLANDS
Every seaside amusement: fine bathing, boating and fishing; Bayne's band concerts; "The Zoo"; restaurant; plants and flowers; clambake dinner and a la carte; dancing; "Klein Deutschland"; The Dairy. Steamers leave Battery 9.45, 11.15 A.M., 2.30, 3.30 P.M. East 24th St. half hour later. Extra Boats Sundays. Round Trip 50c.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.40.
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75
ROUND TRIP $3.30.
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50.
STATEROOMS, $1.00, $1.50 AND $2.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.
Write for illustrated Folder.

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 TO ALBANY
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Autos and Horses at Low Rates.
Steamers Lv. daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 131st St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPOINT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:00 P. M.

DAILY AND SUNDAY TRIPS TO
50¢ YACHT TRIP 75¢
10.30 A.M. 2.30 P.M.
YACHT CLIFTON LEAVES FOOT WEST 42d ST.
Encircling City. Sight Seeing. Sat. & Sun. 25c add'l.
Tel. Bryant 3628. Folders in all Hotels & Tkt. Ofcs.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lve. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

RAILROADS.
N. J. CENTRAL POPULAR OUTINGS.
Sundays, Holidays. See ads. or agents.

OCEAN TRIP
A VACATION ON THE WATER
Cool, restful and refreshing.
$95 New York to Havana and return; 6 days at sea, 4 days on shore, including hotel expenses.
$60 California Expositions side trip, New York, Havana, New Orleans, by steamer, going or returning.
Write Dept. F for "The Ideal Vacation"
WARD LINE
New York & Cuba Mail S. S. Co.
General Office, Pier 14, E. R., N. Y.

BERMUDA
Tours to this delightful Ocean Resort by twin-screw S. S. "Bermudian," including tickets, hotels, drives, transfers, etc.
All Expense Tours, 8 Days, $42.50
Next departure Sept. 8. Tickets and all information from
THOS. COOK & SON
245 B'way (Opp. City Hall Park)
264 Fifth Ave. (Cor. 29th St.)
561 Fifth Ave. (Cor. 46th St.)
2081 Broadway (Cor. 72d St.)

A Vacation Cruise for Two to Boston
Every Day in the Week.
All-the-way-by-Water on the Great Express Passenger Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill of the Metropolitan Line.
$25.00 FOR TWO
$12.50 each includes transportation, staterooms, hotel, auto tour to Historic Concord and Lexington, and boat trip to Pemberton and Nantasket Beach.
Itineraries, Reservations, & Tickets from
GEO. E. MARSTERS
1246 Broadway, New York.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
Only direct line to RUSSIA
S. S. Czar, Aug. 29
S. S. Dwinsk, Sept. 9
S. S. Kursk, Sept. 20
1st Class, $90; 2d, $65
Daily through service to Petrograd, Moscow, etc.
Regular 11 Days' Service to Archangel.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Agts., 27 B'way, N. Y.

TRANSATLANTICA ITALIANA
DIRECT Regular Service Between
NEW YORK GENOA NAPLES
The New Twin Screw Steamer, 14,000 tons,
Dante Alighieri Sailing from NEW YORK Sept. 11
1st Class, $90 up; 2d Class, $65 up.
McDONNELL & TRUDA, General Agents,
2 Battery Place, New York.

SOUTH AMERICA
BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
S. S. Vasari.....Sept. 4, 11 A. M.
S. S. Verdi, Sept. 18, 10:30 A. M.
BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Geared Turbines
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
TUSCANIA
Friday, August 27th, 5 P. M.
Calling at Liverpool.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

FABRE LINES TO PARIS
VIA NAPLES AND MARSEILLES
SANT' ANNA..Sept. 7 | PATRIA (new)..Sept. 30
Via Azores, Lisbon, and Gibraltar,
ROMA....................SEPT. 8
Jos. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

TO FRANCE BY
LLOYD ITALIANO
CASERTA, SEPT. 18 | TAORMINA, SEPT. 29
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Under Italian Flag. Rates, $65 & $90 up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

LABOR DAY TOURS
Niagara Falls, Atlantic City, Lake George, Ausable Chasm, Thousand Islands, etc. Also to all prominent Summer Resorts.
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
396 B'way, New York. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

LABOR DAY OUTINGS 50 Short Holiday Tours to All Near-by Resorts. Send for Circular. MARSTERS, 1246 Broadway, N. Y.

EVERY HOUR ONE LONG DELIGHT!
Low fares to all points SOUTH.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., 501 5th Av., N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS to any port.
Official Agent All Lines.
Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 225 5th Av., N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
To all points south and West. Every week day at 3 P. M., Pier 25, North River. Tel. 3900 Franklin.

TO BRAZIL.—Neutral passenger steamers. Lloyd Brasileiro, 17 State St., N. Y.

12-Day, All-Expense Northern Cruise $60. Booklet free Red Cross Line, New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Plaintiffs Buy in Fifth Avenue Building Near Forty-second Street at Foreclosure—Dwelling Sales—Builders Acquire Bronx Plots—Suburban Activity—Commercial Leasing.

Very light trading characterized the realty market yesterday. The auction room furnished one sale that was of interest in the upper Fifth Avenue retail centre in the offering at foreclosure of the eighteen-story building at 505 Fifth Avenue, on a plot 37 by 108, just north of Forty-second Street. It was sold in an action brought by Schuyler L. Parsons and others against the receiver of the Improved Property Holding Company, formerly controlled by Henry Corn, to recover a mortgage judgment of $257,576, with taxes amounting to $20,998. Henry Brady was the auctioneer and on a single bid of $25,000 the property was struck down to the plaintiffs.

The land was originally held under a long lease by Henry Corn from the Parsons' estate. The building was not included in the property sold to close up the affairs of the company about two years ago. The building was one of the first tall structures erected in the Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street vicinity, and the plot was formerly the site of the old Parsons family home.

Hoffman Estate Sells Dwelling.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for the estate of Paul Hoffman, 312 West 104th Street, a three and one-half-story dwelling on lot 20 by 55 by 100.5, to a client for occupancy.

Buys Two East Side Dwellings.

L. Simon has purchased from Mrs. Henrietta A. Rosenblatt the three-story and basement private dwelling 109 East Ninety-first Street, and from the estate of Samuel Rosenblatt the adjoining three-story and basement private house 111 East Ninety-first Street. The two properties form a plot 30 feet by 100 feet and will be altered by the buyer into two American basement dwellings immediately. Leon S. Altmayer negotiated the transaction.

A Manhattan-Bronx Trade.

As a permanent investment Henry Klapper has purchased from Leonard Weill the northeast corner of Bryant Avenue and Freeman Street, a five-story new law flat, with seven stores fronting 53 feet on the avenue, 85.6 feet on the street, and measuring 100 feet and 50 feet on its other lines.

The buyer gave in part payment the four-story flat at 1,434 Second Avenue, near Seventy-fifth Street, reported sold recently. Adolph and Henry Bloch, as attorneys, represented Mr. Klapper in the transaction.

Bronx Sales

As a site for a six-story apartment house, a Bronx builder has purchased from the Henry Morgenthau Company a vacant plot 50 by 100 on the southwest corner of 189th Street and Cambrelling Avenue.

A plot of four lots running through from Cambrelling to Dumont Avenue, with frontages of 50 feet on each thoroughfare, being 100 feet south of 189th Street, has been sold by the D. H. Jackson Company, Samuel H. Jackson, President, to Nathan Wilson and Charles Pincus. The depth of the plot is 145 feet. The new owners will erect two five-story apartments. The seller acquired the property a few weeks ago from Henry Wendt.

Brooklyn.

The Jerome Property Corporation of Brooklyn has sold 381 Fifth Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, a three-story single apartment house, on a lot 20 by 100 feet, for Mrs. M. Waterman to Mrs. A. Carswell for investment.

Isidore Zimmer has leased to Alexander Hinderstein and Paul Axelbond for a term of years the twelve four and five-story apartment houses comprising the block front on Eastern Parkway, between Saratoga Avenue and St. John's Place, and known as 1,504 to 1,530 Eastern Parkway, 458 to 468 Saratoga Avenue, and 1,809 to 1,813 St. John's Place.

Borden Company Enlarges Plot.

The Borden Condensed Milk Company has purchased from Cornelius W. Clark a plot, 27 by 90, on the west side of Steinway Avenue, 175 feet south of Pierce Avenue, Long Island City. The plot adjoins the Borden Company's plant, which is to be enlarged.

Walter Outbids Bermel in Queens.

Henry Walter, a former Deputy County Clerk of Queens, bought at auction for $5,300 over a mortgage of $5,000 yesterday a plot on Grand Street, near Jefferson Street, Newtown. Joseph Bermel, the former Queens Borough President, advanced $5,000 for the building of two houses. Bermel bid the plot up to $5,250.

New Jersey.

Feist & Feist, Inc., sold the vacant lot at 403 Warren Street, Newark, to Harry Herschfeld, who contemplates erecting a brick and stone store building. The property was formerly owned by the estate of Harbeck Halstead of New York City. The same firm of brokers also sold for Philip Desent the one-story salesroom at 385 Bloomfield Avenue, Montclair, N. J., to the Electric Garage Company, of which I. T. Straus, leather manufacturer, is President.

At Garwood the New York Suburban Land Company has sold a plot 60 by 100 on Third Avenue, to M. Gorey, and a plot 40 by 100 on Beech Avenue, to F. Buttely.

Commercial Leases.

Louis Kempner & Son have leased for William Waldorf Astor the store at 2,488 Broadway for a term of years to A. P. Krakaur.

Barnett & Co. have leased the store 22 East 125th Street to M. Jacobs.

The Real Estate Management Company has leased for Samuel Borchardt the store 2,572 Broadway to C. Haroutunian, for a term of five years.

Nelson, Lee & Green, Incorporated, have leased the nineteenth floor in the Vanderbilt Concourse Building, at Vanderbilt Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, to E. C. Brown, proprietor of the Gas Age and other publications identified with the Gas Age and other industries. The lease is for a term of ten years and becomes effective immediately. The new suite of offices will be in complete readiness by Oct. 1. Mr. Brown joins the growing up-town colony of publishers, after being a tenant at 280 Broadway for over twenty-five years.

Realty Notes

The New York Title Insurance Company has loaned $18,000 on a four-story and basement, brick dwelling, 127 West Seventieth Street, New York City.

An action to foreclose a mortgage on the property at 326 Fifth Avenue, fronting seventeen feet between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets, has been brought by Louise L. Williams against Michael Kurzman and others.

Shaw & Co., have leased for Thomas O'Reilly the three-story dwelling 26 West 123d Street to Charles E. Babbitt.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

5th Av, 505, e s, 27.5 ft n of 42d St, 37x100, eighteen-story building; S. L. Parsons et al. against J. J. O'Donohue, Jr., trustee, et al.; Bowers & Sands, attorneys; W. Larremore, referee; due, $257,576.35; taxes, &c., $20,998.95; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

133d St, 66 West, s s, 135 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; J. M. Bowers against M. D. Smith et al.; M. S. Borland, attorney; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $14,990.42; taxes, &c., $294.35; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

11th St, 63 East, n s, 248.9 ft w of Broadway, 27x103.3, five-story loft and store building; E. A. Philbin et al., trustees, against Reuben Isaacs, individually and as trustee, et al.; S. S. Menken, attorney; Gordon Auchincloss, referee; due, $39,481.13; taxes, &c., $1,249.52; to the plaintiff for $40,500.

114th St, 246 East, s s, 100.1 ft w of 2d Av, 20.11x100.11, four-story tenement; Knickerbocker Hospital against Joseph Scher et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; F. W. Pollock, referee; due, $8,423.56; taxes, &c., $483.28; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company.

Cannon St, 133, w s, 80 ft s of Houston St, 20x100, six-story loft building; Esperanto Mortgage Co. against Marcus Rosenthal et al.; W. S. Newhouse, attorney; Bernard Naumberg, referee; due, $21,735.18; taxes, &c., $247.82; to the plaintiff for $19,250.

By Samuel Marx.

98th St, 51 and 53 East, n s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 50x100, six-story flat and stores; Mollie Hirshfeld against Owners' Standard Realty Corporation et al.; C. L. Hoffman and H. A. Friedman, attorneys; Maxwell Davidson, referee; due, $8,753.03; taxes, &c., $162.29; subject to a prior mortgage of $50,000; to the plaintiff for $55,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By Joseph P. Day.

Greene St, 163, w s, 130.4 ft n of West Houston St, 25x100, seven-story loft and store building; J. A. Groh against Max Goldstein and others; Elkus, G. & P., attorneys; James Dunne, referee; due, $60,183.29; taxes, &c., $166.60.

AT 3,208 3D AV.

By James J. Donovan.

Webster Av, 2,508, e s, 240.11, s e corner Fordham Road, 50.2x119.8x50.3x121, two-story building and vacant; Church of Our Lady of Mercy against M. J. Smith and others; Amend & A., attorneys; J. R. Truesdale, referee; due, $12,920.31; taxes, &c., $337.45.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Wilkins Av, e s, 127, 16 ft n of So. Boulevard, for a 1-story frame market, 30.17x106.07; Mary B. Egan, 1,330 Wilkins Av, owner; Samuel Cohen, 503 5th Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

University Av, 2,295; for a 1-story brick garage, 11x20; John Bickman, on premises, owner; John P. Boyland, 2,526 Webster Av, architect; cost, $1,500.

Garden Place, e s, opposite s w corner of Walkley Av, Walkley Place, and Garden Place, for a 2-story frame dwelling, 22x35; Michael Ritta, 4,562 Garden Place, owner; Joseph Ballaetta, 4,550 Garden Place, architect; cost, $2,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, AUG. 26.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CATHERINE ST, 33-35, e s, 27.1x108.6x27x105.7, s s; Bernard F. Golden to Bernard Golden, 4,828 13th Av, Brooklyn, and Joseph J. Golden, 391 St. John's Pl, Brooklyn, (mtg $30,000,) two-thirds part, Aug. 25; attorney, Joseph J. Golden, 217 Centre St........$1

EAST BROADWAY, 183, s s, 78.3 ft w of Jefferson St, 26x100; Abr. Rothkrug to the Day Publishing Co., 183 East Broadway, (mtg $40,000,) all liens, Aug. 25; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$100

MADISON AV, s e corner of 97th St, 100x100; Clemilt Realty Co. to Forbes & Co., Inc., 66 Broadway, (mtg $200,000,) all liens, Aug. 25; attorney, H. C. Forbes, 66 Broadway..............$1

ST. NICHOLAS PL, n w corner of 153d St, runs n 224.4 x w 104 x e 1.8 x s 8x8.5 x s 119.2 to street x e 77.10 to beginning; Frederick N. DuBois, Catskill, N. Y., to Alice D. Blauvelt, 66 St. Nicholas Pl, Dec. 23, 1913; attorney, William V. Simpson, 41 Park Row..............$1

ST. NICHOLAS PL, e s, 75 ft n of centre line of 153d St if extended, 26.2x100; Frederick N. DuBois to Madeleine A. Blauvelt, 66 St. Nicholas Pl, May 9, 1910; attorney, same..............$1

ST. NICHOLAS PL, e s, 175 n of centre line of 153d St if extended; St. Nicholas Pl, w s, at n s of 153d St if extended; 334.10x75.4x325x100; same to Alice D. Blauvelt, 66 St. Nicholas Pl, Dec. 23, 1913; attorney, same..............$1

1ST AV, 291, w s, 46 ft s of 17th St, 23x100; Michael Maier to Barbara Wachtel, 240 West 113th St, (mtg $16,000,) ½ part, Aug. 24; address, 4 Cedar St..............$1

3D AV, 2,350, w s, 50 ft n of 127th St, 25x100, and all right, title, and interest which Nellie G. Murphy had therein, (foreclosure July 28;) Myron Sulzberger, referee, to Helena D. K. Hulst, 16 North Parsons Av, Flushing, Borough of Queens, Aug. 4; attorneys, Leach & Williams, Queens Bridge Plaza North, Borough of Queens....$16,000

SAME PROPERTY; Helena D. K. Hulst to Colena Realty Corp., Queens Plaza Court Building, Bridge Plaza North, Borough of Queens, (mtg $25,206.78,) Aug. 12........$1

13TH ST, 507 East, n s, 96 ft e of Avenue A, 25x103.3; Annie Weinstein to Joseph Weinstein, 1,754 Eastburn Av, Bronx, (mtg $29,000,) June 25..............$100

54TH ST, 317 to 319 West, n s, 266.8 ft w of 8th Av, 58.4x100.5; Daniel J. Rogers to Edw. J. N. Rogers, 2,674 Valentine Av, ½ part, b. & s., (mtg $46,750,) Aug. 19......$1

56TH ST, 421 West, n s, 300 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5; Edw. Graboff to Jos. Berger, Pelham, N. Y., all liens, Aug. 25; attorney, Morris Berger, 299 Broadway.......$1

64TH ST, 59 East, n s, 60.9 ft w of Park Av, 14.3x73.5; James Brisbane to Helen van Praag Brisbane, Plaza Hotel, 59th St. and 5th Av, (mtg $20,000,) Dec. 27, 1910; attorney, J. K. Atkinson, 1 Verona Place, Brooklyn..............$1

84TH ST, 10 West, s s, 160 ft w of Central Park West, 21x102.2; Daniel J. Rogers to Edw. J. N. Rogers, 2,674 Valentine Av, ½ part, (mtg $16,000,) b. & s., Aug. 19.....$1

88TH ST, s s, 137.9 ft e of Lexington Av, 29.10x100.8; Joseph Laemmle to John Laemmle, 453 West 152d St, (mtg $20,000,) Aug. 25; attorney, Frederick A. Stroh, 38 Park Row..............$1

91ST ST, s s, 90 ft w of 3d Av, 33x100.8; Jos. Laemmle to John Laemmle, 453 West 152d St, (mtg $24,000,) Aug. 25; attorney, Frederick A. Stroh, 38 Park Row.........$1

150TH ST, 470 West, s s, 165 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11, (foreclosure, Aug. 12;) Horace E. Deming to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Aug. 17; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St..........$7,800

150TH ST, 464 West, s s, 216 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,700

150TH ST, 472 West, s s, 148 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,700

150TH ST, 478 West, s s, 97 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,100

150TH ST, 468 West, s s, 182 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$7,800

150TH ST, 480 West, s s, 80 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,100

150TH ST, 476 West, s s, 114 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,100

150TH ST, 462 West, s s, 233 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,700

150TH ST, 466 West, s s, 199 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,700

150TH ST, 474 West, s s, 131 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11; same to same, (foreclosure, Aug. 12,) Aug. 17..........$6,700

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, n w corner of 181st St, 124x130; William Lowe to Central Feed Co., 435 East 70th St, (mtg $45,000,) June 24; attorney, Sol J. Liebeskind, 55 William St.....$1

CITY ISLAND AV, e s, adjoining land of Isaac Van Allen, 223x51.6x223x51.6; Albert S. Abbott to City Island Homes, Inc., 49 Wall St, (mtg $3,750,) Aug. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$100

CROTONA AV, s w corner of 183d St, 30.8x95.9; Mendel Marcus to Amelia Realty Corporation, 3,091 Broadway, Aug. 23; attorney, I. Levison, 258 East 138th St..........$1

EASTBURN AV, e s, 238.3 ft n of 174th St, 25x95; Joseph Weinstein to Annie Weinstein, 1,754 Eastburn Av, June 2; attorney, Annie Weinstein, 1,754 Eastburn Av....$100

EAST TREMONT AV, n e corner Mapes Av, 92.7x100; Joseph Laemmle to John Laemmle, 453 West 152d St, (mtg $100,000,) Aug. 25; attorney, F. A. Stroh, 38 Park Row......$1

LOTS 63 to 67, map of Forster-Schmidt property; Theodore B. Modra to Gertrude B. Kelley, Los Angeles, Cal., May 17; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..............$1

MOHEGAN AV, s w corner 181st St, 51.11x145.6 to Crotona Parkway x — to street x 145.6; Jacob Bloom to Jacob Bloom Realty Corporation, 1,832 Clinton Av, (mtg $6,000,) Aug. 25; attorney, M. Berkowitz, 74 Broadway..............$100

SYRACUSE AV, s s, 25 ft s of Cedar Av, 25x irregular; also Cedar Av, e s, 200 ft s of Syracuse Av, 100x100; Charles C. Watkins, Jr., to Onslow-Moore Co., 165 Broadway, Aug. 16; attorney, G. Elliot, 165 Broadway..............$1

TELLER AV, n w corner of 162d St, 40x irregular; Elizabeth A. Diller to Ethel M. Wallace, 2,155 Mohegan Av, (mtg $15,000,) Aug. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$1

SAME PROPERTY; Ethel M. Wallace to Elizabeth A. Diller, 912 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, (mtg $18,000,) Aug. 25; same attorney..............$1

WILDER AV, w s, 375 ft s of Randall Av, 87.6x100; Land Co. C. of Edenwald to Joseph Bassie, 2,845 West 19th St, Brooklyn, Oct. 23, 1914; attorney, Land Co. C. of Edenwald, 299 Broadway..............$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, s s, 25 ft w of Jefferson St, 50x94, prior mtg $15,000; Jacob Kauffman et al. to Harry Freeman, 354 East 50th St, Aug. 26, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Jacob Klein, 346 Broadway..........$3,000

CHERRY ST, s w corner of Jefferson St, 25x94, 1-6 part; Arthur R. Maxwell to Ida F. Stevane and another, executors of Catharine I. Maxwell, 784 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, Aug. 16, 2 years; attorney, Alex. Thain, 38 Park Row..........$1,192.36

SAME PROPERTY, 1-6 part; Florence G. Byrnes to same, Aug. 16, 2 years; same attorney..........$1,192.36

SAME PROPERTY, 1-6 part; Mary E., wife of Thomas Hazleton, to same, Aug. 16, 2 years; same attorney..........$1,192.36

EAST BROADWAY, s s, 78.3 ft w of Jefferson St, 26.1x100; Day Publishing Co. to Abraham Rothkrug, 1,367 47th St, Brooklyn, (prior mtg $40,000,) Aug. 25, due Sept. 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$6,000

PARK AV, e s, 81.8 ft n of 90th St, 19x88; Madeline S. Boeker to Anna Kemper, 82 East 90th St, Aug. 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. Traube, 1,402 Lexington Av..........$8,000

STATE ST, n s, 83 ft w of Whitehall St, 28x—; State St, n s, 111 ft w of Whitehall St, 24.5x—; South Ferry Realty Co. to Thompson-Starrett Co., 51 Wall St, due Jan. 1, 1917, due as per bond, Aug. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$293,500

3D AV, w s, 50 ft n of 127th St, 25x100; Colena Realty Corp to Helena D. K. Hulst, Flushing, L. I., Aug. 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Leach & Williams, Queens Plaza Court Building..........$25,206

36TH ST, n s, 335 ft e of 6th Av, 20x98.9; Josephine O. Thompson to M. A. Harmer, trustee, Sea Cliff, L. I., Aug. 26, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Sproull, H. & S., 1 Madison Av..........$1,700

87TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of Avenue A, 16.8x82; August R. Zicha to Bank of Europe, 1,429 1st Av, May 24, due, &c., as per notes..........$3,500

Bronx.

CITY ISLAND AV, e s, adjoining land of Isaac Van Allen, 51.6x223; City Island Homes, Inc., to Albert S. Abbott, 2 Le Vinus Place, New Rochelle, N. Y., Aug. 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$3,750

DECATUR AV, n w s, 153.11 ft n e of Southern Boulevard, 62.8x110; Catherine A. Duffy and another to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Aug. 25, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$6,500

EAGLE AV, w s, 347.8 ft n of Westchester Av, 25.1x122.11; Charles Wetzel to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Aug. 11, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$4,000

LOTS 350 and 351, map Lohbauer Park; Emil H. Sorgenfrei to Agnes Pusch, 88 Central Park West, Aug. 23, 3 years 6 p. c.; attorneys, William Peters Co., 1,044 Tremont Av..........$1,500

LOTS 63 to 67, Map of Forster-Schmidt property; Gertrude B. Kelly to P. H. Marlay, 1,103 Story Building, Los Angeles, Cal.; prior mtg. $5,595, May 20, due Oct. 1, 1915, $6,000; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..........$2,200

TELLER AV, n w corner of 162d St, 40x irregular; Ethel M. Wallace to Lewis E. Hollander, 161 West 86th St, et al., (trustees,) Aug. 25, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$18,000

TINTON AV, 925, w s, 18.4x95; Madeline Braun to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St, Aug. 23, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. Levison, 258 East 138th St..........$280

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

READE ST, 139, all; Perk L. Perkins et al. to George W. Martin and another, Evanston, Ill., 4 9-12 years from Aug. 1, 1915; attorney, Franklin Taylor, 283 Broadway..$3,600

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

DUANE ST, 131 to 135; Sydney J. Freidin against estate of Eugene A. Hoffman, Inc., owner; Howard Contracting Co., Inc., contractor..........$508

MADISON AV, 213; Alberene Stone Co. against John Doe, owner; I. Goldberger, contractor..........$21.50

3D AV, 2,279; Morris B. Gold et al. against Adolph Finkenberg, owner; A B C Iron Works, Inc., contractor..........$35

5TH AV, 1,066 and 1,067; National Bridge Works against Ten Twenty-seven Fifth Avenue Co., Inc., owner and contractor..$7,184

6TH ST, 431 East; Sam Plotnick against Emil Katz, owner and contractor......$415

27TH ST, 113 West; Morris Levin & Son against Otto Wagner, owner; Haas & Fried, contractors; E. Singer, sub-contractor..$82.50

7TH AV, 433; Ralph la Pinna against 168 West 34th Street Co., owner; James Hogan, contractor, (correction)..........$11

SAME PROPERTY; Anthony Polzella against same, (correction)..........$33.50

Bronx.

NEEDHAM AV, 1,451; Clyde F. Howes against Antonia and Benedetto Corretta, owners and contractors..........$143.70

NEEDHAM AV, 1,451; Joseph Balletta against Antonia and Benedetto Corretta, owners and contractors..........$81.85

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 286, and property in Queens and Bronx Counties; Bridget Langrick et al. against Richard Rowe et al., (partition;) attorney, S. Rossman.

MAIDEN LANE, 65; City of New York Insurance Co. against Carsten D. Borger et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. A. Prince.

PINE ST, 81, and Water St, 128; Guardian Realty Co. against Violet M. Turner et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. F. Greene.

RIDGE ST, 30; Solomon H. Kohn against Augusta Greenspan et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Baylis & Sanborn.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 486; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co. against George W. Godward et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Emmet & Parish.

5TH AV, 326; Louis L. Williams et al., against Michael Kurzman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Parsons, Closson & McIlvaine.

7TH AV, s w corner of 118th St, 100.11x99.9; Seymour Realty Co. against County Land and Mortgage Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Kurzman, Frankenheimer & Gutman.

24TH ST, 340 East; Claribel F. Lawton against Margaret M. Mooney et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, V. M. Mollenhauer.

123D ST, n s, 35 ft e of Park Av, 35x100.11; Rawson Underhill et al., against Julius Krulewitch et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. L. Barger.

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, w s, 29.2 ft s of Bush St, 49.2x107.7; Theodore Roehrs against Christine Wenigmann et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. J. Martin.

GROVE ST, s s, 300 ft w of Anthony Av, 59.9x100; also Alexander Av, e s, 160 ft n of 139th St, 20x75; Bridget Langrick et al. against Richard Rowe et al, (partition suit;) attorney, S. Rossman.

LOTS 79 and 80, map of 369 lots owned by Hunts Point Realty Co.; Mary Plunkett against Francis B. Knight et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Squires.

LOTS 179 and 180, map of 369 lots owned by Hunts Point Realty Co.; Marie Stockle Walsh against Francis B. Knight et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Squires.

LOTS 188 and 189, map of 369 lots owned by Hunts Point Realty Co.; Grant Squires, as executor, against Francis B. Knight et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Rider.

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft n of Tiffany St, 25x134.2; Laura Tweedy White against Mary Magerle et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

176TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of Bathgate Av, 20x72; Gustav A. Mornhinweg, as guardian, against George F. Quelet et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. A. Syme.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

Have an Income Own Your Home

and have apartments to let that will give you rent free and pay all your carrying expenses. We have just completed several hollow tile and stucco two-family houses, with up-to-date improvements, in fine location on Richmond Road, five-cent trolley line, thirty-five minutes from St. George Ferry to Manhattan. Five cents more for ferriage with a transfer will carry you to 155th Street in New York City.

These houses are on high ground at

NEW DORP MANOR,
Staten Island,

accessible by five-cent trolley to Midland Beach. Pure ocean air and city piped water in abundance. Four large rooms on each first floor and five rooms on each second floor.

You should investigate our offer and own a home by saving the rent you now pay for owning nothing.

A SMALL AMOUNT DOWN

to guarantee careful usage, and then $30 monthly. If interested, call at 1 o'clock weekday or Sunday, and we will take you to our property at our expense. Or write for our free map.

STATEN ISLAND HOMES CO.,
25 Ann St., Near Nassau St., N.Y.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

CENTRAL PARK WEST
Near 86th Street.
Elegant four-story house.
All improvements; ideal for physician; from Oct. 1 or before.
BIERHOFF, 345 Lenox Ave.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Furnished Houses and Apartments
EAST SIDE
HERBERT A. SHERMAN
41 East 41st St. and 20 Nassau St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Mapleton Park
Only 29 Min. from Municipal Bldg.
Park Row, City Hall, on
Sea Beach Subway.
Beautifully Decorated, 7-Room, Semi-Detached Brick Houses, $4,500 to $9,000.
Payin'ts—just like rent—little cash. Booklet No. 1
Alco Building Co., 60 Liberty St. Phone 2552 Cort.
Property Office, 20th Ave. Station (local trains). Phone 1118 Bath Beach.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CHESTER HILL HOUSES
MOUNT VERNON.
28 Minutes to Grand Central.
Situated among great trees, on extra large lot, 10-room, modern house, $75 per month. For sale, $12,500; easy terms.
Large grounds, fine corner property, 11-room house; 3 minutes from station; $75 per month.
New Stucco House for Sale. Beautiful!
ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
Mount Vernon, Near New Haven Station.

NEW ROCHELLE & vicinity
Unique Modern **HOMES** large and small
FOR RENT AND FOR SALE
Prices unusually attractive
Several desirable exchanges offered—for Farms, Country Places and N. Y. City Properties.
★O'CONNOR REAL ESTATE AGENCY★
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594—New Rochelle, N. Y.

SCARSDALE AND VICINITY
Residence Properties—Sale or Rent
Joseph Elsener, Scarsdale, New York

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

KEANSBURG BEACH
A REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT HERE WILL PROVE PROFITABLE.
Lots from $125
Trolley and railroad on the property. New boat landing for New York and Newark boats. Best bathing beach on Jersey coast. Boat harbor and fine fishing.

$25 Secures Two $125 Lots
$40 " " $200 "
$50 " " $250 "
$55 " " $275 "

balance in 36 monthly payments.
SEND FOR MAPS AND PRICES.
CHARLES CARR, Owner
Keansburg, N. J.
F. BRADLEY COX,
SALES AGENT,
Suite 1853, Hudson Terminal Building, NEW YORK CITY.

NAVESINK PARK,
ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS.
Highest Point on Coast Between Maine and Florida.
CONSISTING of 200 acres, divided into suitable building plots, fully restricted. Attractive prices. Delightful scenery. Over a mile of water front. State automobile Boulevard traverses property. Within easy access of the Sandy Hook steamers of the New Jersey Central Railroad.
EDWARD D. LOUGHMAN,
280 Broadway, New York City.

SOMERVILLE—
24 acres, house, and barn.....$3,300.00
14 acres, no buildings........1,500.00
10 acres, house, and barn.....3,600.00
This house has bath, kitchen range, and furnace.
Terms—$500.00 to $1,000.00 cash. Balance on easy terms.
J. B. WELLING, R. F. D., Somerville, N. J.

MONTCLAIR Beautiful Colonial Residence, **$14,000**
built by Montclair Construction Co., sold with absolute guarantee; centre hall, living room, dining room, butler's pantry, all tiled kitchen, large palm room, 7 chambers, 3 tiled baths, sleeping porch, large plot, shade, shrubbery; exclusive location. MURDOCH, opp. Lackawanna Terminal, (Phone 675.)

Any Physician Specialist
looking for a desirable and profitable field or patients' REST CURE location, will find my handsome property at MADISON, N. J., (D., L. & W. R. R.,) exactly suited to his purpose. Particulars of Owner, Room 703, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED
A country place free from mosquitoes, on the Connecticut shore, between 75 and 150 miles from New York; must have private bathing beach and a yacht anchorage; house should have usual reception rooms; five or six master's rooms and five servants' rooms; grounds must contain not less than 15 acres.
REPLY TO
Miller, McMann & Donley,
30 East 42d Street,
NEW YORK CITY.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

4 STORY BRICK.
138th St., Alexander Av. subway station; suitable light manufacturing, garage, club, sanitarium. Montgomery, 135th St., east of 3d Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

305 WEST 72d ST.
Adjoining West End Av.
4-5-6 ROOMS.
$1,100 to $2,000

203 West 81st St.
3-4-5-6
Extraordinary large, light rooms, 1 and 2 baths.
$700 TO $1,500.
Every modern convenience. Two absolutely fireproof, 9-story elevator buildings. Near Subway and Elevated Station. Very desirable physician's apartment.

57th St., 322-328 West.
HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
8 Elegant large rooms; block to Broadway, L and Sub. stations; most convenient part of city; unexcelled service. **$1000**
Naughtin & Co., 2650 B'way. River.—1146

Offices May Be Had in the Tower of the
Times Building
Times Square
Unusually pleasant offices in the tower—high above the noise and dust of the streets. Breezes from both rivers. Plenty of daylight. Fine view, high-class service. Reasonable rents.
Rental Office—
Room 406
Telephone 1000 Bryant

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

AN INNOVATION,
106 West 69th St.
New, Fireproof; located on private house block, between Columbus Av. and Broadway. Housekeeping Apartments with Maid Service.
3 & 4 Exceptionally Large Rooms.
Modern in every particular.
Rents from $840 to $1,300

The Del Monte,
102 West 75th St.
Elevator apartment building located on an exclusive private house block; convenient to subway express station, "L" station, and all car lines; all rooms are exceptionally large.
7 & 8 Large Rooms,
$1,000 to $1,500.

The Chateau,
314-316 West 100th St.
Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.
An ideal residential location.
Eight-story modern fireproof structure, containing every convenience.
4-5-7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$720 to $1,400

The Kenmare,
327 Central Park West.
Corner 93d St.
Overlooking Central Park, convenient to "L" station at 93d St. and 91st St. Subway.
8 Exceptionally Large Rooms, $1,200 to $1,500 Per Annum.
Corner apartments, every room outside.

814-816 WestEndAv
Between 99th & 100th Sts.
Located on restricted Park thoroughfare, in one of the best residential sections of the city, easily accessible to subway, elevated, bus and all surface lines.
8 Large, Light Rooms and 2 Baths, $1,400 to $1,500.

The Mont Cenis,
54 Morningside Drive W.
Corner 116th St.
Convenient to Subway station at 116th St. and Broadway, also Broadway and Amsterdam surface cars.
Located on a quiet residential thoroughfare, overlooking Morningside Park. Elevator, Mail Chute and all improvements.
6-7-8 Large, Light Rooms,
$840 to $1,500
Corner apartments, all outside rooms.

SHARP & CO., Broadway, Cor. 99th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

150 WEST 79TH ST.
Bet. Columbus & Amsterdam Aves.
12-Story Fireproof Building.
One 9 Room Duplex.
One 9 Room Simplex.
Rental $2,600.

587 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Cor. 136th St.
6, 7 and 8 Rooms.
Rental $900 to $1,380.

315 Central Park West
N. W. Corner of 91st St.
12-Story Building.
One 10 Room Duplex Apartment.
Rental $2,600.
One 7-Room Apartment, $1,900.

1,100 PARK AVE.
Corner 89th St.
9 Rooms.
Rental $1,600.

EDGAR A. LEVY, 505 FIFTH AVE.
Telephone 6960—Murray Hill.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Umbria
On West End Avenue, at the N. W. corner of 82nd Street, this thoroughly modern 12-story fireproof building is as fine as, if not superior, to any other apartment house on West End Avenue—the Avenue of luxurious apartment homes.
There are for rent one eight-room, one nine-room, and one twelve-room apartment, each with three or four bathrooms.
Rents from $2,500 to $4,200.
Horace S. Ely & Co., Agent
Uptown Office
489 Fifth Avenue
bet. 41st and 42d Streets
Phone 6020 Murray Hill.

9 Rooms
and
3 Baths
RENTAL $3,100 & $3,300.
Absolutely Fireproof. Modern in all details.
WELLSMORE,
77th St. and Broadway.
Open Evenings.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.
299 Madison Av., cor. 41st St.
Tel. 1481—Murray Hill.

Apartments
The Waramaug
629 West 115th Street
7 Rooms and 2 Baths
$1,200—$1,300
The Amidon
233 West 83d Street
7 Rooms and Bath
$1,000—$1,350
The Forres
251 West 81st Street
7, 8 and 9 Rooms and Bath
$1,200—$1,400
Further particulars and plans of all the apartments are on file at our offices at
10 East 45th St.
14 Wall Street
Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co

244 Riverside Drive (97th St.)
5, 7, 8 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths, all light rooms, modern elevator house, $840 to $1500.
THE MARION
2612 BROADWAY (98TH ST.)
5-6 Rooms & Bath, $720-$930.
Fireproof elevator house, all improvements.
IRVINGTON 407 Central Park West
At 100th St., facing Park. Elevator house.
8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $80-$85.
THE STANTON
9 West 91st St. Elevator House.
8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $930-$1100.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

ST. JAMES COURT,
S. E. Cor. Broadway at 92d St.
Excellent location, efficient management. Apartments of 5 to 8 rooms at rentals of $700 to $1300. For information apply to
LEWIS B. PRESTON, Inc.,
165 Broadway, New York. Tel. Cortlandt 7475.

80 WEST 92ND STREET
7 large rooms, bath; single flat; all improvements; refined neighborhood; near L, subway; $40.

The Sevillia
Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Apartment of 2 rooms and bath; also one 8 rooms and bath, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

One block from Riverside Drive.
MANHASSET APARTMENTS
Broadway, 108th to 109th Streets.
Under A-R-E Co. Management.
Subway Express Station one block.
A select house in a select district for select tenants.
Corner apartment of six rooms, $1200. Seven rooms, occupying entire wing of building, $1200 to $1500. Eight and nine rooms, also occupying entire wing of building, $1650 to $2000. Manager on premises.
Owner
Marbrick Realty Corporation
H. B. Snyder, Mgr. Phone 9400 Riverside

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

The Sophomore
21 Claremont Ave.,
Just Above 116th St.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths,
With Extra Lavatory.
Overlooking Columbia Grounds.
$1,400-$1,600.

Three minutes to 116th St. Express Station, 6th and 9th Ave. "L."
MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS
Facing Most Picturesque Park in Manhattan.
4 ROOMS, $35-$45
5 ROOMS, $50-$60
6 ROOMS, $60-$70
7 ROOMS, $80-$85
Every Modern Housekeeping Convenience.
40 MORNINGSIDE AVENUE
N. E. CORNER WEST 118TH ST.

REED HOUSE
Broadway at 121st St.

5 rooms....	$660	$720
6 rooms....	$720	$900
7 rooms....	$900	$1200

Perfect Service.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

HAMILTON TERRACE,
144th St., 2 blocks east of Amsterdam Av.,
High Class Elevator Apartments
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.
MODERATE RENTS. Exclusive residential section, near subway and "L."

RIVERVIEW COURT,
611 West 136th St., near Riverside Drive. Four and six rooms and bath, large and light, $35 and $55; subway 137th St. and Broadway; efficient service; references. Premises, or
HALL & BLOODGOOD,
542 Fifth Av. Tel. Bryant 7632.

123d ST., 510-518 West.
COLUMBIA COURT
TRANQUILLITY, DIGNITY & COMFORT.
3 and 4 rooms; modern elevator apartments; all conveniences; rents $32 to $45.

CONCORD HALL
468 Riverside Drive,
Corner 119th St.
7-8 rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory.
$1150—$1700. STRICTLY FIREPROOF.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Apartments of Highest Character
Under the Personal Management of the Owners, Assuring Unequalled Service.
THE LUXONIA
305 West 72d St.
Bet. W. End. Av. & R'side Dr.
4-5-6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths.
Rents $1,100 to $2,000.
THE SOPHOMORE
21 Claremont Av.,
Just Above 116th St.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths and Lavatory
Rents $1,405 to $1,600.
THE SANFORD
229 West 78th St.
N. E. Corner Broadway.
5-6-7 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
Rents $1,100 to $2,300.
THE MENTONE
895 West End Av.
S. W. Corner 104th St.
5-6-7 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
Rents $1,100 to $2,300.
PATERNO BROS., Owners and Builders, JOSEPH PATERNO, Pres.
Office, 601 West 115th St., at Broadway. Open Sunday.

Apartments of Highest Character
Under Personal Management of the Owners, Assuring Unequalled Service.
Colosseum
435 Riverside Drive
South Corner of 116th St.
Largest rooms and most attractive floor plan on Drive. Dining room, 13x19; bedroom, 16x18; living rooms, 16x21, &c. Simplex and Duplex Apartments.
5-7-8-10 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths.
Rents $1600 to $2700
The Regnor
601 West 115th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway
Unusually desirable apartments, unsurpassed location, overlooking Columbia University's grounds. Extra large sunny rooms, all facing the outside; fine river view.
4-5-6-7 Rooms, 1-2-3 Baths.
Rents $810 to $1850
PATERNO BROS., Owners and Builders, JOSEPH PATERNO, Pres.
Office, 601 West 115th St. at Broadway. Open Sunday.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
SPENCER ARMS
S. E. Cor. Broadway & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartments.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most convenient location in city.
☞RENTAL, $70 to $125.
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker.
Tel. Columbus 3996.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

THE MAJESTIC
St. Nicholas Av., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
7&8 Rooms & Bath
Rentals $720 to $1,000.
Large, light rooms, complete, elevator and telephone service. All modern conveniences. Close to subway and elevated lines.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.
N. E. Cor. Madison Av. & 41st.
Tel., Murray Hill—1481.
Renting Agent on Premises.

THE GARFIELD
200 Claremont Ave., Cor. 127th St.
One Block West of Broadway,
5-6 Rooms, $45 to $65
Elevator and All Modern Improvements.
Representative on premises, or
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., B'way & 100th St.

Corner 7th Ave. (111th St.)
ONE BLOCK to CENTRAL PARK, And ALL TRANSIT LINES.
7 & 8 Extra Large Rooms
ELEVATOR, TELEPHONE, HALL SERVICE.
Rent, $65, $70, $75.
Supt's. Office, 200 W. 111th St.

Riverside Drive with Broadway entrance and conveniences; elevator.
All outside 6 to 9 room apartments, $50 TO $85.
3609 B'way, S. W. Cor. 149th St.
St. Nicholas Ave.,
SOUTHWEST CORNER 178TH ST.
4 to 6 large, beautiful rooms in elevator apartment, $33 to $55.

Fairview Court,
3117-3127 Broadway,
Near 125th St.
Apartments of 3, 4, 5 and 6 large rooms
RENTS $30 TO $60
Elevator service—all improvements.
Superintendent on Premises, or
E. C. SIMONSON, 100 Broadway.

57 West 111th Street
Opposite express subway station, corner elevator apartment, 6, 7, all light rooms, overlooking Central Park; all night service; $40, $50. Superintendent, or Mercer & Son, 266 West 23d St.

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR
4 to 6 rooms; $40 upward; Washington Heights; most refined houses; every improvement; restricted avenue; refined; owner lives on premises. Westwood and Cliffewood Courts, West 179th to 180th St., on Fort Washington Av.

8 AND 9 ROOMS
all outside, large, beautifully finished; $80 upward; refined houses; restricted Fort Washington Av.; references required; owner resides premises. Westwood and Cliffewood Courts, West 179th to 180th St., on Fort Washington Av.

NEW HOUSES
4 to 6 rooms; $30 up; every modern improvement; refined location; splendid service, owner's management; near subway express. Northwest corner West 180th St. and Northern Av.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

PARTHENON & HESPERUS
117th to 118th St. and Manhattan Av.
Most convenient location in city; elevated express trains two blocks; 2, 4, and 6 rooms; rents, $30 to $65; restaurant.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

61-69 EAST 86TH ST.
Choice apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms; most accessible location in Yorkville; elevator service.

New England
Apartments Strictly Fireproof. 48-53 East 58th. 7-8 rooms, 2 baths. Supt. on premises. Phone 4120 Plaza.

THE CLARK
N. E. COR. MADISON AVE & 57TH ST.
9 Rooms and 3 Baths, $1,400 and $1,500.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Murray Hill Apts.
122-128 East 34th Street
S. W. cor. of Lexington Ave.
SEVEN & EIGHT ROOMS
RENTS, $1,200-$1,800
Bachelor Apartments
THE BERWYCK
65-69 West 54th Street
TWO ROOMS & BATH
RENTS, $480-$720
CONVENIENT TO THE UNION AND UNIVERSITY CLUBS.
DOCTOR'S OFFICE, $900
APPLY TO
HERMAN L. R. EDGAR
81 Nassau Street

122 E. 76th St.
Near Park Av.
New 9-Story Fireproof Apartments.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms
Rentals $1,700 to $2,250.
Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc.,
AGENTS.
421 Madison Avenue, at 48th Street.
Telephone, Murray Hill—5600.
160 West 95th St.
New 9-story fireproof apartments.
Southern exposure.
ONLY THREE
5 ROOM APARTMENTS Left
$1,075 upward.
JULIUS TISHMAN & SONS,
18 East 41st St. Tel., 7518—Mur. Hill.

1219 MADISON AVENUE,
Southeast Corner 88th Street.
All apartments have dining room and living room facing the avenue. Each has a maid's toilet. All floors parquet and hardwood. Electric lights. All-night elevator service.
6 Rooms & Bath, $840 up.
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,000 up.
9 Rooms & Bath, $1,450.
MANAGEMENT BY RESIDENT OWNER.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

104 EAST 40th ST.
Exclusive Apartments
in the fashionable Murray Hill section,
5 & 6 Very Large Rooms, with 1 and 2 baths
ALSO
A Very Desirable Bachelor Suite.
AT PARK AVENUE

8 EAST 54
Triplex Apartment.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,400.
Open Fireplaces, Roof Garden. Also
Physician's Office, 3 Rooms, $1,800.

PARK AVENUE, 550, S. W. COR. 62nd St.
7 ROOMS & BATH, $1100—$1750.
Fireproof; all night elevator.

CORONADO
Northwest corner of Park Av. and 81st St. High-class elevator apartment, 6, 7, and 8 rooms; rents, $800, $1,000, $1,300 yearly. Service unexcelled.

RUTHERFORD
Elevator Apartments,
206 East 17th St.
3-4-5 Rooms, $360 to $540.
Berlin Renting Agency, 141 E. 17th St.

BROOKLYN.

FLATBUSH.
THE MARLBOROUGH APARTMENTS
Marlborough Road, near Cortelyou Road; 5 and 6 rooms; all modern improvements, ready for inspection; $32.50 to $45. F. W. YATES, owner, 34 Nassau St., Manhattan; telephone 1806 John, or Shachardt Realty Co., 1,302 Cortelyou Road, B'klyn.

City Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

Real Estate at Auction.

JERE JOHNSON JR. CO., AUCTIONEERS. 187 B'way, N. Y. 193 Montague St., B'klyn.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, AUCTIONEER, 156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co., Real Estate, Vanderbilt Avenue Bldg., opposite Grand Central.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO., 56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

CRAFTSMAN HOMES, with garage, only $5,500. Little gems; 2 min. from Kings Highway sta. new Sea Beach Subway. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Kew Gardens.—10-room house, 2 baths; plot 100x180; beautifully located; 3 min. from station; furnished or unfurnished. Telephone 2231 Richmond Hill.

Jamaica.—Sacrifice, six rooms, bath, $2,900; eight rooms and bath, $5,900; all improvements. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

New two-family detached dwelling, 32 Grant Street, near Fingerboard Road, Fort Wadsworth; 14 rooms, all improvements; $6,500; terms to suit; low-priced lots suitable for improvement taken in part payment. Send for descriptive card, Murray's, 1,786 Lexington Av.; phone, Harlem 79.

Real Estate for Exchange.

A 540-acre Madison County, Florida, farm, value $30 an acre, half in cultivation, half virgin timber, for New York City or Long Island property; please give full particulars. Address Box G, 363 Times Downtown.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

Furnished or unfurnished 10-room house near Riverside Drive. 620 West 148th.

City Houses Wanted.

Responsible party, who can furnish cash security, wishes to lease houses. Responsible, 104 Times Downtown.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty cents an agate line.

CORNER STORE, 100x100, 8TH AV., N. W. CORNER 49TH ST., ½ BLOCK FROM BROADWAY; RENT $6,000 PER YEAR. SAMUEL E. JACOBS, 30 EAST 42D ST., NEW YORK.

Store and first floor, 228 7th Av., 50 feet from 23d St.; will alter to suit at VERY LOW RENTAL to good party. Apply only to Burnstine & Geist, 35 Nassau St.

Desk room, reputable real estate office; assurance of work; established painter; references exchanged; $10-$15 month. L. G., 2,960 2d Av.

A.—A.—A.—50 Church St.—Two furnished offices with waiting room; all conveniences. Apply Suite 1,375.

56th, 63 West.—Floors, steam heat, electricity, hardwood floors; basement suitable for caterer.

STORES! STORES! STORES! Madison Ave., Cor. 86th St. See them.

PART OF OFFICE to rent. Y 839 Times Annex.

New Jersey.

$10 for corner stores, 4 living rooms, main corner, opposite school. Near Erie; trolley. Call. Tyndall. Waldwick, N. J.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Factory wanted, 50x100 feet, to manufacture skirts and dresses, between 25th and 30th Sts.; will also buy lease. J. & S. Post, 148 Greene St.

Property Out of the City

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

GREENACRES, HARTSDALE,
$85 per month.
We built this ten-room hollow-tile house for the man who wants to try out Scarsdale before buying.
It is the last one for rent.
Phone 7720 Murray Hill for particulars or write
SCARSDALE ESTATES,
Country Life Exposition,
Grand Central Terminal.

Chester Hill, Mount Vernon.—$1,500 apartment for $960; lawn, shade; 8 rooms, bath, reception hall; all outside rooms; finest located apartments in Westchester County. Janitor, 174 Rich Av. Owner, Carpenter, 8 Adams St., Mount Vernon.

Most complete rental and sale list; White Plains, Hartsdale, Scarsdale. EDWARD M. WEST, INC., Phone 413, Opp. Station, White Plains, N. Y.

New "Old Colonial," 8 rooms, 3 baths, in park, handy station, for sale; others to let. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

HOUSE PLANS and specifications made according to your ideas. Rousseau, 2 E. 23d.

Hudson River.
KENNETH IVES & CO. Westchester, 7 E. 42.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

SMALL COUNTRY ESTATE.
Two acres, overlooking bay; fine 12-room house; improvements, garage; beautiful shrubbery; best section; price, $9,000; buildings alone cost more; commuting zone.
Harvey B. Newins,
Woolworth Building, New York City.

AT NORTH FREEPORT, L. I.
New house, 6 rooms, bath, laundry, pantry, reception hall, all improvements and steam heat; fine shade; near trolley; $2,600, $100 cash, $25 monthly. C. Behr, Roosevelt, L. I.

High-class lots, near new Pennsylvania Station, Jamaica, ripe for building, for sale to responsible builder on terms. Seitz, 614 Flatiron Building, New York.

Port Washington.—To let, eight-room house; two baths; garage; near station; one-third acre. $50. Phone John 5467.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive bargains in one-family houses and choice building lots.
THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50 per cent. of former prices. They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, and Leonia, New Jersey, (opposite Grant's Tomb) within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan.
Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy free. Address BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—Near Country Club in private residence park, beautiful grounds, laid out with shrubs and flowers, with several magnificent old shade trees; modern house, 11 rooms, 2 baths, roomy sleeping porch, piazza on two sides, steam heat, and every modern improvement. Large garage, having room for two cars, and living quarters above; will be sold for considerable less than cost to immediate purchaser. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J.

RENT IN RIDGEWOOD.
Test its merits as a suburban place of residence; 1,000 commuters like it; attractive homes, $50 to $150 per month. Write us.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, RIDGEWOOD, N. J. PHONE 555.

Small fruit farms, 75x500; five minutes to station; restricted section; twenty-mile view; new houses; every improvement; wonderful fruit; real opportunity, $5,000 to $6,500; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

For sale, fourteen-room house, all improvements, three acres of land, situated, 79 Branch Av., Red Bank, N. J.; attractive price. Address Jarvis, 25 Beaver St., New York City.

A.—$100 Will Purchase Your Home—$100 in beautiful Cranford; 5, 6, 7 rooms, large plots; hardwood floor, open fireplace; nickel plumbing; steam, sleeping porch; near station; commutation 12½ cents. Cranford Estates, 29 Liberty St.

A Real Farmer's Opportunity!—196 acres; all but 3 acres in high state of cultivation, producing enormous crops; cost $136 an acre; price $68, to close estate. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Five acres choice ground at Westfield; new house, with all modern improvements; one mile from station; sell below cost. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, N. Y.

For Rent, Furnished.—Modern 6-room house; piano, garage; $45. Clark, 12 Courrier St., Rutherford, N. J.; telephone, 1174 R.

We specialize in Bergen County real estate. Write for Booklet A. N. J. Title Ins. Co., Hackensack, N. J.

Bargain.—$6,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

LITTLE FARMS, hour out, for city workers; $10 monthly. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, 14 WALL ST. MORTGAGE LOANS.

Country Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

For Rent.—Furnished house, 8 rooms, 3 baths; Long Island; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania station; excellent condition. L 11 Times.

To Let—Unfurnished.

$25. Little farm. Acre. Handsome dwelling (modern improvements, new). Commuting distance. Near Erie, trolley. Call. Tyndall, Waldwick, N. J.

Wanted.

Wanted to rent house in or near small country village, nine or ten rooms, modern conveniences; not over one hundred miles from New York, N. Y., or Conn. preferred; some land; moderate rent. N 12 Times.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

Apartments to rent, furnished and unfurnished, full hotel service; restaurant; cheapest rates in New York; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $12 weekly and upward. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

HOTEL IRVING, 26 Gramercy Park.
Why not live within walking distance of your business in the most central, homelike, fireproof hotel in New York City?

West Side

CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Col. Ave. } 1, 2, 3, & 4 Rooms SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE.
with private bath and kitchenette; some 3 and 4 room suites with two baths. Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils
ROOF GARDEN.
Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 up monthly. CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished. A few sublet week, month, during Summer. Near Subway and "L"—Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River. 3970.

THE WILSONIA, 225-229 W. 69th St., near Broadway. | 1 rm. and bath, $25 up. 2 rms., bh., kit., $40 up. 3 rs., bh., kit., $47.50 up.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN;
No Questionable or Objectionable Tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

To Rent.—Apartment, furnished, 9 rooms and 3 baths, on 10th floor, 333 Central Park West. Apply Superintendent, or 98 West St.

SUBLET.
Three rooms and bath.
HOTEL WALTON, 104 West 70th St.

WILL RENT EXCEPTIONAL TWO-ROOM AND BATH HOTEL APARTMENT AT GREAT SACRIFICE. N 102 TIMES.

118th, 507 West.—Delightful 4 rooms, beautifully furnished; high-class elevator house.

Completely furnished elevator apartment; 4 and 6 rooms and bath. 3 and 5 West 104th.

Choice list personally inspected furnished apartments. Frederick L. Hurt, 30 East 42d.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

ST. GEORGE,
Newly renovated, all light, corner apartments. 1,125 Lexington Av., cor. 78th St. 6 rooms, $900; 7 rooms, $1,000; every modern improvement; all-night elevator service. William Wolff's Son, 1,102 Lexington Av.

DON'T MISS SEEING
Apartment seven unusually light rooms, 1,186 MADISON AVENUE.
Corner 87th St. Electric light, parquet floors; price, $1,200. Superintendent on premises.

100 WEST 118TH ST.
6-7 large, light rooms; steam heat.
Rents $32 to $50. Apply Supt.

227-229 EAST 72D ST.
6 and 8 rooms, bath; steam heat; elevator. Rents $35 to $50. Apply Supt.

70th, 208 East.—Five and six large rooms, newly decorated; hot water supply; rent $25-$27. See Janitor.

College Av. and 170th St.—Three and four grand rooms; beautiful neighborhood; references required.

"Kingston," 129-131 E. 76th St.; handsome apartments; 7, 8 large, light rooms.

West Side

ST. URBAN,
Corner 89th St. and Central Park West.—Apartment consisting of ten rooms, three baths, $2,500; includes electricity and refrigeration; possession Oct. 1; four rooms overlook most beautiful part of park. Inquire Supt., on premises, or phone Roy H. Jameson, Murray Hill 6200.

EMPIRE COURT, 311 West 95th St.
Very light rooms, 4 rooms, bath, $45 up
All Night 5 rooms, bath, $50 up
Elevator, 6 rooms, bath, $60 up
Telephone, &c. 7 rooms, bath, $70 up
GEO. R. READ & CO., 30 Nassau St.

104TH, 218 W.—7 extra large rooms, overlooking Broadway, 104th and 103d Sts.; all improvements; just decorated; near Central and Riverside Parks; subway and "L"; $45-$50. Janitor.

THE INVERMERE, 415 West 118th.—Nonhousekeeping apartments, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, with bath; elevator and all modern improvements; first-class cuisine; rent, $40 and upward.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000; also one 11-room apartment, beautifully furnished. Apply Superintendent or phone Col. 4020.

5th Av., corner 12th St., overlooking Old Presbyterian Church yard, 100 feet of lawn in front; beautiful 8-room apartment, all outside rooms; call 12 West 12th, or Carstein & Linniken, 221 Fourth Av.

80TH ST., 129 WEST.
4 stories, 21 feet wide, box stoop, 15 rooms, 3 baths; asking $2,200.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 E. 42D ST.

Beautiful Riverside Drive Apartment to Sublet—Seven rooms, 2 baths; owners ask $1,200; will sublet for $1,000. Kohn, Apartment 6D, Riveria, 790 Riverside Drive.

7 AND 8 LARGE LIGHT ROOMS and bath; all improvements; convenient to all cars, park and schools; $40 up; lease to select tenants only. 6 West 103d St.

118th St., 203 West.—Six rooms, 3d floor; all rooms direct light; $27-$33; all improvements; near Central, Morningside Parks, subway, L. Janitor.

109TH, 245-247 W.—4 rooms, newly decorated; steam heated hall and closets; near Broadway and Riverside Drive; $19-$22; subway, "L."

WADSWORTH AV., 86-88 (corner 177th.)—5-6 rooms, all improvements, $27-$36; Broadway subway 181st; lowest rents on Washington Heights.

ELEVATOR APARTMENT, $45.
Convenient, fashionable neighborhood. 509 West 112th.

306-308 WEST 112TH ST.—4-5-6 large, light rooms, steam heat, electric light, telephone, elevator. Rents $30 to $46. Apply Supt.

123d, 547 West, (Broadway.)—Outside elevator apartment, six rooms, bath, $50 month.

Artist's Studio.—Beautiful apartment; fine northern light; size studio, 22x24. Call at once. Miss Elflein, Hotel Chelsea, W. 23d St.

WILL RENT EXCEPTIONAL TWO-ROOM AND BATH HOTEL APARTMENT AT GREAT SACRIFICE. N 104 TIMES.

Sunrise, Broadway, 2,708; 3 light rooms; housekeeping, non-housekeeping; restaurant; $456.

Elevator 6-8 room apartments, $40 up; doctor's suite. 221 W. 141st St., (7th Av.)

106th, 65 West, (Central Park.)—6-7 room private modern flat; $36.

172d, 575 West.—Corner elevator house, 4-7 large, beautifully decorated apartments.

94th St., 319 West.—Handsome 5-7 room apartments. Superintendent, on premises.

84th St., 17 West.—7 large rooms, bath; one to sublet, $45 and one at $60.

130th, 202 West.—Modern apartments seven all large, light rooms, $40-$55.

156th, 601 West.—Elevator apartments, 4, 6, 7, 8 rooms; $38 to $100.

611 West 176th.—Seven large, sunny rooms, 2 baths; $50 and $52.

88th St., 180 West.—High-class apartment, 8 rooms.

Brooklyn.

ST. JAMES PLACE, NEAR FULTON ST.
Delightful 6-room apt., $42; 7-room, $45; electricity, steam; parquet floors; near subway and L. Booklet. GOLDEN REALTY, 238 St. James Place.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—HADDON HALL.
Finest apartment in the State, eight-story elevator, fireproof, strictly high class, six and seven rooms, decorations to suit; $65 to $85. Any broker, or on the premises, 57 and 59 Union St.

Apartments Wanted

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Wanted.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 6 rooms, between 40th, 72d Sts; immediate possession; $200 month. Phone Murray Hill 8422.

Wanted, 7 or 8 rooms, 2 baths, furnished apartment for nine months, located between 30th and 60th Sts. Address P. O. Box 1966.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

AQUEHONGA LODGE.
Delightful Winter home, accessible to city; arrangements can now be made for Fall or Winter. 7 Richmond Av., Arrochar.

The Willows.—Huguenot Park on the beach; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis; delightfully cool lawns, porches; exclusive, comfortable surroundings.

Westchester.

BEVAN HOUSE, Larchmont, N. Y.—Directly on the water; 40 minutes from Grand Central; wonderful cooking; rooms, with bath; music, dancing; moderate rates. Albert E. Copeland.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL. Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-shaded grounds; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

Long Island.

Lady living in Cedarhurst, Long Island, offers exceptional opportunity to one looking for a home for Fall and Winter; congenial surroundings. Telephone 242 Far Rockaway. P. O. Box, 352 Cedarhurst.

Crystal Lake House, Freeport.—Family hotel; Fall rates; ideal location; all outside rooms; booklet.

Far Rockaway.—Maison Louis, 80 Carlton Av.; elegant rooms; moderate; French table.

New York State.

BLUE MOUNTAIN LAKE HOUSE, (cottages,) $3 per day, $15 to $17.50 per week; illustrated booklet. E. C. Potter, Propr.

Connecticut.

New Canaan, Conn.—The Ardsley and cottages; high elevation; 5 minutes' walk to station; excellent table; tourists accommodated; open year round. Tel. No. 292.

New Jersey.

Orange, N. J., 211 Lincoln Av.—Six minutes from Highland station; high, excellent location; large, bright, airy rooms, with board; moderate rates; reference.

Montclair.—Healthful, convenient; excellent accommodations; piazzas, trees, flowers. Randall, 104 Valley Road.

SHADY GROVE FARM, New Egypt, N. J.—Convenient lake, village; boating, bathing, amusements; bountiful table; $6-$9; booklet.

Pennsylvania.

Graduate nurses; modern place; board and care for invalids; moderate. Y 342 Times Annex.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

21ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; electricity; private bath, excellent table; references; phone.

34TH, 117-119 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Large, single rooms, with board.

37 EAST 53D ST.
TABLE BOARD; REFERENCES.

8 EAST 45TH STREET.
Room and bath; table board; references.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Second floor, large room, single room; excellent table; reasonable.

78D, 12 EAST.—Double and single rooms; excellent table; references. Apply by letter until Sept. 10.

89TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Attractive rooms, conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate; telephone. Gross.

West Side

7TH AV., 2,053 123D—Exceptional rooms, steam, phone, first-class board; references.

12TH, 113 WEST.—Well-appointed private house; home cooking; references. Chelsea 5455.

16TH, 7 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; private bath; excellent table; refined surroundings.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH ST., 47 WEST.—Private boarding house; for the Winter, large and single rooms; private baths; table exceptional.

54TH, 54 WEST.—First-class single, double rooms; suites; private baths; electricity; references.

57TH, 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; with board; references.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Private baths, electric light, steam heat; large rooms; Southern cooking; also smaller rooms; attentive service.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single, cool rooms, private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive rooms; twin beds; large private bathroom; references.

72D, 120 WEST.—Dining room will be opened Sept. 1; newly decorated and refitted; large and small rooms, with or without baths; can now be arranged for. M. Luez.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; excellent board; table guests.

72D, 253 WEST.—Cool, well-furnished rooms; table board; individual table; $10 up.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; parlor dining room.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small, attractive front rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table guests; references.

79th, 114 West, Norece Hall.—A home hotel for refined people; delightfully located on wide, parked street; cool, spacious parlors and dining room; booklet.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; private or public bath; satisfaction guaranteed.

80TH, 108 WEST.—The House Richards. An "Old Home" place for refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; also parlor floor; newly decorated; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine and service; private baths.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Cool, spacious rooms; electricity; good, generous table; parlor dining.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 54 WEST.—Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; private tables; excellent cuisine.

82D, 45 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; reasonable.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike surroundings. Brumenfeld.

86TH, 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two adults in refined, exclusive Jewish home; easy access car lines; references.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Small and medium rooms; suitable for gentlemen appreciating fine home.

89TH ST., 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate few people; excellent table.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Choice rooms; gentlemen, adults; exclusive; Jewish house. River 9793. Hellman.

HOLLAN HOUSE.
93d, 128, 130 West.—Rooms; high-class house; superior cuisine and service; parlor dining; table guests accommodated. Riverside 229.

94TH, 140 WEST.—Large front rooms, suitable two; refined surroundings; excellent home cooking.

94TH, 50 WEST.—Exceptional boarding; 32 rooms; 16 on one floor; every room with running water or bath adjoining.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; modern private residence near Riverside and Broadway; two large rooms, bath.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large room; private bath; suitable gentlemen, couple; home cooking; references.

118TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting with bath or single; table guests.

152D, 513 WEST.—Private family; large second-floor front room; references. Aud. 7392.

156TH, 553 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; reasonable rates.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple, appreciating superior table; homelike surroundings. Apt. 4D.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family House of high standard; Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare; Lovely furnished rooms; suites; all comforts; Excellent chef and service; separate tables; Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation. Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall; rooms; excellent table. 1159W Main.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

WANTED—Furnished rooms, in vicinity of Washington Square, for students. Write Secretary New York University School of Commerce, 32 Waverley Place, City.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Cool, comfortable furnished rooms; bathroom; floor reasonable.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) SUITE, two rooms and bath.

34TH, 46 EAST.—Elegant room; large closet; bath; electricity; $6.50; another, $4.

35TH ST., 20 EAST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; choice location; gentleman.

38TH ST., 10 EAST.—Small and large rooms, with private baths; also suites.

43D, 16 EAST.—Cool, comfortable, completely furnished room, with, without private bath; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with bath; room with piano; single room; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV, 265, (near 36th.)—Attractive large front room; bath. Murray Hill 728.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; charming suite for bachelors; hot water, electricity; references.

11TH, 113 WEST.—Large front room; also small room; $6 and $3.

12TH, 111 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; private house; references.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

52D, 55 WEST.—Large room, attractively furnished; hot, cold running water; adjoining bath; electricity, telephone; reasonable; gentlemen only; references.

52D, 250 WEST.—Beautiful second floor front room, private bath. Small room.

53D, 62 WEST.—Desirable, large rooms; southern exposure; private bath; attractive small rooms.

69TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive furnished rooms; baths, running water, telephone; references.

71ST ST., 221 WEST.—Two excellent medium rooms; large closets; running water; continuous hot water; moderate; business people; subway.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive large rooms; board optional; all conveniences; homelike atmosphere.

71ST, 220 WEST.—Very attractive large, small rooms; private house; telephone; references.

72D, 138 WEST.—Newly furnished; modern conveniences; very attractive rate to business people; exceptional location.

73D, 302 WEST.—First-class room and board, all conveniences, near Riverside.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable one, two; refined surroundings; reasonable; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; private bath; telephone; Summer rates.

75TH ST, 104 WEST.—Parlor floor for physician; also large room, adjoining bath; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Pleasant, cool, large, small rooms; electricity; private bath; moderate; telephone.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Sunny, attractive, homelike front room; continuous hot water, electricity; references.

76TH, 103 WEST.—Parlor floor, doctor, dentist; bay window, electricity, private bath.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Large, airy front room, southern exposure, conveniences; reference; reasonable.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Very attractive, pleasant, large and small rooms; home comforts.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, single or en suite; private bath; references.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished, large rooms; private bath; hot water; $5 upward.

82D, 134 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; references.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Large room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; breakfast; references.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Physician's office ten years; retiring account illness; owner's private home. Riverside 786.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, medium rooms; shower baths; telephone; reference.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; large rooms; $7-$9; electricity.

93D, 251 WEST, (Broadway.)—Two connecting; southern exposure; third floor; also unfurnished. Crane.

97TH, 147 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished room; bath, telephone.

98TH ST., 243, (corner Broadway.)—Unusually attractive large front parlor bedroom; piano; breakfast. 6 B.

105TH, 248 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Comfortable, light room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Copeland.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Two rooms, furnished in Circassian walnut, mahogany; velvet and silk draping; reasonable. 'Phone Riverside 5041. Crook.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; also single room; reasonable. Hale.

116TH ST., 420 WEST.—Exceptional single, double rooms obtainable at $25 and upward per month; excellent service included. Write, call, or phone 5800 Morningside.

121ST, 501 WEST.—One or two rooms, adjoining bath; private family. Apt. 56.

122D ST, (130 Claremont Av.)—Overlooking Hudson; large, small; all conveniences. Wells.

126TH ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; in elegant private house.

138TH, 606 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished; private house; breakfast optional.

BROADWAY, 2,030, (70th St.)—Desirable room; high-class apartment; suitable business; gentlemen; references.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th.)—Couple having charming apartment rent delightful outside room; private lavatory; excellent transportation; telephone 7915 Columbus.

LARGE ROOM; electric light, bath; elevator apartment; near Drive; moderate. Call morning before 12. Audubon 8160. Apt. 36.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 103D.—Room overlooking Hudson; refined private home to permanent reliable party willing to pay for superior accommodations. Phone 8600 River.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

63d, 105 West.—Large room with bath; refined private family; references necessary.

794 West End Av.—One-two rooms; private bath; maid service; low rent.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

DRESSMAKER, seamstress, alterations; out or at home. 834 Lexington Av. Plaza 2284.

INSTITUTION WORK.—Woman of experience; charge of children, other work. Address M. M., 104 East 14th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined Englishwoman, knowing French, desires charge one or two children, three years upward; excellent reference. Marguerite W., 253 W. 24th. Chelsea 2606.

STENOGRAPHER.—Energetic and capable; writes a good hand; understands filing, manifolding, billing, &c.; trustworthy; will begin at $7. Miss H., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Take fast dictation; neat, accurate typist; $9. Sarah Campbell, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; take entire charge office; references; $15. G 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office assistant; 2 years' experience; references; moderate salary. K 85 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, (double entry;) thorough; four years' experience; full charge. S 137 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

A BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN to take orders on a commission basis for a home-made food product of tested purity. Address Y 338 Times Annex.

A TACTFUL, well-educated woman, over 30, to represent us in New York State and Connecticut; previous experience unnecessary; salary and commission. Cloyes Lyon Co., 110 West 34th, Room 711.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

NEW STEWART TRUCK CHASSIS.
Without starter.
Long wheel base 135 inches.
1,500 pounds capacity.
Tires 34x4½ U. S.; chain tread rear.
Engine 30 h. p. Continental.
Left side drive—right hand control.
3 speeds forward and reverse.
Shaft drive.
Brakes—2 sets 17 inch diameter on rear axle.
PRICE $1,280.00.
QUICK BUY—NEW CHASSIS.
Box No. Y 344 Times Annex.

NEW STEWART TRUCK CHASSIS.
Equipped with electric starter.
Long wheel base 135 inches.
1,500 pounds capacity.
Tires 34x4½ U. S.; chain tread rear.
Engine 30 h. p. Continental.
Left side drive—right hand control.
3 speeds forward and reverse.
Shaft drive.
Brakes—2 sets 17 inch diameter on rear axle.
PRICE $1,380.
QUICK BUY—NEW CHASSIS.
Box No. Y 346 Times Annex.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL DISPOSE
Studebaker 6-cylinder, 6-passenger; new tires; extra tires with rims; demountable rims; rear vision mirror; slip covers; electric lights; self-starter; car is perfectly new; must be seen to be appreciated; price $650. See coachman, private estate, 921 Putnam Av., 2 blocks off Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone 7112 Bushwick.

CADILLAC Touring, 1914, in appearance and condition practically a new car; newly painted, electric lights, self-starter, good shoes, two extra shoes, silk mohair top; completely equipped; ready for immediate delivery. Stearns Co., 417 West 55th St. Phone 7600 Columbus.

Big bargains in accessories and all kinds automobile equipment at lowest prices in New York; also new and used autos below cost.
TIMES SQUARE AUTO CO.,
Southwest corner 56th St. and Broadway.
WORLD'S LARGEST DEALERS.

LOCOMOBILE 1913 touring; electric lights; two extra shoes on rims; motor-driven tire pump; perfect condition.
BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
18 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

Pierce Arrow (1914) collapsible touring 48. Cadillac (1914) touring; like new; $1,000. Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Rauch & Lang dual controlled coach, like new; Edison batteries. X 233 Times Annex.

Rauch & Lang worm-drive brougham; owner leaving city; must sell at once. S 12 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

Renault and Packard cars for hire, hour, day, or month; classy and up to date; reliable chauffeurs. Lewis, Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St. Phone 1509 Columbus.

Large five-passenger touring car for special trips; reasonable. Phone 429 Madison.

Packard seven-passenger touring car; day, week, month. Henry Abbey; Col. 1504.

Automobile Repairing.

Electric Starting—Lighting Systems.
Detachable Wire Wheels.
Jesco Company, 245 W. 55th St. Circle 1558.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED—A Pierce, Packard, or Cadillac, seven-passenger, limousine car, Berlin body preferred; must be in good condition; state model and price desired. D 34 Times Annex.

Automobile Instruction.

OWNERS and prospective owners will profit greatly by taking the special six weeks' course at the Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Booklet and pass to school free.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Col. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Special class for women.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BUYER to act as Head of Stock in Neckwear Department; only those with department store experience need apply; call not later than 11 A. M. Friday. Superintendent's Office, James McCreery & Co., 34th Street.

CANVASSERS for a pure food product for family trade; excellent opportunity; permanent position. Apply 1,624 Masonic Building, 71 West 23d St.

COMBINATION BOOKKEEPER-STENOGrapher; only those thoroughly experienced, systematic, accurate, mathematician, fast and good penman, with highest references; none others need apply. 802, 1,133 Broadway.

COOK WANTED.
Seigel, 54 East 120th St.

CORSET MODELS wanted, wearing sizes 23, 25, 28; also little girl models about 12 years old. Room 1,232 McAlpin Hotel, between 10 and 12 A. M.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced bookkeeping and billing; salary, $12-$14; permanent. 83 Chambers St., second floor.

MILLINERY MAKER, improver; uptown; private; model work; state experience, salary. S 129 Times.

SALESWOMAN.—Book shop desires competent saleswoman; experience in salesmanship and thorough general knowledge of books required; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary. Himebaugh & Browne, 471 5th Av.

SALESWOMAN.—Stationery shop desires a competent saleswoman of ability; experience and thorough knowledge in general management required; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary. Himebaugh & Browne, 471 5th Av.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
SUMMER TERMS UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST.
Three months' course; graduates registered.
Aeolian Hall, 35 West 42nd St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

A.—THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 42d St. and Lexington Ave., N. Y.—The only secretarial school conducted by college professors. Individual instruction. Positions for efficients. Prof. Meagher, M. A., (Lon.) Dir.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—A.—"NOT JUST 'AN ADVERTISING MAN,' BUT A PRACTICAL SALES BUILDER." A profit-earning advertising man, with 15 years' practical experience, desires a part time or a permanent JOB with one big or several small manufacturers, or an advertising agency that needs a GENUINE SERVICE man; my ability evidence and your knowledge of men will PROVE my value; I'm employed, never was out of work; do not drink; age 31, married. Wages are a secondary consideration; a practical, CAPABLE economist. L 5 Times.

A. — ACCOUNTANT.— Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2851.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, closes, systematizes books; makes periodical audits; prepares financial statements; terms reasonable. Rogers, 131 West 31st St. Madison Square 3780.

ACCOUNTANT.—Established twenty years; fees moderate; all work certified. Equitable. 7583 Hanover.

A CRIPPLE (45) seeks light employment of any kind; sober, willing and obliging. Address Harry Havell, 25 Jackson Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—I write a good hand, am quick and accurate and have been drilled in the most modern methods of accounting; satisfactory references concerning character and ability; will start at $8. Mr. Z, 38 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, 24; six years' experience; A1 reference; thoroughly competent and willing. Henry Cline, 1,233 Lexington Av.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; familiar all office details; moderate salary. G 315 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.
American, (24;) 7 years' experience foreign and American cars; best references former employers; have toured extensively; neat, reliable, and expert driver. Careful, S 123 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

CHAUFFEUR DEMONSTRATOR, any car, wishes position evenings, Saturdays, Sundays; reasonable; mechanic; reference. Audubon 2400; 412 W. 148th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, (25;) 8 years' experience foreign, American cars; honesty, sobriety, ability. Leahy, 320 West 52d. Columbus 8920.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, eight years' experience, desires year round position with private family; highest references. Goro, 330 East 57th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, 7 years, any car, private, city, country; 1st class references. Schwartz, 1,268 3d Av, 3188 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, capable, reliable, temperate, 11 years' reference. Robinson, 215 East 88th.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, any car; experienced; own repairs; references. N 162 Times.

COLLECTOR.—Man of ability, first-class reference, ready to supply reasonable bond, seeks position with a wholesale or manufacturer as collector or salesman. S 127 Times.

EXPORTERS, ATTENTION.
Position sought by man of 30, with high-class exporting house; cotton or woolen business preferred; splendid salesman; knows French thoroughly, also German; salary in beginning no consideration; but only serious firm will be considered; interview solicited; highest references. Y 348 Times Annex.

FARMER, gardener; experienced in all branches farming, garden; expert poultryman; A1 milker; good manager; only yearly contract will be accepted; employment agents need not answer. Charles A. Boyce, 149 East 33d St.

GARDENER AND FARMER.—Credentials first-class; thoroughly practical; greenhouses, vegetables and agriculture; interview at any time. Address Marshall, Box 86, Port Chester, N. Y.

JANITRESS, German; understands steam, wishes position; best references. Becker, 2 East 133d St.

REAL ESTATE man, experienced, wishes take care of property; best reference. A. Weiss, 908 Kelly St. Intervale 4214.

SALESMAN, (Traveling.)—Do you want a salesman, not an order taker but a producer, who can make good with any line of merchandise? 18 years' experience; highest references from former employers. Hustler, S 109 Times.

SALESMAN.—Desiring to connect with a reputable concern in the lace or trimming and novelty line to sell the retail trade in the city and Brooklyn; highest references. S 134 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, (24;) 5 years with large Stock Exchange firm. G 322 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, understands bookkeeping, Spanish; commercial high school graduate. G 357 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 23, eight years' experience, knowledge of bookkeeping, desires position. G 355 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Position all-around experienced hustler, age 31; manufacturing, buying, selling, electrical, hardware, auto accessories, advertising. Y 313 Times Annex.

WANTED.—A position in New York; experience; factory production; selling; public accounting; auditing; cost accounting and systematizing; age 31. S 140 Times.

WATCHMAKER, 16 years' experience; best references; wages reasonable. Boghossian, 49 East 28 St.

YOUNG AMERICAN, (22,) thoroughly experienced ACCOUNTING, OFFICE DETAILS, SECRETARIAL DUTIES, conversant with corporate finance, seeks connection either in secretarial capacity or with reputable firm; now employed, but desires change; excellent credentials. Y 349 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school graduate, present employed, desires to make change; knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, credits, collections, correspondent; intelligent, conscientious worker; highest references. S 145 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) Christian, high school graduate, bookkeeper, typist, seeks position. Y 350 Times Annex.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted for good proposition to call on cloak, dress, waist, underwear trade, &c.; commission; only A1 man. Apply to Room 1,903, 212 5th Av.

BANK MESSENGER, commissioned as a notary public; competent; salary, $75. L 9 Times.

BOY for stock, with experience, who has been with chiffon or net concern or similar line. Apply to Franken & Frank, 95 5th Av.

BRIGHT AND INTELLIGENT BOY wanted for advertising office; must be neat. Call at 11, Room 801, 23 East 26th St.

DESIGNER on coats and suits, capable of producing correct styles and well fitting patterns, by out-of-town house. Address Y 334 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Permanent position; $12, with advancement. 83 Chambers St., 2d floor.

ESTABLISHED PERFUMER wants outside man for partner; investment or without. S 142 Times.

EXECUTIVE wanted by pharmaceutical house; must have experience in merchandising and advertising, knowledge of foreign languages, especially German and Spanish, desired. Apply with references to Box L 7 Times, New York.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN,
opening Pittsburgh office, desires to communicate with manufacturers who want local representation there and surrounding territory; commission basis; highest references. S 144 Times.

EXPERIENCED cloak salesman, acquainted in the city and surroundings. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

FIREPROOFING ESTIMATOR—High-grade, technical man, preferably one who has had contracting and estimating experience on fireproof work; college graduate preferred; excellent opportunity for managership of fireproofing department for a large manufacturer. State age, qualifications, and experience. Y 347 Times Annex.

JUNIOR ASSISTANT wanted for C. P. A., accounting experience necessary; state references, age, and salary. G 358 Times Downtown.

MALE STENOGRAPHER.—One with knowledge of railroad ticketing preferred; salary, $75. S 152 Times.

MAN, 35 to 40, wanted, with retail store experience (experience in our line unnecessary) to qualify as manager of a large branch with fifty employes. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience in detail, age, and salary desired. Box 76, 2,121 3d Av.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN.—Wanted, mechanical draftsman capable of making correct layouts and drawings; preferably a man with checking experience and familiar with limit system of drawings; in reply please state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. P. O. Box 22, Brightwood, Mass.

MILLINERY BUYER.
We want a thoroughly experienced millinery man, one who is capable of handling a large volume of business, a man who is identified with a successful career, a man who can recognize style and price; must be a good advertiser and a thorough organizer; only such a man need apply. Address in strict confidence, stating experience for the last five years, age, salary. Address Y 343 Times Annex.

NIGHT CLERK for large hospital; must have experience and good references. Write, stating age, former positions, S 153 Times.

SALESMEN WITH FOLLOWING IN THE BAKERS' TRADE, FOR MANUFACTURER OF BAKER'S SUPPLIES; REFERENCES ESSENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION BASIS. F. H., 208 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN.—Ladies or gentlemen who are acquainted with and can present a safe proposition to small investors; drawing account to actual producers. G 310 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Capable automobile salesmen on commission; salary when ability is proven; high-class car at medium price; reliable concern. Address Auto Salesman, L 3 Times.

SALESMAN.—Representative all territories, to represent large children's gingham dress manufacturer for coming Spring season, as side line; commission basis. L 10 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in Middle West, with good following, to sell ladies' suits from $16.50 to $45; salary and commission. Y 337 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted to handle leather advertising novelties on a commission basis. A 268 Times Downtown.

WAGON MEN wanted, over 21 years; bring reference. Apply at 69 Greenwich St.

WANTED.—Experienced folders and packers for cloak and suit house. Apply Joseph Durst, Inc., 31 East 31st St.

YOUNG MAN, about 18 years old, in office of large downtown wholesale paper house; opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, &c., Paper, G 361 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Bowtell's Business Brain Bureau,
170 Broadway.
Thirteenth year placing the very highest type of office employee.

WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
50 Court St., Brooklyn. 7034 Main.
The Right Man,
For the Right Place,
At the Right Time.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
SUMMER TERMS UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST.
Three months' course; graduates registered.
Aeolian Hall, 35 West 42nd St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Agents Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

AGENTS earn $15 daily calling on automobile owners; particulars free. D 29 Times Annex.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

A BIG OPPORTUNITY
For organization having large sales force and wide distribution to obtain exclusive selling rights of nationally advertised specialty in universal demand; exceptional opportunity for broad gauge concern; satisfactory arrangements can be made if you measure up to our requirements; no one is too big to give this serious consideration. Box S 114 Times.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS furnished to manufacturers and wholesalers; advances on accounts and merchandise; confidential; principals only. Wormser & Co., 95 5th Ave., New York City.

PARTNER WANTED WITH $3,000 IN AN ESTABLISHED AND PROFITABLE BUSINESS; DON'T ANSWER UNLESS YOU MEAN BUSINESS. S 118 TIMES.

Want jobber or manufacturer to take output of factory manufacturing all details shirts, athletic underwear, pajamas. S 150 Times.

Moving Picture Theatre, 500 seats, 10c house; rent, $65; little money required. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 B'way, (42d.)

Wanted—A partner with moderate capital in a newly organized and going shirt company. H. B., 25 Times.

ESTABLISHED JOBBING and manufacturing business wants a partner with $5,000; excellent opportunity. A 255 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Foundry machine shop, suitable for ammunition plant, Carbondale, Penn. Inquire W. M. Dickson, Scranton, Penn.

Inventor will sell all rights of labor-saving device of invaluable aid to printers. S 148 Times.

Established perfumer wants outside man for partner; investment or without. S 143 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Printing and Multigraphing.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. G. R. Weatherford, 120 B'way, Room 1,131, Equitable Building. Rector 4543.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
Supreme Court, New York County.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of ELIZABETH FLAMM.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of ladies' underwear, gloves, veilings, collars, showcases, forms, show stands, mirrors, rugs, hangers, desks, wallcases, fixtures, etc.
THEODORE BLUM, Assignee.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Assignee, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. SCHEUER & SONS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of skirt belting, etc.
DAVID FALK, Trustee.
LAWRENCE B. COHEN, Attorney for Trustee, 64 Wall St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,986.—MORRIS WEBER and PINCUS COHEN, individually and as co-partners trading as WEBER & COHEN, Bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated July 29, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 25, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 21,837.—JUNIUS ALLEN HOWE, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Junius Allen Howe, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 2, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 25, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. District N. Y.—No. 21942.—In Bankruptcy.—HARRY ABBATE, doing business under the name of PROSPECT DRESS COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Harry Abbate, doing business under the name of Prospect Dress Company, are hereby given notice that on July 30th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21767.—In Bankruptcy.—ESTHER LEFKOWITZ, Bankrupt.
Esther Lefkowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt on July 30th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on Sept. 13th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated, August 25th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. District N. Y.—No. 22021.—In Bankruptcy.—CAESAR DEFEO, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Caesar Defeo are hereby given notice that on August 11th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,070.—In Bankruptcy.—MOLLIE BECHER, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Mollie Becher are hereby given notice that on August 16th, 1915, she was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 3 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 22,022.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES O. NANZ, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Charles O. Nanz are hereby given notice that on August 6th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 22,078.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH SWETOW, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Joseph Swetow are hereby given notice that on August 17th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 22,089.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL MILLER, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Samuel Miller are hereby given notice that on August 19th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 1:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—In Ocean Grove, N. J., Sunday, Aug. 22, 1915, monogram C. M., diamonds and platinum, attached to small gold chain. $10 reward for return to C. D. Massey, 120 Broadway, Room 717.

LOST.—Lady's handbag, on Amsterdam street car at Houston St., Wednesday afternoon. Return to Gross, 500 West 124th; $10 reward.

LOST.—Thursday morning in elevated train at Rector St., small brown bag containing clothes, &c. F. H. Geer, 2 Wall St. or 60 West 54th St.

LOST.—Neighborhood of 87th and Broadway, jeweled tie clasp; reward. Return 151 West 87th. Up to Date Cloak Co.

$100 REWARD for return diamond crescent pin, in taxicab from Claremont Monday night. L. B. Morris, 135 West 70th.

LOST—Black purse, money; Macy's, McCreery's; liberal reward. Bouton, 31 Clinton St., Newark.

LOST—Diamond platinum watch bracelet, between Hartsdale and Rye Beach; reward if returned. Apartment 306 170 West 74th.

LOST—Small, green paroquette bird; $10 reward if returned. Hotel Blackstone, 50 East 58th St.

LOST—$35, in Long Acre Theatre yesterday; reward. E. Collins, 151 East 50th.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.
SUNDAY, AUG. 22, NEAR
OLD WESTBURY, LONG ISLAND,
GERMAN SHEPHERD DOG,
CALLED "REX."
IF SEEN PLEASE CALL
MANHASSET 383.
IF RETURNED REWARD.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Will buy a first-class motion picture machine cheap. Call between 11 and 12, Jerome Rosenberg, Savoy Theatre, 112 West 34th St. 6691 Greeley.

Microscope.—High power, with photographic attachment; purchase, hire. Reynolds, 611 W. 158th.

Pianos and Organs

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pianos sold to cover cost of storage, all good makes and values. Ground floor rear, 35 West 14th St.

$150 for beautiful 88-note player piano; mahogany, Knabe Electrelle. 4181 Broadway, 1st floor.

For Sale, Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Two Day mixers, suitable for candy or toilet article manufacturer; one large gas oven; one sifter and mixer; for sale cheap. Call Tokalon, Inc., 20 West 22d.

MEN'S CREDIT TAILORS.—Suits, Overcoats, &c., $12; $1 down, $1 weekly. Hamilton-Martin Co., 171 B'way, (enter 5 Cortlandt St.)

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LAZARUS KAHNER and MILTON L. KAHNER, individually and copartners doing business under the firm name of L. KAHNER & SON, Bankrupts.—No. 21,809.
To the creditors Lazarus Kahner and Milton L. Kahner, individually and copartners doing business under the firm name of L. Kahner & Son, of the City, County, and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupts:
Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1915, the said Lazarus Kahner and Milton L. Kahner, individually and copartners doing business under the firm name of L. Kahner & Son, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and a first meeting of creditors held July 1st, 1915, and a trustee elected at said meeting, and an error having appeared in the publication of the notice of the first meeting of creditors, you are hereby notified that the second first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 8th day of September, 1915, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated, New York, August 23rd, 1915.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 20477.—LAWRENCE SAMUELS and ABRAHAM SAMUELS, doing business as L. & A. Samuels, Bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that the above named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated August 10, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 25, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 20249.—WILLIAM H. BURNSTINE, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that William H. Burnstine, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 23, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitnoner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 25, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 22011.—JOHN MASSIMINO, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that John Massimino, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 19, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 25, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—No. 20,694.—SAMUEL GREENMAN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Samuel Greenman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 3, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Aug. 25, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 21,939.—In Bankruptcy.—ULRICH ULRICHSEN and RALPH ULRICHSEN, individually and as co-partners trading as ULRICHSEN BROS., Bankrupts.
Creditors of said Ulrich Ulrichsen and Ralph Ulrichsen, individually and as copartners trading as Ulrichsen Bros., are hereby given notice that on July 29th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupts. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 8th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PRYER, CATHARINE JANE.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Catharine Jane Pryer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 113 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1916.
Dated, New York, the 19th day of August, 1915. CHARLES STEWART PHILLIPS, Executor.

WOULD DROP SON'S CHORUS GIRL WIFE

Parents of Philip Herrman Sue to Annul His Marriage with Dorothy Phillips.

HE IS A HARVARD STUDENT

Bride Refused at First to Marry Young Man, but Yielded Only on His Threat of Suicide.

Suit has been brought for the annulment of the marriage of Philip Herrman, a Harvard student, to Dorothy Gates Herrman, who was a chorus girl in the "Watch Your Step" company at the New Amsterdam Theatre last Winter.

James S. Herrman, head of the Philip Herrman's Son building concern, and his wife, Mrs. Elisa M., of 238 West Seventy-first Street, filed the papers asking for the annulment, and assert that their son's wife is under "the care and control of Mrs. Ethel L. Belmont" at the latter's apartment in 245 West Fifty-first Street.

Mrs. Belmont is receiving alimony of $100 monthly under a separation decree by Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, who gave her permission to have the allowance increased when able to prove her husband's income is in excess of $2,900 yearly, the income shown at the trial of the separation suit in May, 1914. Justice Greenbaum ruled that an indulgent father's yearly gift to a son could be construed judicially as income.

The case came to public attention yesterday when the law firm of Green, Hurd & Stowell of 43 Exchange Place, representing young Herrman's parents, applied to the Supreme Court for the appointment of a guardian ad litem for the young man's bride, who is under age, and must therefore be represented by a guardian in court. It also developed that Justice Donnelly had already appointed James A. Farrell as guardian ad litem for the son in the proceedings.

The complaint sets forth that young Herrman, who was born on April 15, 1897, married under legal age and without the consent of his parents, who opposed the match.

There is an affidavit by a process server, George H. Young, who says that he served the young bride with papers in the suit at the Belmont apartment in Fifty-first Street. Mrs. Herrman, the younger, it is said in another affidavit, was born at Charleston, S. C., is from a prominent family of that State, and is known on the stage as Dorothy Phillips.

A. Edward Glasgow, identified with the plaintiff's law firm, also makes an affidavit in which he says he served young Mrs. Herrman with papers in the suit at 245 West Fifty-first Street. Glasgow asserts that he knew the chorus girl because he had called on her prior to the marriage in company with the elder Herrman, who urged her not to marry his son.

Glasgow further says he told the young woman that the papers were the legal requirements in the annulment action, and that she could engage counsel and defend the suit if she so desired. Her answer, Glasgow says, was that she understood, but did not desire to stand in the way of the annulment.

Yesterday, however, young Mrs. Herrman said she would make a contest.

She said that young Herrman was a student at Harvard on Dec. 8, the night when "Watch Your Step" opened, and he first saw her from an orchestra seat. Within a week, she says, through Harvard friends of hers, she was introduced to him and his love-making was "fast and furious."

The elder Herrman and a lawyer then intervened, she said, and at their urging she consented not to marry the young man, but she hurried on to say:

"I soon received a letter from Philip, who told me that unless I married him he would commit suicide, and so I married the dear boy."

She never lived with her husband, she said, but he called on her steadily for five months and professed great love. Finally, she said with a sigh, his father induced him to abandon her and she has not seen him since.

HOSPITAL NOT TO CLOSE.

Institution at Paignton Not Affected by Red Cross Decision.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The work of the American Women's War Hospital at Paignton, a watering place in Devonshire, will not be interrupted by the decision of the Red Cross to withdraw its nursing units from all belligerent countries because of lack of funds.

Announcement is made that steps have been taken to keep the hospital in operation. An American chief surgeon has been appointed, and his staff will consist of American and English nursing sisters.

TRUSTIES TURN TOMBS INTO A BIG DRUG STORE

Arrests Reveal Profitable Trade in Cocaine and Heroin Among Prisoners.

Evidence that cocaine and heroin have been smuggled to prisoners in the Tombs and that several prisoners were doing a profitable drug business was brought out yesterday when Frank Reilley, 19, of 806 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, was held by Magistrate Frothingham in the Tombs Court pending further investigation. Reilley, it is alleged, took many packages of drug to the prison. At least two trusties, it was said, were in the plot, and the detectives say they have affidavits involving several others.

One bit of evidence was found in a letter written by a prisoner to his wife, which was intercepted. It contained this paragraph:

"Be sure and bring the decks. It's a perfect gold mine here."

The police withheld the name of the writer, but it was said to be John Henderson, who, with his cellmate, Frank Murphy, has been in the Tombs for three weeks awaiting trial on the charge of burglary. Henderson and Murphy, it was alleged, also dealt with the trusties and made a comfortable profit. Affidavits in the possession of the police say that on some days as many as twenty decks of drugs were sold at a profit of $1 a deck.

TURNS BACK GIRL BATHERS.

Helmetta Is Troubled by Folk Who Say They Hate Clothes.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 26.—The troubles which the ancient village of Helmetta has been having in assimilating the colony of athletic men and women who have founded on its borders a colony known as "Physical Culture City" came to a climax yesterday when two young women in bathing suits crossed the border into Helmetta.

The alarm was rapidly sounded through the town and Marshal James Deming hurriedly came out and drove the two young women away from the roadway into a small forest which protected Helmetta from the dangerous sight. The Marshal then ordered the two young women to hurry out of his jurisdiction by sheltered paths on penalty of arrest.

A Committee of Safety of Helmetta has taken up with Marshal Deming the question of reviving a law which was in force when the stocks were a feature of New Jersey penology and which visited severe punishment upon any indecorousness of costume.

One difficulty, however, is that one of Helmetta's boasts for many years has been that it has no police force and no jail. A strong stand may be taken, however, because the "Physical Culture City" is full of people who assert that they hate clothes and take special delight in trying to broaden the minds of Puritans.

BLAMES ANDERSON ESTATE.

Surrogate Says He Was Not Told of Danger to Late Golfer's Property.

Surrogate Fred G. Stickel, Jr., in Newark yesterday disclaimed responsibility for the loss of $1,000 to the estate of Thomas Anderson, the professional golfer of Montclair, who was killed on Aug. 13 in an automobile, through stock fluctuations. Mr. Stickel blamed Merritt Lane of Jersey City, attorney for the estate, who, he alleges, failed to notify him that all of Anderson's estate in the form of securities was pledged in the stock market and likely to be wiped out.

Surrogate Stickel declares that had he been informed of the situation he would have named a temporary administrator, pending the necessary legal steps that must be taken before he can make a permanent appointment.

Surrogate Stickel cited several cases wherein such appointments had been made under similar circumstances.

PORT COMMISSION NAMED.

Three Years' Term to Cost City $300,000, but No Appropriation.

There was a heated argument in the Board of Estimate yesterday over the appointment of a three-headed commission to formulate plans for a more efficient system of port and terminal facilities. The resolution, which was barely carried, permits of the appointment of George F. Swain, W. C. Loree, and John F. Stevens to serve as a commission for a term of three years, the expenses to aggregate between $100,000 and $110,000 a year.

President McAneny said the city had no money to appropriate for such a commission, and asked for more time to study the matter. While the commission is appointed, it will have no funds to use.

BULL MOOSE TO RUN HALPIN FOR SHERIFF

County Leaders Designate John J. O'Connell for District Attorney.

TO STEP DOWN FOR FUSION

Hotchkiss, Weeks, Fitzgerald, and Schaap Named for Bench—Tammany Undecided—Petitions Filed.

The Progressives last night designated their candidates for the various county offices. At a meeting of the County Executive Committee in the Forty-second Street Building it was decided to put up John J. O'Connell for District Attorney, and William Halpin, Deputy County Register, for Sheriff.

William H. Hotchkiss, ex-Superintendent of Insurance; W. Holden Weeks, Deputy Fire Commissioner, and ex-Assemblyman James J. Fitzgerald of the Thirteenth District were named for Supreme Court Justices. Two weeks ago Justices Clarke and Greenbaum were indorsed for re-election. Ex-Assemblyman Michael H. Schaap was named last night for Judge of the City Court.

Although there was expectation of trouble, everything went along smoothly, owing to the forethought of William M. Chadbourne in having a resolution passed that the committee would designate none but Progressives. Chairman Jacob R. Schiff and Mr. O'Connell admitted, after the meeting, that the slate as made up was subject to change. If a citizens movement should develop in the interest of fusion, the candidates, Mr. O'Connell thought, would willingly get off the ticket and allow other candidates to make the fight in the primaries.

There was a rumor that the Progressives in putting Mr. Hotchkiss on the ticket expected that in the near future some arrangement might be made whereby he would receive the indorsement of other parties. This could be brought about, it was said, by the Progressives indorsing a candidate for District Attorney or Sheriff of another party.

Roosevelt Praises Corrigan.

It was expected an attempt would be made to have the committee indorse Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan for District Attorney. Mr. Corrigan is a candidate for the Tammany nomination. In the afternoon Cambridge Livingston, who was a Change of Grade Commissioner under Mayor Gaynor and who is a friend of both Magistrate Corrigan and Colonel Roosevelt, called upon the Colonel and asked him to support Corrigan.

The Colonel answered that he was a citizen of Nassau County and did not think it advisable to take sides in the contest for a New York County District Attorney. He added that he felt, however, that the District Attorneyship is not only a very important office, but in the proper sense of the word it should not be a political office and that there would be no impropriety in his saying that he did earnestly hope that the man chosen to fill it would be some such man as Magistrate Corrigan—some man of his high character and standing, with his professional ability and acquaintance with the needs and duties of the office.

The Colonel added that he did not feel he could speak for any candidate in particular, but merely for the type of man who ought to be chosen.

Judge Corrigan's name was not brought up at last night's meeting.

"I don't believe Colonel Roosevelt is for Judge Corrigan," said Mr. O'Connell.

"Did you hear from Colonel Roosevelt?" Chairman Schiff was asked.

"No," he replied. "The Colonel leaves these matters for us to attend to."

The Progressives have still another Justice of the Supreme Court to designate, but the selection will come from the Bronx and will be made later.

Moss Admits Perkins's Strength.

With the entrance yesterday of District Attorney Perkins into the race for nomination to that office at the primaries, the Republican situation cleared perceptibly. So many prominent Republicans, as well as independent Democrats and Progressives, are behind Mr. Perkins's candidacy, that it was considered a foregone conclusion that he will receive the indorsement of the Republican county organization.

The only other contender for the Republican nomination, ex-Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, frankly admitted that he had no hope of receiving the Republican indorsement. He said he would be a candidate for the office of District Attorney at the Republican primaries anyway.

Mr. Moss said he expected that the Executive Committee of the Republican County Committee would vote next Monday night to support Mr. Perkins, although he was sure most of the members did not want to do it. He said official pressure was being brought to bear upon the members to have them come out for Mr. Perkins. When asked if Governor Whitman was exerting the "official pressure" Mr. Moss only laughed.

The Tammany situation is still as much "up in the air" as ever. Charles F. Murphy had several conferences with his advisers yesterday, but reached no conclusion. Judge Edward Swann of General Sessions is still the most popular Tammany candidate and Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan is making a hard fight. The Hungarian National Democratic Club, which claims to represent 10,000 men, passed resolutions last night indorsing Judge Swann's candidacy.

Early Petitions Filed.

Yesterday was the first day for candidates to file primary petitions with the Board of Elections. The first to file was Earl H. Miller of the Bronx, who is seeking re-election as Assemblyman. He was at the Board of Elections when it opened yesterday morning, and his petition was filed at 9:01 o'clock. Edward T. O'Loughlin, who is anxious to succeed himself as Register of Kings County, was a close second, appearing with his petition only a few minutes later. About the same time James R. Ferguson of 369 East 162d Street, an Alderman who also seeks re-election, filed his petition.

The Miller and Ferguson petitions were prompted by the close fight that Michael J. Garvin had last year to retain his leadership against the contest put up by Patrick J. Kane. Kane, running against Garvin for State Committeeman, was declared a winner on the first count, but Garvin was later seated on a recount.

Register O'Loughlin, who has been twice elected on a fusion ticket in Kings County, was recently turned down by the Republican organization, and his petition was filed with the hope that he may be designated by the Democrats, although the petition, signed by seventy-eight voters, is under the emblem of the Independence League.

TALE OF ADVENTURE A FAKE.

Two Men Clad as Bathers Said They'd Crossed Ocean on a Raft.

Thomas and Charles T. Spalding of Greenwich Avenue, New York, who, clad in blue and white bathing suits, drifted into Hastings-on-the-Hudson yesterday on a raft, told a story of their adventures to the local police that sounded like a page from "Robinson Crusoe." The men were about 25 and 30 years, respectively, and had a box lashed down on the raft containing their shore clothing. They both looked weak from lack of food, and ate what was placed before them in the police station like shipwrecked sailors.

Thomas, who was the spokesman, said that they had gone to Italy with a cargo of horses to see what foreign parts were like, and had shipped on the Italian liner Duca d' Aosta from Genoa for a passage to New York. When the steamer was crossing the Gulf of Lyons she was pursued by a submarine, which fired a torpedo, but missed her. After passing Gibraltar the brothers decided to make a raft and escaped on it during the night, and managed to reach New York safely. When the police mentioned that they must have made good time on the trip, as the Duca d' Aosta only arrived on Monday, the men smiled and admitted that they had tried to swim across the Hudson at Yonkers, and were pushing the raft ahead of them, with their clothes in the small box to keep them dry. According to the Hastings police, both men were clean shaven and appeared to be above the average in intelligence.

HOLDS BABY IN ARMS AS SHE KILLS ARTIST

Woman Calls to Door Man She Blamed for Her Woes and Shoots Him.

HUSBAND HAD CAST HER OUT

Mrs. Bellina Went to Montiglia to Ask Him for Assistance, but He Laughed at Her.

Holding her year-old baby, Frances, on one arm, and with her three-year-old child, Mary, clinging to her skirt, Mrs. Rosie Bellina, of 583 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, shot and killed yesterday James Montiglia, an Italian artist, in his apartment at 284 First Street. The woman made a statement later to Acting Captain John Coughlin of the Detective Bureau, in which she declared that Montiglia attacked her several months ago, and that when her husband heard from his brother what had happened in the artist's room he ordered her from his home. When she demanded from Montiglia that he help her he scoffed at her, and she killed him.

Mrs. Bellina is very pretty. She came here from Italy when she was 4 years old, and was educated in the public schools. She was dressed in a white shirt waist and black skirt when she called at the First Street address a little after 8 o'clock yesterday morning. She met Mrs. Annie Rizzo, the janitress of the building, and asked to see Montiglia. Mrs. Rizzo showed her his apartment on the first floor.

Montiglia was asleep, and was awakened when Mrs. Bellina knocked on the door. He hastily put on a pair of white flannel trousers and a pair of shoes and opened the door. At first she spoke in an ordinary tone of voice, but in a few minutes, according to Mrs. Rizzo, she became very angry. Montiglia stood at the threshold and urged her to be more quiet. Suddenly she drew a 32-calibre revolver which she had concealed in a shawl which covered her baby.

As she took aim for the first shot the baby playfully put her hand on her mother's face, and the shot missed its mark. A second shot entered the man's right temple, and he fell to the floor. Mrs. Rizzo, who witnessed the shooting, ran screaming to the street. Acting Captain James M. Walsh and Policeman Concannon of the Bergen Street Station heard the shots, and ran to the house. They found Mrs. Bellina in the hallway a short distance from the body of her victim.

"Who did this shooting?" asked Concannon.

"I did," replied the woman, in a low tone. "He ruined my life. Take this," she added, handing the revolver to the policeman. "I would have given myself up if you had not come."

Mrs. Bellina said at Police Headquarters:

"I was 16 years old when I married Tony Bellina. He is a contractor, and we were happy for three years. Six months ago he obtained a large contract in Baltimore. I could not stand being alone in our apartment. My sister-in-law, Mrs. Regina Bellina, lived in the apartment in the rear of the one occupied by Montiglia. She was taken sick in June, and they sent for me to come and nurse her. I was there for two weeks, and that is when all the trouble happened.

"Mantiglia made love to me from the first time he saw me. I repulsed him repeatedly, but he would not desist. Finally one night he called me from the sickroom to the hallway, and then dragged me to his room. I screamed and struggled, but he stuffed a handkerchief in my mouth and overpowered me. I told the story next day to my brother-in-law and sister-in-law, and I never went near the house again except in the daytime.

"Monday my husband came from Baltimore for a short visit. His brother told him what had happened. There was an awful scene. My husband acted like a madman, and left the house, saying that he never wanted to see me or the children again. Last night I went to Montiglia and told him that I was penniless and my children were hungry. He laughed at me and called me bad names. I went to my grandmother and borrowed enough money to buy a revolver. This morning I killed him."

Mrs. Bellina was later arraigned in the Flatbush Court before Magistrate McGuire and held without bail on a charge of murder in the first degree.

Kills Himself in a Saloon.

A middle-aged man, clean shaven and well dressed, who has not been identified, went into the saloon at 2,070 Eighth Avenue yesterday afternoon, stepped up to the bar, drew a revolver from his pocket, and shot himself dead. He had cut out the name slip from his coat and destroyed all other clues that might have identified him. In his pockets were $13.10. He wore an expensive gray striped suit, purple striped shirt, brown tie, low tan shoes, and tan socks, and he was 5 feet 9 inches tall and weighed 175 pounds. He had light hair and complexion and blue eyes. The body was taken to the morgue.

MENACE OF DELAY IN SUBWAY REMOVED

Board of Estimate Approves the Contract for Times Square Section.

BOWS TO A PUBLIC NEED

Board Notified That Future Contracts with Similar Clause Will Not Be Approved.

While insisting on its right to change contracts made by the Public Service Commission, the Board of Estimate yesterday capitulated in the matter of the Times Square section of the Broadway Subway and approved the award to the contractors, Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation. The matter was settled with a rush, as Mayor Mitchel was anxious to catch a train back to the military training camp at Plattsburg. The Mayor said that only the urgency of the situation made him vote to approve the contract.

In rescinding its former resolution that it would not approve contracts providing for the payment of a lump sum to contractors for extra work the board bowed to the decision of Supreme Court Justice Shearn, who issued a writ of mandamus ordering the city to go ahead with the contract as originally awarded by the Public Service Commission. The board also reapproved the original form of the contracts for the Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, section, awarded to Rogers & Hagerty, and the Culver route, Brooklyn, section, awarded to Post & McCord.

Mayor Mitchel said that the board still believed it had the right to alter contracts, and he said he hoped the time would come when the matter could be tested in the highest court, but at present a vital section of the subway should not be tied up by litigation.

Notice was served on the Public Service Commission that any future contracts advertised with the objectionable clause would not be approved by the board. Also, when awards for extra work are to be made under the contracts the board will demand to sit in at the conferences to protect the city's interests.

The board adopted a series of resolutions explaining its position, one of them declaring for an understanding that the Public Service Commission "will order no extra work in excess of 5 per cent. of the estimated amount of the contract without the consent and approval of the board." This was the suggestion put forward on Wednesday by Chairman McCall of the Public Service Commission.

NEWCOMB HOME BURNS.

Richmond Hill Police Believe Incendiary Started Fire.

Detectives and Fire Marshal Thomas Brophy are investigating the origin of a blaze that caused considerable damage yesterday to the handsome home of George Newcomb, at Division Avenue and Walnut Street, in Richmond Hill, L. I. Mr. Newcomb has not occupied the house for several years, and it has been in charge of a caretaker, David Combes, who lived in it with his family. Mr. Newcomb's business address is given by the police as 50 Church Street, Manhattan.

The caretaker and his family were not at home yesterday when fire broke out simultaneously, the police say, on all three floors of the dwelling. The flames spread rapidly, but were extinguished after $2,000 damage had been done. The firemen said they found traces of oil-soaked rags where the flames had been hottest.

Dog Turned Loose on Court Officer.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Aug. 26.—John Lisiand, better known as "Jack" Lisiand, and his brother, Harry A. Lisiand, are under arrest here charged with contempt of court and assault upon a court officer. The brothers have been occupying a farm owned by Michael Neuman of the Long Acre Athletic Association of New York. Recently Neuman went into the Somerset County District Court and obtained a judgment for several hundred dollars against his tenants. Yesterday Sergeant at Arms Edward W. Farley went out to levy upon the personal property of the brothers on the Neuman farm. He asserts that he was threatened with a pitchfork and

Edison Recovers from Injury.

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 26.—Thomas A. Edison was able to be at work this morning suffering no ill effects from the mishap at his Silver Lake laboratory, when potash was spattered upon his face. The accident is one that happens very frequently in that section where Mr. Edison was at the time and the men there are always prepared for it. The result was that the moment Mr. Edison was struck by the liquid wet cloths were clapped to his face and then he bathed his face in cold water until the heat was all gone. None of the potash got into his eyes.

These Theatres Do Not Deal with Tyson Co.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th Street. Evenings 8:10. Last Mat. Tomorrow 2:10.
Last 2 Nights. Last Mat. Tom'w
JULIA SANDERSON
DONALD BRIAN
JOSEPH CAWTHORN
in the Greatest Musical Comedy Success,
THE GIRL FROM UTAH

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42D ST.
Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday 2:10.
The Greatest Musical Show Ever Produced in the Coolest Theatre in the World,
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
AFTER THE SHOW VISIT
DANSE DE FOLLIES, Atop This Theatre.
NEW ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
Rolling Stones

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:15.
"VIVID AND CONVINCING."—World.
UNDER FIRE with WILLIAM COURTENAY

FULTON 46th St., near B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20.
"SOME BABY" SOME FARCE SOME CAST

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. 2:20.
THE BOOMERANG

BIRTH OF A NATION
AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15.
TWICE Daily, Incl. Sunday.
Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2.
Other Mats..........25-50-$1.
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
GIGANTIC SPECTACLE.
Symphony Orchestra of 40.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
A. H. WOODS presents
COMMON CLAY
A New American Play in 3 Acts, with
JOHN MASON and JANE COWL

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Opens Next Monday
SEATS NOW ON SALE.
JUST OUTSIDE THE DOOR
A New Play by Jules Eckert Goodman.
HENRY MILLER, Manager.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43d St. FIRST MAT. TOMORROW.
OPENING TONIGHT AT 8:15.
JULIAN ELTINGE in "COUSIN LUCY," by CHARLES KLEIN.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2.15.
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Matinee Today.
THE GOLDEN CROOK with Billy Arlington.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Telephone 287 Bryant.
COMMENCING
TOMORROW NIGHT
SEATS NOW ON SALE.
COHAN & HARRIS PRESENT
YOUNG AMERICA
A New Play by FRED BALLARD.

LEXINGTON Theatre, 51st St. & Lex. Ave. 'Phone Plaza 6110.
Opens Tomorrow at 8:15 SEATS NOW ON SALE.
A. H. Woods Presents POTASH & PERLMUTTER
Prices:—Eves. & SAT. MAT., 25c TO $1.00. TUES. & THURS. MATS., 25c & 50c.
2—BIG SUNDAY CONCERTS—2.

CANDLER THEATRE, W. 42d St. NEXT WED. EVE., Sept. 1
COHAN & HARRIS present THE HOUSE OF GLASS
A New Play by Max Marcin. SEATS NOW.

Steeplechase
Coney's Only Funny Place.
Beautiful Beach and 3 Great Pools.
Special Rates to Clubs and Parties.

PARK Thea., Columbus Circle, 59th. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2.20.
275 ORCHESTRA SEATS $1.00.
MAY IRWIN in her new comedy, "No. 13 Washington Square"

Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Every Eve. at 8:15.
12-Act Vaudeville Show ALL SEATS RESERVED 25c, 35c, 50c.
DELIGHTFUL PROMENADE.

LUNA A PIQUANT REVUE LUNA'S BROADWAY ECHO EVENINGS AT 9, 10 & 11.
Free Dancing Contest Thursday Nights

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way. 47 St. Daily Mat. 25 to $1.
Gertrude Hoffmann and Co. of 60 in "SUMURUN," Belle Baker, Dooley & Sales, others.
DELICIOUS LEMONADE FREE TO ALL.

YORKVILLE 86th St. at 3d Ave. Burlesque THE CHERRY BLOSSOMS Mat. Today 15c to 50c. Smoking Permitted.

VITAGRAPH 44th and Broadway. 1 to 11 P. M. 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c.
TO CHERISH and PROTECT.
Beg. Sun., Robert Edeson in Mortmain

STRAND B'way & 47 St. Noon to 11:30. 10c to 50c.
SAM BERNARD in "Poor Schmaltz." Strand Orch. & Soloists
Nxt Wk—Hazel Dawn, "The Heart of Jennifer"

NEW BRIGHTON Mat. Today Brighton Beach.
Henry E. Dixey, Cross & Josephine, Fisher & Green, Henry Lewis, McKay & Ardine. Oths.

S.S. "MANDALAY" DANCING Special Features
Every Evening. Battery 7:30, W. 131st St. 8:30 P.M.

Every Hart Schaffner & Marx Summer Suit $16.50 or $22.50

THESE final reductions are drastic in the extreme because we simply *must* make way for new Fall goods.

All go. No favorites. Every Summer Suit, blue, black and fancy, is affected.

Those at $16.50 were originally priced up to $35.

Those at $22.50 were regularly priced up to $50.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, cor. 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.
Third Av., cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.
} Open Evenings

The Lily Cup
the nicest "individual"

RECTOR'S
A Rendezvous For The Elite of New York

The superiority of Rector's foods, cooking and service, the beauty, refinement and luxuriousness of the surroundings and the approval of the most discriminating class of New Yorkers, maintain for Rector's the premier place among the great American restaurants.

Come to Rector's tonight! Order your favorite "dishes." Enjoy the all-star Cabaret and remain to dance in Rector's Grand Ballroom. Make it an entire evening at Rector's. Telephone your reservations now. Phone 3200 Bryant.

BROADWAY, 48th ST. and 7th AVE.
Where Cooling Breezes Blow From Fifty Open Windows.

NIGHTLY AT RECTOR'S:
Ernest Evans and His Company in their famous series of Ballroom Ballets.
The Cansinos, the greatest Spanish dancing act in the world.

Special-- Genuine Cowhide Tubular Belts
45c
value $1.00
Friday and Saturday Only
Black ONLY—in Russian calf finish—with gun-metal or black buckles and two loop straps.

More of those Silk Shirts at $2.50
Originally priced at $4.85 and $5.
New York men stormed our doors when we announced these values—the original allotment was soon sold—but we have gathered 900 more, of fine tub silk, white grounds with rich satin stripes in various colors.
Better come early; they won't last long at $2.50.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.
647 Eighth Ave.
} Open Evenings
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

HOTEL NETHERLAND
5th Av. and 59th St.
Under New Management
Reduced Rates:—
Room and Bath, $2.00 and Up.
Parlor, Bedroom & Bath, $5.00 & Up.

REISENWEBER'S Columbus Circle and 58th Street Phone, 9640—Columbus.
The Coolest Dancing Room in the City.
Unsurpassed Cooking. Popular Prices.
Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner every evening six to ten. $1.00
Delicious Frog Dinner (In the Grill), $1.25
MENU:
Little Neck Clams, Cherry Stone. Consomme in Jelly, Frog Legs, Saute Meuniere, Crab Meat Ravigote, Half Fried Chicken, Virginia Corn on Cob, Candied Sweet Potatoes, Salad, Peach Ice Cream, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Cheese, Demi-Tasse.
DANCING Dancing Contest Every Friday Evening. CABARET

Hotel Wallick and Wallick's Restaurant
BROADWAY AT FORTY-THIRD STREET
Positively the Best Food, Values and Service in New York
"The Wallick Is Popular, Because It Is Good"
ROOMS WITH BATH $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 PER DAY.

Dinner $1.25
Luncheon 75c
Maison Arthur
5 EAST 45TH STREET
Cuisine Francaise
No Cabaret
CLOSED SUNDAYS.

Prince George Hotel
Fifth Ave. and 28th Street.
One of the most beautifully appointed hotels in New York.
800 Rooms with Bath Rates, $2 and up.

Known the world over. French Cuisine, "Amateur Soirees."
BUSTANOBY RESTAURANTS.
39th Street (METAMORA CLUB.) Dancing prizes at lunch, tea, din.

OPEN AIR DINING
CARLTON TERRACE
100th ST & BROADWAY
JOSEPH F. PIKE, SOLE OWNER.

Breakfast 35c-50c
Luncheon 60c
Tea with Waffles.....30c
Club Dinner......75c & $1
Open all Saturdays.
The Fernery
Miss Tucker—22 East 33d Street
The Oldest Tea Room in New York. Bet. 5th & Mad. Aves. Smoking in the Conservatory.

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST.
Offers All the Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Much Lower Prices.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS OF ALL SIZES,
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR LONG OR SHORT PERIODS.
Transient Rates, $2.50 per Day Up
No Extra Charge When Rooms Are Occupied by Two Persons.

NEW HOTEL THERESA
LARGEST AND COOLEST Transient & Family Hotel Uptown
7th Av. 124th to 125th St.
ONE BLOCK TO "L" AND SUBWAY. SURFACE CARS, ALL POINTS, AT DOOR.
Absolutely Fireproof.
Single Rooms AND BATH $1.50 Per Day and Up
Double Rooms AND BATH $2.50 PER DAY
All Outside Rooms
Breakfast, 50c. Lunch, 50c. Dinner, $1.00.
We Cater to Dinner Parties.
Single Room with Bath (per year)..from $540
2 Rooms and Bath (per year).........from $720
3 rooms, 1 or 2 Baths (per year)...from $1,200
Special Rates by Month and Season.
BOARD, $10.50 PER WEEK.
T. M. LENEHEN, MANAGER,
'Phone, 8270—Morningside.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

LILLIAN LANG IRENE ST. JOHN
ALL MODERN DANCES TAUGHT.
ST. JOHN DANSE STUDIO.
30 E. 34th St. Mur. Hill 2010.

—LOUIS H. CHALIF—
Graduate, Russian Imperial Ballet School
Personally teaches teachers, in daily normal classes for interpretive, simplified classic, racial and ballroom dancing, at 7 West 42nd St., N. Y.

23 Years at This Address MEANS Something.
REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING,
917 Eighth Ave. (54th St.) 'Phone Col. 4557.
All Modern Dances Quickly Taught.
One Hour's Private Lesson, $1; 9 Lessons, $5.
John A. Ross. Miss Mabelle C. Joyce.
Studio closed for the summer.

Current History in Book Form.

In no other publication can the reader who desires to preserve the vital literature of the war, find so convenient and well-arranged a record of the great struggle in Europe as is embodied in the bound volume of the first six numbers of The New York Times Current History. $2.00 a volume. Delivery charges extra. Times Square, New York.—Advt.